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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

*Muthoot Mercantile Limited ("**Our Company**" or "**the Company**" or the **"Issuer" or "MML")** was incorporated on March 3, 1997, as 'Muthoot Mercantile Limited', a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam. Our Company also obtained the certificate of commencement of business dated March 11, 1997, from the Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam. Our Company has obtained a certificate of registration dated December 12, 2002 bearing registration no. N-16.00178 issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**") under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act, 1934, permitting our Company to commence the business of a non-banking financial company without accepting public deposits, subject to conditions specified therein. For more information about the issuer, please refer "General Information" and "History and Certain Other Corporate Matters" on page 37 and 117.*

Corporate Identity Number: U65921KL1997PLC011260; **PAN**: AABCM5297K, **Website**: www.muthootenterprises.com **Email**: info@muthootenterprises.com;
Registered Office: 1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors, Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvsananthapuram 695014, Kerala, India; **Telephone:** +91-471-277-4800;
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer/ Contact Person: Rupesh V H; **E-mail:** cs@muthootenterprises.com; **Telephone:** + 91-4712774800;
Chief Financial Officer: Bagavath Krishnan Venugopal; **E-mail**: cfo@muthootenterprises.com; **Telephone**: +91- 4712774800;

PUBLIC ISSUE BY OUR COMPANY OF UPTO 20,00,000 SECURED, REDEEMABLE, NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹1,000 EACH ("NCDS"), AT PAR, AMOUNTING TO ₹10,000 LAKHS, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "BASE ISSUE" WITH AN OPTION TO RETAIN OVER-SUBSCRIPTION UP TO ₹10,000 LAKHS, AGGREGATING UP TO ₹20,000 LAKHS, HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "OVERALL ISSUE SIZE" (THE "ISSUE"). THIS ISSUE IS BEING MADE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2021, AS AMENDED, FROM TIME TO TIME (THE "SEBI NCS REGULATIONS"), THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND RULES MADE THEREUNDER AS AMENDED TO THE EXTENT NOTIFIED AND THE SEBI NCS MASTER CIRCULAR. THE ISSUE IS NOT PROPOSED TO BE UNDERWRITTEN.

OUR PROMOTERS

Our Promoters are Mathew Mathaininan; **Email:** muthootmathew@gmail.com; **Telephone:** +91 471 – 277 4800 and Richi Mathew, **Email**: richimathew@gmail.com; **Telephone**: +91 471 – 277 4800 For further details, see "*Our Promoters*" on page 132.

GENERAL RISKS

Investment in non-convertible securities is risky and investors should not invest any funds in such securities unless they can afford to take the risk attached to such investments. Investors are advised to take an informed decision and to read the risk factors carefully before investing in this offering. For taking an investment decision, the investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Issue, including the risks involved. Specific attention of the investors is invited to "*Risk Factors*" on page 18 and "*Material Developments*" on page 137, before making an investment in the Issue. These risks are not, and are not intended to be, a complete list of all risks and considerations relevant to the non-convertible securities or investor's decision to purchase such securities. This Draft Prospectus has not been and will not be approved by any regulatory authority in India, including the Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**"), the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("**SEBI**"), the RoC or any stock exchange in India, nor do they guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this Draft Prospectus.

CREDIT RATING

The NCDs proposed to be issued under this Issue have been rated "Acuite A-/Stable", (pronounced as Acuite A minus with Stable outlook) by Acuité Ratings & Research Limited ("**Acuité Ratings**") for an amount up to ₹ 30,000 Lakhs, *vide* its letter dated September 21, 2026 and press release for rating rationale dated September 21, 2026. The rating of NCDs by Acuité Ratings indicates that instruments with this rating is considered to have adequate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry low credit risk. This rating is not a recommendation or suggestion, directly or indirectly, to buy, sell, make or hold securities and investors should take their own decisions. The rating assigned by Acuité Ratings is valid as on the date of this Draft Prospectus and shall remain valid as on the date of issue, allotment and the listing of the NCDs on BSE. These rating may be suspended, withdrawn or revised at any time by the assigning rating agency on the basis of new information etc., and should be evaluated accordingly. For the rating letter and the rating rationale, please refer to "*Annexure II*" on page 329 of this Draft Prospectus. There are no unaccepted ratings and any other ratings other than as specified in this Draft Prospectus.

COUPON RATE, COUPON PAYMENT FREQUENCY, REDEMPTION DATE, REDEMPTION AMOUNT & ELIGIBLE INVESTORS

For details relating to Coupon Rate, Coupon Payment Frequency, Redemption Date, Redemption Amount of the NCDs, please see "*Issue Structure*"- *Terms of the NCDs*" on page 174 and for eligible investors of the NCDs, please see "*Issue Structure"* on page 167.

LISTING

The NCDs offered through this Draft Prospectus and the Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the BSE Limited ("**BSE**"). Our Company has obtained 'in-principle' approval for this Issue from BSE vide their letter bearing reference number [●] dated [●], 2026. BSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange for this Issue.

PUBLIC COMMENTS

This Draft Prospectus dated October 30, 2026, will be filed with the BSE, pursuant to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations and will be kept open for public comments for a period of 5 (five) Days i.e., until 5 pm from the date of filing of this Draft Prospectus with the Designated Stock Exchange. All comments on this Draft Prospectus are to be forwarded to the attention of the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company may be sent through post or e-mail. However please note that all comments by post must be received by the Issuer by 5:00 pm on the 5th Day from the date on which this Draft Prospectus is hosted on the website of the Designated Stock Exchange. All comments received on this Draft Prospectus will be suitably addressed prior to filing of the Prospectus with the ROC.

LEAD MANAGERS TO THE ISSUE

VIVRO FINANCIAL SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED
Vivro House 11, Shashi Colony, Opposite Suvidha Shopping Centre, Paldi, Ahmedabad – 380 007, Gujarat, India
Telephone: +91 7940404242/40/41
Email: investors@vivro.net
Website: www.vivro.net
Contact Person: Jay Dodiya / Megha Kella

TIPSONS CONSULTANCY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED
1st Floor, Sheraton House, Opposite Ketav Petrol Pump, Polytechnic Road, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad-380015 Gujarat
Telephone: +91 79 66828126
Email: mml.ncd@tipsons.com
Website: www.tipsons.com
Contact Person: Digesh Shah

REGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE

KFIN TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED
301, The Centrium, 3rd Floor, 57, Lal Bahadur Shastri Road, Nav Pada, Kurla (West), Kurla, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400 070
Telephone: +91 40 6716 2222
Fax Number: 040-6716 1563
Email: mml.ncdipo@kfintech.com
Investor Grievance Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com
Website: www.kfintech.com
Contact Person: Williams R

DEBENTURE TRUSTEE TO THE ISSUE

MITCON CREDENTIA TRUSTEESHIP SERVICES LIMITED*
1402/1403, B-Wing, Dalamal Towers, 14th Floor, Free Press Journal Marg, 211 Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400 021, Maharashtra, India.
Telephone: +91 22 22828200
Email: contact@mitconcredentia.in
Investor Grievance Email: investorgrievances@mitconcredentia.in
Website: www.mitconcredentia.in
Contact Person: Rushabh Desai

CREDIT RATING AGENCY

ACUITÉ RATINGS & RESEARCH LIMITED
708, Lodha Supremus, Lodha iThink Techno Campus, Kanjurmarg (East) Mumbai - 400 042
Telephone: + 91-9969898000
E-mail: chitra.mohan@acuite.in
Website: www.acuite.in
Contact Person: Chitra Mohan

STATUTORY AUDITOR

JGS & ASSOCIATES, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
IIIrd Floor, Sreelakshmi Building, Shornur Road, Thrissur – 680 022, Kerala, India
Telephone: 0487 – 2332585
Firm Registration No.: 013019S
Email: info@jgsauditors.com
Contact Person: Jitheshkumar O B

ISSUE PROGRAMME**

ISSUE OPENS ON: AS WILL BE SPECIFIED IN THE PROSPECTUS **ISSUE CLOSES ON:** AS WILL BE SPECIFIED IN THE PROSPECTUS

** Mitcon Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited, by its letter dated August 29, 2026, has given its consent for its appointment as Debenture Trustee to the Issue and for its name to be included in the Prospectus, this Draft Prospectus and in all the subsequent periodical communications sent to the holders of the Debentures issued pursuant to this Issue. For further details, see "General Information – Debenture Trustee" on page 40.*

*** This Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date (subject to a minimum period of two Working Days and a maximum period of ten Working Days from the date of opening of the Issue and subject to not exceeding thirty days from filing the Prospectus with ROC) as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company ("**Board**") or Debenture Allotment Committee of the Board subject to compliance with Regulation 33A of the SEBI NCS Regulation. In the event of such early closure or extension to this Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of the same is provided to the prospective investors through advertisement in all the newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement for opening of this Issue has been given on or before such earlier or initial date of Issue Closure. Application Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, the Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Issue Closing Date. For further details, see "General Information – Issue Programme" on page 44. A copy of the Prospectus shall be delivered for filing with the RoC, in terms of sub-section (4) of Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with the requisite endorsed/certified copies of all requisite documents. For further details, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" beginning on page 319.*

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SECTION I – GENERAL

DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Unless the context otherwise indicates, all references in this Draft Prospectus to "Issuer", "Our Company", "the Company" are to Muthoot Mercantile Limited, a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, having its Registered Office at 1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors, Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, - 695 014, Kerala, India.

Unless specified elsewhere or the context otherwise indicates, all references in this Draft Prospectus to "we" or "us" or "our" are to our Company.

Unless the context otherwise indicates or implies, the following terms have the following meanings in this Draft Prospectus and references to any legislation, act, regulation, rules, guidelines or policies shall be to such legislation, act, regulation, rules, guidelines or policies as amended from time to time.

The words and expressions used in this Draft Prospectus but not defined herein shall have, to the extent applicable, the same meaning ascribed to such words and expressions under the SEBI NCS Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013, the SCRA, the Depositories Act and the rules and regulations notified thereunder.

General Terms

Term	Description
"Company" / "Issuer" / "MML"	Muthoot Mercantile Limited, a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, having its registered office at 1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors, Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, - 695 014, Kerala, India
"We" / "us" / "our"	Unless the context otherwise requires, Muthoot Mercantile Limited for the relevant financial year/period as applicable.
"Keralam" / "State of Keralam" / "Kerala"	The State of Keralam, formerly known as the State of Kerala. Pursuant to the Kerala (Alteration of Name) Act, 2026 (18 of 2026), read with Notification S.O. 4712(E) dated August 25, 2026 issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs, Government of India, the name of the State of Kerala was altered to the State of Keralam with effect from August 25, 2026. Accordingly, references to the State in this Draft Prospectus have, where applicable, been updated to and reflected as "Keralam." References to "Kerala" have been retained where required to preserve the original nomenclature or contents of historical records, statutory or regulatory licences, registrations, approvals, or where the relevant authority, institution or document continues to use the expression "Kerala." Unless the context otherwise requires, such references to "Kerala" shall be construed as references to the State of Keralam.

Company Related Terms

Term	Description
"AoA" / "Articles" / "Articles of Association"	Articles of Association of our Company, as amended.
"Asset Under Management" / "AUM"	For the year ended as on March 31, 2024, March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2026, AUM represents aggregate value of outstanding loans before adjustment for provisions for NPA in accordance with Ind AS or IGAAP, as applicable.
"Audited Financial Statements" / "Financial Statements"	The Audited Ind AS Financial Statements of our Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2026, comprising of the statement of assets and liabilities and the schedules forming part thereof, the statement of financial results and the schedules forming part thereof, statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flow for the respective periods, statement of significant accounting policies, and other explanatory statements including notes thereto.
"Board" / "Board of Directors"	The Board of Directors of our Company and includes any Committee thereof.
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	The company secretary and compliance officer of our Company appointed in relation to this Issue i.e. Rupesh V H.

Term	Description
Debenture Allotment Committee	The committee re-constituted by the Board of Directors of our Company by a board resolution dated March 16, 2026. For further details, see *"Our Management"* on page 119.
Equity Shares	Equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 each of our Company.
Group Companies	Group Companies as defined in terms of Regulation 2(1)(r) of SEBI NCS Regulations.
Key Managerial Personnel	The key managerial personnel of the Company as defined under Regulation 2(1)(sa) of the SEBI NCS Regulations.
Loan Assets	Assets under financing activities.
"Memorandum" / "MoA" / "Memorandum of Association"	Memorandum of Association of our Company, as amended.
Net Loan Assets	Assets under financing activities net of provision for non-performing assets.
Networth	As defined in Section 2(57) of the Companies Act, 2013, as follows: "*Networth means the aggregate value of the paid-up share capital and all reserves created out of the profits, securities premium account and debit or credit balance of profit and loss account, after deducting the aggregate value of the accumulated losses, deferred expenditure and miscellaneous expenditure not written off, as per the audited balance sheet but does not include reserves created out of revaluation of assets, write back of depreciation and amalgamation."*
Preference Shares	Preference shares of face value of ₹ 10 each of our Company.
Previous Statutory Auditors	The previous statutory auditors of our Company were: (i) M/s. Manikandan & Associates, Chartered Accountants, who audited the Audited Financial Statements of our Company for Fiscal 2024; (ii) M/s. Varma & Varma, Chartered Accountants, who audited the Audited Financial Statements of our Company for Fiscal 2025; and (iii) M/s. Mohandas & Associates, Chartered Accountants, who audited the Audited Financial Statements of our Company for Fiscal 2026. For further information on previous statutory auditors, please refer to "*General Information - Change in Auditors for preceding three financial years and current financial year as on date of this Draft Prospectus*" on page 42.
Promoter Group	Includes the individuals and entities covered by the definition under Regulation 2(1)(ff) of the SEBI NCS Regulations
Promoters	Mathew Mathainanan and Richi Mathew.
Registered Office	1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors, Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, - 695 014, Kerala, India
"RoC" / "Registrar of Companies"	The Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam.
Senior Management	Senior Management of our Company in accordance with definition of Senior Management in Regulation 2 (iia) of the SEBI NCS Regulations, as described in "*Our Management*" on page 119.
Shareholders	Equity Shareholders of our Company from time to time.
"Statutory Auditor(s)" / "Auditor(s)"	The current statutory auditor of our Company, being M/s. JGS & Associates, Chartered Accountants holding valid certificate issued by the peer review board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.
Unaudited Financial Results	Limited review unaudited financial results / unaudited financial results of our Company as at and for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standards 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act read with the relevant rules thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 52 of the SEBI Listing Regulations along with the limited review report issued thereon by the Previous Statutory Auditor of our Company.

Issue Related Terms

Term	Description
Abridged Prospectus	A memorandum accompanying the Application Form for a Public Issue containing the salient features of the Prospectus as specified by SEBI.
Acknowledgement Slip	The slip or document issued by the Designated Intermediary to an Applicant as proof of registration of the Application Form.
"Allot" / "Allotment" / "Allotted"	The issue and allotment of the NCDs to successful Applicants pursuant to the Issue.
Allotment Advice	The communication sent to the Allottees conveying the details of NCDs allotted to the Allottees in accordance with the Basis of Allotment.
Allottee(s)	The successful Applicant to whom the NCDs are being/have been Allotted pursuant to the Issue.
"Applicant" / "Investor"	A person who applies for the issuance and Allotment of NCDs pursuant to the terms of the Prospectus, this Draft Prospectus and the Application Form for the Issue.
"Application" / "ASBA Application"	An application (whether physical or electronic) to subscribe to the NCDs offered pursuant to the Issue by submission of a valid Application Form and authorising an SCSB to block the Application Amount in the relevant ASBA Account and will include application made by UPI Investors using UPI where the Application amount will be blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request by UPI Investors, which will be considered as the application for Allotment in terms of this Draft Prospectus.
Application Amount	The aggregate value of NCDs applied for, as indicated in the Application Form for the Issue.
"Application Form" / "ASBA Form"	Form in terms of which an Applicant shall make an offer to subscribe to NCDs through the ASBA process or through the UPI Mechanism and which will be considered as the Application for Allotment of NCDs and in terms of this Draft Prospectus.
"Application Supported by Blocked Amount" / "ASBA"	The Application (whether physical or electronic) used by an ASBA Applicant to make an Application by authorising the SCSB to block the bid amount in the specified bank account maintained with such SCSB.
ASBA Account	A bank account maintained with a SCSB as specified in the ASBA Form submitted by ASBA Applicants for blocking the Application Amount mentioned in the ASBA Form, and will include a bank account of a retail individual investor and High Net Worth Individuals linked with UPI, for retail individual investors and High Net Worth Individuals submitting application value up to ₹ 2,00,000 and ₹ 5,00,000, respectively.
ASBA Applicant	Any Applicant who applies for NCDs through the ASBA process.
Base Issue	₹ 10,000 lakhs.
Basis of Allotment	The basis on which NCDs will be allotted to successful applicants under the Issue and which is described in "*Issue Procedure – Basis of Allotment for NCDs*" on page 221.
Broker Centres	Broker centres notified by the Stock Exchange, where Applicants can submit the Application Forms (including ASBA Forms under UPI in case of UPI Investors) to a Trading Member. The details of such Broker Centres, along with the names and contact details of the Trading Members are available on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange.
Business Days	All days excluding Saturdays, Sundays or a public holiday in India or at any other payment centre notified in terms of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.
Category I Investor (Institutional Investors)	• Public financial institutions, statutory corporations including state industrial development Corporations, scheduled commercial banks, co-operative banks and regional rural banks, Indian multilateral and bilateral development financial institution which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; • Provident Funds of minimum corpus of ₹2,500 lakhs, pension funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakh, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; • Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI; subject to investment conditions applicable to them under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012;

Term	Description
	• Resident Venture Capital Funds registered with SEBI; • Insurance Companies registered with the IRDA; • State industrial development corporations; • Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian army, navy or the air force of the Union of India; • Insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, the Union of India; • Systemically Important NBFC registered with RBI and having a net-worth of more than ₹ 50,000 lakh as per the last audited financial statements; • National Investment Fund (set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India and published in the Gazette of India); and • Mutual Funds registered with SEBI.
Category II Investor (Non-Institutional Investors)	• Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013; • Statutory bodies/ corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs; • Co-operative banks and regional rural banks; • Trusts including public/private charitable/religious trusts which are authorized to invest in the NCDs; • Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; • Partnership firms in the name of the partners; • Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009); • Association of Persons; and • Any other incorporated and/ or unincorporated body of persons.
Category III Investor (High Net-Worth Individual Investors)	Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families (through their Karta) applying for an amount aggregating to above ₹2,00,000 across all options of NCDs in this Issue and including Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families (through their Karta) who have submitted a bid between ₹2,00,000 and ₹5,00,000 in any of the bidding options in the Issue (including HUFs applying through their Karta and excluding NRIs) through the UPI Mechanism.
Category IV Investor (Retail Individual Investors)	Retail Individual Investors which include Resident Indian individuals and Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating up to and including ₹2 lakhs across all series of NCDs in this Issue and shall include retail individual investors, who have submitted bid for an amount not more than ₹2 Lakhs in any of the bidding options in the Issue (including Hindu Undivided Families applying through their Karta and does not include NRIs) through UPI Mechanism.
Client ID	Client identification number maintained with one of the Depositories in relation to the demat account.
"Collecting Depository Participants" / "CDPs"	A depository participant, as defined under the Depositories Act and registered with the SEBI Act and who is eligible to procure Applications at the Designated CDP Locations in terms of the SEBI NCS Master Circular.
"Collecting Registrar and Share Transfer Agents" / "CRTAs"	Registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure Applications at the Designated RTA Locations in terms of the SEBI NCS Master Circular.
Collection Centres	Centres at which the Designated Intermediaries shall accept the Application Forms, being the Designated Branch for SCSBs, Specified Locations for the Syndicate, Broker Centres for Registered Brokers, Designated RTA Locations for CRTAs and Designated CDP Locations for CDPs.
"Coupon Rate" / "Interest Rate"	As specified in "*Issue Structure – Specific terms of NCDs*" on page 174 and "*Annexure I Illustrative Cash Flow"* on page 328.
"Credit Rating Agency" / "Acuite Ratings"	For the present Issue, the credit rating agency, in this case being Acuité Ratings & Research Limited.
Cut-off Date	Shall mean October 26, 2026

Term	Description
"Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed" / "Debenture Trust Deed"	The Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed to be executed by our Company and the Debenture Trustee for creating the security over the NCDs issued under the Issue
"Debenture Trustee" / "Trustee"	Trustee for the NCD Holders in this case being Mitcon Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited
Debenture Trustee Agreement	Debenture Trustee Agreement dated August 29, 2026 entered into between our Company and the Debenture Trustee.
"Debentures" / "NCDs"	Secured, redeemable, non-convertible debentures issued pursuant to this Issue.
Deemed Date of Allotment	The date on which the Board or the Debenture Allotment Committee of the Board approves the Allotment of the NCDs or such date as may be determined by the Board or the Debenture Allotment Committee and notified to the Designated Stock Exchange. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs shall be available to the NCD Holders from the Deemed Date of Allotment. The actual Allotment of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of Allotment.
Demographic Details	The demographic details of an Applicant such as his address, bank account details, category, PAN, UPI ID etc. for printing on refund/interest orders or used for refunding through electronic mode as applicable.
Depositories Act	The Depositories Act, 1996.
Depository(ies)	National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and/or Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).
Designated Branches	Such branches of the SCSBs which shall collect the Application Forms used by the ASBA Applicants and a list of which is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in or at such other web-link as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
Designated CDP Locations	Such centres of the Collecting Depository Participants where Applicants can submit the Application Forms. The details of such Designated CDP Locations, along with the names and contact details of the CDPs are available on the website of the Stock Exchange and updated from time to time.
Designated Date	The date on which the Registrar to the Issue issues the instruction to SCSBs for unblocking of funds from the ASBA Accounts to the Public Issue Account in terms of this Draft Prospectus and the Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement and following which the Board, shall Allot the NCDs to the successful Applicants.
Designated Intermediaries	Collectively, the Lead Managers, the Consortium/Syndicate Members/Lead Brokers, Trading Members, agents, SCSBs, Registered Brokers, CDPs and RTAs, who are authorised to collect Application Forms from the Applicants in the Issue In relation to ASBA applicants authorising an SCSB to block the amount in the ASBA Account, Designated Intermediaries shall mean SCSBs. In relation to ASBA applicants submitted by Retail Individual Investors where the amount was blocked upon acceptance of UPI Mandate Request using the UPI Mechanism, Designated Intermediaries shall mean the CDPs, RTAs, Lead Managers, Members of the Consortium/Syndicate, Trading Members and Stock Exchange where applications have been submitted through the app/web interface as provided in the SEBI NCS Master Circular
Designated RTA Locations	Such centres of the CRTAs where Applicants can submit the Application Forms (including Application Forms by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism). The details of such Designated RTA Locations, along with the names and contact details of the CRTAs are available on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.bseindia.com) and updated from time to time.
"Designated Stock Exchange" / "Stock Exchange" / "DSE"	BSE Limited.
Direct Online Application	An online interface enabling direct applications through UPI by an app based/web interface, by investors to a public issue of debt securities with an online payment facility

Term	Description
"DP" / "Depository Participant"	A depository participant as defined under the Depositories Act.
"Draft Prospectus" / "Draft Offer Document"	This draft prospectus dated October 30, 2026 filed by our Company with the Designated Stock Exchange and with SEBI for receiving public comments, in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI NCS Regulations.
Existing Secured Creditors	Indian Overseas Bank, The South Indian Bank Limited, State Bank of India Limited, The Federal Bank Limited, The Karur Vysya Bank, Bajaj Finance Limited, Bandhan Bank Limited, Oxyzo Financial Services Limited, Kerala Financial Corporation, Dhanlaxmi Bank Limited, AU Small Finance Bank Limited, Paul Merchants Finance Private Limited, STCI Finance Limited, Anand Rathi Global Finance Limited, Tata Capital Limited, Unity Small Finance Bank Limited, debenture holders of the privately placed secured non-convertible debentures and debenture holders of the listed secured non-convertible debentures issued through public offers.
Fugitive Economic Offender	An individual who is declared a fugitive economic offender under Section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018.
"Interest Payment Date" / "Coupon Payment Date"	As specified in "*Issue Structure –terms of NCDs*" on page 174 and *"Annexure I Illustrative Cash Flow"* on page 328
Issue Agreement	The Issue Agreement dated October 30, 2026, entered between the Company and the Lead Managers to the Issue
Issue Opening Date	As will be specified in the Prospectus
Issue Closing Date	As will be specified in the Prospectus
"Issue" / "Issue Size"	Public issue by our Company of NCDs amounting to ₹10,000 lakhs ("**Base Issue Size**"), with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹10,000 lakhs, cumulatively aggregating up to ₹20,000 lakhs on the terms and in the manner set forth therein. The Issue is being made pursuant to the provisions of SEBI NCS Regulations, the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder as amended to the extent notified and the SEBI NCS Master Circular.
Lead Managers	Vivro Financial Services Private Limited and Tipsons Consultancy Services Private Limited.
Market Lot	1 (one) NCD.
Mobile App(s)	The mobile applications listed on the website of Stock Exchange as may be updated from time to time, which may be used by Applicants to submit Bids using the UPI Mechanism
"NCD Holder(s)" / "Debenture Holder(s)"	Any debenture holder who holds the NCDs issued in this Issue and whose name appears on the beneficial owners list provided by the Depositories.
Offer Document(s)	The Prospectus, this Draft Prospectus, Application Form and abridged Prospectus.
Prospectus	The Prospectus to be filed with the RoC in accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations, containing *inter alia* the coupon rate for the NCDs and certain other information.
Public Issue Account	Account(s) opened with the Public Issue Account Bank to receive monies from the ASBA Accounts maintained with the SCSBs (including under the UPI Mechanism) on the Designated Date.
Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement	The agreement to be entered into amongst our Company, the Registrar to the Issue, the Lead Managers, the Public Issue Account Bank and the Sponsor Bank for the appointment of the Sponsor Bank in accordance with the SEBI NCS Master Circular for collection of the Application Amounts from ASBA Accounts under the UPI Mechanism and the Refund Bank for remitting the and where applicable, refunds of the amounts collected from the Applicants on the terms and conditions thereof.
Public Issue Account Bank	As will be specified in the Prospectus.
Record Date	The record date for payment of interest in connection with the NCDs or repayment of principal in connection therewith shall be 15 Days prior to the date on which interest is due and payable, and/or the date of redemption. Provided

Term	Description
	that trading in the NCDs shall remain suspended between the aforementioned Record Date in connection with redemption of NCDs and the date of redemption or as prescribed by the Stock Exchange, as the case may be.
Redemption Amount	In respect of NCDs Allotted to NCD Holders, the repayment of the face value of the NCD along with interest that may have accrued as on the redemption date.
Redemption Date	As specified in "*Issue Structure –terms of NCDs*" on page 167 and *"Annexure I Illustrative Cash Flow"* on page 328
Refund Account	Account opened with the Refund Bank from which refunds, if any, of the whole or any part of the Application Amount shall be made and as specified in the Prospectus.
Refund Bank	Account opened with the Refund Bank from which refunds, if any, of the whole or any part of the Application Amount shall be made. (In this Issue, as will be specified in the Prospectus)
Register of NCD Holders	The statutory register in connection with any NCDs which are held in physical form on account of rematerialisation, containing name and prescribed details of the relevant NCD Holders, which will be prepared and maintained by our Company/Registrar in terms of the applicable provisions of the Act.
Registrar Agreement	Agreement dated August 29, 2026 entered into between the Issuer and the Registrar under the terms of which the Registrar has agreed to act as the Registrar to the Issue, read with the First Amendment to the Registrar Agreement dated October 13, 2026.
"Registrar to the Issue" / "Registrar"	KFin Technologies Limited
"Retail Individual Investors" / "RIIs"	Resident Indian individuals or HUFs applying through the Karta, for NCDs for an amount aggregating up to and including ₹2 Lakh, across all Series of NCDs in Issue including bids received from UPI mechanism.
"RTAs" / "Registrar and Share Transfer Agent"	The registrar and share transfer agents registered with SEBI and eligible to procure Application in the Issue at the Designated RTA Locations.
"SCSBs" / "Self Certified Syndicate Banks"	The banks registered with SEBI, offering services in relation to ASBA and UPI, a list of which is available on the website of SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes for ASBA and https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes &intmId=44 for UPI, updated from time to time and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
SEBI Delisting Regulations	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021, as amended, from time to time.
"SEBI Listing Regulations" / "Listing Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, from time to time.
SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees	Circular no. HO/17/11/12(2)2026-DDHS-POD1/I/22420/2026 dated September 28, 2026, as amended from time to time.
SEBI NCS Master Circular	Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS-PoD/P/CIR/2025/0000000137 dated October 15, 2025, as amended from time to time, which consolidates and has replaced multiple circulars issued by SEBI in relation of issue and listing of debt securities.
Security	The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Draft Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.
Senior Citizens	Individuals attaining the age of at least 60 years as on the Deemed Date of Allotment of this Issue.
Specified Locations	Collection centres where the Members of the Consortium/Syndicate shall accept Application Forms, a list of which is included in the Application Form.

Term	Description
Sponsor Bank	The Banker to the Issue registered with SEBI, which has been appointed by our Company to act as a conduct between the Stock Exchanges and the National Payments Corporation of India in order to push the mandate collect requests and / or payment instructions of the retail individual investors into the UPI for retail individual investors applying through the app/web interface of the Stock Exchange(s) with a facility to block funds through UPI Mechanism for application value up to ₹ 5,00,000 and carry out any other responsibilities in terms of the SEBI NCS Master Circular. (In this Issue, as will be specified in the Prospectus)
Syndicate Agreement	Syndicate Agreement to be entered between the Company and Consortium/Syndicate Member.
Syndicate ASBA	Applications through the Designated Intermediaries.
Syndicate ASBA Application Locations	Collection centers where the Designated Intermediaries shall accept Application Forms from Applicants, a list of which is available on the website of the SEBI at https://www.sebi.gov.in and at such other websites as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
Consortium/Syndicate Member	As will be specified in the Prospectus
Syndicate SCSB Branches	In relation to ASBA Applications submitted to a member of the Consortium/Syndicate, such branches of the SCSBs at the Syndicate ASBA Application Locations named by the SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the members of the Consortium/Syndicate, and a list of which is available on https://www.sebi.gov.in or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
Tenor	Tenor shall mean the tenor of the NCDs.
Trading Member(s)	Individuals or companies registered with SEBI as "trading member(s)" under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Stock Brokers) Regulations, 2026, and who hold the right to trade in stocks listed on stock exchanges, through which investors can buy or sell securities listed on stock exchanges whose list is available on stock exchanges.
"Transaction Registration Slip" / "TRS"	The acknowledgement slip or document issued by any of the Members of the Consortium/Syndicate, the SCSBs, or the Trading Members as the case may be, to an Applicant upon demand as proof of upload of the Application on the application platform of the Stock Exchange.
Tripartite Agreement(s)	Agreements as entered into between our Company, Registrar and each of the Depositories under the terms of which the Depositories shall act as depositories for the securities issued by our Company.
UPI	Unified Payments Interface is an instant payment system developed by the NPCI. It enables merging several banking features, seamless fund routing and merchant payments into one hood. UPI allows instant transfer of money between any two persons' bank accounts using a payment address which uniquely identifies a person's bank account.
UPI Application Limit	Maximum limit to utilize the UPI mechanism to block the funds for application value up to ₹500,000 for issues of debt securities pursuant to SEBI NCS Master Circular or any other investment limit, as applicable and prescribed by SEBI from time to time.
UPI ID	ID created on Unified Payment Interface (UPI) for single-window mobile payment system developed by the NPCI.
UPI Investor	An Applicant who applies with a UPI number whose Application Amount for NCDs in the Issue is up to ₹ 5,00,000.
UPI Mandate Request	A request (intimating the UPI Investors, by way of a notification on the UPI application and by way of an SMS directing the UPI Investors to such UPI application) to the UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism initiated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the Application Amount in the relevant ASBA Account through the UPI, and the subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment.

Term	Description
UPI Mechanism	Unified Payments Interface mechanism in accordance with SEBI NCS Master Circular as amended from time to time, to block funds for application value up to UPI Application Limit submitted through intermediaries.
UPI PIN	Password to authenticate UPI transaction.
Web Interface	Web interface developed by Designated Stock Exchange wherein the bid is automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange bidding platform and the amount is blocked using the UPI mechanism
Wilful Defaulter	Includes wilful defaulters as defined under Regulation 2(1)(lll) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 which includes a Person or a company categorized as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the RBI and includes a company whose director or promoter is categorised a Wilful defaulter.
Working Days	All days excluding Saturdays, Sundays or a holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai and/or Thiruvananthapuram, except with reference to Issue Period, where Working Days shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holiday in Mumbai. Furthermore, for the purpose of post issue period, i.e. period beginning from Issue Closure to listing of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange, Working Days shall mean all trading days of the Stock Exchange, excluding Sundays and bank holidays in Mumbai, as per the SEBI NCS Regulations, however, with reference to payment of interest/redemption of NCDs, Working Days shall mean those days wherein the money market is functioning in Mumbai.

Business / Industry Related Terms

Term	Description
AFC	Asset Finance Companies
AUM	Asset Under Management
CAD	Current Account Deficit
CAGR	Compound Annual Growth Rate
"CareEdge Research" / "CAAPL"	CARE Analytics and Advisory Private Limited
CIC	Core investment companies
CPI	Consumer Price Index
DICGC	Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation
EMI	Equated Monthly Instalment
ETFs	Exchange Traded Fund
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GDS	Gold Deposit Scheme
GFCE	Government Final Consumption Expenditure
GFCF	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
GMS	Gold Monetisation Scheme
GNI	Gross National Income
GST	Good and Service Tax
GVA	Gross Value Added
HFC	Housing Finance Company
IC	Investment Companies
ICC	Investment and Credit Companies
IDF-NBFC	Infrastructure Debt Fund
IFC	Infrastructure Finance Company
IIP	Index of Industrial Production
Industry Report	Report on "*Research Report on Gold Loans*" released in August 2026 prepared and issued by CARE Analytics and Advisory Private Limited and included in this Draft Prospectus.
KYC	Know your customer
LC	Loan Companies

Term	Description
LTV	Loan to value
MFI	Micro finance institutions
MoSPI	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
NBFC	Non-Banking Financial Company as defined under Section 45-IA of the RBI Act, 1934
NBFC – TL	NBFC-UL which in the opinion of RBI has substantial increase in the potential systemic risk NBFCs Deposit Taking
NBFC – UL	NBFCs which are specifically identified by the RBI as warranting enhanced regulatory requirement based on a set of parameters and scoring methodology as provided in RBI SBR Master Directions NBFCs Non-Deposit Taking
NBFC-AA	NBFC – Account Aggregator
"NBFC-BL" / "NBFC – Base Layer"	(a) Non-deposit taking NBFCs below the asset size of ₹ 1,00,000 lakh and (b) NBFCs undertaking the following activities- (i) NBFC-Peer to Peer Lending Platform (NBFCP2P), (ii) NBFC-Account Aggregator (NBFC-AA), (iii) Non-Operative Financial Holding Company (NOFHC) and (iv) NBFCs not availing public funds and not having any customer interface
NBFC-D	NBFC registered as a deposit accepting NBFC
NBFC-MFI	NBFC – Microfinance Institutions
"NBFC-ML" / "NBFC – Middle Layer"	(a) all deposit taking NBFCs (NBFC-Ds), irrespective of asset size, (b) non-deposit taking NBFCs with asset size of ₹1,00,000 lakh and above and (c) NBFCs undertaking the following activities (i) Standalone Primary Dealers (SPDs), (ii) Infrastructure Debt Fund - Non-Banking Financial Companies (IDF-NBFCs), (iii) Core Investment Companies (CICs), (iv) Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) and (v) Infrastructure Finance Companies (NBFC-IFC)
NBFC-ND	NBFC registered as a non-deposit accepting NBFC
NBFC-P2P	NBFC–Peer to Peer Lending Platform
NBFI	Non Banking Financial Institutions
NOF	Net Owned Fund
NOFHC	Non-Operative Financial Holding Company
NPA	Non-Performing Asset
NSO	National Statistics Office
OGL	Online Gold Loans
PFCE	Private Financial Consumption Expenditure
PMI	Purchasing Manager's Index
PSL	Priority Sector Lending
RBI	Reserve Bank of India
RBI SBR Master Directions	Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Registration, Exemptions and Framework for Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, as amended from time to time
R-GDS	Revamped Gold Deposit Scheme
R-GML	Revamped Gold Metal Loan Scheme
SEBI	Securities and Exchange Board of India
SPD	Standalone Primary Dealer
TAT	Turnaround Time
Tier 1	"Tier 1 capital" for NBFCs (except NBFCs-BL) is the sum of (i) Owned fund as reduced by investment in shares of other NBFCs and in shares, debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances including hire purchase and lease finance made to and deposits with subsidiaries and companies in the same group exceeding, in aggregate, ten percent of the owned fund; and (ii) Perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking NBFCs in each year to the extent it does not exceed 15 percent of the aggregate Tier 1 capital of such company as on March 31 of the previous accounting year. Note – NBFCs-BL are not eligible to include perpetual debt instruments in their Tier 1 capital.
Tier 2	"Tier 2 capital" for NBFCs (except NBFCs-BL) is the sum of (i) Preference shares other than those which are compulsorily convertible into equity; (ii) Revaluation reserves at discounted rate of 55 percent; (iii) General provisions (including that for Standard Assets) and loss reserves to the extent these are not attributable to actual diminution in value or identifiable potential loss in any

Term	Description
	specific asset and are available to meet unexpected losses, to the extent of one and one fourth percent of risk weighted assets; (iv) Hybrid debt capital instruments; (v) Subordinated debt; and (vi) Perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking NBFC which is in excess of what qualifies for Tier 1 capital; to the extent the aggregate does not exceed Tier 1 capital. Note – NBFCs-BL are not eligible to include perpetual debt instruments in their Tier 2 capital.
UK	United Kingdom
WEO	World Economic Outlook
WGC	World Gold Council
WPI	Wholesale Price Index

Conventional and General Terms or Abbreviations

Term	Description
AGM	Annual General Meeting
AML	Anti-Money Laundering
BSE	BSE Limited
CAGR	Compounded Annual Growth Rate
CDSL	Central Depository Services (India) Limited
CGST Act	Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
"Companies Act" / "Companies Act, 2013"	The Companies Act, 2013 read with rules framed by the Government of India from time to time
DIN	Director Identification Number
DRR	Debenture Redemption Reserve
EGM	Extraordinary General Meeting
EPS	Earnings Per Share
FDI	Foreign Direct Investment
FDI Policy	FDI in an Indian company is governed by the provisions of the FEMA read with the FEMA Regulations and the Foreign Direct Investment Policy
FEMA	Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999
FEMA Debt Regulations	Foreign Exchange Management (Debt Instruments) Rules, 2019
FEMA Non-Debt Regulations	Foreign Exchange Management (Non-Debt Instruments) Rules, 2019
FFMC	Full Fledged Money Changer
FII/FPI	Foreign Institutional Investors defined under the SEBI (Foreign Institutional Investors) Regulations, 2014 registered with SEBI and as repealed by Foreign Portfolio Investors defined under the SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2019
"Financial Year" / "FY"	Financial Year ending March 31
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GFCE	Government First Consumption Expenditure
GFCF	Gross Fixed Capital Formation
GoI	Government of India
G-Sec	Government Securities
GST	Goods and services tax
HUF	Hindu Undivided Family
ICAI	Institute of Chartered Accountants of India established by an Act of Parliament, viz. The Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 (Act No. XXXVIII of 1949)
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards
IFSC	Indian Financial System Code
IGST Act	Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
IND AS	The Indian Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended.
Indian GAAP	Accounting Standards as per the Companies (Accounting standards) Rules, 2006 notified under Section 133 of the Act and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Term	Description
IRDAI	Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India
IT	Information Technology
IT Act	The Income Tax Act, 2025
KYC	Know Your Customer
MCA	Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India
MICR	Magnetic Ink Character Recognition
MIS	Management Information System
MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
NA	Not Applicable
NACH	National Automated Clearing House
NEFT	National Electronic Funds Transfer
NII(s)	Non-Institutional Investor(s)
NIM	Net Interest Margin
NPCI	National Payments Corporation of India
NRI	Non-Resident Indian
NSDL	National Securities Depository Limited
PAN	Permanent Account Number
PDI	Perpetual Debt Instrument
RBI	The Reserve Bank of India
RBI Act	The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934
RM	Relationship Manager
RTGS	Real Time Gross Settlement
SCRA	Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956
SCRR	The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957
SEBI	The Securities and Exchange Board of India constituted under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992
SEBI Act	The Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992
SEBI Delisting Regulations	SEBI (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021
"SEBI Listing Regulations" / "Listing Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
"SEBI NCS Regulations" / "SEBI Regulations"	Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021
SGST Act	State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, as enacted by various state governments.
TDS	Tax Deducted at Source
WDM	Wholesale Debt Market

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, capitalised terms that have been defined in the chapters titled *"Capital Structure", "History and Certain Other Corporate Matters", "Our Management", "Financial Statements", "Financial Indebtedness", "Issue Procedure", "Outstanding Litigations", "Key Regulations and Policies",* and *"Summary of Main Provisions of the Articles of Association"* and on pages 48, 117, 119, 136, 138, 167, 226, 282 and 283 respectively will have the meanings ascribed to them in such chapters.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL, INDUSTRY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Certain Conventions

All references to "India" are to the Republic of India and its territories and possessions and all references to the "Government" or the "State Government" are to the Government of India, central or state, as applicable.

Unless otherwise stated, references in this Draft Prospectus to a particular year are to the calendar year ended on December 31 and to a particular "fiscal" or "fiscal year" are to the fiscal year ended on March 31.

All references to "India" are to the Republic of India and its territories and possessions, and the "Government", the "Central Government" or the "State Government" are to the Government of India, central or state, as applicable.

Financial Data

Our Company publishes its financial statements in Rupees.

Our Company's Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended. ("**Ind AS**"), as applicable, and the standards and guidance notes issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("**ICAI**"), including the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, and have been subject to limited review by our Previous Statutory Auditor, M/s. Mohandas & Associates, Chartered Accountants.

Our Company's Audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026, have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Ind AS, as applicable, and the standards and guidance notes issued by the ICAI, including the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, and have been audited by our Previous Statutory Auditors, M/s. Mohandas & Associates, Chartered Accountants, who have issued their audit report thereon. The Audited Financial Statements of our Company for the year ended March 31, 2025, have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and regulatory framework and have been audited by our Previous Statutory Auditor, M/s Varma & Varma, Chartered Accountants, who have issued their audit report thereon. Further, the Audited Financial Statements of our Company for the year ended March 31, 2024, have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and regulatory framework and have been audited by our Previous Statutory Auditor, M/s. Manikandan and Associates, Chartered Accountants, who have issued their audit report thereon.

With effect from April 1, 2019, as per the roadmap issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("**MCA**") dated January 18, 2016, under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, for Non-Banking Finance Companies (other than the Non-Banking Finance Companies having total assets of ₹50,000 lakhs or more), for financial reporting purposes, the Company has followed Ind AS, as applicable.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("**MCA**"), in its press release dated January 18, 2016, issued a roadmap for implementation of Ind AS converged with IFRS for non-banking financial companies, scheduled commercial banks, insurers, and insurance companies, which was subsequently confirmed by the RBI through its circular dated February 11, 2016. The notification further explains that NBFCs whose equity and/or debt securities are listed or in the process of listing on any stock exchange in India or outside India and having a net worth of less than ₹50,000 lakh, shall comply with Ind AS for accounting periods beginning from April 1, 2019. Accordingly, Ind AS is applicable to our Company with effect from April 1, 2023.

In this Draft Prospectus, any discrepancies in any table, including "*Capital Structure*" and "*Objects of the Issue*" between the total and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding off. All the decimals have been rounded off to two decimal places.

Further, the financial data and numbers used in this Draft Prospectus are under Ind AS/ IGAAP, as specifically mentioned and is not strictly comparable.

Unless stated otherwise or unless the context requires otherwise, the financial data used in this Draft Prospectus is on a standalone basis.

The Company shall obtain prior approval from the Debenture Trustee before utilizing the window advertisement option, in compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, modified, or restated from time to time.

Currency and units of Presentation

In this Draft Prospectus, all references to 'Rupees'/ 'Rs.'/ 'INR'/ '₹' are to Indian Rupees, the official currency of the Republic of India. Except where stated otherwise in this Draft Prospectus, all figures have been expressed in 'lakhs'. All references to 'lakh/lakhs' means 'one hundred thousand' and 'crore' means 'ten million' and 'billion /billions' means 'one hundred crores'.

Industry and Market Data

Unless stated otherwise, industry and market data used throughout this Draft Prospectus has been obtained from industry publications. Industry publications generally state that the information contained in those publications has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but that their accuracy and completeness are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Accordingly, no investment decision should be made on the basis of such information. Although our Company believes that industry data used in this Draft Prospectus is reliable, it has not been independently verified. Also, data from these sources may not be comparable. Similarly, internal reports, while believed by us to be reliable, have not been verified by any independent sources.

The extent to which the market and industry data used in this Draft Prospectus is meaningful depends on the reader's familiarity with and understanding of the methodologies used in compiling such data. Certain information and statistics in relation to the industry in which we operate, which has been included in this Draft Prospectus has been extracted from an industry report titled "*Research Report on Gold Loans*", released in August 2026, prepared and issued by CareEdge Research ("**Industry Report**"). Please refer to "*Industry Overview*" on page 72 for further details.

Following is the disclaimer of *CARE Analytics and Advisory Private Limited* in relation to the Industry Report:

"The report is prepared by CARE Analytics and Advisory Private Limited (CareEdge Research). CareEdge Research has taken utmost care to ensure veracity and adequacy of the information while developing this report based on information available in CareEdge Research's proprietary database, and other sources including the information in public domain, considered by CareEdge Research as reliable after exercise of reasonable care and diligence. The views and opinions expressed herein do not constitute the opinion of CareEdge Research to buy or invest in this industry, sector or companies operating in this sector or industry and is also not a recommendation to enter into any transaction in this industry or sector in any manner whatsoever.

The report has to be seen in its entirety; the selective review of portions of the report may lead to inaccurate assessments. All forecasts in this report are based on assumptions considered to be reasonable by CareEdge Research at the time of issuance of this report; however, the actual outcome may be materially affected by changes in the industry and economic circumstances, which could be different from the projections.

Nothing contained in the report is capable or intended to create any legally binding obligations on the sender or CareEdge Research. The subscriber/user assumes the entire risk of any use made of the report or data herein. The report is for the information of the authorized recipient in India only and any reproduction of the report or part of it would require explicit written prior approval of CareEdge Research. CareEdge Research shall reveal the report to the extent necessary and called for by appropriate regulatory agencies, viz., SEBI, RBI, Government authorities, etc., if it is required to do so. By accepting a copy of this report, the recipient accepts the terms of this Disclaimer, which forms an integral part of this report."

General Risk

Investment in NCDs involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in NCDs unless they can afford to take the risk attached to such investments. Investors are advised to take an informed decision and to read the risk factors carefully before investing in this offering. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their examination of the issue including the risks involved in it. Specific attention of investors is invited to statement of risk factors contained under section "Risk Factors" on page 18. These risks are not, and are not intended to be, a complete list of all risks and considerations relevant to the NCDs or Investor's decision to purchase such securities.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Draft Prospectus contains certain statements that are not statements of historical fact and are in the nature of "forward-looking statements". These forward-looking statements generally can be identified by words or phrases such as "aim", "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "objective", "plan", "potential", "project", "will", "will continue", "will pursue", "will likely result", "will seek to", "seek" or other words or phrases of similar import. All statements regarding our expected financial condition and results of operations and business plans and prospects are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include statements as to our business strategy, revenue and profitability and other matters discussed in this Draft Prospectus that are not historical facts.

All forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions about us that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant statement.

Actual results may differ materially from those suggested by the forward looking statements due to risks or uncertainties associated with our expectations with respect to, but not limited to, regulatory changes pertaining to our businesses and our ability to respond to them, our ability to successfully implement our strategies, our growth and expansion, technological changes, our exposure to market risks, general economic and political conditions in India and which have an impact on our business activities or investments, the monetary and fiscal policies of India, inflation, deflation, unanticipated turbulence in interest rates, equity prices or other rates or prices, the performance of the financial markets in India and globally, changes in domestic laws, regulations and taxes and changes in competition in our industry.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations including, without limitation, the following:

1. We are subject to certain restrictive covenants in our loan documents and other debts, which may restrict our operations and ability to grow and may adversely affect our business.

2. Our ability to access capital also depends on our credit ratings. Any downgrade in our credit ratings would increase borrowing costs and constrain our access to capital and lending markets and, thus, would negatively affect our net interest margin and our business.

3. Our Company, our Promoters and Directors are subject to certain legal proceedings and any adverse decision in such proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

4. Supporting documents in connection with the biographies of the directors included in the section "*Our Management*" of this Draft Prospectus are unavailable.

5. A part of our branch network is concentrated in Keralam, Maharashtra and Odisha, and we derive majority of our revenue from these states. Any breakdown of services in these areas could have a material and adverse effect on our results of operations and financial conditions.

6. Our business is capital intensive and any disruption or restrictions in raising financial resources could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

7. Our financial performance is primarily dependent on interest rate risk. If we are unable to manage interest rate risk in the future it could have an adverse effect on our net interest margin, thereby adversely affecting business and financial condition of our Company.

8. We depend on the recognition of the Muthoot brand, and failure to use, maintain and enhance awareness of the brand would adversely affect our ability to retain and expand our base of customers.

9. Our Company has a high debt-equity ratio and any further increase in borrowings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

10. We have had negative cash flows in the past. Any negative cash flows in the future could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

Other factors discussed in this Draft Prospectus, including under the chapter titled "*Risk Factors*" beginning on page 18.

For further discussion of factors that could cause our actual results to differ from our expectations, please refer to the chapter titled "*Risk Factors*" and chapters titled "*Industry Overview*" and "*Our Business*" beginning on pages 18, 72 and 99, respectively.

By their nature, certain market risk disclosures are only estimates and could be materially different from what actually occurs in the future. As a result, actual future gains or losses could materially differ from those that have been estimated. Forward looking statements speak only as on the date of this Draft Prospectus. The forward-looking statements contained in this Draft Prospectus are based on the beliefs of management, as well as the assumptions made by and information currently available to management. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable at this time, we cannot assure investors that such expectations will prove to be correct or will hold good at all times. Given these uncertainties, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. If any of these risks and uncertainties materialise, or if any of our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, our actual results of operations or financial condition could differ materially from that described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. All subsequent forward-looking statements attributable to us are expressly qualified in their entirety by reference to these cautionary statements.

Neither the Lead Managers, our Company, its Directors and its officers, nor any of their respective affiliates or associates have any obligation to update or otherwise revise any statements reflecting circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of underlying events, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition. In accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company, the Lead Managers will ensure that investors in India are informed of material developments between the date of filing the Prospectus with the RoC and the Stock Exchange and until the time of the grant of listing and trading permission by the Stock Exchange.

SECTION II - RISK FACTORS

An investment in NCDs involves a certain degree of risk. You should carefully consider all the information contained in this Draft Prospectus, including the risks and uncertainties described below, and the information provided in the sections titled "Our Business" on page 99 and "Financial Statements" on page 136 before making an investment decision. The following are the risks envisaged by the management of the Company relating to the Company, the NCDs and the market in general. Potential investors should carefully consider all the risk factors stated in this Draft Prospectus in relation to the NCDs for evaluating the Company and its business and the NCDs before making any investment decision relating to the NCDs. The Company believes that the factors described below represents the principal risks inherent in investing in the NCDs but does not represent that the statements below regarding the risks of holding the NCDs are exhaustive. The ordering of the risk factors is intended to facilitate ease of reading and reference and does not in any manner indicate the importance of one risk factor over another. Potential investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Draft Prospectus and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision. The market prices of the NCDs could decline due to such risks and you may lose all or part of your investment including interest thereon.

If any one of the following stated risks actually occurs, the Company's business, financial conditions and results of operations could suffer and, therefore, the value of the Company's NCDs could decline and/or the Company's ability to meet its obligations in respect of the NCDs could be affected. More than one risk factor may have simultaneous affect with regard to the NCDs such that the effect of a particular risk factor may not be predictable. In addition, more than one risk factor may have a compounding effect which may not be predictable. No prediction can be made as to the effect that any combination of risk factors may have on the value of the NCDs and/or the Company's ability to meet its obligations in respect of the NCDs. These risks and uncertainties are not the only issues that the Company faces. These risk factors are determined on the basis of their materiality. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Company or that the Company currently believes to be immaterial may also have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or business. Unless specified or quantified in the relevant risk factors, the Company is not in a position to quantify the financial or other implications of any risk mentioned herein below.

This Draft Prospectus also contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including events described below and elsewhere in this Draft Prospectus. Unless otherwise stated, the financial information used in this section is derived from and should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements and Unaudited Financial Results as included in this Draft Prospectus.

Internal Risk Factors

1. ***We are subject to certain restrictive covenants in our loan documents and other debts, which may restrict our operations and ability to grow and may adversely affect our business.***

   We have entered into agreements for availing financial facilities from various lenders. Certain covenants in these agreements require us to obtain approval / permission from our lenders in certain conditions. These conditions include, amongst others, implementation of any scheme of expansion / diversification / renovation / capital expenditure, formulation of any scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction, undertaking of guarantee obligation, any change in our capital structure. In the event of default or the breach of certain covenants, our lenders have the option to make the entire outstanding amount payable immediately. There can be no assurance that we will be able to comply with these financial or other covenants or that we will be able to obtain consents necessary to take the actions that we believe are required to operate and grow our business.

   For further details in this regard, including approvals obtained from our lenders for this Issue, please refer chapter "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 138.

2. ***Our ability to access capital also depends on our credit ratings. Any downgrade in our credit ratings would increase borrowing costs and constrain our access to capital and lending markets and, thus, would negatively affect our net interest margin and our business.***

   The cost and availability of capital is also dependent on our long-term and short-term credit ratings. Credit Ratings reflect a rating agency's opinion of our financial strength, operating performance, strategic position, and ability to meet our obligations. As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, various rating agencies had rated our Company's long term credit ratings as: Acuite A-/Stable (read as ACUITE A Minus), Crisil BBB+/Stable

(pronounced as "Crisil triple B plus rating" with stable outlook), and IND BBB/Stable (pronounced as "IND triple B rating" with Stable outlook) and our short-term credit ratings as Acuite A1 (read as ACUITE A one).

The NCDs proposed to be issued under the Issue have been rated "Acuite A-/Stable" (pronounced as Acuite A Minus with Stable Outlook) for an amount of ₹30,000 Lakhs by Acuite Ratings vide their rating letter dated September 21, 2026, with rating rationale dated September 21, 2026. Securities with this rating are considered to have adequate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such securities carry low credit risk.

We cannot assure you that we will be able to maintain our existing credit ratings in the future. Any downgrade of our credit ratings would increase borrowing costs and constrain our access to debt and bank lending markets and, as a result, adversely affect our net interest margins and business. In addition, downgrading of our credit ratings could increase the possibility of additional terms and conditions being added to any additional financing or refinancing arrangements in the future. The ratings provided by the rating agencies may be suspended, withdrawn or revised at any time by the assigning rating agency. These ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and investors should take their own decisions. For details regarding ratings received by our Company, please refer to "*Our Business*" on page 99.

3. Our Company, our Promoters and Directors are subject to certain legal proceedings and any adverse decision in such proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our Company, our Promoters and Directors are subject to certain legal proceedings including civil suits, consumer litigations, tax litigations, trademark infringement suits etc. We incur substantial cost in defending these proceedings before a court of law. Moreover, we are unable to assure you that our Company, our Promoter and Directors shall be successful in any or all of these actions. In the event we or our Promoter and Directors suffer any adverse order, it may have an adverse impact on our reputation, business and results of operations. Further, our Company is involved in certain criminal proceeding with third parties in relation to our business operations. Any adverse decision in such proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our Company, our Promoter, our Directors and our Group Companies are party to legal proceedings. These legal proceedings are pending at different levels of adjudication before various courts, tribunals and statutory, regulatory and other judicial authorities in India, and, if determined against us, could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. We cannot assure you that an adverse order by any statutory or governmental authority will not have a negative impact on our profit and financial condition.

Should any new developments arise, such as any change in applicable Indian law or any rulings against us by appellate courts or tribunals, we may need to make provisions in our financial statements that could increase expenses and current liabilities, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

A summary of the outstanding proceedings involving our Company, Directors, Promoter and Group Companies in accordance with requirements under the SEBI NCS Regulations, as disclosed in this Draft Prospectus, to the extent quantifiable, have been set out below:

Name	Criminal Proceedings	Tax Proceedings	Statutory or Regulatory Proceedings	Disciplinary actions by the SEBI or Stock Exchanges	Material Civil Litigations	Aggregate amount involved(₹ in lakh)
Company						
By the Company	9	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	194.67
Against the Company	Nil	3	Nil	Nil	Nil	156.91
Promoters						
By the Promoters	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	Nil
Against the Promoters	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1	Nil

Name	Criminal Proceedings	Tax Proceedings	Statutory or Regulatory Proceedings	Disciplinary actions by the SEBI or Stock Exchanges	Material Civil Litigations	Aggregate amount involved(₹ in lakh)
Directors*						
By the Directors	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Against the Directors	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Group Companies						
By the Group Companies	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Against the Group Companies	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Subsidiaries						
By the Subsidiaries	Not Applicable					
Against the Subsidiaries						

**Note: To the extent any litigation involving persons who are both promoters and directors has been disclosed under the 'Promoters' category, the same has not been separately disclosed under 'Directors', to avoid duplication. Accordingly, disclosures under 'Directors' include only additional cases, if any.*

For further details of the legal proceedings that we are subject to, please refer to the chapter titled "*Outstanding Litigations*" beginning on page 226.

4. ***Supporting documents in connection with the biographies of the directors included in the section "Our Management" of this Draft Prospectus are unavailable.***

Certain documents supporting the information included in this Draft Prospectus with respect to previous work experience of the directors, disclosed in the sections titled "*Our Management*" on page 119 may not be available. Accordingly, reliance has been placed on declarations and undertakings furnished by such director to us and the Lead Managers to disclose details of their previous work experience in this Draft Prospectus. We and the Lead Managers have been unable to independently verify these details prior to inclusion in this Draft Prospectus. Further, there can be no assurances that our Director will be able to trace the relevant documents pertaining to their previous work experience in future, or at all.

5. ***A part of our branch network is concentrated in Kerala, Maharashtra and Odisha, and we derive majority of our revenue from these states. Any breakdown of services in these areas could have a material and adverse effect on our results of operations and financial conditions.***

We derive majority of our revenue from our 187 branches situated in Kerala, Maharashtra and Odisha out of 324 of our total branches as on September 30, 2026. Further, approximately 57.66% of our loan portfolio as on September 30, 2026 is concentrated in these 3 states i.e. Kerala, Maharashtra and Odisha. As a result, we are exposed to risks including any change in policies relating to these states, any localised social unrest, any natural disaster and any event or development which could make business in such states less economically beneficial. Any such risk, if materialises, could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial position and results of operations of our Company. For further details of our branch network within India, please refer to the chapter titled "*Our Business - Branch Network*" on 72.

6. ***Our business is capital intensive and any disruption or restrictions in raising financial resources could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.***

Our liquidity and ongoing profitability are largely dependent upon our timely access to and the costs associated in raising resources. Our funding requirements historically have been met from a combination of borrowings such as working capital limits and term loans from banks and issuance of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures on private placement basis and subordinated debts. Thus, our business depends and will continue to depend on our ability to access diversified low-cost funding sources.

Our ability to raise funds on acceptable terms and at competitive rates continue to depend on various factors including our credit ratings, the regulatory environment and policy initiatives in India, developments in the international markets affecting the Indian economy, investors' and/or lenders' perception of demand for debt and equity securities of NBFCs, and our current and future results of operations and financial condition.

The global and Indian capital and lending markets are, by nature, highly volatile and access to liquidity can, at times, be significantly reduced. Moreover, since 2018, default in debt repayments by a large NBFC in India led to heightened investor focus around the health of the broader NBFC sector as well as their sources of liquidity. This has led to some tightening in liquidity available to certain NBFCs and, as a result, it has become more difficult for certain NBFCs to renew loans and raise capital in recent times. If any event of similar nature and magnitude occurs again in the future, it may result in increased borrowing costs and difficulty in accessing debt in a cost-effective manner. Moreover, we are a NBFC-ND-ML, and do not have access to public deposits.

A significant portion of our debt matures each year. Out of the total amount of our outstanding non-convertible debentures (excluding interest thereon but including non-convertible debentures that are matured but not redeemed), issued by our Company as of October 01, 2026, non-convertible debentures amounting to ₹ 17,461.01 lakhs will mature during the next 12 months. In order to retire these instruments, we either will need to refinance this debt, which could be difficult in the event of volatility in the credit markets or raise equity capital or generate sufficient cash to retire the debt.

Changes in economic and financial conditions or continuing lack of liquidity in the market could make it difficult for us to access funds at competitive rates. As a NBFC, we also face certain restrictions on our ability to raise money from international markets, which may further constrain our ability to raise funds at attractive rates. Any disruption in our primary funding sources at competitive costs would have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and financial condition.

7. ***Our financial performance is primarily dependent on interest rate risk. If we are unable to manage interest rate risk in the future it could have an adverse effect on our net interest margin, thereby adversely affecting business and financial condition of our Company.***

Our results of operations are substantially dependent upon the level of our Net Interest Margins. Income from loans is the largest component of our total income, and constituted 96.94%, 96.46 % 97.20% and 98.72% for the Financial Years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2025, March 31, 2026 and quarter ended June 30, 2026, respectively. Interest rates are sensitive to many factors beyond our control, including the RBI's monetary policies, domestic and international economic and political conditions and other factors.

Over the last several years, the Government of India has substantially deregulated the financial sector. As a result, interest rates are now primarily determined by the market, which has increased the interest rate risk exposure of all banks and financial intermediaries in India, including us.

Our policy is to attempt to balance the proportion of our interest earning assets, which bear fixed interest rates, with interest bearing liabilities. A significant portion of our liabilities, such as our NCDs carry fixed rates of interest. Moreover, we do not hedge our exposure to interest rate changes. We cannot assure you that we can adequately manage our interest rate risk in the future or can effectively balance the proportion of our fixed rate loan assets and liabilities. Further, changes in interest rates could affect the interest rates charged on interest earning assets and the interest rates paid on interest bearing liabilities in different ways. Thus, our results of operations could be affected by changes in interest rates and the timing of any re-pricing of our liabilities compared with the re-pricing of our assets.

In a rising interest rate environment, if the yield on our interest earning assets does not increase at the same time or to the same extent as our cost of funds, or, in a declining interest rate environment, if our cost of funds does not decline at the same time or to the same extent as the yield on our interest earning assets, our net interest income and net interest margin would be adversely affected. There can be no assurance that we will be able to adequately manage our interest rate risk. If we are unable to address the interest rate risk, it could have an adverse effect on our net interest margin, thereby adversely affecting our business and financial condition.

8. ***We depend on the recognition of the brand, and failure to use, maintain and enhance awareness of the brand would adversely affect our ability to retain and expand our base of customers.***

Our business is dependent on the continued usage of the brand and trademark. The mark has been registered as a trademark by Mathew Mathaininan, Chairman and Whole-Time Director, and a Promoter of our Company. Further, an application was filed by Thomas Muthoot, Thomas John Muthoot and Thomas George Muthoot before the Intellectual Property Appellate Board, Chennai on July 3, 2012 for the removal, expungement, rectification, cancellation and variation of the trademark with registration number 1267883 in class 36 in the name of M Matthew. Subsequently, the application was transferred to the Intellectual Property Division of the High Court of Judicature at Madras and is currently pending. Any damage to the brand or our reputation may substantially impair our ability to maintain or grow our business or have a material adverse effect on our overall business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

In addition, any unauthorized or inappropriate use of our brand, trademarks and other related intellectual property rights by others in their corporate names or product brands or otherwise may harm our brand image, competitive advantages and business and dilute or harm our reputation and brand recognition Moreover, we may also be harmed by the actions of or negative press relating to entities which have similar names. We have in the past instituted proceedings against third parties for infringing upon our licensed trademarks and trade names. Further, if a dispute arises with respect to any of our intellectual property rights or proprietary information, we will be required to produce evidence to defend or enforce our claims, and we may become party to litigation, which may strain our resources and divert the attention of our management.

9. ***Our Company has a high debt-equity ratio and any further increase in borrowings may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

Our Company has raised funds through a combination of borrowings such as working capital limits and term loans from banks, issuance of secured redeemable non-convertible debentures on a private placement basis, secured redeemable non-convertible debentures by way of public issue, and subordinated debt. We are subject to the RBI's guidelines on financial regulation of NBFCs, including capital adequacy, leverage and other prudential norms, which are applied on a layer-wise basis.

As an NBFC–Middle Layer, we are required to comply with the prudential and capital adequacy requirements (including leverage-related requirements) applicable to NBFC-ML entities from time to time. Our debt-equity ratio was 4.51 times as on June 30, 2026. While our use of borrowings has supported business growth and profitability initiatives, it also results in higher finance costs, exposure to refinancing and liquidity risks, and sensitivity to changes in interest rates and funding conditions. Any inability to service or refinance our borrowings on favourable terms, or any tightening of regulatory norms applicable to us, may require us to raise additional equity, reduce growth, or curtail certain lending activities, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. We will continue to monitor and evaluate our capital structure to maintain an appropriate balance between debt and equity financing.

10. ***We have had negative cash flows in the past. Any negative cash flows in the future could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.***

We have had negative cash flows for operating activities in the past on account of high growth in loans and advances i.e., disbursals as compared with collections for the year and may have negative cash flows in the future. If we experience any cash outflow in the future, this could adversely affect our business prospects, financial condition and results of operations. For further information, see the section titled '*Financial Statements*' on page 136.

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Fiscal 2026	Fiscal 2025	Fiscal 2024

Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities	(33,762.39)	(15,092.75)	(13,990.43)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities	(257.00)	(479.18)	(301.25)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) financing activities	33,790.67	15,427.07	11,808.45

11. We are subject to periodic RBI inspections and supervisory reviews, and adverse observations, directions or regulatory action could increase compliance costs and adversely affect our operations and reputation.

We are subject to periodic inspections and supervisory reviews by the Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**"), including under the RBI's powers to cause an inspection of non-banking institutions for, among other things, verifying the correctness or completeness of statements or information furnished to the RBI. Such inspections and supervisory reviews typically involve an examination of our books, records, systems, processes and overall compliance with applicable regulatory requirements, and may result in observations, directions and/or requirements to implement remedial measures within prescribed timelines.

Our Company received final supervisory letter issued by RBI's supervisory examination division for the compliance period from December 01, 2025 to January 15, 2026 and it made certain observations regarding governance and oversight framework, compliance culture, and certain internal control and operational/process matters (including customer-facing processes and related monitoring/reporting mechanisms). We have responded to the RBI and have undertaken steps to strengthen our policies, procedures, systems and controls to address such observations. However, there can be no assurance that future inspections or supervisory reviews will not result in further observations, findings or directions, or that the RBI will not require additional or enhanced remedial measures. Any adverse observations or findings, or any perceived non-compliance, could lead to regulatory action (including enhanced supervisory monitoring, warnings, restrictions, directives and/or penalties), increased compliance costs, diversion of management time and resources, and may adversely affect our operations and reputation. Further, any regulatory action or adverse supervisory outcome could impact stakeholder confidence and our relationships with lenders, investors and customers, which may materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

12. Volatility in the market price of gold may adversely affect our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

We extend loans secured mostly by household gold jewellery. A sustained decrease in the market price of gold could cause a corresponding decrease in new Gold Loan in our loan portfolio and, as a result, our interest income. In addition, customers may not repay their loans and the gold jewellery securing the loans may have decreased significantly in value, resulting in losses which we may not be able to support. The impact on our financial position and results of operations of a hypothetical decrease in gold values cannot be reasonably estimated because the market and competitive response to changes in gold values is not pre-determinable.

13. We face increasing competition in our business which may result in declining interest margins. If we are unable to compete successfully, our market share may also decline.

Our principal business is providing Gold Loan to customers in India secured by gold jewellery. Historically, the Gold Loan industry in India has been largely unorganised and dominated by local jewellery pawn shops and money lenders, with little involvement from public sector or private sector banks. Gold Loan financing was availed predominantly by lower income group customers with limited or no access to other forms of credit, however, such income group has gained increased access to capital through organised and unorganised money lenders, which has increased our exposure to competition. The demand for Gold Loan has also increased due to relatively lower and affordable interest rates, increased need for urgent borrowing or bridge financing requirements, the need for liquidity for assets held in gold and increased awareness and acceptance of Gold Loan financing.

All of these factors have resulted in increased competition from other lenders in the Gold Loan industry, including commercial banks and other NBFCs, who also have access to funding from customers' savings and current deposits. We are reliant on higher cost loans and debentures for our funding requirements, which may reduce our margins compared to competitors. Our ability to compete effectively will depend, to some extent, on our ability to raise low cost funding in the future. If we are unable to compete effectively with other

participants in the Gold Loan industry, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected. Furthermore, as a result of increased competition in the Gold Loan industry, Gold Loan are becoming increasingly standardised. Variable interest rates, variable payment terms and waiver of processing fees are also becoming increasingly common.

14. We may not be able to realise the full value of our pledged gold, which exposes us to potential loss.

We may not be able to realise the full value of our pledged gold, due to, among other things, defects in the quality of gold or sharp downward movement in the price in the future of gold which could result in fall in collateral value. In the event of any decrease in the price of gold, customers may not repay their loans and the value of collateral gold jewellery securing the loans may have decreased significantly, resulting in losses which we may not be able to support. Although, we have in place an internal policy on determining the quality of gold prior to disbursement of the Gold Loan. However, we cannot assure you that the methods followed by us are fool proof and the impurity levels in the gold can be accurately assessed.

Further, increase in price of gold allows us to lend more on gold jewellery. We may not be able recover dues on the loan entirely while auctioning the gold jewellery obtained as collateral on account of subsequent fall in gold price.

In the case of a default, we may auction the pledged gold in accordance with our auction policy. We cannot assure you that we will be able to auction such pledged gold jewellery at prices sufficient to cover the amounts under default. Moreover, there may be delays associated with the auction process or other processes undertaken by us to recover the amount due to us. Any such failure to recover the expected value of pledged gold could expose us to a potential loss and which could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

We may also be affected by failure of employees to comply with internal procedures and inaccurate appraisal. Failure by our employees to properly appraise the value of the collateral provides us with no recourse against the borrower and the loan sanction may eventually result in a bad debt on our books of accounts. In the event we are unable to check the risks arising out of such lapses, our business and results of operations may be adversely affected.

15. We may not be able to successfully sustain our growth strategy. Inability to effectively manage our growth and related issues could materially and adversely affect our business and impact our future financial performance.

Our income from operations increased from ₹ 12,777.58 lakhs in the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024 to ₹ 24,686.13 lakhs in the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026, thereby achieving compounded annual growth rate ("**CAGR**") of 38.99%. Furthermore, the loan book increased from ₹ 66,314.01 lakhs for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024 to ₹ 1,30,596.19 lakhs in the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026 at a CAGR of 40.33%.

Our income from operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, amounted to ₹ 7,803.63 lakhs and the loan book as on June 30, 2026, was at ₹ 1,38,222.29 lakhs.

Our growth strategy includes growing our loan book, expanding network of branches and expanding the range of products and services. We cannot assure you that we will be able to execute our growth strategy successfully or continue to achieve or grow at the levels of revenue earned in recent years, or that we will be able to expand further our loan book. Furthermore, there may not be sufficient demand for our services or they may not generate sufficient revenues relative to the costs associated with offering such services. Even if we were able to introduce new services successfully, there can be no assurance that we will be able to achieve our intended return on such investments.

Further, principal component of our strategy is to continue to grow by expanding the size and geographical scope of our businesses. This growth strategy will place significant demands on our management, financial and other resources. It will require us to continuously develop and improve our operational, financial and internal controls. It also includes undertaking permission from various authorities, including RBI and various regulatory compliances. Continuous expansion increases the challenges involved in financial management, recruitment, training and retaining high quality human resources, preserving our culture, values and entrepreneurial environment, and developing and improving our internal administrative infrastructure.

16. ***If we are not able to control the level of non-performing assets in our portfolio, the overall quality of our loan portfolio may deteriorate and our results of operations may be adversely affected.***

We may not be successful in our efforts to improve collections and/or enforce the security interest on the gold collateral on existing as well as future non-performing assets. Moreover, as our loan portfolio increases, we may experience greater defaults in principal and/or interest repayments. Thus, if we are not able to control our level of non-performing assets, the overall quality of our loan portfolio may deteriorate and our results of operations may be adversely affected. Our gross NPAs for the financial years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2025, March 31, 2026, and quarter ended June 30, 2026, were ₹ 346.14 lakhs, ₹ 1,363.48 lakhs ₹ 353.88 lakhs and ₹ 561.87 lakhs respectively.

The RBI SBR Master Directions prescribe the provisioning required in respect of our outstanding loan portfolio. Should the overall credit quality of our loan portfolio deteriorate, the current level of our provisions may not be adequate to cover further increases in the amount of our non-performing assets. Furthermore, although we believe that our total provision will be adequate to cover all known losses in our asset portfolio, our current provisions may not be adequate. Moreover, there also can be no assurance that there will be no further deterioration in our provisioning coverage as a percentage of gross non-performing assets or otherwise, or that the percentage of non-performing assets that we will be able to recover will be similar to our past experience of recoveries of non-performing assets. In the event of any further increase in our non-performing asset portfolio, there could be an even greater, adverse impact on our results of operations.

17. ***Our ability to lend against the collateral of gold jewellery has been restricted on account of guidelines issued by RBI, which may have a negative impact on our business and results of operation.***

RBI, vide the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Credit Facilities) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, as amended from time to time (the "**RBI Credit Facilities Directions**"), has imposed limits on loan-to-value ("**LTV**") ratios for loans secured by gold jewellery. Under the RBI Credit Facilities Directions, for loans sanctioned prior to April 01, 2026, NBFCs are required to maintain an LTV ratio not exceeding 75% for loans granted against gold jewellery. The RBI Credit Facilities Directions also prohibit new lending against bullion/primary gold and gold coins. Further, effective since April 01, 2026, for consumption loans against eligible collateral (including jewellery, ornaments or coins made of gold or silver), the RBI Credit Facilities Directions prescribe a graded LTV framework based on the amount of loan per borrower:

- 85% where the loan amount is up to ₹2.50 lakh;
- 80% where the loan amount is greater than ₹2.50 lakh and up to ₹5.00 lakh; and
- 75% where the loan amount is greater than ₹5.00 lakh.

Such LTV caps will limit the maximum amount that we can lend against gold jewellery and could place us at a disadvantage compared to unregulated lenders that are not subject to such restrictions

In addition, under the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Prudential Norms on Capital Adequacy) Directions, 2025, as amended from time to time (the "**RBI Capital Adequacy Directions**"), NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (i.e., where such lending comprises 50% or more of their financial assets) are required to maintain a minimum Tier I Capital Ratio of 12%.

Our Tier I Capital Ratio for Fiscal 2026, Fiscal 2025 and Fiscal 2024 stood at 17.24%, 19.04% and 20.87%, respectively.

Further, the RBI, under the RBI Credit Facilities Directions, has prescribed that the maximum lendable value for gold-secured loans must be computed with reference to the preceding 30-day average of the closing price of 22-carat gold, based on the rate quoted by the Bombay Bullion Association Ltd. (BBA) or historical spot gold price data publicly disseminated by a commodity exchange regulated by the Forward Markets Commission.

Any future regulatory restrictions, more stringent loan-to-value (LTV) limits, additional capital requirements, or changes in valuation methodology imposed by the RBI could adversely affect our ability to originate or maintain gold-based loans, which, in turn, may materially reduce our margins, growth prospects, business performance and results of operations.

18. We are regulated by the RBI as an NBFC–Middle Layer, and changes in RBI regulations or their interpretation/enforcement could adversely affect our business and financial performance.

Our Company has been classified as NBFC-Middle Layer from August 2025 and therefore we are subject to the RBI's guidelines on financial regulation of NBFCs, including capital adequacy, exposure and other prudential norms. The RBI also regulates the credit flow by banks to NBFCs and provides guidelines to commercial banks with respect to their investment and credit exposure norms for lending to the NBFCs. The RBI's regulations of NBFCs could change which may restrict the availment of credit facilities from such banks in the future and which may require us to restructure our activities, incur additional cost or could otherwise adversely affect our business and our financial performance. Through the RBI SBR Master Directions, RBI has amended the regulatory framework governing NBFCs to address concerns pertaining to risks, regulatory gaps and arbitrage arising from differential regulations and aims to harmonise and simplify regulations to facilitate a smoother compliance culture among NBFCs. Even though the RBI has not provided for any restriction on interest rates that can be charged by non-deposit taking NBFCs, there can be no assurance that the RBI and/or the Government will not implement further regulations or policies, including legal interpretations of existing regulations, relating to or affecting interest rates, taxation, inflation or exchange controls, or otherwise take action, that may have an adverse impact on non-deposit taking NBFCs.

Compliance with many of the regulations applicable to our operations in India, including any restrictions on investments and other activities currently being carried out by us, involves a number of risks, particularly in markets where applicable regulations may be subject to varying interpretations. If the interpretation of the regulators and authorities varies from our interpretation, we may be subject to penalties and our business could be adversely affected. We are also subject to changes in laws, regulations and accounting principles and practices. There can be no assurance that the laws governing the financial services sector will not change in the future or that such changes or the interpretation or enforcement of existing and future laws and rules by governmental and regulatory authorities will not adversely affect our business and future financial performance.

19. We may be subject to regulations in respect of provisioning for non-performing assets. If such provisions are not sufficient to provide adequate cover for loan losses that may occur, this could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity and results of operations.

RBI guidelines prescribe the provisioning required in respect of our outstanding loan portfolio. These provisioning requirements may require us to reserve lower amounts than the provisioning requirements applicable to financial institutions and banks in other countries. The provisioning requirements may also require the exercise of subjective judgments of management. The RBI vide RBI SBR Master Directions provides for the regulatory framework governing NBFCs pertaining to provision for standard assets. The requirement is to make a provision for standard asset at 0.4% of the outstanding.

There are multiple factors that affect the level of NPAs in our Company. Prominent among them are fall in value of gold, increase in the LTV ratio for gold loan etc.

The level of our provisions may not be adequate to cover further increases in the amount of our nonperforming assets or a decrease in the value of the underlying gold collateral. If such provisions are not sufficient to provide adequate cover for loan losses that may occur, or if we are required to increase our provisions, this could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity and results of operations and may require us to raise additional capital.

20. Our ability to borrow from banks may be restricted by RBI prudential norms applicable to banks' exposure to NBFCs, which may increase our borrowing costs and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and growth prospects

Under Chapter XIV of the Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Banks – Credit Facilities) Directions, 2025 bearing reference RBI/DOR/2025-26/154, DOR.CRE.REC.73/07-01-001/2025-26, dated November 28, 2025, bank finance to NBFCs is subject to specified regulatory restrictions and the prudential ceilings for exposure to NBFCs prescribed under the Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Banks – Concentration Risk Management) Directions, 2025. The said Directions also provide that investments by banks in securities / instruments issued by NBFCs are governed by the Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Banks – Classification, Valuation and Operation of Investment Portfolio) Directions, 2025, while the risk weights /

capital charge applicable to bank credit to NBFCs are governed by the Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Banks – Prudential Norms on Capital Adequacy) Directions, 2025.

In this context, RBI has also prescribed, through its extant instructions on bank finance to NBFCs predominantly engaged in lending against the collateral of gold jewellery, that a bank's regulatory exposure ceiling to a single such NBFC, where loans against collateral of gold jewellery comprise 50% or more of its total financial assets, should not exceed 7.5% of the bank's capital funds. Such exposure may, however, increase by 5%, i.e. up to 12.5% of the bank's capital funds, where the additional exposure is on account of funds on-lent by the NBFC to the infrastructure sector. RBI has further required banks to maintain an internal sub-limit on their aggregate exposure to all such NBFCs, within the internal limit fixed by the relevant bank for its aggregate exposure to all NBFCs taken together.

Accordingly, the extent to which banks may lend to, invest in, or otherwise assume exposure to NBFCs engaged substantially in gold loan business, such as ours, may be constrained by applicable RBI prudential exposure norms as well as the relevant banks' internal credit and exposure policies. Any such restriction on our ability to raise bank borrowings may reduce the availability of funding to us, increase our cost of borrowing and adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and growth prospects.

21. ***As the NCDs of our Company are listed on BSE, our Company is subject to certain obligations and reporting requirements under the SEBI Listing Regulations. Any non-compliance or delay in complying with such obligations and reporting requirements may render our Company and/or its promoters liable to prosecution and/or penalties.***

Our Company is subject to the obligations and reporting requirements under the SEBI Listing Regulations. In the past, our Company did not comply with certain provisions relating to the submission of documents and intimations, as required under the SEBI Listing Regulations. For instance, our Company filed the unaudited financial results for the period ended June 30, 2025, after the timeline prescribed under Regulations 52 and 54 of the SEBI Listing Regulations had expired, for which BSE imposed a penalty of ₹43,660/-, and the penalty was remitted by our Company on September 19, 2025. Further, our Company filed the unaudited financial results for the period ended September 30, 2025, after the prescribed timeline under Regulation 52 of the SEBI Listing Regulations had expired. As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, our Company has not received any communication from BSE regarding the delayed submission of the financial results for the period ended September 30, 2025. Although our Company has not received any further communication from the Stock Exchange or any authority in this regard, there is a possibility that penalties may be levied against our Company for certain instances of non-compliance and delays in complying with such obligations and reporting requirements.

Further, on November 28, 2025, BSE imposed a penalty of ₹ 34,220/- for violation of Regulation 13(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. On December 01, 2025, our Company requested BSE to adjust this penalty against an earlier payment of ₹43,200/- mistakenly made to BSE on November 11, 2025. As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, our Company has not received any response from BSE regarding the adjustment request.

In addition, pursuant to a BSE communication dated February 27, 2026, BSE informed that our Company was liable to pay a fine for delayed compliance with Regulation 60(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations for the month ended January 2026, being delay in submission of the notice of record date and imposed a fine computed at ₹10,000 per ISIN in respect of 22 ISINs, resulting in an aggregate fine of ₹259,600, inclusive of GST at the rate of 18%. Our Company has remitted the penalty of ₹2,59,600 to BSE on April 24, 2026. Further, pursuant to a BSE reminder notice dated March 30, 2026 in relation to the quarter ended December 2025, BSE noted that our Company was still non-compliant or had not paid the fines levied under Regulation 50(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations (delay in furnishing intimation about Board Meeting) aggregating to ₹5,900, inclusive of GST. Our Company has remitted the penalty of ₹5,900 to BSE on April 24, 2026.

Although our Company has not received any further communication from BSE or any other authority in certain of the above matters, there can be no assurance that no further penalties, restrictions, observations, regulatory actions or other consequences will arise in relation to such delays or other instances of non-compliance. Any such action or restriction may adversely affect our Company's reputation, limit our ability to undertake future issuances of debt securities or obtain listings thereof, increase compliance costs, and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

22. ***Our Gold Loan are due within 12 months of disbursement, and a failure to disburse new loans may result in a reduction of our loan portfolio and a corresponding decrease in our interest income.***

The Gold Loan we offer are due within a period of up to 12 months of disbursement. The relatively short-term nature of our loans means that we are not assured of long-term interest income streams compared to businesses that offer loans with longer terms. In addition, our existing customers may not obtain new loans from us upon maturity of their existing loans, particularly if competition increases. The short-term nature of our loan products and the potential instability of our interest income could materially and adversely affect our results of operations and financial position.

23. ***Inaccurate appraisal of gold by our personnel may adversely affect our gold loan business and financial condition.***

The accurate appraisal of pledged gold is a significant factor in the successful operation of our business and such appraisal requires a skilled and reliable workforce. Inaccurate appraisal of gold by our workforce may result in gold being overvalued and pledged for a loan that is higher in value than the gold's actual value, which could adversely affect our reputation and business. Further, we are subject to the risk that our gold appraisers may engage in fraud regarding their estimation of the value of pledged gold. Any such inaccuracies or fraud in relation to our appraisal of gold may adversely affect our reputation, business and financial condition.

24. ***We are subject to regulations in relation to minimum capital adequacy requirements and our inability to maintain our capital adequacy ratio could adversely affect our business.***

The RBI SBR Master Directions currently require NBFCs to comply with a capital to risk (weighted) assets ratio ("**CRAR**"), consisting of Tier I and Tier II capital. Under these requirements, Tier I and Tier II capital should not be less than 15% of the sum of the NBFC's risk-weighted assets on-balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items, as applicable. In addition, our Tier I capital, at any point in time, shall not be less than 10%. For details, see "*Key Regulations and Policies*" on page 282.

As of June 30, 2026, our CRAR was 25.36%, with Tier I capital comprising 17.20% and Tier II capital comprising of 8.16%. As we continue to grow our loan portfolio and asset base, we will be required to raise additional Tier I and Tier II capital in order to remain in compliance with the applicable CRARs. Further, the RBI may increase its minimum CRAR threshold, which may require us to raise additional capital. We cannot assure you that we will be able to raise adequate capital in the future on terms favourable to us, or at all, which may adversely affect the growth of our business. Further, the RBI may also in the future require compliance with other prudential norms and standards, which may require us to alter our business and accounting practices or take other actions that could adversely affect our business and operating results.

25. ***Our branches are vulnerable to theft and burglary. While we are insured against the risk of burglary arising from our business, such insurance may not be sufficient to fully cover the losses we suffer and this may result in adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.***

Storage of pledged gold jewellery as part of our business entails the risk of theft/burglary and resulting loss to our reputation and business. The short tenure of the loans advanced by us and our practice of processing loan repayments within short timelines require us to store pledged gold on our premises at all points in time. With regard to cases of theft/burglaries, we may not be able to recover the entire amount of the loss suffered and may receive only a partial payment of the insurance claim. While we are insured against the risk of burglary arising from our business, such insurance may not be sufficient to fully cover the losses we suffer. Further, the actual recovery of the insured amount from the insurer requires the undertaking of certain procedures, and any delay in recovery could adversely affect our reputation and results of operation.

26. ***The insurance coverage taken by us may not be adequate to protect against certain business risks. This may adversely affect our financial condition and result of operations.***

Operating and managing a Gold Loan business involves many risks that may adversely affect our operations and the availability of insurance is therefore important to our operations. We believe that our insurance coverage is adequate to cover us. However, to the extent that any uninsured risks materialise or if it fails to effectively cover any risks, we could be exposed to substantial costs and losses that would adversely affect our financial condition. In addition, we cannot be certain that the coverage will be available in sufficient

amounts to cover one or more large claims or that our insurers will not disclaim coverage as to any particular claim or claims. Occurrence of any such situation could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

27. ***Our entire customer base comprises individual borrowers, who generally are more likely to be affected by declining economic conditions than larger corporate borrowers.***

A majority of our customer base belongs to the low to medium income group. Furthermore, unlike many developed economies, a nationwide credit bureau has only recently become operational in India, so there is less financial information available about individuals, particularly our focus customer segment of the low to medium income group. It is therefore difficult to carry out precise credit risk analyses on our customers. While we follow certain procedures to evaluate the credit profile of our customers before we sanction a loan, we generally rely on the quality of the pledged gold rather than on a stringent analysis of the credit profile of our customers. Although we believe that our risk management controls are sufficient, we cannot be certain that they will continue to be sufficient or that additional risk management policies for individual borrowers will not be required. Failure to maintain sufficient credit assessment policies, particularly for individual borrowers, could adversely affect our loan portfolio, which could in turn have an adverse effect on our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

28. ***We strive to attract, retain, and motivate key employees, Key Managerial Personnel/Senior Management, as they play a critical role in driving our business operations and success. Any failure to hire key executives or employees, or the loss of any member could adversely affect our business, results of operations, and overall performance.***

While we strive to attract, train, motivate, and retain highly skilled employees, including branch managers and gold assessment technical personnel, any inability on our part to hire additional personnel or retain existing qualified employees may impair our ability to expand our business and could result in a decline in revenue. Hiring and retaining skilled managers and sales representatives is critical to our future, particularly given the intense competition for experienced employees in the gold loan industry. Additionally, we may face challenges in hiring and retaining sufficient skilled and experienced personnel to replace those who leave, or in re-deploying and retaining employees to adapt to technological advancements, evolving standards, and changing customer preferences.

Our business success is also significantly reliant on our core management team, which oversees the operations, strategy, and growth of our businesses. Our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management have been integral to our development and the implementation of our strategy. If one or more members of our management team were unable or unwilling to continue in their present roles, it could be challenging to find suitable replacements, which may adversely affect our business, operations, and results.

29. ***We are subject to the risk of fraud by our employees and customers. Our lending operations involve significant amounts of cash collection which may be susceptible to loss or misappropriation or fraud by our employees. Specifically, employees operating in remote areas may be susceptible to criminal elements which may adversely affect our business, operations and ability to recruit and retain employees***

We are exposed to the risk of fraud and other misconduct by employees and customers. While we carefully recruit all of our employees and screen all our employees who are responsible for disbursement of Gold Loan and custody of gold, there could be instances of fraud with respect to Gold Loan and cash related misappropriation by our employees. We are required to report cases of internal fraud to the RBI, which may take appropriate action. We cannot guarantee you that such acts of fraud will not be committed in the future, and any such occurrence of fraud would adversely affect our reputation, business and results of operations.

Our lending and collection operations involve handling of significant amounts of cash, including collections of instalment repayments in cash which is the norm in the finance industry. Large amounts of cash collection expose us to the risk of loss, fraud, misappropriation or unauthorised transactions by our employees responsible for dealing with such cash collections. While we obtain insurance, coverage including fidelity coverage and coverage for cash in safes and in transit and undertake various measures to detect and prevent any unauthorised transactions, fraud or misappropriation by our employees, these measures may not be sufficient to prevent or deter such activities in all cases, which may adversely affect our business operations and financial condition. In addition, we may be subject to regulatory or other proceedings in connection with

any such unauthorised transaction, fraud or misappropriation by our agents or employees, which could adversely affect our goodwill, business prospects and future financial performance.

Further, our employees operating in remote areas may be particularly susceptible to criminal elements as they are involved in cash collection and transportation due to lack of local banking facilities. In the event of any such adverse incident our ability to continue our operations in such areas will be adversely affected and our employee recruitment and retention efforts may be affected, thereby affecting our expansion plans. In addition, if we determine that certain areas of India pose a significantly higher risk of crime or political strife and instability, our ability to operate in such areas will be adversely affected.

30. We are subject to the risk of unknowingly receiving stolen goods as collateral from customers which may result in loss of collateral for the loan disbursed

We have a policy in place to satisfy ownership of the gold jewellery and have taken adequate steps to ensure that the KYC guidelines stipulated by RBI are followed and due diligence of the customer is undertaken prior to the disbursement of loans. However, in the event that we unknowingly receive stolen goods as collateral from a customer, the goods can be seized by authorities. Once seized by the authorities, gold items will be stored in court storage facilities without a surety arrangement. No recourse is generally available to our Company in the event of such seizure, except the recovery of the loss from the customer. Any seizure of the gold ornaments by the authorities shall result in us losing the collateral for the loan disbursed and could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

31. System failures or inadequacy and security breaches in computer systems may adversely affect our operations and result in financial loss, disruption of our businesses, regulatory intervention or damage to our reputation.

Our business is increasingly dependent on our ability to process, on a daily basis, a large number of transactions. Through our information technology systems, we manage our operations, market to our target customers, and monitor and control risks. We are dependent upon the IT software for effective monitoring & management, and any failure in our IT systems or loss of connectivity or any loss of data arising from such failure can impact our business and results of operations.

Our ability to operate and remain competitive will depend in part on our ability to maintain and upgrade our information technology systems on a timely and cost-effective basis. The information available to and received by our management through our existing systems may not be timely and sufficient to manage risks or to plan for and respond to changes in market conditions and other developments in our operations. We may experience difficulties in upgrading, developing and expanding our systems quickly enough to accommodate our growing customer base and business operations.

Our operations also rely on the secure processing, storage and transmission of confidential and other information in our computer systems and networks. Our computer systems, software and networks may be vulnerable to unauthorised access, computer viruses or other malicious code and other events that could compromise data integrity and security.

Any failure to effectively maintain or improve or upgrade our management information systems in a timely manner could materially and adversely affect our competitiveness, financial position and results of operations. Moreover, if any of these systems do not operate properly or are disabled or if there are other shortcomings or failures in our internal processes or systems, it could affect our operations or result in financial loss, disruption of our businesses, regulatory intervention or damage to our reputation. In addition, our ability to conduct business may be adversely impacted by a disruption in the infrastructure that supports our businesses and the localities in which we are located.

32. We have entered into, and will continue to enter into, related party transactions.

We have entered into certain transactions with related parties and are likely to continue to do so in the future. Although all such related-party transactions are at arm's length, as required under the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations. We cannot assure you that such transactions, individually or in aggregate, will not have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations or that we could not have achieved more favourable terms if such transactions had not been entered into with related parties. Such related-party transactions may potentially involve conflicts of interest which may be detrimental to our interest and we

cannot assure you that such transactions, individually or in the aggregate, will always be in the best interests of our minority shareholders and will not have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. For further details, see Note 38, Note 38 and Note 37 of "*Financial Statements*" on page F- 71, F- 154, F- 242, for fiscal years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2026, respectively beginning on page 136.

33. Our internal procedures, on which we rely for obtaining information on our customers and loan collateral, may be deficient and result in business losses.

We rely on our internal procedures for obtaining information relating to our customers and the loan collateral provided. In the event of lapses or deficiencies in our procedures or in their implementation, we may be subject to business or operational risk. For example, in the event that we unknowingly receive stolen goods as collateral from a customer, the goods can be seized by authorities. Once seized by the authorities, gold items will be stored in court storage facilities without a surety arrangement. No recourse will generally be available to our Company in the event of such seizure, except the recovery of the loss from the customer.

34. Our inability to open new branches at correct locations may adversely affect our business.

Our business is dependent on our ability to service and support our customers from proximate locations and thereby giving our customers easy access to our services. Further, it is vital for us to be present in key locations for sourcing business as we depend on these branches to earn revenue. Thus, any inability on our part to open new branches at correct locations may adversely affect our business and results of operations.

35. Our inability to obtain, renew or maintain our statutory and regulatory permits and approvals required to operate our business may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

NBFCs in India are subject to strict regulations and supervision by the RBI. In addition to the numerous conditions required for the registration as a NBFC with the RBI, we are required to maintain certain statutory and regulatory permits and approvals for our business. In the future, we will be required to renew such permits and approvals and obtain new permits and approvals for any proposed operations. There can be no assurance that the relevant authorities will issue any of such permits or approvals in the time-frame anticipated by us or at all. Failure on our part to renew, maintain or obtain the required permits or approvals may result in the interruption of our operations and may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, our branches are required to be registered under the relevant shops and establishments laws of the states in which they are located. The shops and establishment laws regulate various employment conditions, including working hours, holidays and leave and overtime compensation. Some of our branches have not applied for such registration while other branches still have applications for registration pending. If we fail to obtain or retain any of these approvals or licenses, or renewals thereof, in a timely manner, or at all, our business may be adversely affected. If we fail to comply, or a regulator claims we have not complied, with any of these conditions, our certificate of registration may be suspended or cancelled and we shall not be able to carry on such activities.

RISKS PERTAINING TO THIS ISSUE

36. Changes in interest rates may affect the price of our NCDs which frequently accompany inflation and/or a growing economy, are likely to have a negative effect on the price of our NCDs.

All securities where a fixed rate of interest is offered, such as our NCDs, are subject to price risk. The price of such securities will vary inversely with changes in prevailing interest rates, i.e., when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of prevailing interest rates. Increased rates of interest, which frequently accompany inflation and/or a growing economy, are likely to have a negative effect on the price of our NCDs.

37. The fund requirement and deployment mentioned in the Objects of the Issue have not been appraised by any bank or financial institution.

We intend to use the proceeds of the Issue, after meeting the expenditures of and related to the Issue, for the purpose of onward lending and financing and for repayment/ prepayment of principal and interest of borrowings of the Company and also for general corporate purposes. For further details, see "*Objects of the Issue*" at page 56. The fund requirement and deployment are based on internal management estimates and has not been appraised by any bank or financial institution. The management will have significant flexibility in applying the proceeds received by us from the Issue. The utilization details of the proceeds of the Issue shall be adequately disclosed as per applicable law. Further, as per the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations, we are not required to appoint a monitoring agency and therefore no monitoring agency has been appointed for the Issue.

38. You may not be able to recover, on a timely basis or at all, the full value of the outstanding amounts and/or the interest accrued thereon in connection with the NCDs. Failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose the holders to a potential loss.

Our ability to pay interest accrued on the NCDs and/or the principal amount outstanding from time to time in connection therewith would be subject to various factors, including, inter-alia our financial condition, profitability and the general economic conditions in India and in the global financial markets. We cannot assure you that we would be able to repay the principal amount outstanding from time to time on the NCDs and/or the interest accrued thereon in a timely manner or at all. Although our Company will create appropriate security in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the NCD Holders on the assets adequate to ensure minimum 100.00% asset cover for the NCDs, which shall be free from any encumbrances, the realisable value of the assets charged as security, when liquidated, may be lower than the outstanding principal and/or interest accrued thereon in connection with the NCDs. A failure or delay to recover the expected value from a sale or disposition of the assets charged as security in connection with the NCDs could expose you to a potential loss.

39. The Security may be insufficient to redeem the NCDs.

The NCDs to be issued pursuant to the Issue will be secured by creating a pari-passu charge over the Receivables of our Company, created in favour of the Debenture Trustee, to the extent of 100% of the amount outstanding towards principal and interest payable on NCDs. In the event that our Company is unable to meet its payment and other obligations towards investors under the terms of the NCDs, the Debenture Trustee may enforce the Security in respect of the NCDs as per the terms of security documents, and other related documents. The Debenture Holder(s)' recovery in relation to the NCDs will be subject to (i) the market value of the security, (ii) finding willing buyers for the security at a price sufficient to repay the amount payable to Debenture Holder(s)' under the NCDs. The value realized from the enforcement of the transaction security may be insufficient to redeem the NCDs. There may be fluctuations in the market values of the assets over which security has been provided by our Company, which could affect our Company's liquidity and reduce our Company's ability to enforce the security in terms of Security Documents, and consequently affect our Company's result of operations and financial condition. Our Company may not accurately identify changes in the value of assets over which security has been provided caused by changes in market prices, and our Company's assessments, assumptions or estimates may prove inaccurate.

40. There can be no assurance that the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue will be listed on the Stock Exchange in a timely manner, or at all.

In accordance with Indian law and practice, permission for listing and trading of the NCD issued pursuant to this issue will not be granted until after the NCDs have been issued and allotted. Approval for listing and trading will require all relevant documents authorising the issue of NCDs to be submitted. There could be a failure or delay in listing the NCDs in BSE for reasons unforeseen. If permission to deal in and for an official quotation of the NCDs is not granted by BSE, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all monies received from the Applicants in accordance with prevailing law in this context, and pursuant to this Draft Prospectus.

41. In case of outstanding debt instruments, deposits, or borrowings, any default in compliance with the material covenants could expose you to significant risks. These covenants may include the creation of security as per the agreed terms, default in payment of interest, default in redemption or repayment, and default in payment of penal interest wherever applicable.

The covenants of the Issue are set out under "*Issue Structure – Covenants of the Issue*" at page 180 and in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed which will be duly filed with the stock exchange in terms of SEBI NCS Master Circular, as amended. These covenants have been mutually agreed upon between our Company and the Debenture Trustee.

Our ability to comply with these covenants is subject to various factors including our financial condition, profitability, and the general economic conditions in India and in the global financial markets. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the outstanding debt instruments, deposits, or borrowings, any failure to comply with the material covenants could lead to significant risks. These covenants may include the creation of security as per terms agreed, default in payment of interest, default in redemption or repayment, and default in payment of penal interest, among others.

While our Company shall take all necessary steps to comply with these covenants within the timelines prescribed by SEBI, there could be a failure or delay in compliance due to unforeseen circumstances. Any such default could lead to penalties, legal actions, or even trigger a default on other obligations under cross-default provisions which may adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to avoid such defaults, and any such event could expose you to significant financial and legal risks. It is important for investors to understand these risks and consider them when making their investment decisions.

42. There may be no active market for the NCDs on the retail debt market/capital market segment of the BSE. As a result, the liquidity and market prices of the NCDs may fail to develop and may accordingly be adversely affected.

There can be no assurance that an active market for the NCDs will develop. If an active market for the NCDs fails to develop or be sustained, the liquidity and market prices of the NCDs may be adversely affected. Although an application has been made to list the NCDs on BSE, there can be no assurance that liquidity for the NCDs will improve and there is no obligation on us to maintain the secondary market for the NCDs. The market price of the NCDs would depend on various factors inter alia including (i) the interest rate on similar securities available in the market and the general interest rate scenario in the country, (ii) the market price of our Equity Shares, (iii) the market for listed debt securities, (iv) general economic conditions, (v) our financial performance, growth prospects and results of operations and (vi) limited and sporadic trading. The aforementioned factors may adversely affect the liquidity and market price of the NCDs, which may trade at a discount to the price at which you purchase the NCDs and/or be relatively illiquid.

43. We cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of facts and other statistics with respect to India, the Indian economy and the NBFC and Gold Loan industries contained in this Draft Prospectus.

While facts and other statistics in this Draft Prospectus relating to India, the Indian economy as well as the Gold Loan industry have been based on various publications and reports from agencies that we believe are reliable, we cannot guarantee the quality or reliability of such materials, particularly since there is limited publicly available information specific to the Gold Loan industry. While we have taken reasonable care in the reproduction of such information, industry facts and other statistics, the same have not been prepared or independently verified by us or any of our respective affiliates or advisors and, therefore we make no representation as to their accuracy or completeness. These facts and other statistics include the facts and statistics included in the chapter titled "*Industry Overview*" beginning on page 72. Due to possibly flawed or ineffective data collection methods or discrepancies between published information and market practice and other problems, the statistics herein may be inaccurate or may not be comparable to statistics produced elsewhere and should not be unduly relied upon. Further, there is no assurance that they are stated or compiled on the same basis or with the same degree of accuracy, as the case may be, elsewhere.

44. Our Company may raise further borrowings and charge its assets after receipt of necessary consents from its existing lenders. In such a scenario, the Debenture Holders holding the NCDs will rank pari passu with other secured creditors and to that extent, may reduce the amounts recoverable by the Debenture Holders upon our Company's bankruptcy, winding up or liquidation

Our Company may, subject to receipt of all necessary consents from its existing lenders and the Debenture Trustee to the Issue, raise further borrowings and charge its assets. Our Company is free to decide the nature of security that may be provided for future borrowings. In such a scenario, the Debenture Holders holding

the NCDs will rank pari passu with other creditors and to that extent, may reduce the amounts recoverable by the Debenture Holders upon our Company's bankruptcy, winding up or liquidation.

45. In the event of liquidation or bankruptcy, the new bankruptcy code in India may affect our Company's right to recover loans from its borrowers.

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("**Bankruptcy Code**") was notified on August 5, 2016. The Bankruptcy Code offers a uniform and comprehensive insolvency legislation encompassing all companies, partnerships and individuals (other than financial firms). It allows creditors to assess the viability of a debtor as a business decision and agree upon a plan for its revival or a speedy liquidation. The Bankruptcy Code creates a new institutional framework, consisting of a regulator, insolvency professionals, information utilities and adjudicatory mechanisms, which will facilitate a formal and time-bound insolvency resolution and liquidation process.

In case insolvency proceedings are initiated against a debtor to our Company, we may not have complete control over the recovery of amounts due to us. Under the Bankruptcy Code, upon invocation of an insolvency resolution process, a committee of creditors is constituted by the interim resolution professional, wherein each financial creditor is given a voting share proportionate to the debts owed to it. Any decision of the committee of creditors must be taken by a vote of not less than 66% of the voting share of all financial creditors. Any resolution plan approved by committee of creditors is binding upon all creditors, even if they vote against it. In case a liquidation process is opted for, the Bankruptcy Code provides for a fixed order of priority in which proceeds from the sale of the debtor's assets are to be distributed. Before sale proceeds are distributed to a secured creditor, they are to be distributed for the costs of the insolvency resolution and liquidation processes, debts owed to workmen and other employees, and debts owed to unsecured credits. Further, under this process, dues owed to the Central and State Governments rank at par with those owed to secured creditors. Moreover, other secured creditors may decide to opt out of the process, in which case they are permitted to realise their security interests in priority.

Accordingly, if the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code are invoked against any of the borrowers of our Company, it may affect our Company's ability to recover our loans from the borrowers and enforcement of our Company's rights will be subject to the Bankruptcy Code.

EXTERNAL RISK FACTORS

46. Any downgrading of India's debt rating by an international rating agency could have a negative impact on our business.

India's sovereign debt rating could be downgraded due to several factors, including changes in tax or fiscal policy or a decline in India's foreign exchange reserves, all of which are outside our control. Any adverse revisions to India's credit ratings for domestic and international debt by international rating agencies may adversely impact our ability to raise additional external financing or other financing, and the interest rates and other commercial terms at which such additional financing is available. This could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial performance, our ability to raise financing for onward lending, future financial performance and our ability to obtain financing for capital expenditures and may adversely affect the price of the NCDs.

47. Instability of economic policies and the political situation in India could adversely affect the fortunes of the industry.

There is no assurance that the liberalisation policies of the government will continue in the future. Protests against privatisation could slow down the pace of liberalisation and deregulation. The Government of India plays an important role by regulating the policies and regulations that govern the private sector. The current economic policies of the government may change at a later date. The pace of economic liberalisation could change and specific laws and policies affecting the industry and other policies affecting investments in our Company's business could change as well. A significant change in India's economic liberalisation and deregulation policies could disrupt business and economic conditions in India and thereby affect our Company's business.

Unstable domestic as well as international political environment could impact the economic performance in the short term as well as the long term. The Government of India has pursued the economic liberalisation

policies including relaxing restrictions on the private sector over the past several years. The present Government has also announced polices and taken initiatives that support continued economic liberalisation.

The Government has traditionally exercised and continues to exercise a significant influence over many aspects of the Indian economy. Our Company's business may be affected not only by changes in interest rates, changes in Government policy, taxation, social and civil unrest but also by other political, economic or other developments in or affecting India.

48. Financial difficulties and other problems in certain financial institutions in India could cause our business to suffer and adversely affect our results of operations.

We are exposed to the risks of the Indian financial system, which in turn may be affected by financial difficulties and other problems faced by certain Indian financial institutions. Certain Indian financial institutions have experienced difficulties during recent years. Some co-operative banks (which tend to operate in rural sector) have also faced serious financial and liquidity crises. There has been a trend towards consolidation with weaker banks, NBFCs and HFCs being merged with stronger entities. The problems faced by individual Indian financial institutions and any instability in or difficulties faced by the Indian financial system generally could create adverse market perception about Indian financial institutions, banks and NBFCs. This in turn could adversely affect our business, our future financial performance, our shareholders' funds and the market price of our NCDs.

49. Terrorist attacks, civil unrest and other acts of violence or war involving India and other countries could adversely affect the financial markets and our business.

Terrorist attacks and other acts of violence or war may negatively affect our business and may also adversely affect the worldwide financial markets. These acts may also result in a loss of business confidence. In addition, any deterioration in relations between India and its neighbouring countries might result in investor concern about stability in the region, which could adversely affect our business.

India has also witnessed civil disturbances in recent years, and it is possible that future civil unrest as well as other adverse social, economic and political events in India could have a negative impact on us. Such incidents could also create a greater perception that investment in Indian companies involves a higher degree of risk and could have an adverse impact on our business and the market price of our NCDs.

50. Natural calamities could have a negative impact on the Indian economy, particularly the agriculture sector, and cause our business to suffer.

India has experienced natural calamities such as earthquakes, a tsunami, floods and drought in the past few years. The extent and severity of these natural disasters determines their impact on the Indian economy. Further, prolonged spells of below normal rainfall or other natural calamities could have a negative impact on the Indian economy thereby, adversely affecting our business.

51. Significant fluctuations in exchange rates between the Rupee and foreign currencies may have an adverse effect on our results of operations.

Our results of operations may be adversely affected if the Indian rupee fluctuates significantly against foreign currencies or if our hedging strategy is unsuccessful. To the extent that our liabilities and expenditures are not denominated in Indian rupees, despite us entering into foreign exchange hedging contracts from time to time, exchange rate fluctuations could affect the amount of income and expenditure we recognise. In addition, the policies of RBI may also change from time to time, which may limit our ability to hedge our foreign currency exposures adequately.

52. This Draft Prospectus includes certain unaudited financial information, which has been subjected to limited review, in relation to our Company. Reliance on such information should, accordingly, be limited.

This Draft Prospectus includes certain unaudited financial information of our Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards 34 "*Interim Financial Reporting*", prescribed specified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and other relevant provisions of the Act and in respect

of which the Statutory Auditor of our Company have issued their limited review report dated August 14, 2026. As this financial information has been subject only to limited review as required under Regulations 52(2) of SEBI Listing Regulations and as described in Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, "*Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and not to an audit, any reliance by prospective investors to the Issue on such financial information for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, should be limited. Further, this Draft Prospectus includes certain unaudited financial information such as information relating to financial indebtedness as on October 01, 2026, which has not been subjected to limited review by our Statutory Auditor. Accordingly, prospective investors should rely on their independent examination of our financial position and results of operations, and should not place undue reliance on, or base their investment decision solely on the financial information included in this Draft Prospectus.

SECTION III – INTRODUCTION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Our Company was incorporated on March 3, 1997, as '*Muthoot Mercantile Limited*', a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam. Our Company also obtained the certificate of commencement of business dated March 11, 1997, from the Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam. For details of changes in our registered office, see "*History and Certain Other Corporate Matters*" on page 117.

NBFC Registration

Our Company had originally obtained a Certificate of Registration in the name of Muthoot Mercantile Limited dated December 12, 2002, bearing registration no. N-16.00178 issued by the RBI to commence the business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the Certificate of Registration under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act.

Registration

The registration number, corporate identity number and Legal Entity Identifier Number of our Company are as follows:

i. Company Registration Number with RoC: 011260

ii. Corporate Identity Number issued by RoC: U65921KL1997PLC011260.

iii. LEI: 984500F0IH75EC7A4156

iv. Permanent Account Number: AABCM5297K

Liability of the members of the Company

Limited by shares

Registrar of Companies

Our Company is registered with the Registrar of Companies, Kerala, at Ernakulam, which is situated at the following address:

Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam
Company Law Bhavan, BMC Road,
Thrikkakara P.O Kakkanad,
Kochi - 682 021,
Kerala, India

Registered Office

1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors,
Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud,
Thiruvananthapuram – 695014,
Kerala, India.
Email: info@muthootenterprises.com
Telephone: +91-0471-277-4800
Website: www.muthootenterprises.com

For further details regarding changes to our Registered Office, see "*History and Certain Corporate Matters*" on page 117.

Board of Directors

The following table sets out the details regarding the Board of Directors as on date:

Name, Designation and DIN	Age (in years)	Address
Mathew Mathaininan **Designation:** Chairman and Whole-Time Director **DIN:** 00063078	83	Muthoot House, No. 26, Mummy's Colony, Kuravankonam, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003, Kowdiar, Kerala India.
Richi Mathew **Designation:** Managing Director **DIN:** 00224336	52	Muthoot House, No. 26, Mummy's Colony, Kuravankonam, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003, Kowdiar, Kerala India.
Ammini Mathew **Designation:** Whole Time Director **DIN:** 00533771	75	Muthoot House, No. 26, Mummy's Colony, Kuravankonam, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003, Kowdiar, Kerala India.
Asha Richi Mathew **Designation:** Non-Executive Director **DIN:** 05172361	40	Muthoot House, No. 26, Mummy's Colony, Kuravankonam, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003, Kowdiar, Kerala India.
Antony Robert John **Designation:** Independent Director **DIN:** 10213030	60	Little Flower, Cottage, Pravachambalam, Nemom P O, Pallichal, Thiruvananthapuram – 695020, Kerala India.
Dillark Justin **Designation:** Independent Director **DIN:** 09771752	46	TC/24/1735 (1), Pushpa Vihar, TENRA - 124-A, Elankam Nagar, Thycadu PO, Thiruvananthapuram – 695014, Kerala, India.
Pathrose Ladislas **Designation:** Independent Director **DIN:** 11567957	71	1271, Neetany, Neethi Nagar, Madathuvilakam, Peroorkada, P. O, Thiruvananthpuram, Kerala- 695005

Chief Financial Officer

Bagavath Krishnan Venugopal

Muthoot Mercantile Limited, 1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors,
Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud,
Thiruvananthapuram – 695014,
Kerala, India
Telephone: +91 - 04712774800
E-mail: cfo@muthootenterprises.com

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer:

Rupesh V H

Muthoot Mercantile Limited, 1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors,
Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud,
Thiruvananthapuram – 695014,
Kerala, India

Telephone: +91 - 04712774800
E-mail: cs@muthootentereprises.com

Investors may contact the Registrar to the Issue or the Compliance Officer in case of any pre- Issue or post Issue related issues such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice, demat credit of allotment of NCDs or refund orders, transfer etc., as the case may be.

All grievances relating to the Issue may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, giving full details such as name of the Applicant, Application Form number, Applicant's DP ID, Client ID, PAN, address of Applicant, number of NCDs applied for, ASBA Account number in which the amount equivalent to the application, Amount was blocked or the UPI ID (for UPI Investors who make the payment of Application Amount through the UPI Mechanism), date of Application Form and the name and address of the relevant Designated Intermediary where the Application was submitted.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to the relevant SCSB, giving full details such as name, address of Applicant, Application Form number, number of NCDs applied for, amount blocked on Application and the Designated Branch or the collection centre of the SCSB where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicant.

All grievances related to the UPI process may be addressed to the Stock Exchange, which shall be responsible for addressing investor grievances arising from applications submitted online through the App based/ web interface platform of stock exchange or through their Trading Members. The intermediaries shall be responsible for addressing any investor grievances arising from the applications uploaded by them in respect of quantity, price or any other data entry or other errors made by them. All grievances arising out of Applications for the NCDs made through the Online Stock Exchanges Mechanism (app based/wed interface platform) of the Stock Exchanges, or through Trading Members, may be addressed directly to the Stock Exchange, with a copy to the Registrar to the Issue.

Lead Managers to the Issue

VIVRO

Vivro Financial Services Private Limited
Vivro House 11, Shashi Colony,
Opposite Suvidha Shopping Centre,
Paldi, Ahmedabad - 380007
Gujarat, India.
Telephone: +91 7940404242/40/41
Email: investors@vivro.net
Contact Person: Jay Dodiya / Megha Kella
Website: www.vivro.net
SEBI Registration No.: INM000010122

Tip Sons
Creating Value
Since 1993

Tipsons Consultancy Services Private Limited
1st Floor, Sheraton House,
Opposite Ketav Petrol Pump, Polytechnic Road,
Ambawadi, Ahmedabad 380 015
Gujarat, India
Telephone: +91 79 6688 8126
Email: mml.ncd@tipsons.com
Contact Person: Digesh Shah
Website: www.tipsons.com
SEBI Registration No.: INM000011849

Legal Advisor to the Issue

M/s. Crawford Bayley & Co.
4th Floor, State Bank Buildings
N.G.N. Vaidya Marg, Fort
Mumbai 400 023,
Maharashtra, India
Telephone: +91 22 2266 3353
Contact Person: Sanjay Asher

Debenture Trustee

MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited
1402/1403, B-Wing, Dalamal Towers,
14th Floor, Free Press Journal Marg, 211,
Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400 021,
Maharashtra, India.
Telephone: +91 22 22828200
Email: contact@mitconcredentia.in
Investor Grievance Email: investorgrievances@mitconcredentia.in
Website: www.mitconcredentia.in
Contact Person: Rushabh Desai
SEBI Registration No.: IND000000596
CIN: U93000PN2018PLC180330

MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited has by its letter dated August 29, 2026, given its consent for its appointment as Debenture Trustee to the Issue and for its name to be included in this Draft Prospectus and in all the subsequent periodical communications to be sent to the holders of the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue. The Debenture Trustee Agreement entered into between MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited and the Company on August 29, 2026, is available at https://muthootenterprises.com/debenture-trustee-agreement.

(*Please scan this QR code to view the Debenture Trustee Agreement*)

All the rights and remedies of the NCD Holders under this Issue shall vest in and shall be exercised by the appointed Debenture Trustee for this Issue without having it referred to the NCD Holders. All investors under this Issue are deemed to have irrevocably given their authority and consent to the Debenture Trustee so appointed by our Company for this Issue to act as their trustee and for doing such acts and signing such documents to carry out their duty in such capacity. Any payment by our Company to the NCD Holders/Debenture Trustee, as the case may be, shall, from the time of making such payment, completely and irrevocably discharge our Company *pro tanto* from any liability to the NCD Holders. For details on the terms of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed see, "*Issue Related Information*" on page 138.

Registrar to the Issue

KFin Technologies Limited
301, The Centrium, 3rd Floor, 57, Lal Bahadur Shastri Road,
Nav Pada, Kurla (West), Kurla, Mumbai,
Maharashtra, India, 400 070
Telephone: +91 40 6716 2222
Toll free number: 18003094001
Fax No: + 91 40 6716 1563
Email: mml.ncdipo@kfintech.com
Investor grievance e-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com

Website: www.kfintech.com
Contact Person: Williams R
Compliance Officer: Manju Anand
SEBI Registration No.: INR000000221
CIN: L72400MH2017PLC444072

Credit Rating Agency

Acuité Ratings & Research Limited
708, Lodha Supremus, Lodha iThink Techno Campus,
Kanjurmarg (East) Mumbai - 400 042
Telephone: +91-9969898000
E-mail: chitra.mohan@acuite.in
Website: www.acuite.in
Contact Person: Chitra Mohan
SEBI Registration Number: IN/CRA/006/2011

Credit Rating and Rationale

The NCDs proposed to be issued under this Issue have been rated "Acuite A-/Stable", by Acuité Ratings & Research Limited for an amount up to ₹ 30,000 lakhs via rating letter dated September 21, 2026 and rating rationale dated September 21, 2026. The ratings of NCDs by Acuité Ratings indicates that instruments with this rating is considered to have adequate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry low credit risk. The rating assigned by Acuité Ratings is valid as on the date of this Draft Prospectus and shall remain valid as on the date of issue, allotment and listing of the NCDs on BSE. The rating provided by Acuité Ratings may be suspended, withdrawn or revised at any time by the assigning rating agency and should be evaluated independently of any other rating. This rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities. For the rating letter and rating rationale for the ratings, see Annexure II to this Draft Prospectus.

Disclaimer clause of Acuité Ratings

An Acuité rating does not constitute an audit of the rated entity and should not be treated as a recommendation or opinion that is intended to substitute for a financial adviser's or investor's independent assessment of whether to buy, sell or hold any security. Ratings assigned by Acuité are based on the data and information provided by the issuer and obtained from other reliable sources. Although reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the data and information is true, Acuité, in particular, makes no representation or warranty, expressed or implied with respect to the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of the information relied upon. Acuité is not responsible for any errors or omissions and especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect or consequential loss of any kind, arising from the use of its ratings. Ratings assigned by Acuité are subject to a process of surveillance which may lead to a revision in ratings as and when the circumstances so warrant. Please visit our website (www.acuite.in) for the latest information on any instrument rated by Acuité. Please visit https://www.acuite.in/faqs.htm to refer FAQs on Credit Rating.

Statutory Auditors of our Company

JGS & ASSOCIATES, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
IIIrd Floor, Sreelakshmi Building, Shornur Road, Thrissur – 680 022, Kerala, India
Telephone: 0487 – 2332585
Firm Registration No.: 013019S
Email: info@jgsauditors.com
Contact Person: Jitheshkumar O B
Membership No: 222637
Peer Review No.: 019453

JGS & Associates, Chartered Accountants has been the Statutory Auditors of our Company since September 30, 2026.

Change in Auditors for preceding three financial years and current financial year as on date of this Draft Prospectus:

Name of the Auditor	Address	Date of Appointment	Date of cessation if applicable	Date of resignation if applicable
Mohandas and Associates, Chartered Accountants	3rd Floor, Sree Residency, Press Club Road, Thrissur – 680 001, Kerala, India.	September 22, 2022 Re-appointed as on September 5, 2023	NA	September 7, 2023
Manikandan & Associates, Chartered Accountants.	Krishna Arcade, Near Marathompilly Krishna Temple, KSRTC Road, Chalakudy, Thrissur – 680307, Kerala, India.	September 29, 2023	September 30, 2024	NA
Varma & Varma, Chartered Accountants	T C 9/1504, Galaxy, Sasthamangalam, Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala - 695010, India	September 30, 2024	NA	June 21, 2025
Mohandas and Associates, Chartered Accountants	Krishna Arcade, Near Marathompilly Krishna Temple, KSRTC Road Thrissur, Kerala, 680307	August 11, 2025	September 30, 2026	NA
M/s. JGS & Associates, Chartered Accountants	IIIrd Floor Sreelakshmi Building Shornur Road,Thrissur Kerala, India, 680022	September 30, 2026	NA	NA

Public Issue Account Bank, Refund Bank and Sponsor Bank

As will be specified in the Prospectus

Consortium/Syndicate Member

As will be specified in the Prospectus

Impersonation

As a matter of abundant precaution, attention of the investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-Section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to punishment for fictitious applications. Section 38(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 provides that:

"Any person who:

a. makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or

b. makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or

c. otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name, shall be liable for action under Section 447"

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which

shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to ₹ 50 lakh or with both.

Minimum Subscription

In terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations, for an issuer undertaking a public issue of debt securities the minimum subscription for public issue of debt securities shall be 75% of the Base Issue. If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue i.e., 7,500 Lakhs, within the prescribed timelines under the Companies Act, SEBI NCS Regulations, and any rules thereto, the entire Application Amount blocked shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within eight working days from the Issue Closing Date or such time as may be specified by the Board. In the event the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within eight working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with our Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where our Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, our Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in this regard included in the SEBI NCS Master Circular.

Arrangers to the Issue

There are no arrangers to the Issue.

Guarantor to the Issue

There are no guarantors to the Issue.

Recovery Expense Fund

An amount deposited by our Company with the Designated Stock Exchange, equal to 0.01% of the issue size, subject to a maximum of deposit of ₹25 lakhs at the time of making the application for listing of NCDs, in the manner as specified by SEBI in the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees and Regulation 11 of SEBI NCS Regulations.

Consents

The written consents of Directors of our Company, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, our Statutory Auditor, the Legal Advisor to the Issue, the Lead Managers, the Registrar to the Issue, Public Issue Account Bank*, Sponsor Bank, and Refund Bank*, Credit Rating Agency, CareEdge Research, the Debenture Trustee, and the Consortium/Syndicate Member* to act in their respective capacities, will be filed along with a copy of the Prospectus with the RoC as required under Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 and such consents shall not have withdrawn up to the time of delivery of the Prospectus with RoC.

** Consents to be obtained at the Prospectus stage*

Utilisation of Issue proceeds

For details on utilisation of Issue proceeds please refer to the chapter titled "*Objects of the Issue*" on page 56 of this Draft Prospectus.

Underwriting

This Issue will not be underwritten.

Designated Intermediaries

Self-Certified Syndicate Banks

The list of banks that have been notified by SEBI to act as the SCSBs for the ASBA and UPI Mechanism process is provided on the website of SEBI at http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognised=yes and https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=44 respectively as updated from time to time. For a list of branches of the SCSBs named by the respective SCSBs to receive the ASBA Forms and UPI Mechanism through app/web interface from the Designated Intermediaries, refer to the above-mentioned links.

In relation to Applications submitted to a member of the sub-syndicate, the list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of Application Forms from the members of the Consortium/Syndicate is available on the website of the SEBI (http://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction. do?doRecognised=yes), or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

Syndicate SCSB Branches

In relation to Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries, the list of branches of the SCSBs to receive deposits of ASBA Applications from such Designated Intermediaries is provided on www.sebi.gov.in or at such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Applications from Designated Intermediaries, see the above-mentioned web-link.

SCSBs eligible as issuer banks for UPI Mechanism and eligible mobile applications

In accordance with SEBI Master Circular, UPI Investors making an Application in the Issue using the UPI Mechanism, may apply through the SCSBs and mobile applications whose names appears on the website of the SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in, and updated from time to time.

Registered Brokers / RTAs / CDPs

The list of the RTAs and CDPs, eligible to accept Applications in the Issue, including details such as postal address, telephone number and email address, are provided on the websites of BSE at http://www.bseindia.com, for RTAs and CDPs, as updated from time to time.

Broker Centres/ Designated CDP Locations/ Designated RTA Locations

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/14/2012 dated October 4, 2012 and CIR/CFD/POLICYCELL/11/ 2015 dated November 10, 2015, Applicants can submit the Application Forms with the registered brokers at the Broker Centers, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations, respective lists of which, including details such as address and telephone number, are available at www.bseindia.com. The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Broker Centres, named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the registered brokers will be available on the website of the SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time.

For further details, see "*Issue Procedure*" on page 193.

Inter-se Allocation of Responsibilities among the Lead Managers:

The following table sets forth the inter-se allocation of responsibilities and coordination for various activities among the Lead Managers:

Sr. No.	Activities	Responsibility	Coordinator
1	Due diligence of Company's operations/ management/ business plans/ legal etc. • Drafting of the offering document. • Coordination with Stock Exchange for in-principle approval	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
2	Structuring of various issuance options with relative components and formalities etc.	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro and Tipsons
3	Co-ordination with auditors for auditor deliverables and co-ordination with lawyers for legal opinion	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
4	Drafting and approval of statutory advertisement	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
5	Appointment of other intermediaries i.e., Registrar, Debenture Trustee, Consortium/Syndicate Members, printer, advertising agency and Public Issue Bank, Refund Bank and Sponsor Bank	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
6	Drafting and approval of all publicity material (excluding statutory advertisement as mentioned in 4 above) including print and online advertisement, outdoor advertisement including brochures, banners, hoardings etc	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
7	Coordination with the printer for designing and finalization of Issue Documents, Application Form including memorandum containing salient features of the Issue Documents.	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
8	Preparation of road show presentation, FAQs	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
9	Marketing strategy which will cover, inter alia: • Deciding on the quantum of the Issue material and follow-up on distribution of publicity and Issue material including Application Forms, Issue Documents, posters, banners, etc. • Finalize collection centers; • Coordinate with Registrar for collection of Application Forms by ASBA banks; • Finalization of list and allocation of institutional investors for one on one meetings.	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro and Tipsons
10	Domestic institutions/banks/mutual funds marketing strategy: • Finalize the list and division of investors for one on one meetings, institutional allocation.	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro and Tipsons
11	Non-institutional marketing strategy which will cover, inter alia: • Finalize media, marketing and public relation strategy and publicity budget; • Finalize centers for holding conferences for brokers, etc	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
12	Coordination with the Stock Exchanges for use of the bidding software	Vivro and Tipsons	Tipsons
13	Coordination for security creation by way of execution of Debenture Trust Deed and Deed of Hypothecation	Vivro and Tipsons	Vivro
14	Post-issue activities including:	Vivro and Tipsons	Tipsons

Sr. No.	Activities	Responsibility	Coordinator
	• Co-ordination with Bankers to the Issue for management of Public Issue Account(s), Refund Account and any other account and • Allotment resolution		
15	Drafting and finalization of post issue stationery items like, allotment and refund advice, etc.; • Finalization of Basis of Allotment • Coordination for generation / Modification of ISINs; • Corporate action for dematerialized credit /delivery of securities; • Coordinating application and approval for listing and trading of securities; and • Redressal of investor grievances in relation to post issue activities.	Vivro and Tipsons	Tipsons & Vivro

Issue Programme:

ISSUE OPENING DATE	As will be specified in the Prospectus
ISSUE CLOSING DATE	As will be specified in the Prospectus
PAY IN DATE	Application Date. The entire Application Amount is payable on Application.
DEEMED DATE OF ALLOTMENT	The date on which the Board or a duly authorised committee approves the Allotment of NCDs. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs shall be available to Investors from the Deemed Date of Allotment. The actual allotment of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of Allotment.

** This Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date (subject to a minimum period of two Working Days and a maximum period of ten Working Days from the date of opening of the Issue and subject to not exceeding thirty days from filing the Prospectus with ROC) as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company ("Board") or Debenture Allotment Committee of the Board subject to compliance with Regulation 33A of the SEBI NCS Regulation. In the event of such early closure or extension to this Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of the same is provided to the prospective investors through advertisement in all the newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement for opening of this Issue has been given on or before such earlier or initial date of Issue Closure. Application Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, the Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange.*

Further, pending mandate requests for bids placed on the last day of bidding will be validated by 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Issue Closing Date. For further details please refer to the chapter titled "Issue Related Information" on page 138 of this Draft Prospectus. It is clarified that the Applications not uploaded on the Stock Exchange Platform would be rejected.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Applications on the Issue Closing Date, Applicants are advised to submit their Application Forms one day prior to the Issue Closing Date and, no later than 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Issue Closing Date. Applicants are cautioned that in the event a large number of Applications are received on the Issue Closing Date, there may be some Applications which are not uploaded due to lack of sufficient time to upload.

Such Applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Application Forms will only be accepted on Working Days during the Issue Period. Neither our Company, nor the Lead Managers, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange are liable for any failure in uploading the Applications

due to failures in any software/hardware systems or otherwise. Please note that, within each category of Investors, the Basis of Allotment under the Issue will be on date priority basis except on the day of oversubscription, if any, where the Allotment will be proportionate.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

1. **Details of share capital**

The share capital of our Company as on September 30, 2026, is set forth below:

	Particulars	Amount in ₹
A	**Authorised Share Capital**	
	15,90,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each	159,00,00,000.00
	1,32,85,730 Preference Shares of ₹70 each	93,00,01,100.00
	Total Authorised Share Capital	**252,00,01,100.00**
B	**Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital**	
	14,56,74,988 Equity Shares of ₹10 each	145,67,49,880.00
	10,71,144 Compulsorily convertible Preference Shares of ₹70/- each	7,49,80,080
	Total Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	**1,53,17,29,960**
C	**SECURITIES PREMIUM ACCOUNT**	**60,19,829.28**

Note: *There will be no change in the capital structure and securities premium account due to the issue and allotment of the NCDs.*

2. **Details of change in authorised share capital of our Company for the preceding three financial years preceding and the current financial year:**

Date of annual general meeting/ extraordinary general meeting	Particulars
August 11, 2025	The Company increased its authorised share capital from ₹55,00,00,000 (Rupees Fifty-five crore), divided into 5,50,00,000 (Five crore fifty lakh) equity shares of ₹10 (Rupees Ten only) each, to ₹100,00,00,000 (Rupees One hundred crore), consisting of 10,00,00,000 (Ten crore) equity shares of ₹10 (Rupees Ten only) each, by addition of 4,50,00,000 (Four crore fifty lakh) equity shares having a face value of ₹10 (Rupees Ten only) each, of the aggregate nominal value of ₹45,00,00,000 (Rupees Forty-five crore), pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on August 11, 2025.
February 23, 2026	The Company increased its authorised share capital from ₹100,00,00,000.00 (Rupees one hundred crore only) divided into 10,00,00,000 (ten crore) equity shares of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each to ₹159,00,00,000.00 (Rupees one hundred and fifty nine crore only) consisting of 15,90,00,000 (fifteen crore ninety lakh) equity shares of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each and 1,40,00,000 (One crore forty lakh) preference shares of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each, by addition of 5,90,00,000 (five crore ninety lakh) equity shares having a face value of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each, of the aggregate nominal value of ₹5,90,00,00,000 (Rupees five hundred ninety crore), and by addition of 1,40,00,000 (one crore forty lakh) preference shares of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each, of the aggregate nominal value of ₹1,40,00,00,000 (Rupees one hundred forty crore), pursuant to a special resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on February 23, 2026.
May 13, 2026	The Company reclassified its existing authorised preference share capital by changing the face value of preference shares from ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each to ₹70 (Rupees seventy only) each, by reclassifying 1,40,00,000 (one crore forty lakh) preference shares of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each, of the aggregate nominal value of ₹14,00,00,000 (Rupees fourteen crore only), into 20,00,000 (twenty lakh) preference shares of ₹70 (Rupees seventy only) each, of the aggregate nominal value of ₹14,00,00,000 (Rupees fourteen crore only), and thereafter increased its authorised share

Date of annual general meeting/ extraordinary general meeting	Particulars
	capital from ₹173,00,00,000.00 (Rupees one hundred seventy three crore only) divided into 15,90,00,000 (fifteen crore ninety lakh) equity shares of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each and 1,40,00,000 (one crore forty lakh) preference shares of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each to ₹252,00,01,100.00 (Rupees two hundred fifty two crore one thousand one hundred only) consisting of 15,90,00,000 (fifteen crore ninety lakh) equity shares of ₹10 (Rupees ten only) each and 1,32,85,730 (one crore thirty two lakh eighty five thousand seven hundred thirty) preference shares of ₹70 (Rupees seventy only) each, by addition of 1,12,85,730 (one crore twelve lakh eighty five thousand seven hundred thirty) preference shares having a face value of ₹70 (Rupees seventy only) each, of the aggregate nominal value of ₹79,00,01,100 (Rupees seventy nine crore one thousand one hundred only), pursuant to a special resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on May 13, 2026.

3. **Details of Equity Share capital history of our Company in the last three financial years and current financial year is set forth below:**

Equity Share capital history of the Company for the last three financial years preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus and current financial year, is set forth below:

Date of Allotment	No. of equity shares	Face Value (in ₹)	Issue Price (in ₹)	Consideration	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative No of equity shares	Cumulative Equity Share Capital (in ₹)	Cumulative Equity Share Premium (in ₹)
February 01, 2024	69,99,997	10	10	Cash	Rights Issue	3,64,18,747	36,41,87,470	Nil
February 25, 2026	10,92,56,241	10	N.A.	N.A.	Bonus Issue	14,56,74,988	145,67,49,880	Nil

4. **Preference Share capital of our Company for the preceding three financial years and current financial year is set out below:**

Preference shares capital history of our Company for the last three financial years preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus and current financial year, is set forth below:

Date of Allotment	No. of Preference shares	Face Value (in ₹)	Issue Price (in ₹)	Consideration	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative No of Preference shares	Cumulative Preference Share Capital (in ₹)	Cumulative Preference Share Premium (in ₹)
July 18, 2026	6,67,812	70	75.62	Cash	Preferential Allotment	6,67,812	4,67,46,840.00	37,53,103.44
September 05, 2026	4,03,332	70	75.62	Cash	Preferential Allotment	10,71,144	7,49,80,080.00	60,19,829.28
Total						**10,71,144**	**7,49,80,080.00**	**60,19,829.28**

5. **The following table sets forth the shareholding pattern of our Company as on September 30, 2026:**

Category (I)	Category of Shareholder (II)	Number of Shareholders (III)	No. of fully paid up Equity Shares held (IV)	No. of partly paid-up Equity Shares held (V)	No. of shares underlying depository receipts (VI)	Total nos. shares held (VII) = (IV)+(V)+(VI)	Shareholding as a % of total no. of shares (calculated as per SCRR) (VIII) As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of voting rights held in each class of securities (IX)			No. of shares underlying outstanding convertible securities (including warrants) (X)	Shareholding as a % assuming full conversion of convertible securities (as a percentage of diluted share capital) (XI)= (VII)+(X) As a % of (A+B+C2)	Number of locked in shares (XII)		Number of shares pledged or otherwise encumbered (XIII)		Number of Equity Shares held in dematerialised form (XIV)
								No of voting rights					No. (a)	As a % of total shares held (b)	No. (a)	As a % of total shares held (b)	
								Class – Equity	Total	Total as a % of (A+B+C)							
(A)	Promoter and Promoter Group	6*	14,56,74,948	-	-	14,56,74,948	99.99	14,56,74,948	14,56,74,948	99.99	-	99.99	-	-	-	-	14,56,74,948
(B)	Public	1	40	-	-	40	0.01	40	40	0.01	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	40
(C)	Non-Promoter Non-Public	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C) (1)	Shares underlying DRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(C) (2)	Shares held by Employee Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (A)+(B)+(C)	**7**	**14,56,74,988**	**-**	**-**	**14,56,74,988**	**100**	**14,56,74,988**	**14,56,74,988**	**100**	**-**	**100**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**14,56,74,988**

***** *Shareholders- Mathew Mathaininan**,** Richi Mathew, Ammini Mathew, Reena Varghese, Asha Richi Mathew, Nikita Elizabeth Verghese*

6. **Details of the aggregate number of securities of the Issuer purchased or sold by the promoter group and by the Directors of the Issuer and their relatives within six-months immediately preceding the date of filing of this Draft Prospectus**:

Except as mentioned below, none of the Directors of our Company including their relatives as defined under Section 2(77) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Promoter/Promoter Group of our Company have undertaken purchase and/or sale of the securities of our Company during the preceding 6 (six) months from the date of this Draft Prospectus:

NIL

7. **List of top ten holders of Equity Shares of our Company as on September 30, 2026, are as follows:**

S. No.	Name of shareholder*	Number of Equity Shares held	Number of Equity Shares in demat form	Total shareholding as % of total no of Equity Shares
1.	Mathew Mathai Ninan	6,25,87,332	6,25,87,332	42.96
2.	Richi Mathew	5,20,29,268	5,20,29,268	35.72
3.	Reena Varghese	2,18,51,248	2,18,51,248	15.00
4.	Asha Richi Mathew	87,40,500	87,40,500	6.00
5.	Ammini Mathew	4,64,964	4,64,964	0.32
6.	Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	1,636	1,636	0.00
7.	Syamaladevi L	40	40	0.00
Total		**14,56,74,988**	**14,56,74,988**	**100**

** There are only 7 (seven) shareholders, as on date of this Draft Prospectus.*

8. **List of top ten debenture holders of our Company as on September 30, 2026**

a. List of top 10 holders of non-convertible securities as on September 30, 2026 in terms of value (on cumulative basis):

Sr. No.	Name of Holder	Category of holder	Face value of holding (in ₹)	Holding as a % of total outstanding non-convertible securities of the Company
1	Christina C Joseph	Individual	3,30,00,000.00	0.42
2	Nishi Khanna	Individual	2,25,00,000.00	0.29
3	Ashok Kumar Gupta	Individual	2,00,00,000.00	0.25
4	Sobha City Residence Owners Association	Non-Individual	1,80,00,000.00	0.23
5	Sasidharan Nair S	Individual	1,55,61,000.00	0.20
6	Sunita Setia	Individual	1,44,50,000.00	0.18
7	Karur Ramakrishna Rajyashri	Individual	1,20,00,000.00	0.15
8	Thresiamma Joy Issac	Individual	1,17,65,000.00	0.15
9	Nalini Joel	Individual	1,02,00,000.00	0.13
10	Kannur District Ex Servicemen Multipurpose Co Operative Society	Non-Individual	1,00,00,000.00	0.13
Total			**16,74,76,000.00**	**2.13**

b. Unlisted privately placed secured redeemable non-convertible debentures as on September 30, 2026 are as follows:

S. No.	Name of holders	Category of holder	Number of NCDs held	Face Value per NCDs (In ₹)	Amount (In ₹)	% of total non-convertible securities outstanding
1.	Rogi John	Individual	5,000	1,000	50,00,000.00	4.11%
2.	George John	Individual	5,000	1,000	50,00,000.00	4.11%
3.	Bindu Balakrishnan Anand	Individual	3,700	1,000	37,00,000.00	3.04%
4.	Mathews Daniel	Individual	2,500	1,000	25,00,000.00	2.06%
5.	Siju Annamma Vargheese	Individual	2,500	1,000	25,00,000.00	2.06%
6.	Vinod Kumar R	Individual	2,450	1,000	24,50,000.00	2.02%
7.	Christy Suthasinin	Individual	2,250	1,000	22,50,000.00	1.85%
8.	Sam Jonathan	Individual	2,250	1,000	22,50,000.00	1.85%
9.	Nalini Joel	Individual	2,200	1,000	22,00,000.00	1.81%
10.	Deepthi P S	Individual	2,000	1,000	20,00,000.00	1.65%
Total			**29,850**		**2,98,50,000**	**24.56%**

b. Listed secured redeemable non-convertible debentures as on September 30, 2026 are as follows:

S. No.	Name of holders	Category of holder	Number of NCDs held	Face Value per NCDs (in ₹)	Amount (in ₹)	% of total Listed non-convertible securities outstanding
1.	Christina C Joseph	Individual	33,000	1,000	3,30,00,000.00	0.59%
2.	Nishi Khanna	Individual	22,500	1,000	2,25,00,000.00	0.40%
3.	Ashok Kumar Gupta	Individual	20,000	1,000	2,00,00,000.00	0.36%
4.	Sobha City Residence Owners Association	Non-Individual	18,000	1,000	1,80,00,000.00	0.32%
5.	Sunita Setia	Individual	14,450	1,000	1,44,50,000.00	0.26%
6.	Karur Ramakrishna Rajyashri	Individual	12,000	1,000	1,20,00,000.00	0.21%
7.	Thresiamma Joy Issac	Individual	11,765	1,000	1,17,65,000.00	0.21%
8.	Nalini Joel	Individual	10,200	1,000	1,02,00,000.00	0.18%
9.	Kannur District Ex Servicemen Multipurpose Co Operative Society	Non-Individual	10,000	1,000	1,00,00,000.00	0.18%
10.	Jose V J	Individual	9,135	1,000	91,35,000.00	0.16%
Total			**1,61,050**		**16,10,50,000.00**	**2.87%**

9. **List of top ten Subordinated Debt Instrument ("SDI") holders of our Company as on September 30, 2026 are as follows:**

S. No.	Name of holders	Number of SDIs held	Face Value per SDIs (In ₹)	Amount (In ₹)	% of total non-convertible securities outstanding
1.	Sasidharan Nair S	15,561	1,000	1,55,61,000.00	0.73%
2.	Aboobacker Sait A K	10,000	1,000	1,00,00,000.00	0.47%
3.	Seethammal Sarasamma	9,200	1,000	92,00,000.00	0.43%
4.	Manju Devi	8,100	1,000	81,00,000.00	0.38%
5.	Lija Ann Mathew	7,200	1,000	72,00,000.00	0.34%
6.	Lovy Jan Mathew	7,100	1,000	71,00,000.00	0.33%

S. No.	Name of holders	Number of SDIs held	Face Value per SDIs (In ₹)	Amount (In ₹)	% of total non-convertible securities outstanding
7.	Koshy G George	6,700	1,000	67,00,000.00	0.31%
8.	Deepa V	6,298	1,000	62,98,000.00	0.29%
9.	Mathew M	6,000	1,000	60,00,000.00	0.28%
10.	George K Senapathy	5,650	1,000	56,50,000.00	0.26%
Total		**81,809**		**8,18,09,000**	**3.82%**

10. **List of top 10 holders of commercial paper as on September 30, 2026 in terms of value (on cumulative basis):**

Sr. No.	Name of holder	Category of holder	Face value of holding (in ₹)	Amount (in ₹ lakh)	Holding as a % of total commercial paper outstanding of the Issuer
NIL					

11. **List of top 10 holders of CCPS as on September 30, 2026 in terms of value (on cumulative basis):**

Sr. No.	Name of Holder	Category of holder	Face Value (in ₹)	No of shares	Amount (in ₹)
1	Manoharan Unni Panicker	Individual	70.00	1,32,240	7,43,188.8
2	Hameedkutty Kannarappallil Thottathil Kutty Moosa	Individual	70.00	79,344.00	4,45,913.28
3	Mohandas Kumar Gopalan	Individual	70.00	66,120.00	3,71,594.40
4	Faisal Rehim	Individual	70.00	52,896.00	2,97,275.52
5	Jobin Lukose Koovalloor	Individual	70.00	39,672.00	2,22,956.64
6	Mathew Chandapillai Panicker	Individual	70.00	39,672.00	2,22,956.64
7	Nipin Vazhackal Pahala	Individual	70.00	33,060.00	1,85,797.2
8	Wilson Edward	Individual	70.00	33,060.00	1,85,797.2
9	Hetal Divyeshkumar Kataria	Individual	70.00	33,060.00	1,85,797.2
10	Jay Divyeshkumar Kataria	Individual	70.00	33,060.00	1,85,797.2

12. **Details of holding of Equity Shares by our Promoters as on the date of September 30, 2026 is set out below are as follows:**

S. No.	Name of the Promoter	Number of Equity Shares held	Total shareholding as a percent of total number of Equity Shares (in %)	No. of Equity Shares pledged	Total percentage of Equity Shares pledged with respect to total number of Equity Shares held (in %)
1.	Mathew Mathaininan	6,25,87,332	42.96	NA	NA
2.	Richi Mathew	5,20,29,268	35.72	NA	NA
Total		**11,46,16,600**	**78.68**	**NA**	**NA**

13. **Details of holding of Equity Shares by our Directors as on the date of this Draft Prospectus**

For details of shareholding of our Directors in the Company, please refer to "*Our Management*" on page 119.

14. **Debt - equity ratio:**

The debt equity ratio of our Company on standalone basis, prior and post to this Issue as on June 30, 2026 is as follows:

(₹ in lakh)

Particulars	As on June 30, 2026	
	Pre- Issue	Post- Issue[#]
Debt		
Debt Securities	62,750.95	82,750.95
Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	31,964.25	31,964.25
Subordinated Liabilities	22,644.98	22,644.98
Total Debts (A)	**1,17,360.18**	**1,37,360.18**
Equity		
Equity Share Capital	14,567.50	14,567.50
Other Equity		
Other Comprehensive Income		
Capital Redemption Reserve	2,280.63	2,280.63
Statutory Reserve Fund	5,435.57	5,435.57
Retained Earnings	4,066.14	4,066.14
Less: Prepaid expenses and deferred tax assets and Intangible Assets	(316.46)	(316.46)
Net worth (B)	**26,033.38**	**26,033.38**
Debt/Equity ratio (A)/(B)	**4.51**	**5.28**

#The debt-equity ratio post the Issue is indicative and is on account of inflow of ₹20,000 lakh from the Issue and does not include contingent and off-balance sheet liabilities. The actual debt-equity ratio post the Issue would depend upon the actual position of debt and equity on the date of allotment.

Notes:

1) *The figures disclosed above are based on the unaudited financial statements of the Company for the period ended June 30,2026*
2) *Debt / Equity Ratio= Total Debt (Borrowings) / Net worth*
3) *The following events that occurred from July 1,2026 up to October 26,2026 ("Cut-off date"):*
    a. *Repayment of term loans, redemption of non-convertible securities, and redemption of Subordinated Debts*
        i. *The company from July 1,2026 till Cut-off Date has redeemed secured non-convertible public issue debentures amounting to ₹ 3,302.48 lakhs.*
        ii. *The company from July 1,2026 till Cut-off Date has made repayment of term loans from banks amounting to ₹ 7,185.03 lakhs.*
        iii. *The company from July 1,2026 till Cut-off Date has redeemed secured privately placed non-convertible debentures amounting to ₹ 174.25 lakhs*
        iv. *The company from July 1,2026 till Cut-off Date has redeemed subordinate debts amounting to ₹ 1,365.53 lakhs.*

    b. *Mobilized fund by issue of non-convertible securities, Sub-ordinated debts and term loans*
        i. *The company from July 1,2026 till Cut-off Date has issued Subordinated Debts of ₹1,600.75 lakhs.*
        ii. *The company from July 1,2026 till Cut-off Date has taken term loans from banks amounting to ₹ 12,400.00 lakhs*
        iii. *The company from July 1,2026 till Cut-off Date has issued secured privately placed non-convertible debentures 10,000.00 lakhs.*

15. For details on the total outstanding debt of our Company, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" beginning on page 138.

16. **Details of any acquisition or amalgamation in the last one year**

    Our Company has not made any acquisition or amalgamation in the last one year prior to the date of this Draft Prospectus.

17. **Details of any reorganization or reconstruction in the last one year**

    Our Company has not made any reorganisation or reconstruction in the last one year prior to the date of this Draft Prospectus.

18. Our Company does not have any outstanding borrowings taken/debt securities issued where taken/issued (i) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or part, (ii) at a premium or discount or (iii) in pursuance of an option.

19. None of the Equity Shares held by the Promoter are pledged or encumbered otherwise.

20. As on September 30, 2026, 14,56,74,988 Equity Shares of our Company are in dematerialised form.

21. Our Company does not have any employee stock option scheme.

22. **Details of change in promoter holding in our Company during the last financial year beyond 26% (as prescribed by RBI from time to time:**

    There has been no change in the promoter holding in our Company during the preceding financial year beyond 26%.

OBJECTS OF THE ISSUE

Our Company is significantly involved in the business of gold loan and as part of our business operations, we raise/avail funds for onward lending, financing and for repayment/ prepayment of principal and interest of borrowings of the Company.

Our Company proposes to utilise the funds which are being raised through the Issue, after deducting the Issue related expenses to the extent payable by our Company ("**Net Proceeds**"), estimated to be approximately ₹ [●] lakhs, towards funding the following objects (collectively, referred to herein as the "**Objects**"):

1. For the purpose of onward lending, financing and for repayment/ prepayment of principal and interest of borrowings.; and

2. General Corporate Purposes

The Main Objects clause of the Memorandum of Association of our Company permits our Company to undertake the activities for which the funds are being raised through the present Issue and also the activities which our Company has been carrying on till date.

The details of the proceeds of the Issue are set forth in the following table:

(₹ in lakh)

S. No.	Description	Amount
1.	Gross proceeds of the Issue	Up to 20,000.00
2.	(less) Issue related expenses*	[●]
3.	Net Proceeds*	[●]

** Assuming the issue is fully subscribed and our Company retains oversubscription up to ₹ 10,000 lakh.*

Requirement of funds and Utilisation of Net Proceeds

The following table details the objects of the Issue and the amount proposed to be financed from the Net Proceeds:

S. No.	Objects of the Issue	Percentage of amount proposed to be financed from Net Proceeds
1.	For the purpose of onward lending, financing and for repayment/ prepayment of principal and interest of borrowings of the Company	At least 75%
2.	General Corporate Purposes*	Maximum up to 25%
	Total	100%

**The Net Proceeds will be first utilised towards the Objects mentioned above. The balance is proposed to be utilised for general corporate purposes, subject to such utilisation not exceeding 25% of the amount raised in the Issue, in compliance with the SEBI NCS Regulations.*

For further details of our Company's outstanding indebtedness, see "*Financial Indebtedness*" on page 138.

Funding plan

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this Issue, funding plan will not be applicable

Summary of the project appraisal report

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this Issue, summary of the project appraisal report will not be applicable.

Project details, gestation period of the project, extent of progress made in the project, and deadlines for completion of the project

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this Issue, project details, gestation period of the project, extent of progress made in the project, and deadlines for completion of the project will not be applicable.

Schedule of implementation of the project

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this Issue, schedule of implementation of the project will not be applicable.

Interests of Directors/Promoter

No part of the proceeds from this Issue will be paid by us as consideration to our Promoter, our Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management or companies promoted by our Promoter except in ordinary course of business.

General Corporate Purposes

Our Company intends to deploy up to 25% of the amount raised and allotted in the Issue for general corporate purposes, including but not restricted to routine capital expenditure, renovations, strategic initiatives, meeting any expenditure in relation to our Company as well as meeting exigencies which our Company may face in the ordinary course of business, or any other purposes as may be approved by our Board of Directors or duly authorized committee thereof.

Issue related expenses

The expenses for this Issue include, *inter alia*, Lead Managers' fees and selling commission to the Lead Managers, Consortium Member and intermediaries as provided for in the SEBI NCS Master Circular, fees payable to Debenture Trustee, the Registrar to the Issue, Sponsor Bank, SCSBs' commission/fees, printing and distribution expenses, legal fees, advertisement expenses, listing fees and any other expense directly related to the Issue. The Issue expenses and listing fees will be paid by our Company. Our Company shall include the details of commission and processing fees payable to each intermediary and the timelines for payment will be made on the basis of valid invoices within such timelines mutually agreed to/ prescribed by the Company with the Designated Intermediaries/Sponsor Bank.

The estimated breakdown of the total expenses for the Issue is as follows:

Activity	Estimated expenses (₹ in lakhs)*	As percentage of Issue proceeds (in %)*	As Percentage of total expenses of the Issue (in %)
Lead managers fees	[●]	[●]	[●]
Underwriting commission	[●]	[●]	[●]
Brokerage, selling commission and upload fees*	[●]	[●]	[●]
Fee Payable to the registrars to the issue	[●]	[●]	[●]
Others	[●]	[●]	[●]
Fees payable to credit rating agency	[●]	[●]	[●]
Fees payable to the legal advisors	[●]	[●]	[●]
Fees payable to Debenture Trustee	[●]	[●]	[●]
Advertising and marketing expenses	[●]	[●]	[●]
Fees payable to the regulators including stock exchange and depository.	[●]	[●]	[●]
Expenses incurred on printing and distribution of issue stationary	[●]	[●]	[●]
Any other fees, commission or payments under whatever nomenclature**	[●]	[●]	[●]
Total estimated issue expenses	[●]	[●]	[●]

** Assuming the Issue is fully subscribed and our Company retains oversubscription up to ₹ 10,000 lakhs*

Note: 1) Issue related expenses disclosed above are exclusive of GST as applicable on such expenses. Our Company shall claim input tax credit for the expenses.
2) In case of any difference between the estimated Issue related expenses and actual expenses incurred, the shortfall or excess shall be adjusted with the amount allocated towards general corporate purposes.

The above expenses are indicative and are subject to change depending on the actual level of subscription to the Issue and the number of Allottees, market conditions and other relevant factors.

Our Company shall pay processing fees to the SCSBs for Application forms procured by the Designated Intermediaries and submitted to the SCSBs for blocking the Application Amount of the applicant, at the rate of ₹ [●] per Application Form procured (plus other applicable taxes). However, it is clarified that in case of Application Forms procured directly by the SCSBs, the relevant SCSBs shall not be entitled to any ASBA processing fee.

Our Company shall pay to the Sponsor Bank ₹ [●] per valid block of application amount (plus applicable taxes). The Sponsor Bank shall be responsible for making payments to the third parties such as remitter bank, NPCI and such other parties as required in connection with the performance of its duties under applicable SEBI circulars, agreements and other Applicable Laws.

Break-up of the cost of the project

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this Issue, break up cost of the project will not be applicable.

Means of financing for the project

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this Issue, means of financing for the project will not be applicable.

Proposed deployment status of the proceeds at each stage of the project

Our Company confirms that for the purpose of this Issue, deployment status for the project will not be applicable.

Interim Use of Proceeds

Our Management, in accordance with the policies formulated by it from time to time, will have flexibility in deploying the proceeds received from the Issue. Pending utilisation of the proceeds out of the Issue for the purposes described above, our Company intends to temporarily invest funds in high quality interest bearing liquid instruments including money market mutual funds, deposits with banks or temporarily deploy the funds in investment grade interest bearing securities as may be approved by the Board. Such investment would be in accordance with the investment policies approved by the Board or any committee thereof from time to time. Also, such investments shall be in line with the guidelines and regulations prescribed by RBI.

Monitoring of Utilisation of Funds

There is no requirement for appointment of a monitoring agency in terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations. The Board shall monitor the utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue. For the relevant Financial Years commencing from Fiscal 2026-27, our Company will disclose in our financial statements, the utilisation of the Net Proceeds of the Issue under a separate head along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of the Issue that have not been utilised thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilised proceeds of the Issue. Our Company shall utilize the proceeds of the Issue only upon the execution of the documents for creation of security and receipt of final listing and trading approval from BSE.

Variation in terms of contract or objects

The Company shall not, in terms of Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013, at any time, vary the terms of the objects for which this Draft Prospectus is issued, except as may be prescribed under the applicable laws and under Section 27 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Other Confirmation

In accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company will not utilise the proceeds of the Issue for providing loans to or for acquisitions of shares of any entity who is a part of the promoter group or the group companies of our Company.

No part of the Issue Proceeds will be paid by our Company to our Promoter, our Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Managerial Personnel or companies promoted by our Promoter except in ordinary course of business.

The NCDs shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered with Sub-registrar and RoC or CERSAI or Depository etc., as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the debenture trustee.

The Issue Proceeds shall not be utilised towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia by way of a lease, of any property. The Issue Proceeds shall not be used for buying, trading or otherwise dealing in equity shares of any other listed company.

The Issue Proceeds from NCDs allotted to Banks will not be utilised for any purpose which may be in contravention of the RBI guidelines on bank financing to NBFCs including those relating to classification as capital market exposure or any other sectors that are prohibited under the RBI regulations.

Our Company confirms that it will not use the proceeds of the Issue for the purchase of any business or in the purchase of any interest in any business whereby our Company shall become entitled to the capital or profit or losses or both in such business exceeding 50% thereof, directly or indirectly in the acquisition of any immovable property or acquisition of securities of any other body corporate.

The fund requirement as above is based on our current business plan and is subject to change in light of variations in external circumstances or costs, or in our financial condition, cash flows, business or strategy. Our management, in response to the competitive and dynamic nature of the industry, will have the discretion to revise its business plan from time to time and consequently our funding requirements and deployment of funds may also change

Benefits / interest accruing to our Promoters/Directors out of the object of the Issue

Neither our Promoter nor our Directors of our Company are interested in the Objects of this Issue.

Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

(a) All monies received pursuant to the issue of NCDs to public shall be transferred to a separate bank account as referred to in Section 40 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013;

(b) Details of all monies utilised out of the Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our Company's balance sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised;

(c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested;

(d) The Issue Proceeds shall not be utilised towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia, by way of a lease, of any immovable property; and

(e) Details of all utilised and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilised indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilised and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilised monies have been invested.

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE TAX BENEFITS

To,

The Board of Directors
Muthoot Mercantile Limited
1st Floor, North Block,
Muthoot Floors,
Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud,
Thiruvananthapuram 695 014,
Kerala, India

And

Vivro Financial Services Private Limited
Vivro House 11, Shashi Colony,
Opposite Suvidha Shopping
Center, Paldi, Ahmedabad – 380 007,
Gujarat, India
("**Lead Manager No. 1**")

And

Tipsons Consultancy Services Private Limited
1st Floor, Sheraton House,
Opp. Ketav Petrol Pump, Polytechnic Road,
Ambawadi, Ahmedabad - 380 015,
Gujarat, India
("**Lead Manager No. 2**", together with Lead Manager No. 1, referred to as the "**Lead Managers**")

Sub: Proposed public offering of 20,00,000 secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹1,000 each ("NCDs") amounting up to ₹10,000 lakhs ("Base Issue"), with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹10,000 lakhs, aggregating up to ₹20,000 lakhs ("Issue") by Muthoot Mercantile Limited ("Company" or "Issuer")

Dear Sir,

1. We, **M/s JGS & Associates**, Chartered Accountants, hereby confirm that the accompanying statement of possible tax benefits available to the debenture holder(s) (**Annexure I**) states the possible tax benefits available to the debenture holders of the Company under the Income-tax Act, 2025 (the "**IT Act**"), as amended by the Finance Act, 2026, i.e. applicable for the Tax Year 2026-27 presently in force in India (hereinafter referred to as the "Indian Income Tax Regulations") for the purpose of inclusion in the Offer document, in connection with the Issue, has been prepared by the management of the Company, which we have initiated for identification purposes. We are informed that such debentures raised in the Issue will be listed on BSE Limited ("**Stock Exchange**") and the Statement has been prepared by the Company's management on such basis.

2. Several of these benefits are dependent on the debenture holders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant tax laws. Hence, the ability of the debenture holders to derive the tax benefits is dependent upon their fulfilling of such conditions which, debenture holders may or may not choose to fulfil.

3. The benefits discussed in the enclosed **Annexure I** are not exhaustive. The statement is only intended to provide general information and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute

for the professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of the tax consequences and the changing tax laws, each investor is advised to consult their own tax consultant with respect to specific tax implications arising out of their participation.

4. We do not express any opinion or provide any assurance as to whether:

    (i) Debenture holders of the Company will continue to obtain these benefits in future;

    (ii) the conditions prescribed for availing the benefits have been/would be met with; and

    (iii) the revenue authorities/Courts will concur with the views expressed herein.

5. The contents of the enclosed **Annexure I** are based on the information, explanations and representations obtained from the Company and on the basis of our understanding of the business activities and operations of the Company.

6. This Statement has been issued at the request of the Company for use in connection with the Issue and may accordingly be furnished as required to SEBI, BSE Limited or any other regulatory authorities, as required, and shared with and relied on as necessary by the Company's advisors and intermediaries duly appointed in this regard.

For JGS & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 013019S
Peer Review No: 019453
UDIN: 26222637WACORP7920

Jitheshkumar O B
[Partner]
Membership No: 222637

Date : October 30, 2026
Place : Thrissur

Cc:

Legal Advisor to the Issue
M/s. Crawford Bayley & Co.
4th Floor, State Bank Buildings
N.G.N. Vaidya Marg, Fort
Mumbai – 400 023
Maharashtra, India

Annexure I

STATEMENT OF POSSIBLE TAX BENEFITS UNDER THE INCOME TAX ACT, 2025 AVAILABLE TO THE DEBENTURE HOLDER(S)

This Statement of Tax Benefits is prepared under the framework of the Income Tax Act, 2025, read with the Income Tax Rules, 2026 ("IT Rules 2026") and all applicable amendments introduced by the Finance Act, 2026, and is applicable for the Tax Year 2026-27 (corresponding to the period 1st April 2026 to 31st March 2027), relevant to the Assessment Year 2027-28 as per old legislation. The Income Tax Act, 2025 is a new legislation operative from 1st April 2026. Several provisions of the Act and the IT Rules, 2026 are subject to evolving judicial interpretation, and CBDT circulars/notifications clarifying the new provisions may be issued from time to time. This Statement is based on the provisions of the Act as they exist on the date of issue of Draft Prospectus.

The following tax benefits will be available to the debenture holders of the Company ("Debenture Holders") as per the existing provisions of law. The tax benefits are given as per the prevailing tax laws under the provisions of the IT Act 2025, as on date, taking into account the amendments made by the Finance Act, 2026, and may vary from time to time in accordance with amendments to the law or enactments thereto. The Debenture Holders are advised to consider the tax implications in respect of subscription to the Debentures after consulting his tax advisor as alternate views are possible.

The Income Tax Act, 2025 (the "IT Act") consolidates and replaces the Income-tax Act, 1961 with effect from 1st April 2026 (Tax Year 2026–27). The Act does not introduce new taxes or fresh levies but restructures, simplifies, and codifies the existing tax framework. Key structural changes relevant to this Statement include:

Feature	**Income Tax Act, 1961**	**Income Tax Act, 2025**
Operative period	Previous Year	Tax Year
TDS framework	Sec. 190–206CCA	Sections 390–397 read with Section 393 (Master TDS Table)
Deductions	Chapter VI-A (Sec. 80C–80U)	Chapter VIII(Section 123-154),Schedule XV
Exemptions	Section 10 (clauses 1–48)	Schedule V
Capital Gains — MLDs	Section 50AA	Section 76
Return of Income	Section 139	Section 263
Compliance/Reporting	Section 206A	Section 397
Non-residents — Special Rates	Sections 115AC, 115ACA, 196B	Sections 193, 209,393(2)

IMPLICATIONS UNDER THE INCOME TAX ACT, 2025:

I. RELEVANT ASPECTS APPLICABLE TO THE RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS

A. Interest on Debentures (NCDs)

1. Interest on NCD received by Debenture Holders would be subject to income tax at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the IT Act. Interest will be assessed to Income tax on receipt basis or mercantile basis (accrual basis) depending on the method of accounting regularly employed by the NCD holders under Section 276 of the IT Act.

2. Rates of Tax on Interest Income

   Interest income from NCDs shall be included in the total income of the debenture holder and taxed at the
   applicable slab rates as prescribed in the First Schedule to the Finance Act, 2026, as follows:

Default Tax Regime (Applicable for Tax Year 2026–27):

The IT Act, 2025, through Section 202 read with the Finance Act, 2026, provides for a rationalized default tax regime. All individual/HUF taxpayers are subject to this regime unless they opt out in accordance with the prescribed procedure. All individual/HUF taxpayers are subject to this regime unless they opt out in accordance with the prescribed procedure
Note on Tax Rebate: Under Section 156 of the IT Act, 2025 (corresponding to Section 87A of the repealed Act), as amended by the Finance Act, 2026, a resident individual with total income not exceeding ₹12,00,000 is entitled to a full rebate of tax payable (making the effective tax liability NIL up to ₹12,00,000 under the default regime). This rebate is not available on income subject to special rates (such as capital gains under specific sections of the Act).

3. Under the IT Act, 2025, Tax Deduction at Source is governed by Chapter XIX — Collection and Recovery of Tax, comprising Sections 390 to 397, read with Section 393 (the Master TDS Table). Section 390 of the Act (corresponding to Section 190 of the repealed Act) stipulates the general framework for TDS and advance tax:

4. Income Tax is deductible at source at the rate of 10% on interest on debentures held by resident Indians as per the provisions of Section 393(1))[Table: Sl.No.5(i)] of the IT Act (in case where interest is paid to Individual or HUF, no TDS will be deducted where interest is paid is less than 10,000 and is paid by way of account payee cheque).
Further, Tax will be deducted at source at reduced rate, or no tax will be deducted at source in the following cases:

a) When the Assessing Officer issues a certificate on an application by a Debenture Holder on satisfaction that the total income of the Debenture holder justifies no/lower deduction of tax at source as per the provisions of Section 395 of the IT Act; and that a valid certificate is filed with the Company before the prescribed date of closure of books for payment of debenture interest;

b) When the resident Debenture Holder with Permanent Account Number ('PAN') (not being a company or a firm) submits a declaration as per the provisions of section 393(6) of the IT Act in the prescribed Form 121 verified in the prescribed manner to the effect that the tax on his estimated total income of the tax year in which such income is to be included in computing his total income will be NIL. However, under section 393(6) of the IT Act, Form 121 cannot be submitted nor considered for exemption from tax deduction at source if income in the nature referred to in sections , 393(1) (Table: Sl. No. 7), 393(3) (Table: Sl. No. 6), 392(7), Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.5(i)], Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.5(ii.D(a))], Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.5(ii.D(b))],
Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.1(i)], Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.8(i)], Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.2(ii.D(a))], Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.2(ii.D(b))] or Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.4(i)] as the case may be or the aggregate of the amounts of such incomes credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid during the tax year in which such income is to be included exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income tax;

c) Senior citizens, who are 60 or more years of age at any time during the financial year, enjoy the special privilege to submit a self-declaration in the prescribed Form 121 for non-deduction of tax at source in accordance with the provisions of section 393(6) of the Act even if the aggregate income credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid exceeds the maximum amount not chargeable to tax, provided that the tax due on the estimated total income of the year concerned will be NIL; and

d) In all other situations, tax would be deducted at source as per prevailing provisions of the

IT Act. Please find below the list of relevant class of resident investors and respective documents that would be required for granting TDS exemption:

SL No.	Class of Investors	Relevant Section which grants TDS exemption	Documents to be taken on record from Investors
1	Resident Individual or resident HUF	Claiming non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source under Section 393(1)[Table: Sl.No.5(i)] of the IT Act, 2025	Form No.121 with PAN Certificate issued u/s 395 has to be filed with the Company. However, in case of NCD Holders claiming non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source, as the case may be, the NCD Holder should furnish either (a) a declaration (in duplicate) in the prescribed form i.e. (i) Form 121 (ii) a certificate, from the Assessing Officer which can be obtained by all applicants (including companies and firms) by making an application in the prescribed form i.e. Form No.128
2	Life insurance Corporation of India	Section 393(4)[Table: Sl.No.6(b)(i)]	Copy of Registration certificate
3	a. General Insurance Corporation of India, b. 4 companies formed under section 16(1) of General Insurance Business Act, 1972 and c. any company in which GIC and aforesaid 4 companies have full beneficial interest (100% shareholding)	Section 393(4)[Table: Sl.No.6(b)(ii)]	a. Copy of Registration certificate b. Copy of Registration certificate c. Copy of shareholding pattern
4	Any other Insurer	Section 393(4) [Table: Sl.No.6(b)(iii)]	Copy of Registration certificate issued by IRDA
5	Mutual Funds	Section 393(5)(d) read with Section 11 and Schedule VII (Table Sl.No.20 & 21)	Copy of Registration certificate issued by SEBI / RBI and notification issued by Central Government
6	Government, RBI and corporation established under Central / State Act whose income is exempt from tax	Section 393(5)(a), (b) & (c)	In case of Corporation, Declaration that their income is exempt from tax with applicable provisions
7	Recognized Provident Funds, Recognized Gratuity Funds, Approved Superannuation Funds, Employees' State Insurance Fund etc.	Section 11 read with Schedule VII (Table Sl.No.22,23,24,26,27) & CBDT Circular - 18/2017	Copy of Registration and Recognition certificate issued by relevant statutory authorities and income-tax authorities and Declaration from the funds that their income is exempt u/s 11 read with Schedule VII.(Table Sl.No.22,23,24,26,27)

SL No.	Class of Investors	Relevant Section which grants TDS exemption	Documents to be taken on record from Investors
8	New Pension System Trust	Section 11 read with Schedule VII (Table Sl.No.41) read with Section 393(5)(c) and CBDT Circular – 18/2017	Relevant Registration certificate issued to NPS Trust under section Indian Trusts Act, 1882
9	Other entities like Local authority, Regimental Funds, IRDA etc.	Section 11 read with Schedule III (Table Sl.No.22) etc. read with CBDT Circular - 18/2017	Declaration that they fall within the relevant income-tax section and eligible for income-tax exemption on their income
10	Alternative Investment Funds (Category I and II)	Section 393(4)[Table: Sl.No.6(a)(ii)]	Copy of Registration certificate issued by SEBI

B. <u>In respect of Capital Gains</u>

1. Long Term Capital Gain

Under 2(67) read with section 2(101) of the IT Act, listed Debentures held as Capital Asset as defined under section 2(22) of the IT Act is treated as long term capital asset if it is held for more than 12 Months. Debentures held as capital asset for a period of 12 Months or less will be treated as short term capital asset.
Long Term Capital Gain for listed debentures will be chargeable to tax under Section 197 of the IT Act at the rate of 12.50% (plus applicable surcharge and education cess). No indexation benefit is available for debentures.

In case of an individual or HUF, being a resident, where the total income as reduced by such long-term capital gains is below the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax, then, such long-term capital gains shall be reduced by the amount by which the total income as so reduced falls short of the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax and the tax on the balance of such long-term capital gains shall be computed at the rate mentioned above.

2. Short Term Capital Gains

Listed Debentures held as capital asset under Section 2(22) of the IT Act for a period of not more than 12 months would be treated as Short term capital asset under Section 2(101) of the IT Act. Short Term Capital Gains on transfer of NCD will be taxed at the normal rates of tax in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act. The benefit of maximum amount not chargeable to tax shall also be available in relation to such short term capital gains.

3. Capital Loss on transfer of Debentures.

As per Section 111 of the IT Act, short-term capital loss on transfer of debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off against short-term as well as long-term capital gains of the same year. Balance loss, if any could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent years' short term as well as long-term capital gains.
Long-term capital loss on debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off only against long-term capital gains of the same year. Balance loss, if any, could be carried forward for eight years solely for claiming set-off against subsequent year's long-term capital gains.

1. **Exemption available for Individuals and HUF for Long Term Capital gains u/s 86 of the IT Act.**

As per the provisions of Section 86 of the IT Act, any long-term capital gains on transfer of a long term capital asset(not being a residential house) arising to a Debenture Holder who is an individual or Hindu Undivided Family, is exempt from tax if the entire net sales consideration is utilized, within a period of one year before, or two years after the date of transfer, in purchase of a residential house in India, or for construction of residential house in India within three years from the date of transfer subject to conditions. If part of such net sales consideration is invested within the prescribed period in a residential house, then such gains would be chargeable to tax on a proportionate basis. This exemption is available, subject to the conditions specified in Section 86 of the Act.

C. **Provisions relating to Business Income**

In case the Debentures are held as stock in trade by the debenture holder, the income/loss from transfer of debentures would be taxed as Income from Business. Such income is to be computed in accordance with the Income Computation and Disclosure Standard VIII, which is notified by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India under Section 276(2) of the IT Act. Where debentures are held as stock in trade and unpaid interest has accrued before acquisition of Debentures and is included in the price paid for the Debentures, subsequent receipt of interest is to be allocated between pre-acquisition and post-acquisition periods, the pre-acquisition portion of the interest is reduced from the actual cost and is to be treated as interest. In the case of Debentures held by Scheduled Bank and Public Financial Institutions, income is to be recognized in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

D. Transfer of Debentures without consideration or inadequate consideration.

As per section 92(2)(m) of the IT Act, except in cases which are specifically exempted under this clause (such as gift received from relative as defined under the section), where the debentures are received without consideration where the aggregate market value of all gifts received exceeds ₹50,000/- the aggregate market value of the debentures shall be taxable as income in the hands of the recipient. Similarly, if debentures are received for inadequate consideration, the shortfall in the consideration will be treated as income of the recipient subject to the provisions contained in section 92(2)(m) of the IT Act. There is no gift tax for the Donor of the Debentures.

II. PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NON-RESIDENT DEBENTURE HOLDER.

A Non – Resident Indian has an option to be governed by Chapter XIII – E of the IT Act, subject to the provisions contained therein which are given in brief as under:

a) As per Section 214 of the IT Act, interest income from debentures acquired or purchased or subscribed to, in convertible foreign exchange will be taxable at 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess), whereas long term capital gains on transfer of such Debentures will be taxable at 12.5% (plus applicable surcharge and cess of such capital gains without indexation of cost of acquisition. Short-term capital gains will be taxable at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained in Section 214 of the Act.

b) As per Section 216 of the IT Act, it shall not be necessary for a non-resident Indian to file a return of income under Section 263(1)(a) of the IT Act, if his total income consists only of investment income as defined under Section 212 and/or long term capital gains earned on transfer of such investment acquired out of convertible foreign exchange, and the tax has been deducted at source from such income under the provisions of Chapter XIX-B of the IT Act in accordance with and subject to the provisions contained therein.

c) As per Section 213 of the IT Act no deduction in respect of any expenditure or allowance

shall be allowed under any provisions of the IT Act in the computation of income of a non-resident Indian under Chapter XIII – E of the IT Act.

d) In accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 218 of the IT Act, a Non-Resident Indian may opt not to be governed by the provisions of Chapter XIII – Eof the IT Act. In such a case, long term capital gains on transfer of listed debentures would be subject to tax at the rate of 12.5% computed without indexation of cost of acquisition.

e) Interest income and Short-term capital gains on the transfer of listed debentures, where debentures are held for a period of not more than 12 months preceding the date of transfer, would be taxed at the normal rates of tax in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the IT Act.

f) Where debentures are held as stock in trade, the income on transfer of debentures would be taxed as business income or loss in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the IT Act.

g) Under Section 393(2) (Table: Sl. No. 17) of the IT Act, the applicable rate of tax deduction at source is 10% on investment income and 12.5% on any long-term capital gains as per Section 214, and 30% for Short Term Capital Gains if the payee debenture Holder is a Non-Resident Indian.

h) The income tax deducted shall be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess. As per Section 111 of the IT Act, short-term capital loss on transfer of debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off against short-term as well as long-term capital gains of the said year. Balance loss, if any could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent years' short-term as well as long-term capital gains. Long-term capital loss on debentures suffered during the year is allowed to be set-off only against long-term capital gains. Balance loss, if any, could be carried forward for eight years for claiming set-off against subsequent year's long-term capital gains.

i) As per Section 159(4) of the IT Act read with the Circular No. 728 dated October 30, 1995 issued by the Central Board of Direct Taxes, in the case of a remittance to a country with which a Double Tax Avoidance Agreement (DTAA) is in force, the tax should be deducted at the rate provided in the Finance Act of the relevant year or at the rate provided in the DTAA, whichever is more beneficial to the assessee. However, submission of tax residency certificate (TRC), is a mandatory condition for availing benefits under any DTAA. If the tax residency certificate does not contain the prescribed particulars as per CBDT Notification 57/2013 dated August 1, 2013, a self-declaration in Form 41 would need to be provided by the assessee along with TRC.

j) Alternatively, to avail non deduction or lower deduction of tax at source, as the case may be, the Debenture Holder should furnish a certificate under Section 393(2) and 395(2) of the IT Act, from the Assessing Officer before the prescribed date of closure of books for payment of debenture interest.

k) In case the Debentures are held as stock in trade by the debenture holder, the income/loss from transfer of debentures would be taxed as Income from Business. Such income is to be computed in accordance with the Income Computation and Disclosure Standard VIII which is notified by the Ministry of Finance, Government of India under Section 276(2) of the IT Act. Where debentures are held as stock in trade and unpaid interest has accrued before acquisition of Debentures and is included in the price paid for the Debentures, subsequent receipt of interest is to be allocated between pre-acquisition and post-acquisition periods, the pre-acquisition portion of the interest is reduced from the actual cost and is to be treated as interest. In the case of Debentures held by Scheduled Bank, income is to be recognized in

accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

l) As per section 92(2)(m) of the IT Act, except in cases which are specifically exempted under this clause (such as gift received from relative as defined under the section), where the debentures are received without consideration where the aggregate market value of all gifts received exceeds Rs. 50,000/- the aggregate market value of the debentures shall be taxable as income in the hands of the recipient. Similarly, if debentures are received for inadequate consideration, the shortfall in the consideration will be treated as income of the recipient subject to the provisions contained in section 92(2)(m) of the IT Act. There is no gift tax for the Donor of the Debentures.

m) As per the provisions of Section 86 of the IT Act, any long-term capital gains on transfer of a long term capital asset(not being a residential house) arising to a Debenture Holder who is an individual or Hindu Undivided Family, is exempt from tax if the entire net sales consideration is utilized, within a period of one year before, or two years after the date of transfer, in purchase of a new residential house in India, or for construction of residential house in India within three years from the date of transfer subject to conditions. If part of such net sales consideration is invested within the prescribed period in a residential house, then such gains would be chargeable to tax on a proportionate basis. This exemption is available, subject to the conditions stated therein

III. PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE FOREIGN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS/ FOREIGN PORTFOLIO INVESTORS (FIIs/ FPIs)

1. As per Section 2(22)(b) of the IT Act, any securities held by FIIs which has invested in such securities in accordance with the regulations made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, shall be treated as capital assets. Accordingly, any gains arising from transfer of such securities shall be chargeable to tax in the hands of FIIs as capital gains.

2. In accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 210 of the IT Act, long term capital gains on transfer of debentures by FIIs are taxable at 12.5% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) and short-term capital gains are taxable at 30% (plus applicable surcharge and cess). The benefit of cost indexation will not be available. Further, benefit of provisions of the first proviso of Section 72 of the IT Act will not apply.

3. Further, in case where section 393(2) is not applicable, the interest income earned by FIIs/FPIs should be chargeable to tax at the rate of 20% under section 210 of the IT Act. Tax shall be deducted u/s. 393(2) Table: Sl. No. 15) of the IT Act on such income at 20%. Where DTAA is applicable to the payee, the rate of tax deduction shall be lower of rate as per DTAA or 20%, subject to the conditions prescribed therein.

4. Section 393(2) (Table: Sl. No. 16) in the IT Act provides for a withholding tax at the rate of 10% on payment by way of interest paid by an Indian Company to FIIs and Qualified Foreign Investor. Interest paid shall be subject to tax at the rate of 20% (excluding applicable surcharge and cess) subject to availability of DTAA benefits.

5. The income tax deducted shall be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess.

6. The CBDT has issued a Notification No. 9 dated 22 January 2014 which provides that Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI) registered under SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014 shall be treated as FII for the purpose of Section 210 of the IT Act.

IV. MUTUAL FUNDS

All mutual funds registered under Securities and Exchange Board of India or set up by public sector banks or public financial institutions or authorized by the Reserve Bank of India are exempt from tax on all their income, including income from investment in Debentures with the provisions of Schedule VII of the IT Act and the contained therein.
Further, as per the provisions of section 393(5) of the IT Act, no tax shall be deducted at source by any person from any sums payable to mutual funds specified under Schedule VII of the IT Act, where such sum is payable to it by way of interest or dividend in respect of any securities or shares owned by it or in which it has full beneficial interest, or any other income accruing or arising to it.

V. TO SPECIFIED FUNDS ("SPECIFIED FUND" AS DEFINED UNDER SCHEDULE VI OF THE IT ACT)

The income of Specified Funds is taxable for the year beginning April 1, 2020, to the extent attributable to units held by non-resident (not being a permanent establishment of a non-resident in India), and in accordance with and subject to the provisions of Section 210 of the IT Act, as under:

a) The interest income earned are chargeable to tax at the rate of 10%;

b) long term capital gains on transfer of debentures to the specified extent are taxable at 10% (benefit of provisions of the first proviso of section 72 of the IT Act will not apply); and

c) Short-term capital gains are taxable at 30%.

Further, where any income in respect of NCD is payable to Specified Funds, tax shall be deducted at the rate of 10% on the income other than exempt under Schedule VI as per Section 393(2) (Table: Sl. No. 16) of the IT Act.

The income tax deducted shall be increased by applicable surcharge and health and education cess.

VI. REQUIREMENTS TO FURNISH PAN/FILING OF RETURNS UNDER THE IT ACT

1. SEC. 397(2)(a):

Section 397(2)(a) requires every person from whom income tax has been deducted at source under chapter XIX – B of the IT Act to furnish his PAN to the person responsible for deduction of tax at source.

2. SEC. 262(6):

Section 262(6) of the Income Tax Act provides that every individual who has been allotted a permanent account number (PAN) as on the 1st day of July, 2017, and who is eligible to obtain an Aadhaar number, shall intimate his Aadhaar number in the prescribed form and manner. In case of failure to link Aadhaar with PAN, the permanent account number allotted to the person shall be made inoperative after the prescribed date.

3. SEC. 397(2)(b):

a) Section 397(2)(b) of the IT Act requires every person entitled to receive any sum, on which tax is deductible under Chapter XVIIB ('deductee') to furnish his PAN to the deductor, failing which tax shall be deducted at the higher of the following rates:

(i) at the rate specified in the relevant provision of the IT Act; or
(ii) at the rate or rates in force; or
(iii) at the rate of twenty per cent.

b) A declaration under Section 393(6) shall not be valid unless the person furnishes his PAN in such declaration and the deductor is required to deduct tax as per Para (a) above in such a case.

c) Where a wrong PAN is provided, it will be regarded as non-furnishing of PAN and Para (a) above will apply.

d) As per Rule 217, higher rate under section 397(2)(b) shall not apply to a non resident, not being a company, or to a foreign company, in respect of payment of interest, if the non-resident deductee furnishes the prescribed details inter alia TRC and Tax Identification Number (TIN).

NOTES FORMING PART OF STATEMENT OF TAX BENEFITS

1. The above Statement sets out the provisions of law in a summary manner only and is not a complete analysis or listing of all potential tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposal of debenture/bonds.

2. The above statement covers only certain relevant benefits under the IT Act and does not cover benefits under any other law.

3. The above statement of possible tax benefits is as per the current direct tax laws relevant for the Tax Year 2026-2027 and taking into account the amendments made by the Finance Act, 2026. The IT Act, 2025 is a new legislation operative from 1st April 2026. CBDT is expected to issue further circulars, notifications, and FAQs clarifying various provisions of the new Act. This Statement should be reviewed for continuing accuracy in light of any such further guidance.

4. This statement is intended only to provide general information to the Debenture Holders and is neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for professional tax advice. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each debenture Holder is advised to consult his/her/its own tax advisor with respect to specific consequences of his/her/its holding in the debentures of the Company.

5. Several of the above tax benefits are dependent on the debenture holders fulfilling the conditions prescribed under the relevant tax laws and subject to Chapter X of the IT Act. Further, the issuer company may decide on practices to be followed with respect to TDS exemptions, thresholds for accepting documents for lower / nil deduction of tax at source or with respect to such other matters, based on Income Tax law and practice.

6. The stated benefits will be available only to the sole/ first named holder in case the debenture is held by joint holders.

7. In respect of non-residents, the tax rates and consequent taxation mentioned above will be further subject to any benefits available under the relevant tax treaty, if any, between India and the country in which the non-resident has fiscal domicile. In respect of non-residents, taxes paid in India could be claimed as a credit in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax treaty and applicable domestic tax law. Non-resident investors claiming DTAA benefits must comply with the Principal Purpose Test (PPT) and other anti-avoidance provisions under Chapter XI of the IT Act, 2025. The availability of DTAA benefits is subject to specific facts of each non-resident investor.

8. No assurance is given that the revenue authorities/ courts will concur with the views expressed herein. Our views are based on the existing provisions of law and its interpretation, which are subject to changes from time to time. We do not assume responsibility to update the views consequent to such changes. We shall not be liable to any claims, liabilities or expenses relating to this assignment except to the extent of fees relating to this assignment, as finally judicially determined to have resulted primarily from bad faith or intentional misconduct. We will not be liable to any other person in respect of this statement.

SECTION IV – ABOUT OUR COMPANY

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

*Unless otherwise indicated, all of the information and statics disclosed in this section are extracted from an industry report titled "Research Report on Gold Loan" released in August 2026, prepared and issued by CARE Analytics and Advisory Private Limited (**"CareEdge Research"**). For details of risks in relation to CareEdge Research and other publications, see "Risk Factors" contained in this Draft Prospectus on page 18.*

Unless otherwise indicated, all industry and other related information derived from CareEdge Research. The information presented in this section, including forecasts and projections, have not been prepared or independently verified by us, our Directors, our Promoters, the Lead Managers or any of our or their respective advisors.

The data may have been re-classified by us for the purposes of presentation. Industry sources and publications generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources generally believed to be reliable, but that their accuracy, completeness and underlying assumptions are not guaranteed and their reliability cannot be assured. Industry sources and publications are also prepared based on information as of specific dates and may no longer be current or reflect current trends.

Industry sources and publications may also base their information on estimates, projections, forecasts and assumptions that may prove to be incorrect. Accordingly, investors must rely on their independent examination of, and should not place undue reliance on, or base their investment decision solely on this information. The recipient should not construe any of the contents in the CareEdge Research as advice relating to business, financial, legal, taxation or investment matters and are advised to consult their own business, financial, legal, taxation, and other advisors concerning the transaction

Economic Outlook

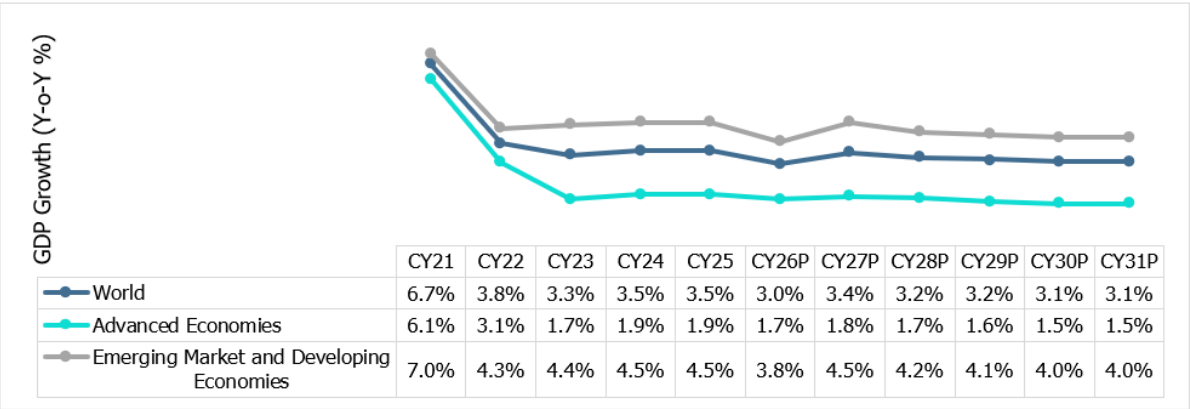
Global Economy

Global Economic Growth Expected to Sustain at ~3% in Near Term

Global economic growth is projected to moderate to around 3.1% in 2026, reflecting the impact of geopolitical tensions on energy and trade flows. The ongoing Middle East conflict poses downside risks, with prolonged disruptions potentially reducing growth further to 2.5%, or lower.

However, supportive factors such as continued investment momentum and policy support are helping offset some of these pressures.

Chart 1: Global Growth Outlook Projections (Real GDP, Y-o-Y Change in %)



	CY21	CY22	CY23	CY24	CY25	CY26P	CY27P	CY28P	CY29P	CY30P	CY31P
World	6.7%	3.8%	3.3%	3.5%	3.5%	3.0%	3.4%	3.2%	3.2%	3.1%	3.1%
Advanced Economies	6.1%	3.1%	1.7%	1.9%	1.9%	1.7%	1.8%	1.7%	1.6%	1.5%	1.5%
Emerging Market and Developing Economies	7.0%	4.3%	4.4%	4.5%	4.5%	3.8%	4.5%	4.2%	4.1%	4.0%	4.0%

Source: IMF – World Economic Outlook, April 2026 and July 2026; Notes: E-Estimate, P-Projections

Advanced Economies: Euro Area, Major Advanced Economies (G7), Other Advanced Economies (Advanced Economies excluding G7 and Euro Area), European Union, ASEAN-5; Emerging Market and Developing Economies: Emerging and Developing Asia, Emerging and Developing Europe, Latin America and the Caribbean, Middle East and Central Asia, Sub-Saharan Africa.

	Real GDP (Y-o-Y Change in %)										
	CY21	CY22	CY23	CY24	CY25	CY26P	CY27P	CY28P	CY29P	CY30P	CY31P
India	9.7	7.6	7.2	7.1	7.7	6.4	6.7	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
China	8.6	3.1	5.4	5.0	5.0	4.6	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.4	3.3
Indonesia	3.7	5.3	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Saudi Arabia	6.5	12.0	0.5	2.6	4.6	1.7	5.5	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.6
Middle East and Central Asia	4.7	6.4	2.6	3.1	3.7	0.7	6.5	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.8
Latin America	7.5	4.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.6
Brazil	4.8	3.0	3.2	3.4	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5
Euro Area	6.4	3.6	0.4	1.0	1.4	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.1
United States	6.2	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8

Source: IMF- World Economic Outlook Database (April 2026, July 2026)

Note: E-Estimate, P- Projections E-Estimated; India's fiscal year (FY) aligns with the IMF's calendar year (CY). For instance, FY24 corresponds to CY23.

Advanced Economies Group

Advanced economies are projected to grow at around 1.7% in CY26 and 1.8% in CY27, the overall effect on growth in advanced economies of the conflict in the Middle East is modest.

In the **United States,** growth is forecast at about 2.3% in CY26, supported by fiscal measures and lower interest rates, even as the increase in trade barriers since April 2025 continues to weigh on trade relations.

The **Euro Area** growth is expected to decline in CY26 to 0.9% from 1.4% in CY25 and to 1.2% in CY27, due to the negative impact of the war in the Middle East over time, even though there was substantial growth in CY25.

In the **United Kingdom**, growth is projected at 0.8% in CY26, with a gradual recovery to 1.3% in CY27, supported by improving economic conditions and easing macroeconomic pressures.

Emerging Markets and Developing Economies Group

Emerging and developing economies are expected to fall to 3.8% in CY26 and recover to 4.5% in CY27 , due to the global conflicts having a greater net impact on emerging economies than advanced economies.

China's growth remains steady at around 4.6% in CY26 and 4.1% in CY27 due to higher global oil prices as well as global uncertainty. **India's** growth has been among the fastest-growing major economies, with projections of 6.400% in CY26, driven by strong private consumption and services activity.

Indonesia is expected to maintain consistent growth of around 5.0% over CY26 and 5.1% in CY27. **Saudi Arabia's** growth in CY26 has a downward projection to have a growth rate of 1.7% on account of the damage due to the ongoing tensions. On the other hand, **Brazil's** growth is projected to be 2.4% in CY26 and 2.2% in CY27, due to the war have a small net positive effect in 2026, as a result of the country being a net energy exporter.

Despite the turmoil in the last 2-3 years, India bears good tidings to become a USD 5 trillion economy by CY28. According to the IMF dataset on Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at current prices, the nominal GDP is projected to be at USD 4.2 trillion for CY26 and is projected to reach USD 4.5 trillion by CY27 and USD 6.8 trillion by CY30. India's expected GDP growth rate for the coming years is almost double compared to the world economy. The Indian economy shows resilience amid global inflation, supported by a stable financial sector, strong service exports, and robust investment driven by government spending and high-income consumer consumption, positioning it for better growth than other economies.

Besides, India stands out as the fastest-growing economy among the major economies. The country is expected to grow at 6.5% in the period of CY25-CY30, outshining China's growth rate. By CY30, the Indian economy is estimated to emerge as the third-largest economy globally, hopping over Japan and Germany. Currently, it is the third-largest economy globally in terms of Purchasing Power Parity (PPP), with a ~8.5% share in the global economy, with China on the top followed by the United States.

Indian Economic Outlook

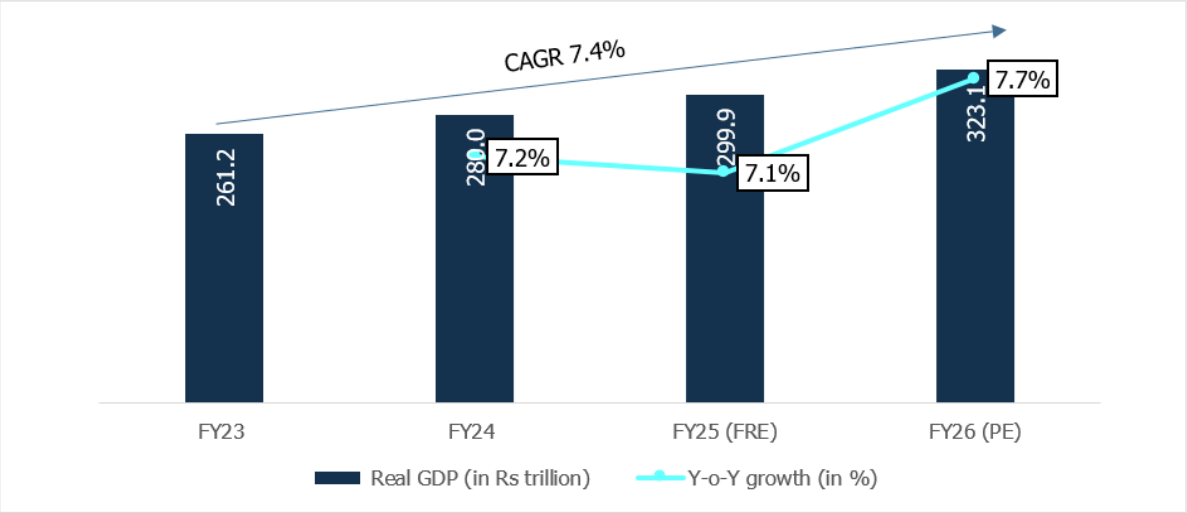
GDP growth and outlook

Resilience to External Shocks Remains Critical for Near-term Outlook

The Indian economy continues to show rapid growth. As per provisional estimates, GDP in FY26 is expected to have grown by 7.7%, supported by strong domestic consumption, investment, manufacturing and services activity. The economy showed resilience while the global economic environment remains challenging due to geopolitical tensions, trade-policy uncertainty and financial vulnerabilities.

For FY25, first revised estimates show a growth of 7.1% (Rs 299.9 trillion), led by robust performance in manufacturing, construction and financial services. Consumer spending rose by 7.7%, and government spending increased by 5.5%, both contributing to the overall growth. In FY23, the real GDP stood at Rs 261.2 trillion and registered Y-o-Y growth of 7.2% in FY24 (Rs 280.0 trillion).

Chart 2: Trend in Real Indian GDP Growth Rate



Source: MOSPI, RBI;
Note: PE – Provisional Estimates, FRE- First Revised Estimates;
The trend for FY23-FY26 is based on new series base year 2022-23.

GDP Growth Outlook (August 2026)

FY27 GDP Outlook: RBI projects real GDP growth at 6.7% for 2026–27, supported by sustained momentum in the services sector, strong reservoir levels aiding the agricultural sector, and private consumption expected to remain uplifted by discretionary spending.

However, elevated energy and other commodity prices, as well as the disruptions in the Strait of Hormuz route, are likely to affect growth this year. Nevertheless, the government is working towards minimising the impact of the supply chain towards critical sectors to ensure minimal interruptions.

Table 2: RBI's GDP Growth Outlook (Y-o-Y %)

FY27P (Complete Year)	Q1FY27P	Q2FY27P	Q3FY27P	Q4FY27P
6.7%	7.0%	6.4%	6.5%	6.8%

Source: Reserve Bank of India; Note: P-Projected

Gross Value Added (GVA)

GVA is the measure of the value of goods and services produced in an economy. GVA gives a picture of the supply side, whereas GDP represents consumption. GVA in FY25 was powered by a broad-based rebound across sectors.

In FY26 (PE), real GVA growth of 7.9% is primarily led by manufacturing, Trade, Hotels, Transport, Communication & Services related to Broadcasting. Industry is estimated at 8.5%, supported by a pickup in manufacturing and construction (10.7% and 7.4%, respectively). The gap between GDP and GVA growth stood at 0.15 percentage points in FY26, with GDP growing at 7.75% and GVA at 7.90%.

Table 1: Sectoral Growth (Y-o-Y % Growth at Constant Prices)

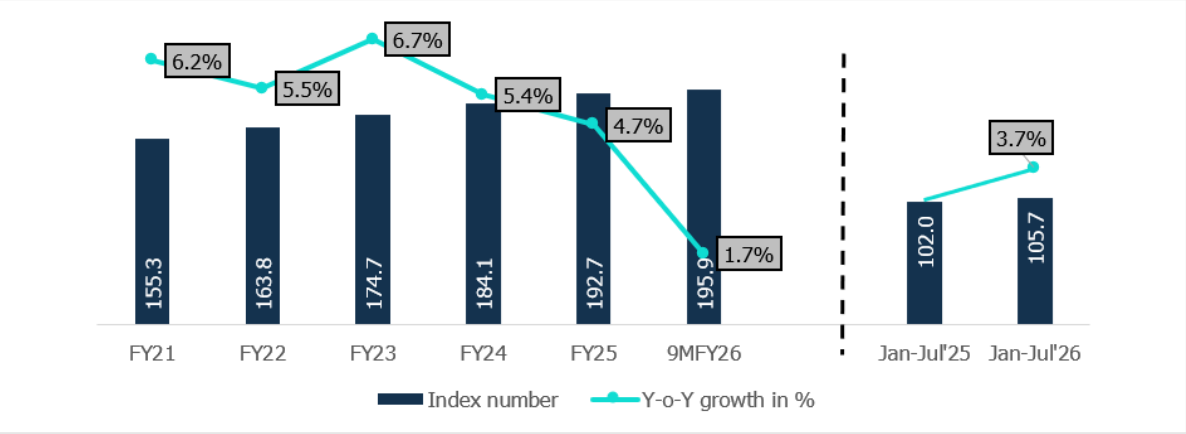
At Constant Prices	FY24	FY25 (FRE)	FY26 (PE)
Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing	**2.6**	**4.2**	**3.0**
Industry	**10.9**	**8.3**	**8.5**
Mining & Quarrying	2.4	11.7	5.2
Manufacturing	12.7	9.3	10.7
Electricity, Gas, Water Supply & Other Utility Services	10.7	2.9	1.7
Construction	9.9	7.3	7.4
Services	**7.0**	**7.9**	**9.3**
Trade, Hotels, Transport, Communication & Broadcasting	10.1	6.6	11.0
Financial, Real Estate & Professional Services	5.5	10.0	10.4
Public Administration, Defence and Other Services	6.8	5.0	5.0
GVA at Basic Price	**7.2**	**7.3**	**7.9**

Source: MOSPI; Note: FRE- First Revised Estimates, PE – Provisional Estimates, FAE – First Advanced Estimates; The trend for FY24-FY26 is based on new series base year 2022-23.

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

Between January and July 2026, inflation averaged around 3.7% across the Consumer Price Index. By July 2026, inflation increased to 4.5% on a Year-on-Year basis, compared with 4.4% in June 2026 over June 2025. Within this, the rural inflation rate stood at 4.8%, while the urban inflation rate was comparatively lower at 4.0%. This indicates an overall modest inflationary trend, with rural areas experiencing relatively higher price pressures than urban regions.

Chart 3: Retail Price Inflation in Terms of Index and Y-o-Y Growth in % (Base: 2011-12=100, 2023-24=100)



Source: MOSPI

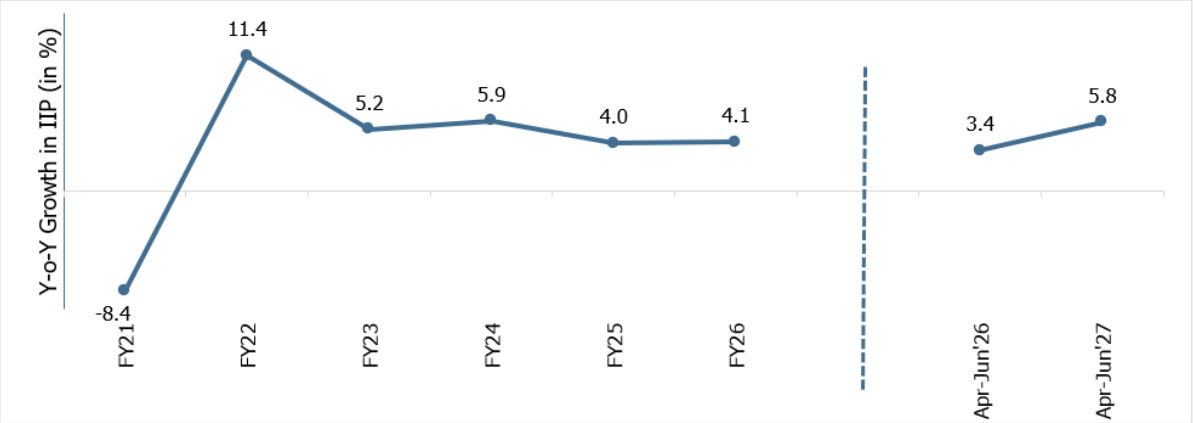
The CPI is primarily factored in by the RBI while preparing its bi-monthly monetary policy. At the bi-monthly meeting held in August 2026, the RBI projected inflation at 5.0% for FY27, with inflation during Q2FY27 at 4.7%, Q3FY27 at 5.9%, Q4FY27 at 5.5%, and Q1FY28 at 5.3%.

Considering the current inflation situation, RBI has maintained the repo rate at 5.25% in the August 2026 meeting of the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC).

Industrial Growth

The Index of Industrial Production (IIP) in India grew by 5.8% Year-on-Year from April-June (FY27), showing steady but moderate industrial momentum, supported by 7.8% growth in the manufacturing sector and strong growth of 10.6% in the Electricity & Gas Supply sector.

Chart 4: Y-o-Y Growth in IIP (in %)



Source: MOSPI

Macro-economic Outlook for FY27

Global economic growth faces headwinds from geopolitical tensions, volatile commodity prices, high interest rates, inflation, financial market volatility, climate change, and rising public debt. However, India's economy remains relatively strong, with an IMF forecast of 6.4% GDP growth in CY26 (FY27 according to the fiscal year), compared to the global projection of 3.1%. Key drivers include strong domestic demand, government capital expenditure and moderating inflation.

India's position as a manufacturing hub is strengthened by government initiatives, a skilled workforce, and a growing startup ecosystem, with ongoing reforms and innovation enhancing its global role. Key economic indicators, including PMI, e-way bills, bank credit, toll collections and GST collections, continued to indicate resilient economic activity in FY26. Gross GST collections during April–December 2025 increased 6.7% YoY to Rs 17.4 lakh crore, while cumulative e-way bill volumes rose 21% Y-o-Y during the same period. Bank credit growth strengthened materially, with non-food credit growing 15.9% YoY in FY26 and aggregate credit outstanding reaching Rs 212.9 lakh crore as of March 2026. growth indicators like the PMI, E-way bills, bank credit, toll collections, and GST collections have improved in FY25. Key indicators point to sustained growth driven by improved infrastructure, private consumption, and foreign investments. Normalizing the employment situation after opening up of the economy is supporting consumption expenditure. Public investment is set to grow with a Rs. 12.2 lakh crore capital expenditure allocation for FY27. Private sector investment is also rising, supported by new project data and capital goods imports. Improved rural demand, favourable monsoon conditions, and government policy will further boost the investment cycle.

India's relatively lower tariff structure enhances its attractiveness as a trade partner, and ongoing negotiations with the U.S., along with efforts to diversify export markets, including the EU and ASEAN, are likely to mitigate potential adverse effects. As India progressively positions itself as a competitive manufacturing hub, particularly in textiles, pharmaceuticals, electronics, and auto components, it remains more competitive than countries like China, Taiwan, Bangladesh, and Vietnam. This strengthens India's position as a viable alternative in global trade, particularly in sectors where it holds a comparative advantage. India's expanding manufacturing capacity, coupled with its skilled workforce, makes it an appealing investment destination for global companies. Sectors such as electronics and textiles, including the relocation of Apple's iPhone production, are likely to attract greater U.S. interest as businesses seek lower-tariff alternatives.

The Iran war has disrupted shipping through the Strait of Hormuz, a critical chokepoint for global oil and LPG trade, handling a significant share of India's energy imports and playing a vital role in maintaining stable supply

chains. Disruption in this region has affected shipping routes, increased freight and insurance costs, and created supply-side uncertainties for energy imports. Prolonged geopolitical tensions or conflict in the region could lead to sustained increases in crude oil and LPG prices, which may translate into higher input costs across industries and contribute to inflationary pressures in the Indian economy.

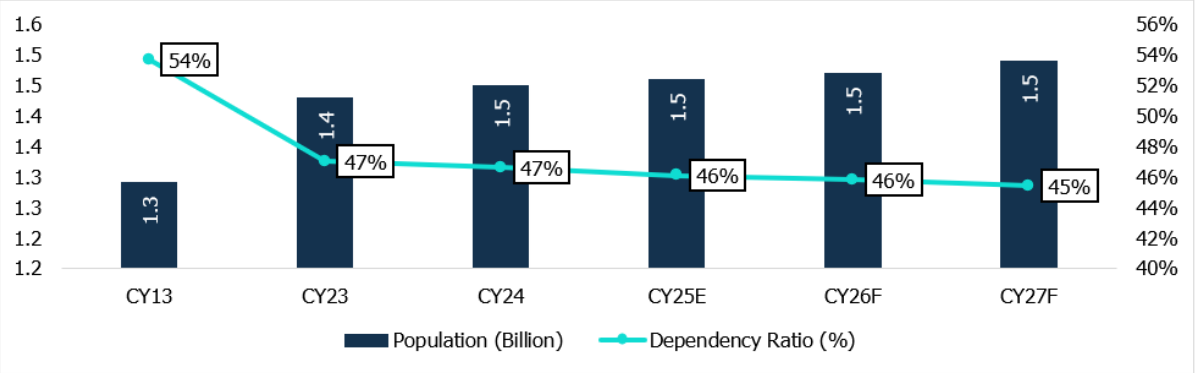
Key growth drivers for India

Favourable Demographics

The trajectory of economic growth of India and private consumption is driven by socio-economic factors such as demographics and urbanisation. According to the World Bank, India's population in CY22 surpassed 1.42 billion, slightly higher than China's population (1.41 billion) and became the most populous country in the world.

The Age Dependency Ratio, which is the ratio of dependents to the working age population has been on a declining trend. The ratio covers age 15 to 64 years, wherein dependents are population younger than 15 and older than 64. Declining dependency ratio indicates that the country has an improving share of working-age population generating income, which is a good sign for the economy. It was as high as 76% in 1983, which has reduced to 47% in CY23. However, this ratio is expected to rise again to 54% by CY36, driven by an increase in the elderly population as life expectancy improves.

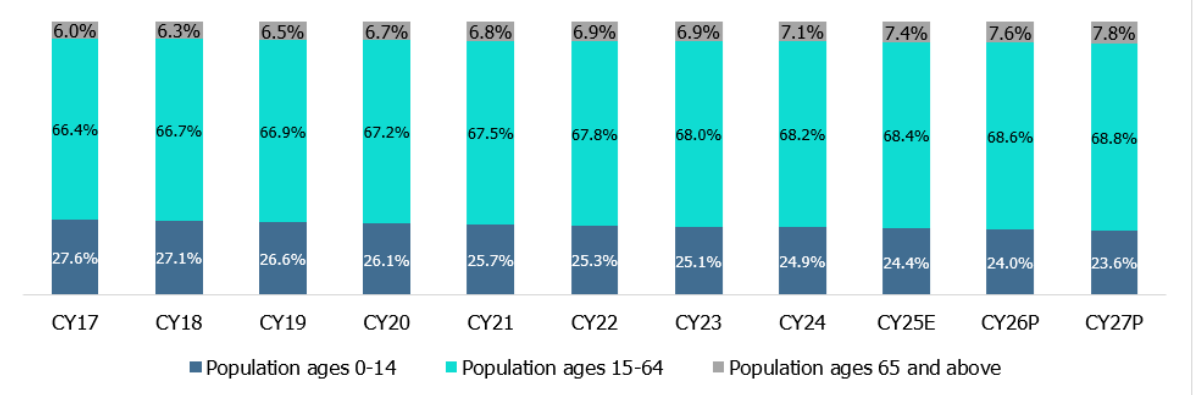
Chart 5: Trend in Population Growth vis-à-vis Dependency Ratio in India (in Billion)



Source: World Bank Database, MOSPI; Note; E- Estimated, F- Forecasted

Despite a projected rise in the dependency ratio to 54% by CY36, India's young and growing workforce, especially in newly urbanised towns, will continue to drive income growth and consumer demand. This presents strong opportunities for sectors like consumer electronics, transportation and railways. Rising employment, urbanisation and government investment in rural development and digital infrastructure will further boost demand, while increased tech adoption supports long-term consumption growth across both urban and rural markets.

Chart 6: Age-wise Break-up of Indian Population (% of Working-age Population)



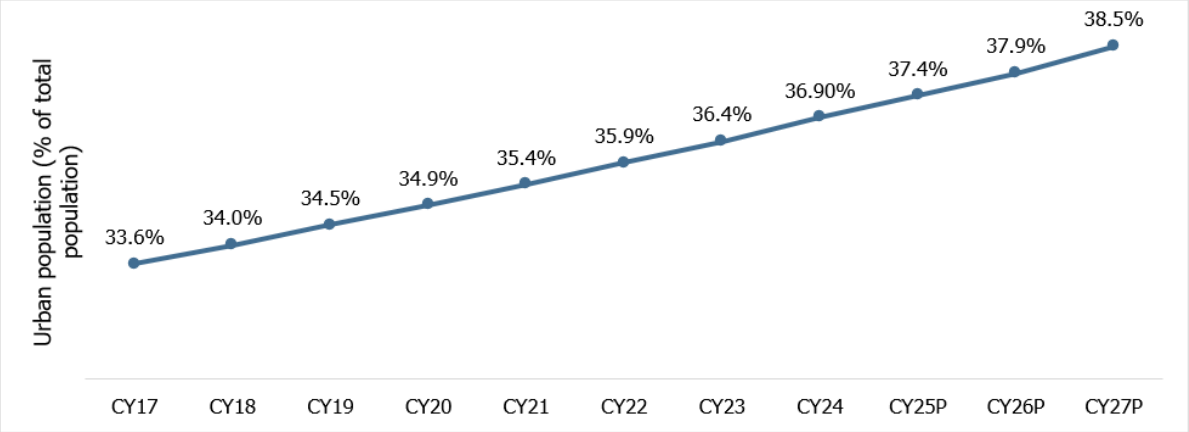
Source: World Bank Database; Note; E- Estimated, P- Projected

The urban population is significantly growing in India. The urban population in India is estimated to have increased from 413 million (32% of total population) in CY13 to 519.5 million (36.4% of total population) in the

year CY23. India is undergoing a significant urban transformation, with the urban population projected to rise to 40% by CY36. This shift is driven by factors such as improved living standards, increased employment opportunities in urban areas, and government initiatives aimed at urban development. This rapid urbanisation might necessitate substantial investments in infrastructure, housing, and transportation.

Urbanisation

Chart 7: Urbanisation Trend in India



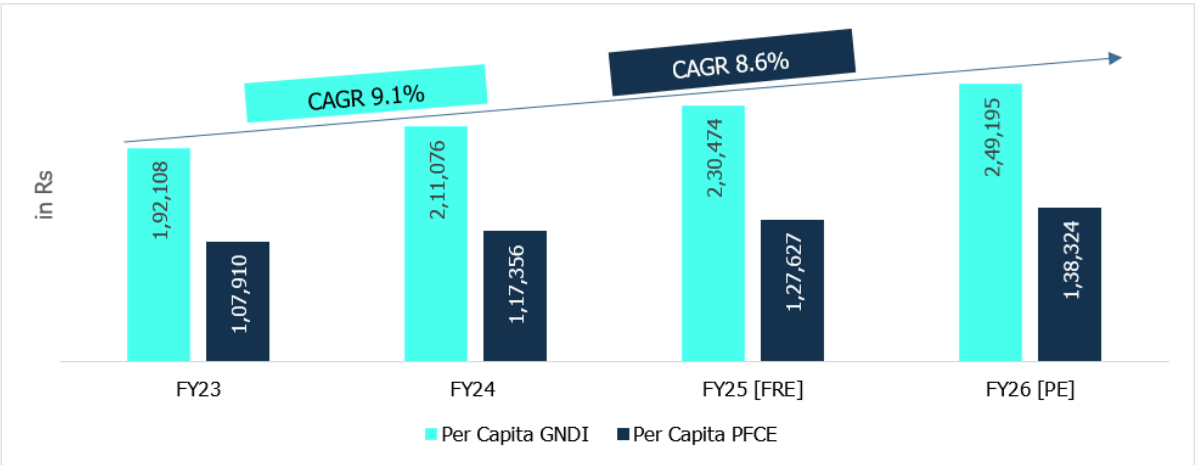
Source: World Bank Database; Note; P- Projected

Increasing per capita GDP

Gross National Disposable Income (GNDI) is a measure of the income available to the nation for final consumption and gross savings. Between the period FY23 to FY26, per capita GNDI at current prices registered a CAGR of 9.1%. More disposable income drives more consumption, thereby driving economic growth.

With increase in disposable income, there has been a gradual change in consumer spending behaviour as well. Per capita Private Final Consumption Expenditure (PFCE) which is measure of consumer spending has also showcased significant growth from FY23 to FY26 at Fa CAGR of 8.6%.

Chart 8: Trend of Per Capita GNDI and Per Capita PFCE (at Current Prices)



Source: MOSPI; Note: FRE – First Revised Estimates, PE – Provisional Estimates, FAE – First Advance Estimates
Note: The trend for FY23-FY26 is based on new series base year 2022-23.

Gross Domestic Savings (GDS)

Table 4: Trend in GDS

Parameter (Rs Crore)	FY23	FY24	FY25 (FRE)
GDS	7,772,917	9,517,450	11,113,324
Household sector savings (net financial savings, savings in physical assets and in the form of gold and silver ornaments)	5,225,437	5,963,550	6,900,602
Household sector savings as proportion of GDS (%)	67.2%	62.7%	62.1%
Gross financial savings	2,982,279	3,575,657	3,828,361
Net financial savings (% of Household sector savings)	26.5%	28.5%	32.7%
Savings in physical assets (% of Household sector savings)	70.3%	68.7%	64.1%
Savings in the form of gold and silver ornaments (% of Household sector savings)	3.2%	2.9%	3.2%

Note: Net financial savings is financial savings after excluding financial liabilities; Physical assets are those held in physical form excluding gold and silver; Data is based on new series base year 2022-23; FRE indicates First Revised Estimates
Source: MOSPI, CareEdge Research

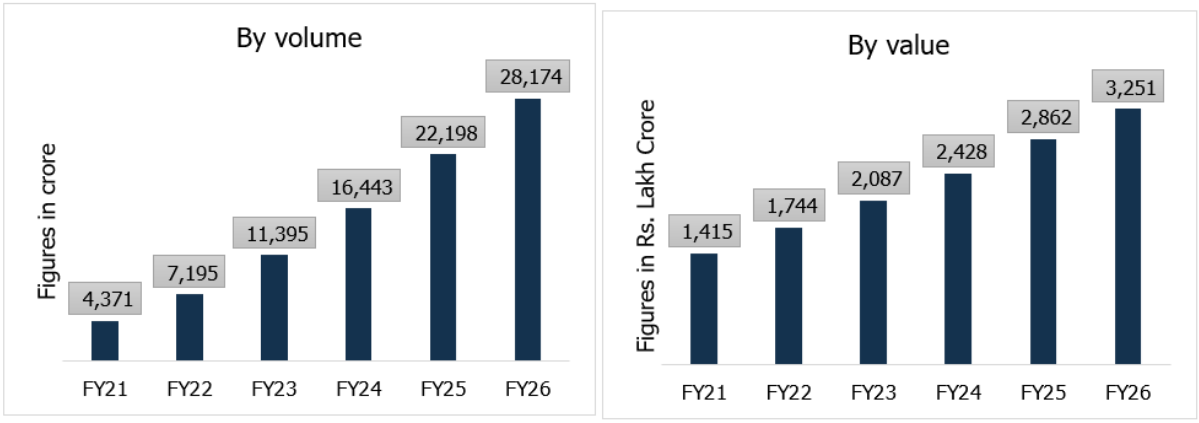
The share of household savings in physical assets declined from 70.3% in FY23 to 64.1% in FY25 (FRE). This moderation suggests a gradual shift away from physical assets toward financial instruments. At the same time, the proportion of net financial savings increased from 26.5% in FY23 to 32.7% in FY25, indicating improved preference for financial investments. Elevated inflation in the post-pandemic period and relatively better returns on financial products likely encouraged households to allocate a larger share of savings to financial assets, resulting in a decline in the share of physical assets. At the same time, households have shown a preference for holding higher cash balances following the pandemic shock. Mutual fund investments have grown at a faster pace compared to previous years, with systematic investment plan (SIP) contributions continuing to increase in FY25. Overall, there is a gradual shift within financial savings from traditional bank deposits toward equities, mutual funds, and small savings instruments.

Digitalisation

Digital Financial Transactions

Volume of Digital payments in India grew from 4,371 crores in FY21 to 28,174 crores in FY26, with a CAGR of 45.2%, whereas value of Digital payments grew from Rs 1,415 lakh crores in FY21 to Rs 3,251 lakh crores in FY26, with a CAGR of 18.1%.

Chart 9: Digital Payment Transactions in Volume and Value



Source: RBI

India's digital transformation is driven by factors like expanding broadband, affordable data, and government initiatives. The launch of UPI revolutionised payments, in turn enhancing financial inclusion. With over 647 banks integrated and more than 350 million unique users, UPI has become the country's largest digital payment network BHIM further advanced cashless transactions, while platforms like COWIN showcased digital infrastructure's role in public health. Furthermore, DigiLocker improved paperless governance by securely storing documents and FASTag automated toll payments, supporting the cashless economy.

The Digital India initiative, launched in 2015, focuses on digital infrastructure, governance, and empowerment, making services more accessible and promoting financial inclusion. Additionally, this initiative has also made stock market and mutual fund investments more accessible, efficient, and transparent for a wider audience.

The JAM Trinity - Jan Dhan (Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana), Aadhaar, and Mobile connectivity is a flagship digital framework of the Government of India that underpins financial inclusion, transparency, and efficient delivery of public services.

Under this framework:

- **Jan Dhan bank accounts** ensure universal access to basic financial services for individuals across the country, particularly the underserved.
- **Aadhaar**, India's unique biometric identity system, enables accurate and secure authentication of beneficiaries. Customers can scan their thumb impression, which fetches the KYC identifier, ensuring 100% authenticity and eliminating the cumbersome manual process of customer verification.
- **Mobile phones** act as the primary channel through which citizens access financial services and receive government benefits digitally. Together, the JAM Trinity eliminates intermediaries, reduces leakages, and enables DBT of welfare subsidies and payments directly into beneficiaries' bank accounts. This integration has helped bring millions into the formal financial system and ensured targeted delivery of government support.

India Stack complements the JAM Trinity by acting as the DPI that operationalises these components at scale. It consists of interoperable digital layers including Aadhaar-based e-KYC, payments architecture such as UPI, and other digital interfaces that enable paperless, presence-less, and cashless service delivery nationwide. By linking identity (Aadhaar), financial access (Jan Dhan), mobile connectivity, and payments technology, India Stack ensures that citizens can interact with public and private services efficiently and securely through digital means.

Major structural reforms by government

Structural policy measures are increasingly focused on building productive capacity, improving capital efficiency, and enabling sustained economic expansion. The following represent key structural reform highlights as outlined in the Union Budget 2026-27:

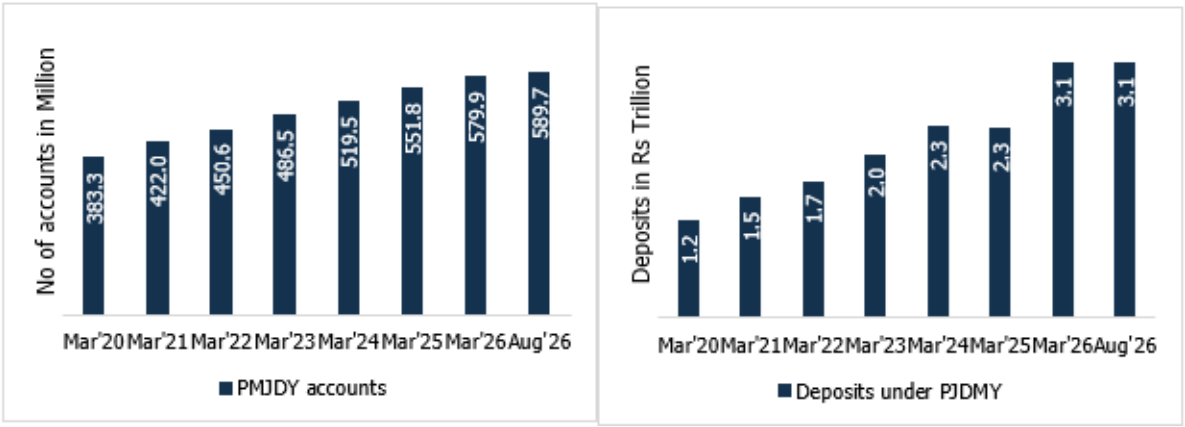


Financial Inclusion

Financial inclusion in India is expected to strengthen further, driven by rising awareness and improved access to a wide range of financial products. As financial literacy expands and distribution networks deepen, particularly in rural and semi-urban areas, more individuals are being integrated into the formal financial system. This has translated not only into higher account ownership but also increased usage of financial services such as savings, credit, insurance, and digital payments. According to the Global Findex Database 2025, India has made notable progress in enhancing financial inclusion, with a steady improvement in active account usage. Importantly, gender disparities have also narrowed, with the gap in active account ownership declining significantly over recent years, indicating more inclusive participation across demographics.

A key enabler of this progress has been the Government of India's focus on Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI), which has transformed the delivery of financial services. Platforms such as Aadhaar, UPI, and Jan Dhan have streamlined identity verification, enabled seamless transactions, and expanded access to banking services on a large scale. These initiatives have reduced barriers to entry, lowered transaction costs, and improved transparency, thereby encouraging greater adoption of formal financial channels. Collectively, the combination of policy support, digital innovation, and increasing consumer awareness is expected to further accelerate financial penetration, deepen credit access, and strengthen the overall financial ecosystem in India.

Chart 10: Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana Number of Accounts and Deposits



Source: PMJDY

Number of accounts opened through Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY) grew at a CAGR of 8.6% between Mar'20 to Mar'26, reflecting steady growth and improving financial inclusion. Notably, deposit amount in PMJDY accounts grew at a CAGR of 21.3% over the same period, indicating strong and consistent growth in funds.

Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT)

DBT has emerged as a critical mechanism for financial inclusion by leveraging bank accounts and digital infrastructure to deliver government benefits efficiently and transparently. The Public Financial Management System (PFMS) enabled DBT for over 1,206 schemes in FY25, processing approximately 1,816.4 million transactions and disbursing around Rs 2.23 trillion to beneficiaries. Cumulatively, since its inception, DBT has processed a substantial volume of transactions and facilitated the transfer of benefits across a wide range of social welfare programmes.

Chart 11: Government schemes being delivered through digital adoption – Direct Benefit Transfer

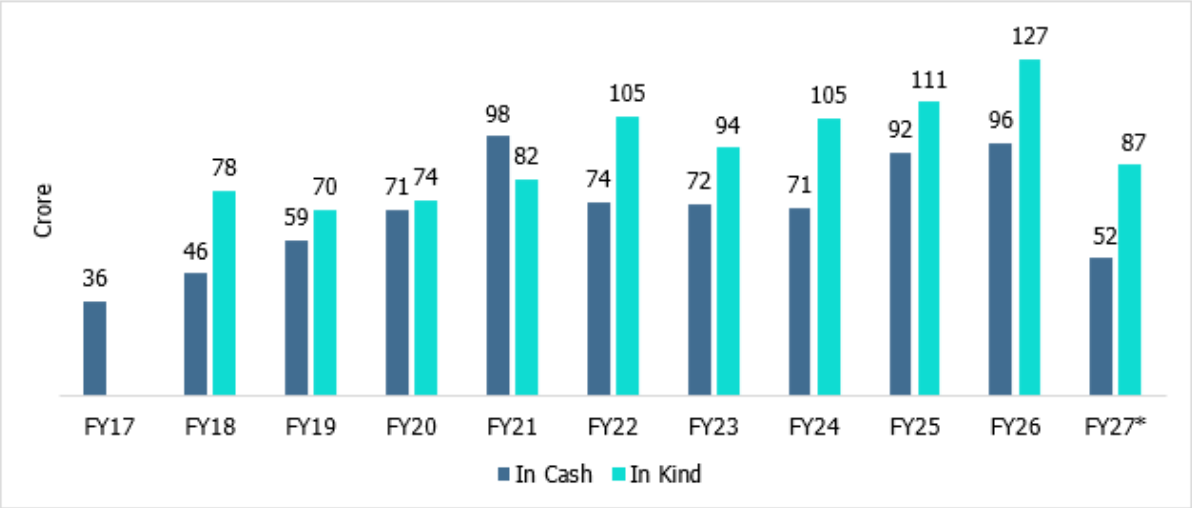


Source: Direct Benefit Transfer, CareEdge Research
Note: *Data as on 24th August 2026

Overall increase in DBT fund transfers in both cash and in-kind terms from FY17 to FY26 has been driven by a combination of policy expansion, digital infrastructure strengthening, and improved beneficiary targeting. A key driver has been the progressive onboarding of welfare schemes and beneficiaries onto the DBT framework, including large programmes such as PM-KISAN, Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), food and fertiliser subsidies, which significantly expanded transfer volumes, particularly in the in-kind category. The integration of DBT with Aadhaar and the Public Financial Management System (PFMS) has

enabled end-to-end digital tracking of funds, reduced leakages, and improved delivery efficiency, allowing higher and more targeted disbursements over time.

Chart 12: Trend in DBT Beneficiaries (Non unique)



Source: Direct Benefit Transfer, CareEdge Research
Note: *Data as on 24th August 2026

The trend in DBT beneficiaries (non-unique) indicates a sustained expansion in welfare coverage over time, with cash beneficiaries increasing from 36 crore in FY17 to a peak of 98 crore in FY21, reflecting the scaling-up of income support and employment-linked schemes, particularly during the COVID-19 period. While cash beneficiaries moderated in the immediate post-pandemic years, they remained structurally higher than pre-FY20 levels, underscoring the institutionalisation of DBT-based delivery mechanisms.

In contrast, in-kind beneficiaries have shown a more persistent upward trajectory, rising from 78 crore in FY18 to over 127 crore in FY26, driven largely by the expansion and continued reliance on food and fertiliser subsidy programmes under Aadhaar-enabled delivery systems.

Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) Sector in India

Overview of NBFCs in India

Non-banking financial institutions (NBFIs) encompass a heterogeneous group of financial intermediaries. Those under the regulatory purview of the RBI comprise:

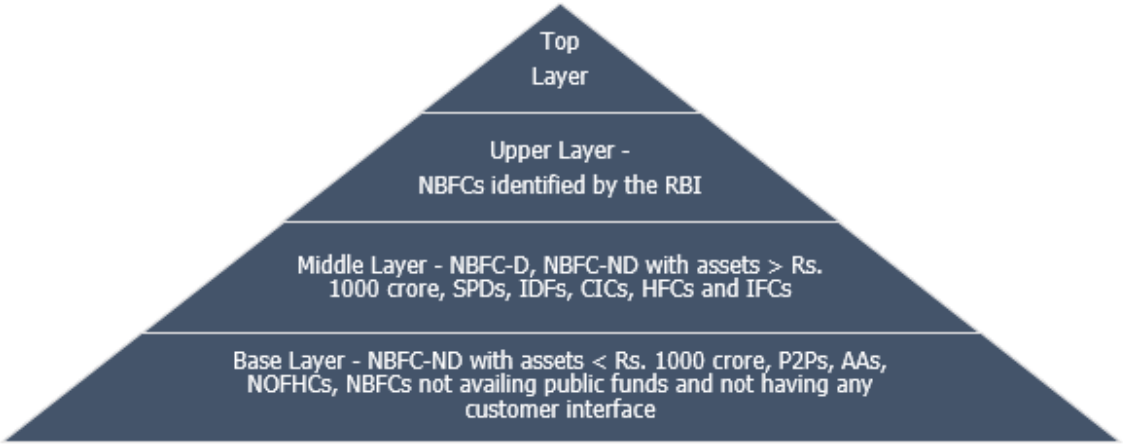
- All India Financial Institutions (AIFIs) that include the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), the Export-Import Bank of India (EXIM Bank), the Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI), and the National Housing Bank (NHB) are apex financial institutions that play an important role in meeting the long-term funding requirements of agriculture and the rural sector, foreign trade, small industries, housing finance companies (HFCs), NBFCs, Micro Finance Institutions (MFIs) and other specialised segments and institutions.
- NBFCs are government/public/private limited companies that specialise in delivering credit to a wide variety of specific segments, ranging from infrastructure to consumer durables and vehicle financing. Housing finance companies (HFCs) extend housing finance to individuals, cooperative societies, and corporate bodies and lease commercial and residential premises to support housing activity in the country.

Structure of NBFCs

NBFCs play a key role in the Indian financial system by complementing and competing with banks, and by bringing efficiency and diversity into financial intermediation. NBFCs have evolved in terms of operations, heterogeneity, asset quality and profitability, as well as regulatory architecture.

NBFCs are a group of heterogeneous financial entities operating with diverse business strategies. The RBI's scale-based regulation (SBR) framework categorises NBFCs into top, upper, middle, and base layers, based on their size, activity, and perceived riskiness. The SBR framework is progressive as it is built on the principle of proportionality, with regulations commensurate with the size and interconnectedness of the NBFCs. Smaller and/or less complex NBFCs are relatively lightly regulated, while larger and more systemically important NBFCs are subjected to enhanced regulatory scrutiny.

According to RBI, NBFCs are classified based on size and risk perception using the Scale-Based Approach –



Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

Notes: 1. NBFCs-D, CICs, NBFC-IFCs and HFCs will be included in the middle or the upper layer.

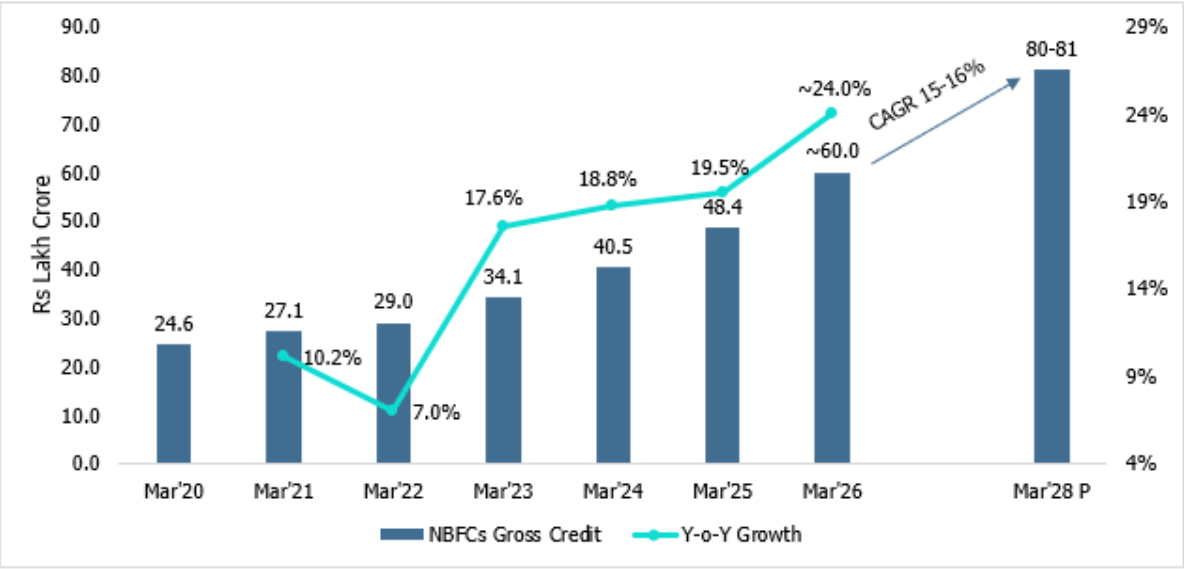
2. The remaining NBFCs, viz., NBFC-ICC, NBFC-MFI, NBFC-Factors and NBFC-MGC could lie in any of the layers depending on the parameters of SBR.

3. Government owned NBFCs shall be placed in the Base Layer or Middle Layer, as the case may be.

Since NBFCs cater to niche areas, they are also categorised based on the activities they undertake. Till February 21, 2019, NBFCs were divided into 12 categories. Thereafter, these categories were harmonised to provide NBFCs with greater operational flexibility. As a result, asset finance companies (AFCs), loan companies (LCs), and investment companies (ICs) were merged into a new category called Investment and Credit Companies (NBFC-ICC). At present, there are 11 categories of NBFCs based on activity-based classification.

NBFC Gross Credit

Chart 13: NBFC Gross Credit Projected to Grow at 15%-16% CAGR from FY26 to FY28



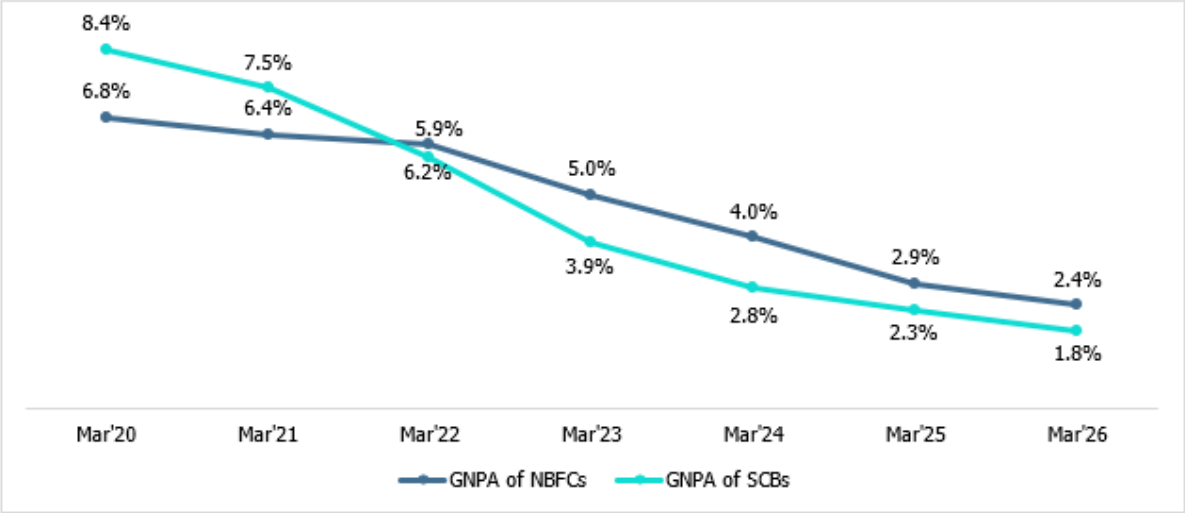
Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

Note: P indicates Projected

The gross credit of NBFCs has demonstrated a steady upward trajectory over the period, increasing from Rs 24.6 trillion in Mar20 to around Rs 60.0 trillion by Mar26, supported by consistent double-digit growth in recent years. The acceleration in growth reflects improving credit demand across retail and MSME segments, along with the expanding role of NBFCs in addressing financing gaps. Looking ahead, gross credit is projected to reach approximately Rs 80–81 trillion by Mar28, implying a CAGR of around 15–16% over FY26 – FY28. This outlook suggests a continuation of the growth momentum, underpinned by sustained demand, gradual economic expansion, and the ongoing evolution of NBFCs within the broader financial ecosystem.

Asset Quality

Chart 14: Asset Quality of SCBs and NBFCs



Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

Asset quality across both NBFCs and SCBs has improved significantly over the period, as reflected in the steady decline in GNPA ratios. NBFCs have witnessed a consistent reduction in GNPA levels, indicating better credit underwriting, improved collection efficiencies, and a gradual normalisation following earlier stress cycles. Similarly, SCBs have shown a sharper improvement trajectory, supported by balance sheet clean-up, stronger provisioning practices, and regulatory oversight. Overall, the trend reflects enhanced risk management frameworks, healthier credit behaviour, and a more stable operating environment across lending institutions.

Key Growth Drivers

Technological Adoption and Co-Lending Arrangements	The increasing adoption of technology is enabling NBFCs to enhance operational efficiency, improve credit assessment, and expand their reach to underserved segments. Digital tools such as data analytics, AI-driven underwriting, and seamless customer onboarding have reduced turnaround times and costs. Additionally, co-lending arrangements between NBFCs and banks are gaining traction, allowing risk sharing, improved access to low-cost funding, and broader credit penetration, particularly in retail and MSME segments.
Government's Focus on Infrastructure Development	Sustained government emphasis on infrastructure development is creating significant financing opportunities for NBFCs. Increased public capital expenditure across sectors such as roads, railways, energy, and urban infrastructure is expected to drive demand for credit, both directly and through ancillary industries. NBFCs play a key role in bridging financing gaps, particularly in last-mile funding and niche segments, thereby supporting overall economic growth.
Strengthening Real Estate Developments	The gradual recovery and strengthening of the real estate sector is contributing to increased demand for housing finance and construction-related lending. Factors such as urbanisation, rising incomes, and policy support for affordable housing are driving growth in this segment. NBFCs, including housing finance companies, are well-positioned to cater

to diverse borrower profiles, particularly in Tier-II and Tier-III cities, supporting expansion in real estate-linked credit.

Evolution of Gold Loan Market in India

Gold holds deep cultural and historical significance in India, where it has long been associated with wealth, prosperity, and social status. Traditionally, gold is an integral part of weddings, religious ceremonies, and festivals, and is often accumulated in the form of jewellery and passed down across generations as a store of family wealth. Its enduring cultural relevance has ensured consistent demand across income segments and geographies, making it a unique asset that combines both consumption and investment characteristics.

In addition to its cultural importance, gold is widely regarded as a safe-haven asset, particularly during periods of economic uncertainty, high inflation, or financial market volatility. Investors tend to shift towards gold as it preserves value and provides a hedge against currency fluctuations and systemic risks. This dual role as both a cultural asset and a financial safeguard has reinforced gold's prominence in India's economic landscape and continues to support its relevance across cycles.

Beyond its traditional and investment appeal, gold also serves as a readily accessible source of liquidity, as households can monetise their holdings to meet short-term funding needs. A significant portion of household wealth is held in physical gold, making it a convenient and reliable asset for raising funds when required. Its relatively stable long-term value and ease of collateralisation have also supported its integration into the formal credit system, reinforcing its role not just as a store of value but also as a practical financial asset.

Domestic Gold Demand from Various Segments

Chart 15: Trend in Domestic Gold Demand- in Volume Terms



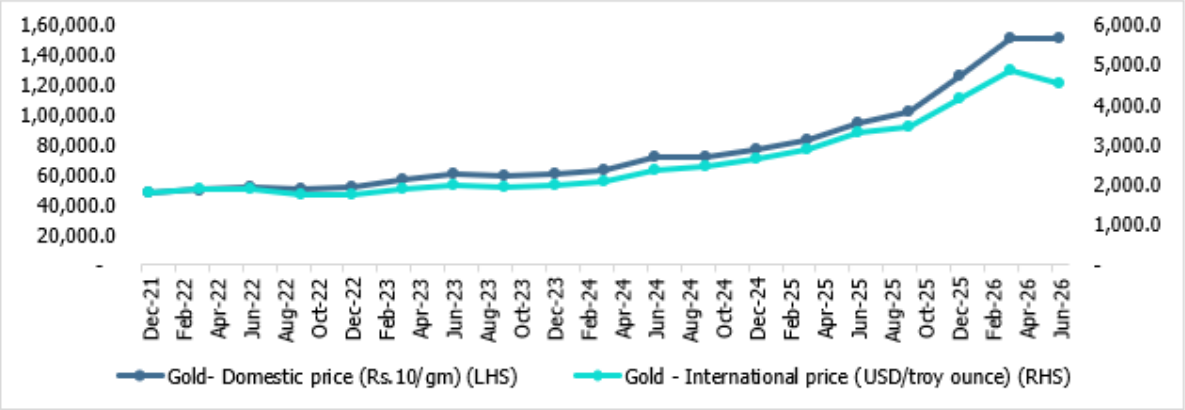
Source: WGC, CareEdge Research

In CY25, India's total domestic demand for gold, including jewellery, bars, and coins, stood at 721.1 tonnes. The jewellery segment continued to be the largest contributor and accounted for ~61% of the gold demand in India in CY25, while bars and coins accounted for the balance. The gold jewellery demand declined by 21.8% Y-o-Y in CY25. The demand was impacted mainly due to increasing gold prices.

Gold Price Movement

Gold jewellery accounts for a major share of overall jewellery consumption in India. However, the demand for gold, particularly physical gold in the form of coins and bars, which is primarily for investment, is dependent on movements in gold prices.

Chart 16: Trend in Domestic and International Gold Prices



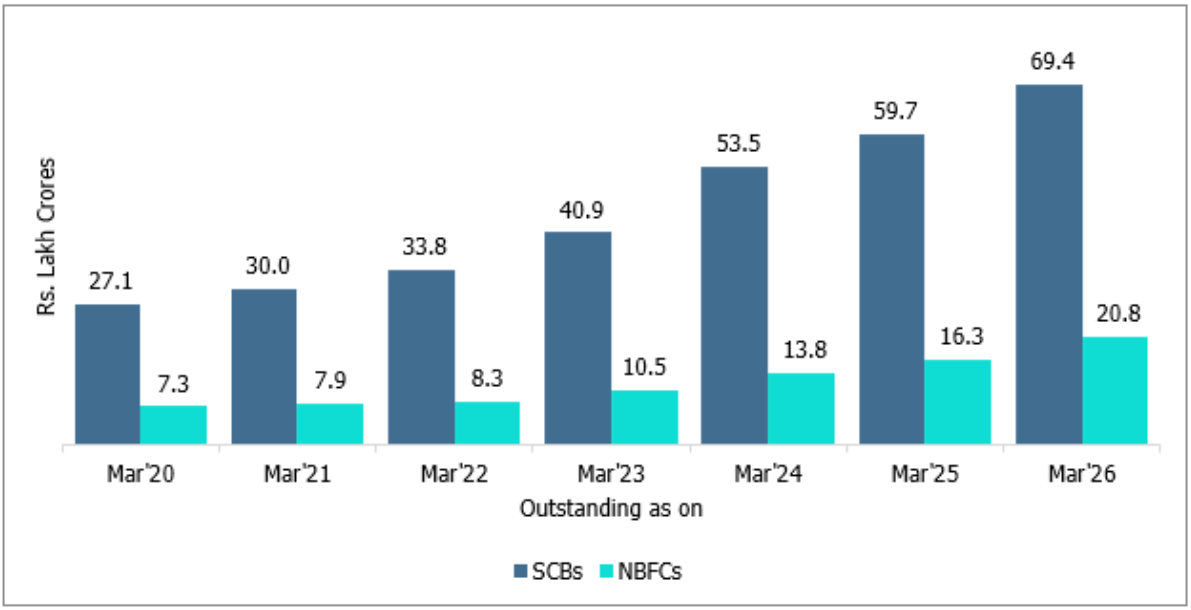
Source: WGC; CareEdge Research

During Q2CY26, gold prices underwent a correction in both international and domestic markets following the sharp rally earlier in the year. By Jun-26, international gold prices stood at USD 4,506.3 per troy ounce, while domestic gold prices stood at Rs 1,50,744.9 per 10 grams. The correction was primarily driven by profit-taking after the strong rally, a stronger US dollar and changing expectations around the pace of monetary easing, which reduced the appeal of gold as a non-yielding asset. Nevertheless, prices remained significantly higher than their Jun21 levels, with domestic and international gold prices recording CAGRs of 26% and 19.9%, respectively, over the period.

Gold Loan

Credit Deployed Towards Retail Loans by NBFCs and SCBs

Chart 17: Retail Credit Portfolio of SCBs and NBFCs

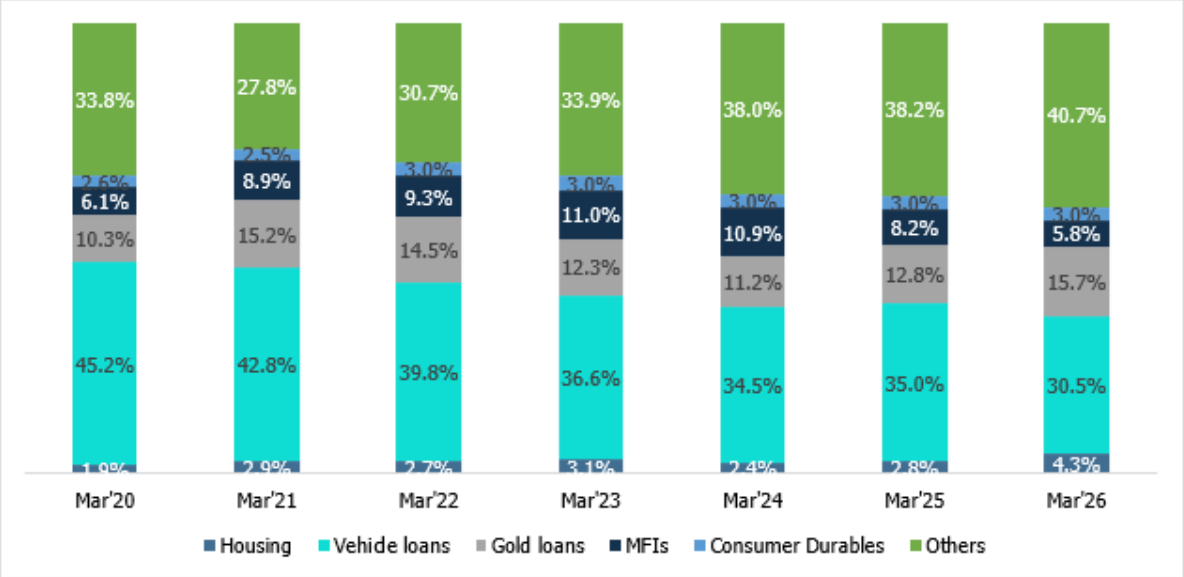


Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

As of Mar26, retail credit is estimated to form ~35% of NBFCs' gross credit deployed while forming over 32% of SCBs' gross credit deployed. Banks and NBFCs shifted their efforts toward retail lending due to the increasing demand for retail credit. The shift in borrowing behaviour of consumers for better living standards and their readiness to borrow personal loans to fulfil those needs have boosted the demand for retail loans.

Mix of Retail Loans

Chart 18: Share of Asset Classes in Retail Credit in NBFCs



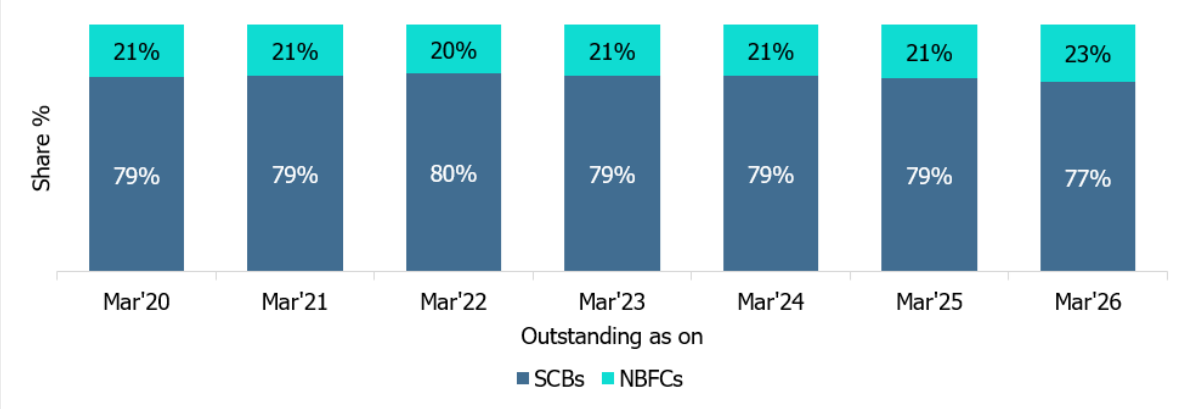
Source: RBI, CareEdge Research; Mar20-Mar25 data is based on Trend and Progress (RBI), Mar26 data is based on 'Sectoral Deployment of Outstanding Credit by NBFCs' by RBI

Note: Others include Credit Card Receivables, Education Loans, Advances against Fixed Deposits, Advances to Individuals against Shares, Bonds, Other Retail Loans

The asset mix of retail credit NBFCs reflects a gradual rebalancing over Mar20 – Mar26, with vehicle loans remaining the largest segment but declining from 45% to ~31%, indicating reduced concentration in this traditionally dominant category. Gold loans display a cyclical yet strengthening trajectory, rising from 10% in Mar20 to around 16% in Mar26, with a sharp increase during Mar21 followed by moderation and a subsequent uptick in recent years; this trend highlights their importance as a secured, low-risk and liquid lending segment that typically gains traction during periods of economic uncertainty. Microfinance loans expanded until Mar23 before declining to around 6% by Mar26, suggesting moderation due to asset quality considerations. Meanwhile, housing and consumer durable loans have remained relatively stable, with housing showing a modest increase toward the later years, indicating gradual growth in these segments.

Competitive Scenario – Share of NBFCs and Banks

Chart 19: Share in Credit Towards Retail Loan

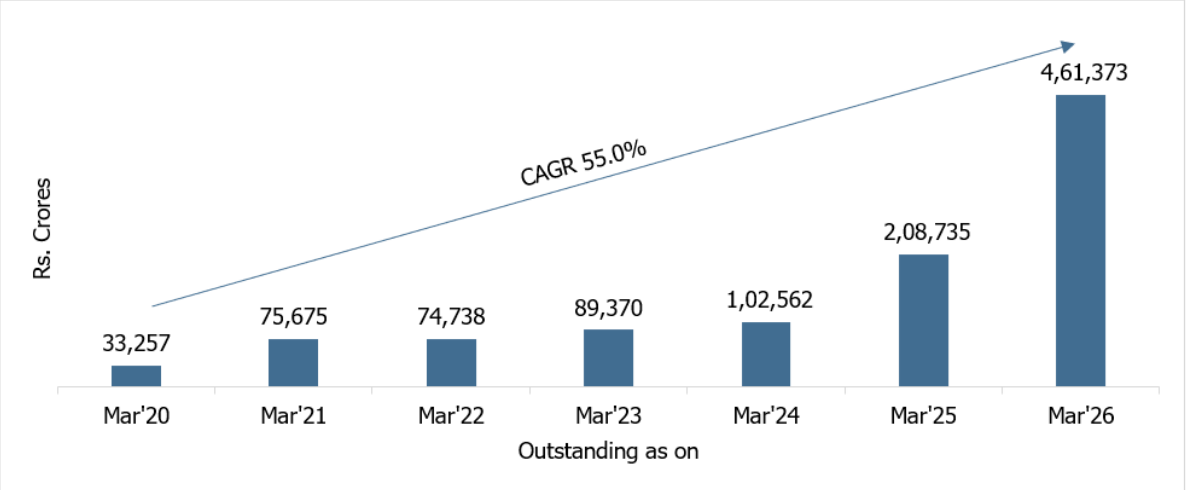


Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

SCBs continue to contribute 77%-79% of the aggregate retail loan book. While NBFCs have significantly ramped up their credit towards the retail segment post the IL&FS crisis, their overall contribution is yet to reach its full potential. Retail loans account for a third of NBFCs total credit, however, banks aggressive push towards the segment and increased market reach has aided them in gaining the major market share.

Trend in Credit Towards Gold Loan Financing

Chart 20: SCB's Loans Against Gold Jewellery

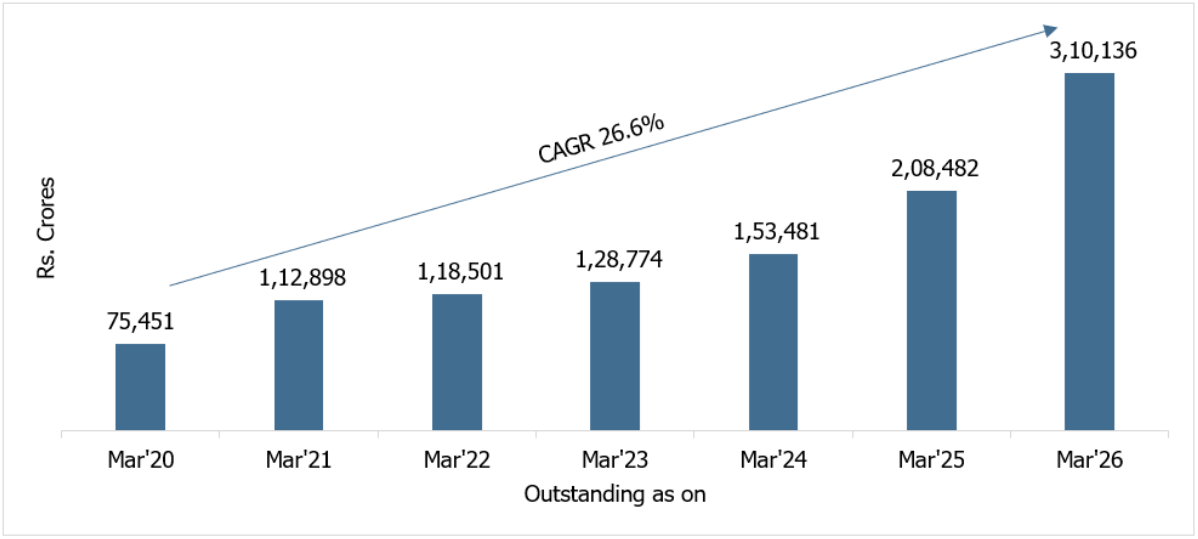


Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

Note: Since May 2024, a bank has changed the classification of a category of agricultural loan into "Loans against gold jewellery" under retail segment

As of Mar26, the SCBs' loans against gold jewellery reached Rs 4,61,373 crores. The CAGR from Mar20 to Mar26 is 55% and this growth was due to the pandemic-led financial distress, unemployment, salary cuts and sudden health expenses, which led to people borrowing loans by pledging gold. Furthermore, the growth is also led by change in classification of gold loans from agri-gold loans to retail loans due to higher eligible limits under retail loans compared to purely agricultural loans with gold as collateral.

Chart 21: NBFCs' Advances to Individuals Against Gold



Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

Note: Mar20-Mar25 data is based on Trend and Progress (RBI), Mar26 data is based on 'Sectoral Deployment of Outstanding Credit by NBFCs' by RBI

At the end of Mar26, NBFCs advances to Individuals against gold stood at Rs 3,10,136 crore, an increase of ~49% Y-o-Y.

The Indian gold loan market is divided into two segments namely organised and un-organised segment. The organised gold loan market (gold loans by banks and NBFCs) accounts for only a minor part of the overall Indian gold loan market and as estimated by CareEdge Research gold loans have witnessed exponential growth between 2021-25 as significant number of financial institutions are providing gold loans to the under-banked population.

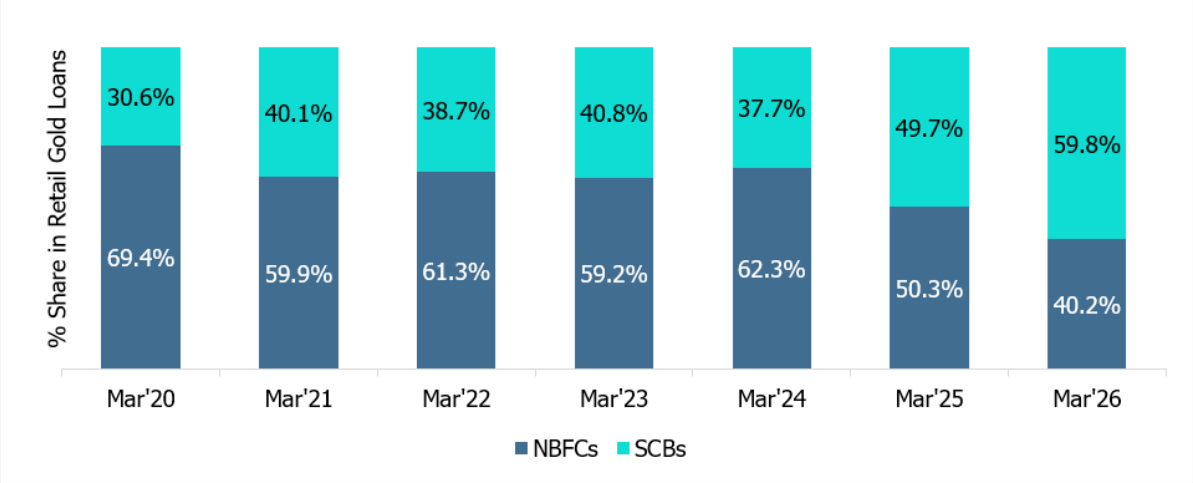
Notably, the organised gold loan market has crossed Rs 7 lakh crore in FY26, reflecting its increasing scale and formalisation within the broader lending ecosystem.

Distinction Between Approaches Followed by Banks and NBFCs

KEY DIFFERENCE	BANKS	NBFCs
1 Customer Segment and Market Focus:	Banks generally have a broader customer base and gold loans form one component of their overall retail lending portfolio.	NBFCs, particularly gold- focused NBFCs, tend to have a more concentrated focus on gold-backed lending and cater extensively to customers who may have limited access to formal bank credit.
2 Underwriting Approach:	Banks typically follow more standardised credit assessment processess, with greater emphasis on the borrower's documented income, banking history and overall credit profile.	NBFCs can adopt a more collateral-centric approach, where the value and quality of the gold pledged play a greater role in determining the loan amount, enabling them to serve customers with relatively limited formal income documentation.
3 Turnaround Time and Customer Convenience:	Banks generally operate within more structured credit approval and documentation processes.	NBFCs often differentiate themselves through faster loan processing, simpler documentation and doorstep or branch-level service, which can be particularly relevant for small-ticket gold loans and customers requiring immediate liquidity.
4 Branch-Led Distribution:	Banks have a larger overall branch network and therefore a significant presence in gold lending as well.	However, specialised gold-loan NBFCs typically design their branch networks specifically around gold-loan demand, with branches located close to customer catchments and markets where short-term liquidity requirements are high.
5 Loan Size and Tenure:	Banks can offer gold loans across a relatively wide range of ticket sizes and tenures as part of their broader retail lending strategy.	NBFCs, particularly those focused on gold loans, generally have greater flexibility to structure products around short-term liquidity needs, with multiple repayment and interest-servicing options.
6 Pricing and Risk-Based Competition:	Banks benefit from relatively lower cost of funds and can therefore compete strongly in pricing, particularly for customers with stronger credit profiles.	NBFCs may command a higher yield by serving customers who value accessibility, speed and convenience, while managing the associated credit risk primarily through the underlying gold collateral.
7 Recovery and Collateral Management:	Since gold loans are secured by a readily realisable physical asset, both banks and NBFCs have a strong collateral-based risk mitigant.	However, specialised gold-loan NBFCs typically have greater operational experience in gold appraisal, custody, monitoring and auction processes, making collateral management an important part of their business model.

Share in Credit Deployed Towards Gold Loan Financing

Chart 22: Share in Credit Deployed Towards Gold Loan Financing



Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

Note: Since May 2024, a bank has changed the classification of a category of agricultural loan into "Loans against gold jewellery" under retail segment

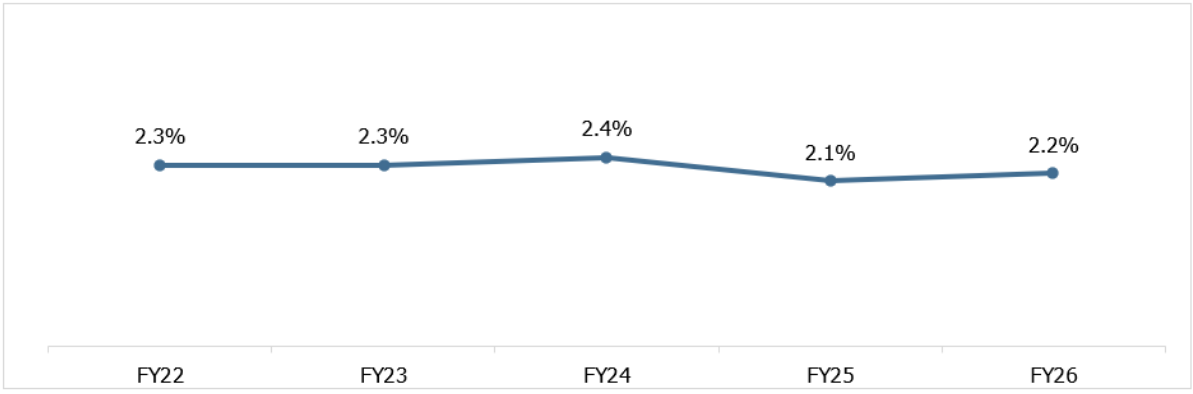
The approaches of banks and NBFCs in the gold loan segment differ primarily in terms of cost structures, customer focus, and operational strategy. Banks benefit from a relatively lower cost of funds, enabling competitive pricing, and are increasingly leveraging digital platforms to scale their presence. In contrast, NBFCs follow a collateral-centric model, with an emphasis on faster disbursement and strong customer outreach, particularly in rural and semi-urban markets.

As NBFCs expanded their footprint in these markets, they established a strong position in gold lending, supported by their agility and last-mile reach. However, the industry has witnessed a gradual shift in recent years. The trend for FY26 indicates an increase in banks' share, driven by a rise in bank credit towards gold loans, resulting in a relative moderation in NBFCs' share within the segment.

Banks have shown increased focus on the gold loan segment in the post-pandemic period, supported by structural factors such as lower cost of funds and competitive pricing. Additionally, established customer relationships and ongoing improvements in digital capabilities have supported their ability to expand in this segment. Overall, the market is evolving towards a more balanced participation between banks and NBFCs.

Asset Quality

Chart 23: GNPA of Gold Loans by NBFCs



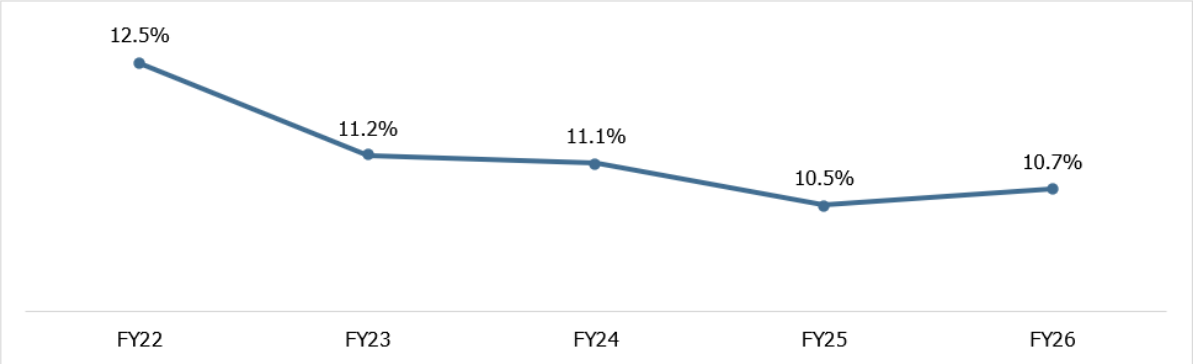
Source: RBI, CareEdge Research

Note: GNPA calculation for FY26 is based on aggregate analysis of major players consisting of more than 70% of NBFCs' gold loan AUM

The GNPA for the gold loan industry has remained relatively stable in the range of 2.3%–2.4% between FY22 and FY24, before declining to 2.1% in FY25 and further to an estimated 2.2% in FY26. This trend reflects the inherently secured nature of gold loans, where collateral-backed lending and established auction mechanisms help limit credit losses. The gradual improvement in asset quality in recent years may also be attributed to prudent underwriting practices, stable gold prices, and timely recovery processes.

Profitability

Chart 24: Net Interest Margin (NIM) of Gold Loan NBFCs



Source: Company Reports, CareEdge Research

Note: NIM calculation is based on aggregate analysis of major players consisting of more than 70% of NBFCs' gold loan AUM

The NIM for the gold loan industry has exhibited a gradual moderation from 12.5% in FY22 to 10.5% in FY25, followed by a marginal recovery to around 10.7% in FY26. The decline over FY22–FY25 reflects increasing competitive intensity from banks with lower cost of funds, which has exerted downward pressure on lending yields. Additionally, regulatory constraints such as caps on loan-to-value ratios and a shift in portfolio mix towards relatively lower-yield segments have contributed to the compression in margins. The slight improvement expected in FY26 indicates a degree of stabilisation, supported by calibrated pricing strategies, operational efficiencies, and steady demand conditions within the gold loan segment.

Growth Drivers

01

QUICK PROCESSING AND DISBURSEMENT

One of the key drivers of growth is the speed and simplicity of loan processing. Gold loans typically involve minimal documentation and faster turnaround times compared to other retail loan products, making them an attractive option for borrowers requiring immediate funds for consumption, emergencies, or business needs.





SECURED NATURE OF LENDING

Gold loans are backed by physical collateral, which reduces credit risk for lenders and enables broader credit access across borrower segments. This secured structure also supports relatively stable portfolio performance, encouraging lenders to expand their presence in this segment.

02

03

INCREASED PARTICIPATION BY BANKS AND NBFCs

The segment has witnessed growing interest from both banks and NBFCs, leading to enhanced product offerings, wider distribution networks, and improved customer outreach. This increased participation has contributed to greater awareness, competitive pricing, and overall market expansion.





EXPANSION OF DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS

Lenders have been actively expanding their physical branch presence and strengthening outreach in Tier II and Tier III markets.

04

05

GREATER AWARENESS AND ACCESSIBILITY

This increased proximity to customers, combined with targeted marketing efforts, has improved awareness and accessibility, contributing to the growth of gold loan portfolios.



Risks in Gold financing



Key Challenges Faced by the Gold Loan Industry

Volatility in gold prices	While rising gold prices support higher loan disbursements and provide a cushion against defaults, a sustained decline can increase the effective loan-to-value (LTV) ratio, thereby elevating credit risk. In such scenarios, lenders may face pressure from breaches of internal LTV or mark-to-market thresholds, necessitating corrective actions such as margin calls, additional collateral, or loan closures. Prolonged price corrections can also lead to higher auction volumes and potential recovery shortfalls, particularly in weak market conditions, thereby impacting asset quality and profitability.

Regulatory pressure	LTV ratio has been made tiered based on loan size, with loans up to Rs 2.5 lakh permitted an LTV of up to 85% (higher than the earlier 75%), loans between Rs 2.5–5 lakh capped at 80%, and loans above Rs 5 lakh limited to 75%. This differentiated structure aims to enhance credit access for small-ticket borrowers, particularly in rural and semi-urban segments, while maintaining tighter controls on larger exposures. However, higher LTV ratios also imply increased credit risk for lenders, as the collateral buffer reduces, potentially impacting recoverability and asset quality in the event of borrower stress or a sharp decline in gold prices.
Security and theft risk	One of the key operational risks for gold loan NBFCs is the potential for theft, robbery, or employee fraud, given the physical custody of high-value collateral. To mitigate these risks, lenders implement robust security measures such as secure vaults, in-house or outsourced storage systems, electronic surveillance, regular audits, and comprehensive insurance coverage to safeguard the pledged gold.
Lack of financial literacy among rural customers	Limited financial awareness among rural customers remains a constraint for the gold loan industry. Many borrowers in remote areas are unaware of their eligibility for formal credit from banks and NBFCs and continue to rely on informal sources such as local moneylenders. This lack of awareness restricts the reach of organised lenders and limits the overall growth potential of the segment.
Young Indians attraction to alternative jewellery	Evolving preferences among younger consumers, particularly in urban areas, pose a potential challenge to the gold loan industry. There is a gradual shift towards designer and gem-set jewellery, with increasing interest in alternatives such as platinum and diamonds. This trend suggests a moderation in demand for traditional plain gold jewellery, which forms the primary collateral base for gold loans. Additionally, the growing acceptance of alternative investment avenues in precious stones further indicates a shift in buying behaviour, which may, over time, impact the availability of gold as collateral in urban markets.
Change in savings pattern	Younger consumers are increasingly favouring alternative avenues such as equity markets and mutual funds for wealth creation over traditional investments like gold. At the same time, rising discretionary spending is further reducing the allocation towards gold purchases. The growing traction of these alternatives may gradually impact the demand for gold as both an investment and a source of collateral.
Data Security	With the increasing incidence of cyberattacks, including malware and phishing targeting sensitive customer information, data protection has become a critical priority for financial institutions. Ensuring robust IT infrastructure, secure networks, and strong data protection frameworks is essential to safeguard client information and mitigate potential operational and reputational risks.

Outlook

CareEdge Research expects the outlook for the NBFC gold loan industry to remain strong, with the market expected to reach approximately Rs 5.1 – 5.3 lakh crore by FY28, growing at a CAGR of around 28–30% from FY26 to FY28. Over the past decade, NBFCs have witnessed significant growth, driven by their expanding role in financial inclusion and credit delivery, particularly in catering to underserved segments such as small businesses, rural borrowers, and the informal sector.

Their ability to offer customised and flexible credit products, along with quicker turnaround times, has positioned them as key enablers within the broader credit ecosystem. In the gold loan segment specifically, growth is expected to be supported by sustained demand for short-term liquidity, increasing monetisation of household gold, and continued expansion into semi-urban and rural markets.

At the same time, the rising participation of banks, supported by competitive pricing and digital capabilities, is likely to further deepen the market while intensifying competition. From a retail portfolio perspective, the increasing diversification of NBFC lending beyond traditional segments such as vehicle loans, along with the relatively resilient and secured nature of gold loans, is expected to support their continued relevance as a stable and counter-cyclical asset class within the overall lending mix.

Overview of Players in Gold Loans

Muthoot Mercantile Limited (MML)

MML was incorporated as a Public Limited Company in 1997 and was subsequently registered as a NBFC with the Reserve Bank of India in 2002. The company serves as the flagship entity of the Muthoot Ninan Group. MML's core business primarily comprises lending against the security of gold jewellery. In addition, the company is engaged in allied financial services, including investments, health insurance distribution, foreign exchange services, and money transfer operations. The company has established a multi-state presence, with branches across Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Maharashtra, Odisha, Delhi, Haryana, Madhya Pradesh, Punjab, and Uttar Pradesh. Muthoot Mercantile Limited is promoted by M. Mathew and his son, Richi Mathew, who have played a key role in the group's growth and expansion.

Particular	Muthoot Mercantile					
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	Q1FY27
AUM* (Rs. Crores)	345.2	506.7	701.0	890.5	1,298.6	NA
Revenue from Operations (Rs. Crores)	66.7	94.3	131.2	164.1	246.9	78.0
Profit after tax (Rs. Crores)	17.0	17.7	24.3	28.1	53.3	20.7
Net worth (Rs. Crores)	117.4	133.3	164.7	192.3	240.0	260.3
CRAR (%)	47.7%	38.0%	29.8%	25.4%	24.9%	25.4%
Gross NPA (%)	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%	1.5%	0.4%#	0.4%#
Net NPA (%)	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%	1.3%	0.3%#	0.4%#
Return on Equity (%)	14.5%	13.3%	14.7%	14.6%	22.2%	8.0%
Return on Assets (%)	4.0%	2.8%	3.1%	2.8%	3.8%	NA

Source: Company reports, CareEdge Research

Note: AUM*- Indicates Loans from Balance Sheet; # indicates the stage 3 gross and net loan assets; ROE for Q1FY27 is not annualised

Data is based on standalone numbers

Manappuram Finance Limited (MAFIL)

MAFIL is an NBFC registered with RBI as a non-deposit-accepting loan company, headquartered in Thrissur, Kerala. MAFIL was promoted by V.P. Nandakumar in 1992, and as on June 30, 2026, the promoter and promoter group's stake in MAFIL stood at 42%, while the remaining 58% is held by the public. The company is listed on BSE and NSE.

Gold loans constitute around 82% of AUM (on a consolidated basis) as on June 30, 2026. The rest of the AUM majorly includes MFI Loans, Vehicle loans, Housing Loans and MSME & Allied loans. The company provides MFI loans and Housing loans through its subsidiaries, namely Asirvad Microfinance Limited and Manappuram Home Finance Limited, respectively. Manappuram Finance Limited has a geographic concentration in South India, which accounts for approximately 63% of its total branch network.

Particular	Manappuram Finance Limited					
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	Q1FY27
AUM (Rs. Crores)	22,413.0	24,446.0	28,679.0	33,021.0	55,952.0	60,971.0
Revenue from Operations (Rs. Crores)	4,562.8	4,815.1	5,829.9	6,908.1	7,642.7	2,543.4

Particular	Manappuram Finance Limited					
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	Q1FY27
Profit after tax (Rs. Crores)	1,304.5	1,266.3	1,657.8	1,783.3	1,524.6	551.8
Net worth (Rs. Crores)	7942.9	8,979.9	10,349.3	11,792.8	15,937.5	16,403.1
CRAR (%)	31.3%	31.7%	30.6%	30.9%	21.3%	21.3%
Gross NPA (%)	3.0%	1.3%	1.9%	2.8%	1.8%	1.6%
Net NPA (%)	2.7%	1.2%	1.7%	2.5%	1.5%	1.1%
Return on Equity (%)	16.4%	14.1%	16.0%	15.1%	9.6%	3.4%
Return on Assets (%)	4.8%	4.3%	4.9%	4.5%	2.3%	0.8%

Source: Company reports, CareEdge Research
Note: ROE and ROA for Q1FY27 is not annualised
Data is based on standalone numbers

Indel Money Limited

Indel Money was incorporated in 1986 as Payal Holdings Pvt Ltd, a non-deposit-taking NBFC. During July-12, the company was acquired by the current promoters and was named as Indel Money Limited in Jan-13. Indel Corporation Ltd, the holding company, is promoted by Mr. Mohanan Gopalakrishnan and Mr. Umesh Mohanan. Indel Money primarily extends loans against gold jewellery. Its operations are regionally concentrated in southern states, viz., Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Kerala. It also operates in the traders' loans, business loans, loans against property, vehicle loans, and money transfer segments. Additionally, they are involved in segments such as hospitality, and media and communication through various companies.

Particular	Indel Money Ltd.					
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	Q1FY27
AUM* (Rs. Crores)	523.7	723.7	1,014.0	1,540.9	2,994.8	NA
Revenue from Operations (Rs. Crores)	122.7	185.2	289.0	329.3	603.5	183.3
Profit after tax (Rs. Crores)	2.1	20.5	39.9	44.6	124.0	27.6
Net worth (Rs. Crores)	100.5	161.6	211.2	319.5	631.8	659.0
CRAR (%)	23.8%	25.3%	22.6%	20.5%	20.5%	22.5%
Gross NPA (%)	1.6%	2.7%	5.0%	1.9%	1.7%	1.5%
Net NPA (%)	1.4%	NA	3.2%	1.4%	1.3%	1.2%
Return on Equity (%)	2.1%	12.7%	18.9%	14.0%	19.6%	4.2%
Return on Assets (%)	0.3%	2.0%	3.2%	2.4%	3.3%	NA

Source: Company reports, CareEdge Research
Note: * Indicates Loans from Balance Sheet; ROE for Q1FY27 is not annualised
Data is based on standalone numbers

Chemmanur Credit and Investments Limited

Promoted by Chemmanur International Jewellers Group, Chemmanur Credits was incorporated in 2008 and commenced operations in 2011. The company is promoted by Mr. Chemmanur Devassykutty Boby, who has expanded the family-run gold jewellery business with a legacy of more than 150 years. As of September 2024, Chemmanur Credits has a strong presence in Kerala, with 282 branches across Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Maharashtra, and Karnataka.

Particular	Chemmanur Credits and Investment Ltd					
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	Q1FY27
AUM (Rs Crores)	355.0	408.0	490.6	592.4	790.4*	NA
Revenue from Operations (Rs Crores)	73.4	83.1	105.7	131.8	179.3	54.6

Particular	Chemmanur Credits and Investment Ltd					
	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	Q1FY27
Profit after tax (Rs Crores)	2.7	0.8	1.7	2.5	20.1	10.0
Net worth (Rs Crores)	86.5	87.4	89.0	112.4	132.6	151.7
CRAR (%)	31.2%	27.1%	21.8%	25.3%	26.2%	29.0%
Gross NPA (%)	1.1%	0.6%	0.7%	1.7%	0.9%	0.9%
Net NPA (%)	0.9%	0.2%	0.4%	1.2%	0.7%	0.5%
Return on Equity (%)	3.1%	0.9%	1.9%	2.2%	15.1%	6.6%
Return on Assets (%)	0.6%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	2.3%	NA

Source: Company reports, CareEdge Research

Note: * Indicates Loans from Balance Sheet; ROE for Q1FY27 is not annualised

Data is based on standalone numbers

OUR BUSINESS

Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context otherwise requires, the financial information included herein is derived from the Unaudited Financial Results and Audited Financial Statements, included in this Draft Prospectus. We publish our financial statements in Indian Rupees. Our Financial Year commences on April 1 and ends on March 31 of the subsequent year, and references to a particular Financial Year are for the 12 months ended March 31 of that year.

Some of the information contained in the following section, especially information with respect to our strengths and strategies, contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, assumptions, estimates and uncertainties. This section should be read in conjunction with the sections "Forward-Looking Statements" "Risk Factors" "Industry Overview" and "Financial Information" on pages 16, 18, 72 and 136 respectively.

In this section, unless the context otherwise requires, references to "we", "us", "our", "the Company" or "our Company" refer to Muthoot Mercantile Limited.

The industry-related information contained in this section is derived from the CareEdge Research, which has been exclusively commissioned and paid for by our Company only for the purposes of confirming our understanding of the industry in connection with the Issue.

Overview

We are a non-deposit taking non-banking financial company- middle layer ("**NBFC –Middle Layer"**) registered with the RBI bearing registration no. N-16.00178 dated December 12, 2002 under section 45-IA of the RBI Act primarily engaged in the gold loan sector lending money against the pledge of household and/or used gold jewellery ("**Gold Loan**") primarily to retail customers who require immediate availability of funds, but who do not have access to formal credit on an immediate basis and are also engaged in providing unsecured loans ("**Pronote Loan**") to individual customers for their personal needs. As of September 30, 2026, we disbursed Gold Loan and Pronote Loan to our customers from a network of 324 branches of our Company in 11 states and 1 union territory of India namely Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Delhi, Haryana, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Rajasthan and Gujarat. As of September 30, 2026, we employed 1,228 persons in our operations. Our branches function as the key point of contact for loan origination, disbursement, and collection processes as well as facilitating customer interaction.

We are headquartered in the south Indian state of Keralam. Our Company commenced operations from Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala and have decades of established history in the money lending business, mainly in small-scale money lending against household and/or used gold jewellery. Our operating history has evolved over a period of 84 years since late M. Ninan Muthoot (the father of our Promoter, Mathew Mathaininan) founded a gold loan business in 1939 under the heritage of a trading business which was originally established in the year 1925. Since our formation, we have broadened the scale and geographic scope of our gold loan operations. For quarter ended June 30, 2026, Fiscal year ended March 31, 2026, Fiscal year ended March 31, 2025, and Fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, our interest income from our Gold Loan business constituted 98.70%, 96.91% 95.86%, and 95.25% respectively of our total income. Historically, we have also provided other related services, including asset finance, money transfer and foreign exchange, sales of gold coins and business and personal lending. Our Company was incorporated as a Public Limited Company in the year 1997 and was registered as a NBFC by the Reserve Bank of India in the year 2002. We are also having arrangements with various agencies and brokers for Money Transfer and Insurance Business.

Our Gold Loan portfolio as of June 30, 2026, comprised approximately 1,78,875 lakh customers aggregating a principal amount of ₹ 1,38,179.04 lakhs in Gold Loan, which accounted for 99.97% of our total loans. Our Gold Loan portfolio as of March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2024, had outstanding principal amounting to ₹ 1,30,504.76 lakhs, ₹ 84,755.76 lakhs, and ₹ 64,659.27 lakhs, respectively and has grown at a CAGR of 42.07% from Fiscal 2024 to Fiscal 2026.

We have developed various Gold Loan schemes, which offer variable terms in relation to the amount advanced per gram of gold, the interest rate and the quantum of the loan, to meet different needs of various customers. Our Gold Loan customers are largely individuals from rural, semi-urban areas and metro cities, including, Mumbai and Delhi, who typically require funds for social obligations, emergencies, agriculture-related activities, small scale business operations or consumption purposes.

We believe that our focus on non-organized sections of society and our faster turn-around time are among the factors which distinguish us from banks. Loan amounts advanced by us are generally in the range of ₹1,000 to ₹100.00 lakhs per loan transaction. All our Gold Loan had a maximum tenure of 12 months. Our Gold Loan portfolio yield for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, (representing interest income on Gold Loan as a percentage of average outstanding at June 30, 2026), was 27.68% annualized.

We also provide Pronote Loan which are unsecured loans to our existing customers for their personal needs including consumption needs. Our Pronote Loan portfolio as of June 30, 2026, had outstanding principal amount of ₹ 43.25 lakhs, which accounted for 0.03% of our total loans outstanding.

The following table sets forth certain key financial measures for us as of/for the years/period indicated:

(₹ in lakhs)

Metric	As of and for quarter ended June 30, 2026	As of and for the financial year ended March 31,		
		2026	2025	2024
Gold Loan	1,38,179.04	130,504.76	84,755.76	64,659.27
Pronote Loan	43.25	91.43	413.65	1,654.74
Total AUM	**1,38,222.29**	**130,596.19**	**85,169.41**	**66,314.01**
Growth rate of AUM	5.84%	53.34%	28.43%	30.70%
Gross NPA	561.87	353.88	1,363.48	346.14
Gross NPA (%)	0.41%	0.27%	1.52%	0.49%
Net NPA	490.86	220.35	1,157.38	231.32
Net NPA (%)	0.36%	0.17%	1.29%	0.33%
Average Interest Margin (Interest Income/ Avg. AUM)	22.96%	22.42%	21.20%	21.83%
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	25.36%	24.89%	25.36%	29.82%
Net worth	26,033.38	23,969.39	18,585.45	15,786.92

Historically, we have raised capital by issuing secured non-convertible debentures on a private placement basis, subordinated debt, loans from banks and financial institutions. As at June 30, 2026, March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2024, our total outstanding debt was ₹ 1,17,360.18 lakhs, ₹ 86,494.08 lakhs, ₹73,669.19 lakhs, and ₹57,202.36 lakhs respectively. Our finance cost for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, and for Fiscal 2026, Fiscal 2025, and Fiscal 2024 was ₹ 2,925.45 lakhs, ₹ 3,124.71 lakhs, ₹7,297.38 lakhs, and ₹5,374.45 lakhs respectively.

Key Operational and Financial Parameter based on the Unaudited Financial Results and Audited Financial Statements

A summary of our key operational and financial parameters for the last three completed financial years of the Company on a standalone basis are as under:

A. Based on the Audited Financial Statements:

Details for key operational and financial parameters for the fiscal years ended March 31, 2024, March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2026:

(In ₹ lakhs)

Particulars	Fiscal 2024	Fiscal 2025	Fiscal 2026
BALANCE SHEET			
Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	642.01	967.84	922.18
Financial Assets	73,918.03	93,314.34	1,34,060.10
Non-financial Assets excluding property, plant and equipment	4,645.38	4,797.82	4,957.89

Particulars	Fiscal 2024	Fiscal 2025	Fiscal 2026
Total Assets	**79,205.42**	**99,080.00**	**1,39,940.17**
Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
-Derivative financial instruments	-	54.45	-
-Trade Payables	168.28	173.28	75.83
-Debt Securities	14,626.37	31,977.09	52,317.17
-Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	19,275.99	21,062.61	35,305.27
-Subordinated liabilities	23,300.00	20,629.49	21,051.51
-Other financial liabilities	4,983.92	5,431.92	5,310.61
Non-Financial Liabilities		-	-
-Current tax liabilities (net)	175.02	180.25	894.79
-Provisions	117.92	191.74	292.94
-Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	-	-
-Other non-financial liabilities	91.74	150.04	74.27
Equity (Equity Share Capital and Other Equity)	16,466.18	19,229.13	24,617.78
Total Liabilities and Equity	**79,205.42**	**99,080.00**	**1,39,940.17**
PROFIT AND LOSS			
Revenue from operations	13,119.01	16,407.03	24,617.78
Other Income	58.90	235.59	**1,39,940.17**
Total Income	**13,177.91**	**16,642.62**	24,617.78
Total Expense (including tax expense)	10,750.07	13,833.69	19,544.35
Profit after tax for the year	2,427.84	**2,808.93**	**53.94**
Other Comprehensive Income	11.77	**(45.98)**	**5,388.65**
Total Comprehensive Income	**2,439.61**	**2,762.95**	19,544.35
Earnings per equity share (Basic)	7.95	**7.71**	**3.66**
Earnings per equity share (Diluted)	7.95	**7.71**	**3.66**
Cash Flow			
Net cash from / used in (-) operating activities	(13,990.43)	(15,092.75)	(33,762.39)
Net cash from / used in (-) investing activities	(301.25)	(479.18)	(257.00)
Net cash from / used in (-) financing activities	10,808.45	15,427.07	33,790.67
Net increase/decrease (-) in cash and cash equivalents	(3,483.23)	(144.86)	(228.73)

Particulars	Fiscal 2024	Fiscal 2025	Fiscal 2026
Cash and cash equivalents as per Cash Flow Statement as at end of year/period	**1,070.33**	**925.47**	**696.74**
Additional Information			
Net worth	**15,786.92**	**18,585.45**	**23,969.39**
Cash and cash equivalents	1,070.33	925.47	696.74
Loans	70,101.81	89,050.04	1,29,863.95
Loans (Principal Amount)	70,277.26	89,673.47	1,30,596.18
Total Debts to Total Assets	0.72	0.74	0.78
Interest Income	12,903.59	16,307.19	24,412.19
Interest Expense	5,374.45	7,297.38	10,752.77
Impairment on Financial Instruments	102.38	447.98	108.80
Bad Debts to Loans	N.A.	N.A.	3.22
% Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	0.49%	1.52%	0.27%
% Net Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	0.35%	1.29%	0.17%
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	20.87%	19.04%	17.24%
Tier II Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	8.95%	6.32%	7.65%

N.A. – Not available

1) Total Debts to Total assets (under Ind AS) = Debt securities + Borrowings (other than debt securities) + Subordinated liabilities/ Total Assets

2) Net worth (under Ind AS) = Total Equity (-) Prepaid Expenses (-) Deferred Tax Assets (-) Intangible Assets (-) Impairment Reserve

3) Net worth (IGAAP)= Equity Share Capital + Reserves and Surplus

B. Based on the Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2026

(In ₹ lakhs)

Particulars	For the quarter June 30, 2026
PROFIT AND LOSS	
Revenue from operations	7,803.63
Other Income	12.13
Total Income	**7,815.76**
Total Expense (including tax expense)	5,743.18
Profit after tax for the year	**95.95**
Other Comprehensive Income	**2,168.52**
Total Comprehensive Income	5,743.18
Earnings per equity share (Basic)	**1.42**
Earnings per equity share (Diluted)	**1.42**
Cash Flow	
Net cash from / used in (-) operating activities	NA
Net cash from / used in (-) investing activities	NA
Net cash from / used in (-) financing activities	NA
Net increase/decrease (-) in cash and cash equivalents	NA
Cash and cash equivalents as per Cash Flow Statement as at end of year/period	NA
Additional Information	

Particulars	For the quarter June 30, 2026
Net worth	**26,033.38**
Cash and cash equivalents	172.27
Loans	1,37,524.74
Loans (Principal Amount)	1,38,222.29
Total Debts to Total Assets	0.77
Interest Income	7,728.73
Interest Expense	2,925.45
Impairment on Financial Instruments	(34.68)
Bad Debts to Loans	N.A.
% Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	0.41%
% Net Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	0.36%
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	17.20%
Tier II Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	8.16%

N.A. – Not available

Competitive Strengths

We believe that the following are our key strengths:

Strong brand name, track record in India with a long operating history

We are headquartered in the south Indian state of Kerala. Our Company commenced operations from Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala and have decades of established history in the money lending business, mainly in small-scale money lending against household and/or used gold jewellery. Our operating history has evolved over a period of 84 years since late M. Ninan Muthoot (the father of our Promoter, Mathew Mathaininan) founded a gold loan business in 1939 under the heritage of a trading business which was originally established in the year 1925. Since our formation, we have broadened the scale and geographic scope of our gold loan operations. We have established an effective process for origination, monitoring and collecting receivables through our branches and believe that has helped created a strong brand image in the Gold Loan market by catering to the expectations of our Gold Loan customer. Promoted by the Muthoot family, we believe that our long operating history, track record, management expertise and Promoters support have established a strong brand name for us in the markets we serve. A strong brand name has contributed to our ability to earn the trust of individuals who entrust us with their gold jewellery and will be key in allowing us to further expand business operations across India.

Our Gold Loan portfolio as of June 30, 2026, comprised approximately 1,78,875 lakhs customers aggregating a principal amount of ₹ 1,38,179.04 lakhs in Gold Loan, which accounted for 99.97% of our total loans. We attribute our growth, in part, to our market penetration, particularly in areas less served by organized lending institutions and the efficient and streamlined procedural formalities which our customers need to complete in order to complete a loan transaction with us, which makes us a preferred mode of finance for our customers. We also attribute our growth to customer loyalty which in turn leads to repeat business. We believe that a large portion of our customer base returns to us when they are in need of funds.

Flexible loan schemes, high quality customer service and short response time

We believe the growth in our Gold Loan portfolio is partly due to the flexible gold loan schemes which offer variable terms in relation to the amount advanced per gram of gold, the interest rate and the quantum of the loan, to meet different needs of various customers. Depending on the needs of each customer, we are able to customize loans for our customers in terms of the loan amount, advance rate per gram of gold and interest rate. We also allow customers to prepay their loans availed from us without penalty. Further, we also provide shorter tenure loans which is up to 12 months (depending on the customer's requirement) at the discretion of the Company, to facilitate lower interest burden on the customers. The LTV varies across the various Gold Loan schemes and is dependent on the specific scheme opted for by a customer.

Our products and services are aligned to the lifestyle and needs of our customers. We adhere to a strict set of market survey and location guidelines at the time of selecting branch sites to ensure that our branches are set up close to our customers. We provide our customers with a transparent process and a clean, attractive and secure environment in which to transact their business, and we believe that our staff is professional, adequately trained and attentive at all our branch locations. Each of our branches is staffed with customer representatives who possess

local knowledge and understanding of customers' needs. In addition, we strive to complete our Gold Loan transactions within a short time frame, which we believe is an important component in our competitive edge over other lenders. We believe that we are able to process Gold Loan within a short time frame as a result of our efficient technology support, skilled workforce and clear policies on internal processes. Although the duration for disbursement may vary due to the loan size and the number of items pledged, we have the ability to disburse loans within short period from the time gold is tendered to the appraiser.

Furthermore, since our Gold Loan are all collateralized by gold jewellery, there are minimal documentary and credit assessment requirements, which also shorten our turnaround time and increases the ease with which our customers can do business with us. We believe our high quality customer service and short response time are significant competitive strengths that differentiate our services and products from those provided by other lenders including commercial banks.

Geographical reach of our branch network

We have steadily expanded our branch network in the past, which we believe has provided us with an advantage over our competitors. The total number of branches of our Company grew from 242 branches in 9 states and 1 union territory of India as at March 31, 2024 to 325 branches in 11 states and 1 in union territory as at March 31, 2026. Although we have historically had most of our branches in the states of Kerala, we have expanded our branch network to the other states and have 233 branches in states other than Kerala as on September 30, 2026. Our customers are typically retail customers, small business persons, vendors, traders, farmers and salaried individuals, who for reasons of convenience, accessibility or necessity, avail our credit facilities by pledging their gold with us rather than taking loans from banks and other financial institutions. A significant proportion of our branches are located in rural locations and in semi-urban locations. We believe that we have a wide reach in rural markets in this category. Our reach in rural and semi-urban locations gives us an added advantage of being able to reach a large set of potential rural customers. In order to manage our expanding operations as well as our increased customer base, we have developed a proprietary technology framework that provides an integrated, robust platform to run our operations and scale our branch network. We intend to continue to develop our technology framework in order to equip ourselves for further growth of our business.

Experienced Management Team and Skilled Personnel

Our Promoters and Key Managerial Personnel have extensive experience and in-depth industry knowledge in the gold loan business and we believe that their considerable knowledge of, and experience in, the industry enhances our ability to operate effectively. Our staff, including professionals, covers a variety of disciplines, including gold appraisal, internal audit, technology, accounting, marketing and sales. Mathew Mathaininan is a Mechanical Engineering graduate with a work experience of more than 60 years in the financial services and chitty business. Our Managing Director Richi Mathew is a Computer Engineering graduate, has a work experience of more than 20 years in the Financial Sector.

We believe that the in-depth industry knowledge and loyalty of our management and professionals provide us with a distinct competitive advantage. Our management has experience in identifying market trends and suitable locations for expanding and setting up branches to suit our target customers. Our management further promotes a result-oriented culture that rewards our employees on the basis of merit. Our workforce also consists of appraisers who are skilled in the evaluation of the worth and authenticity of the gold that is pledged with us and we conduct periodic training programs to augment their knowledge and efficiency in performing this task. In order to strengthen our credit appraisal and risk management systems and to develop and implement our credit policies, we have hired a number of senior managers who have extensive experience in the Indian banking and financial services sector and in specialized finance firms providing loans to retail customers.

Effective internal controls and risk management systems

Risk management forms an integral part of our business as we are exposed to various risks relating to our business. We believe that we have effective internal controls and risk management systems that allow us to assess and monitor risks across our business lines. Our lending functions are supported by an in-house, custom developed information technology platform that allows us to, among other things, record relevant customer details, approve and disburse the loan, manage access to the strong rooms at all our branches from our head office. Our technology platform also handles internal audit, risk monitoring and management of the relevant loan and pledged gold related information. Our internal audit is carried out by a team of gold inspectors and internal auditors specially identified for the purpose based on a schedule fixed by the risk management team in our head office. Our Board has

constituted various committees, including the Audit Committee, Asset Liability Management Committee and Risk Management Committee, to monitor and manage risks at various levels. For details of Committees, please refer to section titled '*Our Management*' on page 119. We place emphasis on risk management measures to maintain an appropriate balance between risk and return and have taken steps to implement comprehensive policies and procedures to identify, measure, monitor and manage risks. New loan schemes under loan products are launched as approved in meeting of the management team consisting of heads of departments. Such meetings are held as required and approvals are granted taking into account the lending policy approved by the Board. We believe that we have effective procedures for evaluating and managing the market, credit and other relevant risks.

Strategy

Our business strategy is designed to capitalize on our competitive strengths and enhance our market position in the Gold Loan industry. Key elements of our strategy include:

Further strengthen and grow our Gold Loan business

Historically, Indians have been one of the largest consumers of gold due to the strong preference for gold jewellery among Indian households and its widespread use as a savings instrument. Further, the market for our loan products was traditionally confined to lower and middle income groups, who viewed Gold Loan as an option of the last resort in case of instant requirement of money. We have undertaken and intend to continue undertaking sustained marketing efforts to diminish the stigma attached to pledging gold jewellery in India and further capture the untapped opportunity. We continue to work to position Gold Loan as a convenient or lifestyle product and expand our customer base to include upper-middle income and upper income groups. We continue to emphasize our Gold Loan products' key advantages of expediency and minimal documentation and alter the image of Gold Loan from an option of the last resort to an option of convenience.

We believe that we have built a recognizable brand in the rural and semi-urban markets of India, largely in the southern states of Kerala and Tamil Nadu and are growing our presence in Maharashtra, Delhi, Haryana, Odisha, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan, West Bengal, Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat and other parts of India. We intend to leverage on our well connected branch network to strengthen our position in existing markets and reach out to customers in newer markets. To further strengthen our brand equity, we have a planned and consistent marketing approach based on long term as well as short term marketing goals.

Expand branch network and geographical reach

We intend to continuously grow our loan portfolio by expanding our network through the addition of new branches. In order to optimize our expansion, we carefully assess potential markets by analyzing demographic, competitive and regulatory factors, site selection and availability, and growth potential. We have a long-standing presence in southern India and have expanded operations in other states than southern India. Our strategy for branch expansion includes further strengthening our market position in south Indian states by providing higher accessibility to customers as well as leveraging our expertise and presence in Kerala and Maharashtra. We also seek to enhance our presence in other regions of India, particularly in northern and western India, where we intend to open branches in most states. As a strategy, we will continue to leverage on the brand image and reputation of 'Muthoot Ninan Group' to further expand our business operations. We had 242 branches in Fiscal 2024 and have added 53 branches and 26 branches in Fiscal 2025 and Fiscal 2026, respectively. Subsequently, we have closed 1 branch as of September 30, 2026, and our Company had a total of 324 branches located across 11 states and1 union territory of India. Based on our branch expansion strategy, we expect to penetrate new markets and expand our customer base in rural and semi-urban markets where a large portion of the population has limited access to credit either because they do not meet the eligibility requirements of banks or financial institutions, or because credit is not available in a timely manner at reasonable rates of interest, or at all. We also intend to increase our efforts on increasing the number of customers in our existing branches, thereby increasing our loan portfolio while continuing to expand our branch network.

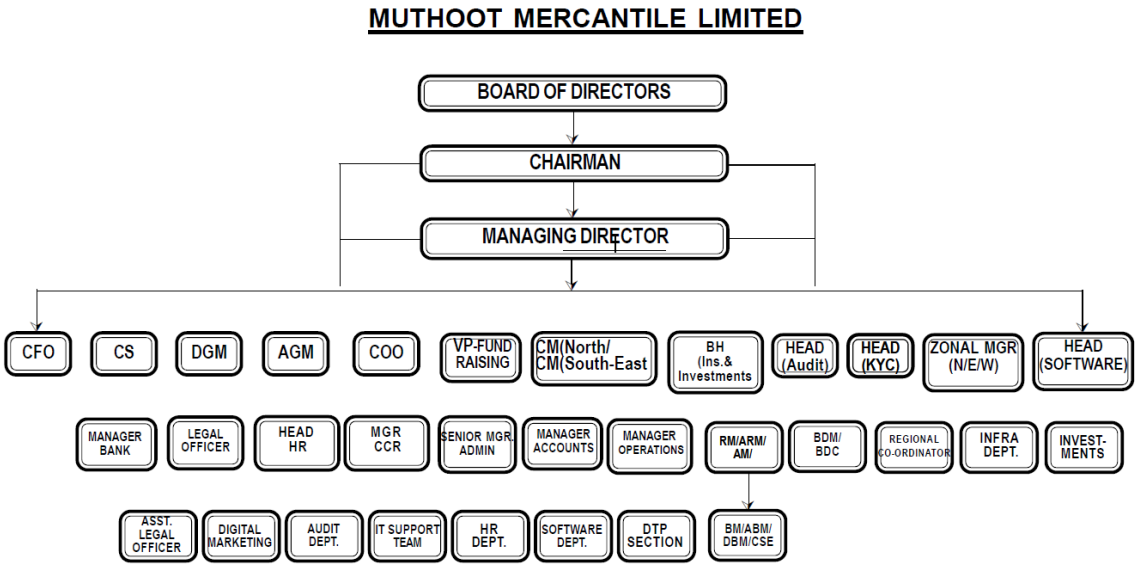
Strengthen our operating processes and risk management systems

Risk management forms an integral part of our business as we are exposed to various risks relating to the Gold Loan business. The objective of our risk management systems is to measure and monitor the various risks we are subject to and to implement policies and procedures to address such risks. We intend to continue to improve our operating processes and risk management systems that will further enhance our ability to manage the risks inherent to our business. For example, we have installed surveillance cameras in all our branches across India, centralised

control on access to strong rooms. Furthermore, we intend to continue to train existing and new employees in appraisal skills, customer relations, communication skills and risk management procedures, update our employees with latest developments to mitigate risks against frauds, cheating and spurious gold and strengthen their gold assessment skills.

Corporate Structure

The following diagram sets out an overview of our group structure as of the date of this Draft Prospectus:



Our Business Operations

Our Gold Loan Business

Our core business is providing Gold Loan, which are typically small ticket loans secured by the pledge of household, and/or used gold jewellery. Loan amounts advanced by us are typically within the range of ₹ 1,000.00 to ₹ 100 lakhs per loan transaction and are typically for short tenor of up to 12 months. However, there is no maximum limit on the amount of Gold Loan to be advanced to any customer. As of June 30, 2026, March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2024, we had Gold Loan outstanding aggregating to ₹ 1,38,179.04 lakhs, ₹ 1,30,504.76 lakhs, ₹ 84,755.76 lakhs, and ₹ 64,659.27 lakhs in principal amount.

We are able to offer a variety of Gold Loan schemes to our customers to suit their individual needs. We have developed various Gold Loan schemes which offer variable terms in relation to the amount advanced per gram of gold, the interest rate and the quantum of the loan, to meet different needs of various customers. The schemes differ in relation to the amount advanced per evaluated gram of gold, the interest rate chargeable, the number of days the scheme is valid and the amount of the loan. The elements of a scheme do not remain constant and are dependent on external factors such as the market price of gold, our cost of funds, the advance and the rate of interest that is offered by our competitors.

In the Fiscals 2024, 2025, 2026 and quarter ended June 30, 2026, our gross Gold Loan portfolio yield representing net interest income on gross Gold loan as a percentage of gross average outstanding of Gold Loan were 22.00%, 21.36%, 22.40%, and 22.94% per annum respectively. In Fiscals 2024, 2025, 2026 and quarter ended June 30, 2026, interest income from Gold Loan constituted 95.25 %, 95.86%, 96.91%, and 98.70%, respectively, of our total revenue. As on June 30, 2026, the average loan amount advanced by us was approximately ₹ 0.77 lakhs per loan transaction.

Loan Disbursement Process

The principal form of security that we accept is household, gold jewellery. The RBI SBR Master Directions provide that NBFCs shall not grant any advance against primary gold, gold bullion, gold coins and bars, units of Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) and units of gold mutual fund. We restrict acceptance of jewellery from other

money lenders. Our internal policies have been suitably modified to ensure the same. While these restrictions narrow the pool of assets that may be provided to us as security, we believe that it provides us with the following key advantages:

- It filters out spurious jewellery that may be pledged by jewellers and goldsmiths. We find that household, used jewellery is less likely to be spurious or fake.
- The emotional value attached by each household to the pledged jewellery acts as a strong incentive for timely repayment of loans and revoking the pledge.
- As we only accept the pledge of household jewellery, the value of the pledged gold is typically only as much as the worth of gold that is owned by an average Indian household. This prevents our exposure to large-sized loans where the chances of default and subsequent losses are high.

The amount that we finance against the pledged gold jewellery is typically based on a fixed rate per gram of gold content in the jewellery. We value the gold jewellery brought by customers based on our centralized policies and guidelines. We generally lend up to 75.00% of the value of jewellery (basis the category of gold loan scheme of the 22 carat gold price based on 30 days average price of 22 carat gold declared by India Bullion and Jewellers Association Limited, as per RBI guidelines). As per our internal Gold Loan manual, we do not accept household gold jewellery below 19 carats as security for Gold Loan.

The actual loan amount varies according to the type of jewellery pledged. While jewellery can be appraised based on a variety of factors, such as total weight, weight of gold content, production cost, style, brand and value of any gemstones, we appraise the gold jewellery solely based on its gold content. Our Gold Loans are, therefore, generally well collateralized because the actual value of the gold jewellery is higher than our appraised value when the loan is disbursed. The amount we lend against an item and the total value of the pledged gold we hold fluctuates according to the market price of gold. An increase in the price of gold will not automatically result in an increase in the value of our Gold Loan portfolio unless the rate per gram is revised by our Registered Office. It only results in a favourable movement in the value of the security, pledged with us. Similarly, since adequate margins are built in at the time of the loan disbursement and owing to the short tenure of these loans, on average, a decrease in the price of gold generally has little impact on our interest income. However, a sustained decrease in the market price of gold could cause a decrease in the growth rate of Gold Loans in our loan portfolio.

All our Gold Loans have a maximum term of 365 days. In the event that a loan is not repaid on time and after providing due notice to the customer, the unredeemed pledged gold is disposed off, on behalf of the customer in satisfaction of the principal and interest charges. Any surplus arising out of the disposal of the pledged gold is refunded to the customer or is appropriated towards any other liability by the borrower. In the event that the recoverable amount is more than the realizable value of the pledged gold, the customer remains liable for the shortfall.
We make provisions for losses that we believe are not recoverable from the customer when the respective loans remain outstanding after 90 days from the date of agreed tenor of the loan.

The processes involved in approving and disbursing a Gold Loan are divided into three phases:

- Pre-disbursement,
- Post-disbursement; and
- Release of the pledge

Pre-Disbursement

Pre-disbursement processes include all the actions that are carried out from the moment a customer enters any of our branches for procuring a Gold Loan until the customer receives the loan amount and include the following:

Identification and Appraisal of the Customer

Gold Loans are sanctioned only to genuine borrowers. Gold loans are sanctioned only to genuine borrowers. Compliance with the KYC policies ensures that the personal data provided by a particular customer is accurate. For all loans, the customer must provide a document that confirms the customer's identity, which could be a Government issued document, such as a passport, driver's license, PAN card, voter identification card, ration card

or UIDAI card (Aadhar) and proof of address required. For mandatory compliance of KYC norms, as mandated by RBI and easy identification of each borrower, a photograph, proof of identity and address are always obtained. Any KYC document that is received is verified for authenticity. A KYC register is maintained in every branch to enter all KYC related details of our customers. We also maintain and file electronic copies of all KYC documents at each branch, retain a photograph of each customer captured through web-cameras installed in our branches, and confirm the customer's mobile number by generation of a unique identification number through text message at the time of the pledge.

The RBI Master Directions provides that Gold Loan NBFCs have been mandated to insist on a copy of the PAN card of the borrower for all transaction above ₹500,000. Further, where the gold jewellery pledged by a borrower at any one time or cumulatively on loan outstanding is more than 20 grams, NBFCs must keep record of the verification of the ownership of the jewellery. Further, it is not necessary to produce original receipts to establish ownership. Instead, a suitable document may be prepared to explain how the ownership is determined and an explicit policy within the overall loan policy must be established by the Company. Our internal policies have been suitably modified to ensure the same.

Appraisal of Gold

The first step in the process is the appraisal or evaluation of the gold to be used as security for the Gold Loan. Once the manager is satisfied regarding ownership of the ornaments, the ornaments would then be appraised by the manager himself and/or other staff members who are assigned with the responsibility of appraising the gold jewellery. The ornaments being tendered are not appraised by any person who is not associated with our Company nor are the ornaments sent out of the concerned branch for appraisal. We use the services of our in-house gold appraisers in case of large value loans. These gold appraisers are professionally qualified for appraising the quality of gold and usually have multiple years of experience in appraising gold.

Several steps are involved in the gold appraisal process. The process of measuring the "fineness", or purity, of gold is referred to as 'assaying'. There are different methods of assaying the purity of gold. We first test the authenticity of the gold in accordance with standard guidelines that are applied across all our branches. This process involves several principal tests, which includes the acid test, the touchstone test, checking for hallmarks and the sound test. As per our policy, all types of stones are ignored, and their weight reduced from gross weight when advancing against ornaments. Sufficient margin is, therefore retained for the approximate weight of such stones and for arriving at eligible loan amount; net weight of the ornaments so arrived at alone is taken into account. Wherever weight of stones cannot be ascertained, such ornaments are avoided. The manager also verifies and satisfies himself that the ornaments have been properly tested for purity and details - gross weight as well as net weight, are correctly noted. He should also confirm correctness of valuation made.

We use weighing machines of high quality at various branches of our Company. Pursuant to RBI SBR Master Directions, in order to standardize the valuation and make it more transparent to the borrower, gold jewellery accepted as collateral shall have to be valued at the average of the closing price of 22 carat gold for the preceding 30 days as quoted by the Indian Bullion and Jewellers Association Limited and value of the jewellery of lower purity in terms of carats shall be proportionately reduced.

Documentation

The standard set of documents that are executed in a typical Gold Loan transaction include the pawn ticket and the applications cum terms and conditions. Basic details of the pledge, such as the name of the customer and the net weight of the jewellery pledged is recorded on the gold loan slip, which is retained by us. The pawn ticket, which contains the details of the customer and the pledged jewellery, is filled in by the employee who appraised the gold and a copy is retained by the customer. The terms and conditions that are contained in the application form empower us to sell the pledged jewellery if the customer defaults on the Gold Loan. After execution of prescribed documents, a loan ticket detailing the particulars of the loan including the details of the items pledged, rate per gram, interest rate and maturity date is handed over to the customers along with disbursal of the loan.

Post-Disbursement

Custody of the Pledged Gold

The post disbursement process involves the storage of the pledged gold jewellery. The pledged gold jewellery is packed in plastic bag and sealed separately by staff of the branch along with the relevant documents about the

loan and the customer are stored in the strong room of the branch. Once lodged in cabinets in the strong room of the concerned branch, the branch head and the assistant branch head are the joint custodians of the gold. The safes and strong rooms in which the gold jewellery is kept are built in accordance with industry practice. The strong rooms are vaults with reinforced concrete cement structures. Separate cupboards are used within the strong rooms for the safe keeping of the gold collateral. The physical stock of pledge packets is also verified and tallied with the general ledger on a fortnightly basis and at the time of internal audit and gold inspection. Pursuant to the RBI SBR Master Directions, the business of granting loans against the security of gold cannot be transacted at places where there are no proper facilities for storage/security of the gold jewellery. Further, no new branches can be opened without suitable storage arrangements having been made.

Inventory Control

Once the pledged gold is packed and moved to the safe or strong room, colour coded stickers are affixed on the packet. Tamper proof stickers are also affixed on the jewellery packets to ensure inventory control. Additional stickers are used to seal packets by persons examining packages subsequently, including our internal auditors. In addition to the colour coding, these stickers also contain details of the persons inspecting the gold. We have procedures in place for random verification of gold packets by the branch heads/ other authorised officers. A separate register is maintained for updating the details of the stickers used by a branch.

Branch Security and Safety Measures

Ensuring the safety and security of the branch premises is vital to our business since cash and gold inventory are stored in each branch. Branch security measures implemented by us include:

- Strong Rooms: Every branch of the Company, without exception, is provided with a strong room constructed as per the specifications of RBI with fireproof strong room doors. This is a provision at each location to ensure safety of the pledged ornaments, of the clients.

- Access to the strong room is with the help of two distinct keys, which are in the hands of two different individuals attached to the branch. The strong room has a grill door, joint custody of whose keys are with the Branch Manager and another staff (the "**Joint Custodian**"). Both the branch head and the Joint Custodian hold the keys to grill in the strong room. While this will open the physical locks, as an added security measure, we have installed an electronic lock that can be opened only through "OTP(One-Time-Password)" delivered to the Branch head. This is a unique surveillance measure installed and operationalised by our Company.

- Electronic Security System: All our branches are installed with CCTV cameras and other numerous surveillance system. Such kind of a surveillance system helps to avert any major incidents of frauds, thefts, etc. in the branch premises.

- Insurance: Entire gold stock of the branches is insured for their gold content against theft and other calamities and also fidelity insurance.

Release of the Pledge

Once a loan is fully repaid, the pledged gold jewellery is returned to the customer. The customer has to be present personally along with the gold loan token, at the branch where the pledge was originally made. The branch will verify the person with the photo taken at the time of pledge and confirm that there is no foul play and the amount to be paid is informed to the customer from the software and clarifies doubts if any on the amount demanded. The customer pays the amount at the cash counter and the ornaments are taken out of the safe and handed over to the customer after confirming them with the list of ornaments mentioned in the token and gold loan application form.

When a customer does not repay a loan on or before its maturity, we initiate the recovery process and dispose of the pledged gold to satisfy the amount owed to us, including both the principal and accrued interest. Before starting the recovery process, we inform the customer through registered letters or legal notices.

We also reserve the right, subject to notification to the customer, to sell the pledged gold even before a loan becomes past due in the event the market value of the underlying pledged gold falls below amounts outstanding on the loan. Pursuant to the Responsible Business Conduct Directions, the following additional stipulations have been made in respect to auctioning of gold jewellery:

- An NBFC shall give adequate notice to the borrower(s)/ legal heir(s), as applicable, through available means of communication to repay or settle the loan dues prior to initiating the auction procedure. A copy of the notice and acknowledgement thereof shall be kept on record in both scenarios. In case the lender is unable to locate the borrower(s)/ legal heir(s) despite best efforts and even after issuance of a public notice, it may proceed with the auction, provided that a period of one month has lapsed from the date of the public notice.

- An NBFC shall implement a transparent auction procedure, which shall include, inter alia, announcement of the auction to the public by issue of advertisements in at least two newspapers, one in the regional language and another in a national daily.

- The pledged eligible collateral shall be auctioned by an NBFC only through its employee having necessary experience and / or training or an auctioneer empaneled by the NBFC as per its policy. In cases where auctions are conducted by an NBFC through its employees, necessary safeguards such as surprise visits by regional / controlling officials on periodic basis, coverage under internal audit, etc., shall be put in place.

- An NBFC shall declare a reserve price for the gold and silver collateral at the time of auction, which shall not be less than 90 per cent of its current value. *Provided that* in case auctions fail twice, a reserve price not less than 85 per cent of its current value shall be adopted.

- The first auction shall be conducted physically in the same district in which the lending branch is located. However, in case of failure of first auction, an NBFC may conduct the auction in an adjoining district or conduct online auction.

- As a matter of policy, an NBFC or its related parties shall not participate in the auctions to ensure that there is no potential conflict of interest.

- After the auction, an NBFC shall mandatorily provide full details of the value fetched at the auction and the dues adjusted to the borrower(s) / legal heir(s). The surplus, if any, from the auction of the gold or silver collateral, shall be refunded to the borrower(s) / legal heir(s) within a maximum period of seven working days from the date of receipt of the full auction proceeds. The NBFC may recover shortfall, if any, as per terms of the loan agreement

The situation for auction of the gold ornaments pledged arises only when the borrower has not repaid the dues in spite of the various opportunities given to him by our Company. Thus, auction of the pledged gold ornaments is the last measure resorted by our Company to recover the dues from the borrower. It shall be the practice of our Company to avoid the auction of the ornaments pledged by the customer to the maximum possible extent. Our Company shall follow up with the borrowers for release of the pledged ornaments before putting the same in the auction list by sending registered notice reminding the borrowers. Even after putting the ornaments in the auction list, a last opportunity shall be given to the customer to get the pledged items released by all possible means of settlement.

If the loan is not settled by the customer even after receipt of the registered notice sent in respect of the overdue loans, final auction intimation shall be given to the customer by registered post with acknowledgement due giving him another 15 days' time and intimating him of date and place of auction. This intimation shall contain the details of loan such as the loan number, date of loan, net weight of the ornament pledged, principal amount, interest, additional interest and other charges due from the customer, and total amount due. Our Company keeps the post office receipt towards proof of intimation/ notice to the customer auction shall be announced to the public by issue of advertisement in at least two daily newspapers (one in national and one in vernacular language) and shall be made well in advance before the auction. The auction list shall also be displayed at respective branch office(s).

Pronote Loan

We also offer unsecured loans i.e., Pronote Loan for their personal needs including consumption needs. These types of loans are provided exclusively to existing customers, with eligibility determined by the branch manager's credit assessment and the repayment history of the customer. This assessment helps gauge the customer's capacity to repay both the principal loan amount and the associated interest. Our Pronote Loan portfolio as of quarter ended June 30, 2026, Fiscal 2026, Fiscal 2025, and Fiscal 2024, had outstanding principal amounting to ₹ 43.25 lakhs,

₹ 91.43 lakhs, ₹ 413.65 lakhs, and ₹1,654.74 lakhs respectively. In the Fiscals 2024, 2025, 2026 and as on quarter ended June 30, 2026, our gross Pronote Loan portfolio yield representing net interest income on gross Pronote loan as a percentage of average outstanding of Pronote Loan were 15.22%, 9.66%, 28.55%, and 9.31% per annum respectively. In Fiscals 2024, 2025, 2026 and as on quarter ended June 30, 2026, interest income from Pronote Loan constituted 1.69%, 0.60 %, 0.29% and 0.02% respectively, of our total revenue.

Our Other Business:

Money Transfer Services

We provide money transfer service as a fee-based business for transfer of money from abroad through our branches. Under our money transfer agreements, with agents of Money Transfer companies we make payment of money remitted by persons from abroad to the beneficiaries after checking their identity. The money paid by us on behalf of the agent of the Money Transfer company is refunded to us by the agent on the next working day after payment. We are entitled to receive a commission for the services provided depending on the number of transactions and the amount of money transferred.

Risk Management

Risk management forms an integral element of our business. Our risk management policy approved vide board resolution dated March 3, 2023. Given the changes in the business environment and increase in competition, we have revised our risk management policy, effective from July 11, 2023. Our risk management policy represents the standards of risk assessment to be followed by our Company as an NBFC, formulated in line with the RBI guidelines, and with the approval of the Board of Directors. As a lending institution, we are exposed to various risks that are related to our gold lending business, including volatility in gold process, regulatory directives and operating environment.

Our objective in our risk management processes is to ensure growth with profitability within the limits of risk absorption capacity. The policy lays down a framework for identifying, assessing, and measuring various elements of risk involved in the business and formulation of procedures and systems for mitigating such risks. The major types of risk we face in our businesses are credit risk, operational risk, market risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss due to the failure of any counterparty to abide by the terms and conditions of any financial contract with us. Credit risk in our Gold Loan business is relatively low because all our loans are adequately collateralised with pledged gold jewellery. We aim to reduce credit risk through a rigorous structured gold appraisal and loan sanction process, an effective system for monitoring the credit portfolio and recovery of dues. Credit risk is relatively low as the gold jewellery (pledged) as security for our loans are largely household used jewellery which carry the emotional attachment of the borrower due to which defaults are lesser in number. In any case they can be readily liquidated, and the possibility of any loss is relatively low.

We also manage credit risk by restricting loans in excess of specified limits to a single customer. For high value loans (loan amounts exceeding a certain limit), we undertake a credit check on the borrower before higher exposure is assumed. The methodology for fixation of loan to value or loan per gram is fixed in a manner so as to even out any large fluctuations. Our internal control system ensures independent verification of gold at the branch level for all loans. The level of verification at the branch level increases with the quantity of gold pledged. In addition, the quality of gold is checked by the area head through random check conducted during branch visits. Post-disbursement of loan, analysis of daily disbursements is undertaken by skilled officials to identify risk prone accounts which are then subsequently verified by internal auditor team within the shortest possible time.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is broadly defined as the risk of direct or indirect loss due to the failure of systems, people or processes, or due to external events.

We have instituted a series of checks and balances and internal audit reviews to address the various operational risks. Loans are considered only after proper KYC procedures for which detailed instructions have been issued and its compliance monitored. We also have detailed guidelines/procedures on the custody of cash or gold to

address custodial risk, which is a risk associated with the safety and security of gold inventory. We have implemented centralized software that grants branch personnel access to strong rooms upon receipt of OTPs. This software is operated from our head office. All pledged gold and cash holdings are suitably and adequately insured with reputed insurance companies to cover burglary risks.

Process definitions and internal controls also aid in controlling operational risk. For instance, the branch manager and the assistant branch head are the joint custodians of the pledged gold and cash, indicating that the strong rooms or vaults will only be opened granted access if both officials are present. We undertake adequate employee profiling and background verification checks before hiring. Fidelity Insurance cover has also been taken to protect the Company from employee frauds.

Market Risk

Market risk arises from any decline in the value of the security due to adverse fluctuation in gold prices. This risk (to a great extent) is mitigated by the adequate margins we build into our loan to value/loan per gram used to calculate the loan amount, as well as by linking the LTV calculation to 30 days average price of 22 carat gold declared by India Bullion and Jewellers Association Limited. Market risk also arises on account of variations in interest rates on borrowings availed by the Company since interest is payable on the Gold Loan at a predetermined rate. This risk is mitigated by periodically reviewing the interest rates charged on the Gold Loan, extending only short term loans which correlate to the interest rate payable on borrowings availed by the Company.

Liquidity Risk

The liquidity risk associated with the business is mitigated by suitably matching the tenure of assets and liabilities. Gold Loan, typically are short term loans with maximum term upto 12 months. Funding of these Gold Loan is through a combination of equity, bank borrowings and liability products. We have also implemented a robust collection and recovery mechanism and cash management system, ensuring adequate undrawn borrowing limits to meet contingencies, investing surplus funds in liquid investments in approved institutions and schemes, reducing the level of non-performing loans.

Foreign Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk for the Company arises majorly on account of foreign currency borrowings. The Company's foreign currency exposures are managed through hedging its foreign currency risk on its foreign currency borrowings as on March 31, 2026 by entering into forward contracts. The counterparties for such hedge transactions are banks.

Non-Performing Assets (NPAs)

The Prudential Norms require that every non-deposit taking NBFC shall, after taking into account the degree of well-defined credit weaknesses and extent of dependence on collateral security for realisation, classify its lease/hire purchase assets, loans and advances and any other forms of credit into the following classes:

a) Standard assets;
b) Sub-Standard assets;
c) Doubtful assets; and
d) Loss assets

Further, the class of assets referred to above shall not be upgraded merely as a result of rescheduling, unless it satisfies the conditions required for the upgradation. A non-deposit taking NBFC is required to make provisions against sub-standard assets, doubtful assets and loss assets in the manner provided for in the Prudential Norms. In terms of the RBI Master Directions, non-deposit taking NBFC has to make inter alia the following provisions on their loan portfolio:

Asset Classification	Provisioning Policy
Loss Assets	In case of loss assets the entire asset shall be written off. If the assets are permitted to remain in the books for any reason, 100% of the outstanding must be provided for.

<table>
<tr><th>Asset Classification</th><th>Provisioning Policy</th></tr>
<tr><td>Doubtful Assets</td><td>(a) 100% provision to the extent to which the advance is not covered by the realisable value of the security to which the NBFC has a valid recourse shall be made. The realisable value is to be estimated on a realistic basis;

(b) In addition to the above, depending upon the period for which the asset has remained doubtful, provision to the extent of 20% to 50% of the secured portion (i.e. estimated realisable value of the outstanding) shall be made on the following basis:

<table><tr><th>Period for which the asset has been considered as doubtful</th><th>% of provision</th></tr><tr><td>Upto one year</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>One to three years</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>More than three years</td><td>50</td></tr></table></td></tr>
<tr><td>Sub-standard assets</td><td>A general provision of 10% of total outstanding shall be made.</td></tr>
</table>

Based on the Prudential Norms for asset classification, details of the classification of our gross NPAs for significant classes of our assets for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, and as of Fiscals 2026, 2025, and 2024 are provided below:

(₹ in lakhs except %)

Asset Type	For quarter ended June 30, 2026	Fiscal		
		2026	2025	2024
Sub-standard	467.73	281.15	1,212.55	189.53
Doubtful	94.15	72.73	150.94	139.87
Loss	-	-	-	16.75
Gross NPA	561.87	353.88	1,363.48	346.14
Gross NPA (%)	0.41%	0.27%	1.52%	0.49%
Less: Provisions	(71.01)	(133.53)	(206.19)	(114.83)
Net NPA	490.86	220.35	1,157.29	231.32
Net NPA (%)	0.36%	0.17%	1.29%	0.33%

Branch Network and Customer Service

As of September 30, 2026, we had 324 branches located in 11 states and 1 union territory. The distribution of branches across India by region as of March 31, 2024, March 31, 2025, March 31, 2026, and September 30, 2026 is as set out in the following table:

Sr. No.	State/ Union territory of India	As on			As on September 30, 2026
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2026	
1.	Tamil Nadu	16	14	14	14
2.	Kerala	78	88	91	91
3.	Delhi	22	30	45	37
4.	Haryana	8	10	5	9
5.	Maharashtra	44	45	44	43
6.	Madhya Pradesh	12	17	19	22
7.	Odisha	40	46	53	53
8.	Punjab	12	13	19	16
9.	Uttar Pradesh	6	8	3	5
10.	Rajasthan	4	9	11	11
11.	West Bengal	-	11	15	17
12.	Gujarat	-	4	6	6
	Total	**242**	**295**	**325**	**324**

For further details on our branches please refer the QR code and web link below:

QR Code:



(*Please scan this QR code to view the list of our branches as on September 30, 2026*)

Weblink: https://muthootenterprises.com/branches-sep-26

Capital Adequacy Ratio

As per the RBI SBR Master Directions, every NBFC-ML including us are subject to capital adequacy requirements. Currently, we are required to maintain a minimum capital ratio consisting of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital which shall not be less than 15% of its aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items. Further, we need to maintain a Tier 1 capital of 12%. Also, the total of Tier II capital, at any point of time, shall not exceed one hundred percent of Tier I capital. Additionally, we are required to transfer up to 20% of our annual profit to a reserve fund and make provisions for NPAs. We had a capital adequacy ratio of 29.82%, 25.36%, 24.89% and 25.36% as on March 31, 2024, March 31, 2025, March 31, 2026 and quarter ended June 30, 2026, respectively.

We have satisfied the minimum capital adequacy ratios prescribed by the RBI for the quarter ended June 30, 2026.

Technology

We use information technology as a strategic tool for our business operations to improve our overall productivity and efficiency. The operations of our Company function through CBS software program named "*MuthootOne*". We have moved to this CBS Software System with effect from April 1, 2016. Our Software department is managed by five engineers and three hardware technicians. We believe that through our information systems which are currently in place, we are able to manage our operations efficiently, market effectively to our target customers, and effectively monitor and control risks. We believe that this system has improved customer service by reducing transaction time and has allowed us to manage loan collection efforts better and to comply with regulatory record-keeping and reporting requirements. All our branches are computerised.

Funding Sources and Credit Ratings

Source of funding

We have expanded our sources of funds in order to reduce our funding costs, protect interest margins and maintain a diverse funding portfolio that will enable us to achieve funding stability and liquidity. Our sources of funding comprise of term loans and working capital limits from bank, issuance of secured and unsecured non-convertible debentures through private placement and subordinated debts.

Please refer to sections titled "*Financial Statements*" and "*Financial Indebtedness*" on pages 136 and 138

Credit Rating

Credit Rating Agency	Instrument	Date	Ratings	Remarks	Rated Amount (in ₹ lakhs)
Acuité Ratings & Research Limited	Non-Convertible Debentures	Credit Rating letter dated September 21, 2026 and rating rationale dated September 21,	Acuite A-/Stable	The rating of NCDs by Acuité Ratings indicates that instruments with this rating are considered to	₹ 30,000

Credit Rating Agency	Instrument	Date	Ratings	Remarks	Rated Amount (in ₹ lakhs)
		2026		have adequate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry low credit risk.	

Security threats and measures taken to mitigate them

The principal security risks to our operations are robbery and employee theft or fraud. We have extensive security and surveillance systems and dedicated security personnel to counter external security threats. To mitigate internal threats, we undertake careful pre-employment screening, including obtaining references before appointment. We have installed surveillance cameras across our branches. To protect against robbery, all branch employees work behind wooden/ glass and steel counters, and the back office, strong room/safe are locked and closed to customers. We also keep the pledged gold in joint custody. While we provide armed security guards for risk prone branches, the majority of our branches do not require security guards as the gold jewellery are stored securely in strong rooms. Since we handle high volumes of cash and gold jewellery at our locations, daily monitoring, spot audits and immediate responses to irregularities are critical to our operations. We have an internal auditing program that includes unannounced branch audits and cash counts at randomly selected branches.

Competition

We face competition from banks, NBFCs and other unregulated/unorganised money lenders. Our Board believes that we can achieve economies of scale and increased operating efficiencies by increasing the number of branches under operation and proven operating methods. We believe that the primary elements of competition are the quality of customer service and relationship management, branch location and the ability to lend competitive amounts at competitive rates. In addition, we believe the ability to compete effectively will be based increasingly on strong management, regional market focus, automated management information systems and access to capital.

Property

Our registered office is located in Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala and is owned by some of the Promoters i.e. Mathew Mathaininan and Ammini Mathew. As of September 30, 2026, we have 324 branches located in 11 states and 1 union territory of India namely Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Delhi, Haryana, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Gujarat, West Bengal and Rajasthan all of which are contracted on a leasehold basis.

Intellectual Property

The trademark/service mark and logo in connection with the "Muthoot" logo is owned by our Chairman and Whole-Time Director Mathew Mathaininan and is registered with the Trade Marks Registry under class 36 and received a Certificate of Registration of Trademark bearing number 1267883 dated February 19, 2004. We have obtained permission from our one of the Promoters i.e. Mathew Mathaininan in writing to use the logo. For further details, see section titled "*Risk Factors*" on page 18. As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, we have obtained Five trademark registration with the Trade Marks Registry under the Trade Marks Act, 1999.

Employees

As on September 30, 2026, we had 1,228 employees engaged in various business operations like sales, marketing, recovery, audit etc. We adhere to a policy of nurturing dedicated talent by conducting regular training programmes. We provide training to our employees both as a commitment to their career development and also to ensure quality service to our customers. These trainings are conducted on joining as part of employee initiation and include additional on-the-job trainings.

Branding

We have launched many tailor-made marketing communications with the primary objectives of growing the Gold Loan Category as a whole and creating significant business impact to the brand in terms of new customer acquisition; besides creating substantial brand awareness and brand recall.

Insurance Coverage

We maintain insurance coverage on all our assets located at our registered and on all our movable assets in branch premises owned by us against fire, earthquake and related perils. We also maintain insurance against burglaries at our registered office and at our branches, and against loss by riots, strikes or terrorist activities, cash in transit and employee theft. We maintain special contingency insurance covering gold in transit, gold in branches and cash in transit against burglary. Our insurance policies are generally annual policies that we renew regularly.

HISTORY AND CERTAIN OTHER CORPORATE MATTERS

Brief background of our Company

Our Company was incorporated on March 3, 1997, as 'Muthoot Mercantile Limited', a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1956 with a certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam. Our Company also obtained the certificate of commencement of business dated March 11, 1997 from the Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam. The Corporate Identity Number of our Company is U65921KL1997PLC011260.

Our Company has obtained a Certificate of Registration in the name of Muthoot Mercantile Limited dated December 12, 2002 bearing registration no. N-16.00178 issued by the RBI to commence the business of non-banking financial institution without accepting public deposits subject to the conditions mentioned in the Certificate of Registration under Section 45 IA of the RBI Act.

As on date of this Draft Prospectus, Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited and Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited are our Group Companies.

Registered Office of our Company

The registered office of our Company is located at 1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors, Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram – 695014, Kerala, India.

Change in Registered Office of our Company

Except as set forth, there has not been any change to the Registered Office since incorporation.

Date	Details of registered office	Reason for change
At Incorporation	F 19, I Floor, Pulickal Trade Centre, Near Nagambadam Bridge, Kottayam – 686 006, Kerala, India.	-
March 24, 2003	113, Attukal Shopping Complex, East Fort, Thiruvananthapuram – 695023, Kerala, India.	For effective and efficient business
September 1, 2013	1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors, Opposite W&C hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram – 695014, Kerala, India.	For administrative and operational convenience

Main objects of our Company

The main objects of our Company as contained in our Memorandum of Association are:

1. *To carry on the business of purchasing or otherwise acquiring and/or financing the purchase of or acquisition of equipment's, plant and machinery, air conditioners, generators, fridges, electrical and electronic goods, land sites, houses, shopping complexes, motor cars, buses, lorries and other automobile vehicles, fishing vessels including deep sea fishing vessels, computers and equipment's on hire purchase and or on leasing.*

2. *To carry on the business of financiers, money lenders, pawn brokers and to receive deposits, borrow and lend monies with or without security. But the Company shall not do the business of Banking within the meaning of Banking Regulation Act, 1949.*

3. *To undertake, carry on and manage the business of Corporate Insurance Agency for all insurance business of every nature, description and class and soliciting, procuring and servicing insurance products subject to the laws, regulations and rules in force in the Country.*

4. *To carry on the business as Authorized Person, Authorized Dealer, Money Changer or otherwise, subject to the Regulations, approvals and conditions as may be prescribed from time to time by the Reserve Bank of India.*

5. *To carry on the business of hire purchase financing to acquire or to purchase or to install the Solar Systems for energy generations including Solar Photovoltaic, Solar Thermal, Solar Chimney and any other Solar*

based devices used in households, industry and commercial establishments.

Key milestones and major events

Financial year	Particulars
1997	Incorporation of our Company as a public limited company
2002	Certificate of registration issued by RBI to our Company to act as non-deposit taking NBFC
2003	Expanded its operations and opened its first branch outside Kerala in Tamil Nadu (Vadasserry)
2019	Our operations have expanded beyond South India with the opening of branches East Chowdwar Branch Odisha Badlapur Branch in the West and Najafgarh Branch, in Delhi to the North
2021	As on March 31, 2021, our Company crossed 150 branches.
2022	The AUM of the company crossed 50,000 lakhs as on March 31, 2022.
2023	Successfully mobilised ₹10,420.49 lakhs in the maiden public offer of NCD opened on December 4, 2023
2024	Our Company crossed 240 branches as on March 31, 2024.
2026	Our Company received a rating upgrade of "Acuité A-/Stable", (pronounced as Acuité A minus with stable outlook) by Acuité Ratings & Research Limited.

Key Agreements

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, our Company has not entered into any material agreements which are not in the ordinary course of business

Holding Company and Subsidiary Company

As at the date of this Draft Prospectus, our Company does not have a holding company and subsidiary company.

Joint Venture

As at the date of this Draft Prospectus, our Company has no joint ventures.

Associate

As at the date of this Draft Prospectus, our Company has no associate companies as defined under Companies Act, 2013, as amended.

Acquisition or Amalgamation in the preceding one year

Our Company has not made any acquisition or amalgamation in the preceding one year prior, preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus.

Reorganization or Reconstruction undertaken by our Company in the preceding one year

There have been no reorganization or reconstruction undertaken by our Company in the preceding one year, preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus.

OUR MANAGEMENT

The general supervision, direction and management of our Company, its operations, affairs and business are vested in the Board, which exercises its power subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of our Company and the requirements of the applicable laws.

The Articles of Association of our Company require us to have not less than three Directors and not more than fifteen Directors.

The general superintendence, direction and management of our affairs and business are vested in our Board of Directors. The composition of the Board is in conformity with Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and is governed by the Articles of Association of our Company, the relevant directions issued by the RBI.

As of the date of this Draft Prospectus, our Board comprises of 7 (Seven) Directors, out of which 3 (Three) Directors are Executive Directors, and 4 (Four) Directors are Non-Executive Directors including 3 (Three) Independent Directors. Further, the Board of Directors have 2 women directors. The Board of Directors of the Company are in compliance with Companies Act, 2013.

The following table sets forth details regarding the Board as on the date of this Draft Prospectus.

Name, designation, and DIN	Age (years)	Address	Date of appointment / re-appointment	Other Directorships
Mathew Mathaininan **Designation:** Chairman and Whole-Time Director **DIN:** 00063078	83	Muthoot House, No. 26, Mummy's Colony, Kuravankonam, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003 Kowdiar, Kerala India	**Date of Re-appointment:** September 5, 2023	**Indian Companies** 1. Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited 2. Muthoot Computer Software Development and Research Institute Private Limited 3. Muthoot AI Labs Limited 4. Muthoot Mutual Fund Limited **Foreign Companies** Nil
Richi Mathew **Designation:** Managing Director **DIN:** 00224336	52	Muthoot House, No. 26, Mummy's Colony, Kuravankonam, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003 Kowdiar, Kerala India	**Date of Re-appointment:** September 5, 2023	**Indian Companies** 1. Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited 2. Richi Mathew Securities Limited 3. Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited 4. Richi Mathew Software Technologies Limited 5. Muthoot AI Labs Limited 6. Muthoot Mutual Fund Limited **Foreign Companies** Nil
Ammini Mathew	75	Muthoot House, No. 26, Mummy's	**Date of Re-appointment:**	**Indian Companies**

Name, designation, and DIN	Age (years)	Address	Date of appointment / re-appointment	Other Directorships
Designation: Whole Time Director **DIN:** 00533771		Colony, Kuravankonam, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003, Kowdiar, Kerala, India.	September 30, 2025	1. Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited 2. Muthoot Computer Software Development and Research Institute Private Limited 3. Muthoot AI Labs Limited 4. Muthoot Mutual Fund Limited **Foreign Companies** Nil
Asha Richi Mathew **Designation:** Non-Executive Director **DIN:** 05172361	40	Muthoot House, No. 26, Mummy's Colony, Kuravankonam, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 003, Kowdiar, Kerala India.	**Date of Re-appointment:** September 30, 2024	**Indian Companies** 1. Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited. 2. Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited; 3. Richi Mathew Securities Limited 4. Richi Mathew Software Technologies Limited. **Foreign Companies** Nil
Antony Robert John **Designation:** Independent Director **DIN:** 10213030	60	Little Flower, Cottage, Pravachambalam, Nemom P O, Pallichal, Thiruvananthapuram – 695020, Kerala India.	**Date of appointment:** June 26, 2023	**Indian Companies** NIL **Foreign Companies** Nil
Dillark Justin **Designation:** Independent Director **DIN:** 09771752	46	TC/24/1735(1) Puspa Vihar, T E N R A – 124 -A, Ernakulam Nagar, Thycadu P O, Thiruvananthapuram – 695014, Kerala India.	**Date of appointment:** October 21, 2022	**Indian Companies** NIL **Foreign Companies** Nil
Pathrose Ladislas **Designation:** Independent Director **DIN:** 11567957	71	1271, Neetany, Neethi Nagar, Madathuvilakam, Peroorkada p o, Thiruvananthpuram, Kerala- 695005	**Date of appointment:** February 02, 2026*	**Indian Companies** NIL **Foreign Companies** Nil

***** *Pursuant to a resolution dated February 02, 2026, the Board of Directors appointed Pathrose Ladislas as an*

Additional Director of the Company, with effect from February 02, 2026. Our Company has inadvertently mentioned February 01, 2026, instead of February 02, 2026, as the date of appointment in the relevant RoC filing.

Brief Profile of Directors

Mathew Mathaininan is the Chairman and Whole-Time Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in Engineering from University of Mysore. He has been associated with our Company since incorporation.

Richi Mathew is the Managing Director of our Company. He holds a bachelor's degree in Engineering from Mangalore University. He has been associated with our Company since July 1, 2002.

Ammini Mathew is the Whole Time Director of our Company. She holds a pre-degree course from the Mysore University. She has been associated with our Company since 1998.

Asha Richi Mathew is the Non-Executive Director of our Company. She holds a Degree of Master of Business Administration from the Anna University of Technology Tirunelveli. She has been associated with our Company since 2022.

Antony Robert John is an Independent Director of our Company. He has completed his Masters of Commerce from the University of Kerala.

Dillark Justin is an Independent Director of our Company. He holds a degree in Bachelors of Law from the University of Kerala.

Pathrose Ladislas is an Independent Director of our Company. He holds a degree in Bachelors of Science from the University of Kerala and Bachelor of Education (B.Ed.) from University of Calicut. He completed his Master of Arts (Sociology) from University of Kerala and Master of Arts from Madurai Kamaraj University.

Relationship between Directors

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, except as stated below, none of our Directors are related to each other.

Name of Director	Designation	Relationship with other Directors
Mathew Mathaininan	Chairman and Whole Time Director	He is the husband of Ammini Mathew, father of Richi Mathew and father-in-law of Asha Richi Mathew.
Richi Mathew	Managing Director	He is the son of Mathew Mathaininan and Ammini Mathew and he is the husband of Asha Richi Mathew.
Ammini Mathew	Whole Time Director	She is wife of Mathew Mathainian, mother of Richi Mathew and mother-in-law of Asha Richi Mathew.
Asha Richi Mathew	Non-executive Director	She is wife of Richi Mathew and daughter-in-law of Mathew Mathainian and Ammini Mathew.

Remuneration paid to our Directors

The following table sets forth the remuneration (which includes sitting fees) paid by our Company to our Directors during the current financial year and the last three financial years:

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of Directors	Designation	Current Financial Year (Up till September 30, 2026)	Fiscal 2026	Fiscal 2025	Fiscal 2024
Mathew Mathaininan	Whole-Time Director	347.40	115.53	195.44	94.76
Richi Mathew	Managing Director	212.77	91.84	245.99	145.76
Ammini Mathew	Whole-Time Director	12.00	17.24	24.42	25.15
Asha Richi Mathew	Non-executive	6.00	11.01	12.45	13.15

Name of Directors	Designation	Current Financial Year (Up till September 30, 2026)	Fiscal 2026	Fiscal 2025	Fiscal 2024
	Director				
Antony Robert John	Independent Director	0.21	0.63	0.45	0.85
Dillark Justin	Independent Director	0.21	0.09	0.36	0.85
Pathrose Ladislas*	Independent Director	0.21	0.03	NA	NA

**Pathrose Ladislas joined on February 02, 2026*

Remuneration paid to the Directors for the current year and Fiscals 2026, 2025, and 2024 by our Subsidiaries and Associates

Not applicable, as our Company does not have any subsidiaries or associate companies as of the date of this Draft Prospectus.

Terms of appointment of Directors

Executive Directors

1. Mathew Mathaininan

Mathew Mathaininan was re-appointed as the Chairman and Whole-Time Director for a further period of five years with effect from September 05, 2023, with the approval of the members pursuant to an EGM held on September 05, 2023. Furthermore, during the same EGM, the remuneration payable to Mathew Mathaininan was fixed at a monthly salary not exceeding ₹2,00,000/- and commission at a rate not exceeding 2.585% of the net profits of the Company for the Fiscal 2024 or such percentage of net profits as may be fixed by the members of the Company at the annual general meeting for the corresponding years.

2. Richi Mathew

Richi Mathew was re-appointed as Managing Director for a further period of five years with effect from September 05, 2023, with the approval of the members pursuant to an EGM held on September 05, 2023. Furthermore, during the same EGM, the remuneration payable to Richi Mathew was fixed at a monthly salary not exceeding ₹5,00,000/-, perquisites not exceeding ₹15,00,000/- per year, and commission at a rate not exceeding 2.585% of the net profits of the Company for the Fiscal 2024 or such percentage of net profits as may be fixed by the members of the Company at the annual general meeting for the corresponding years.

3. Ammini Mathew

Ammini Mathew was re-appointed as a director for a further period of five years with effect from September 05, 2023, with the approval of the members pursuant to an EGM held on September 05, 2023. Furthermore, during the same EGM, the remuneration payable to Ammini Mathew was fixed at monthly salary not exceeding ₹2,00,000/-.

Non-Executive Directors

Except for Asha Richi Mathew, none of the Non-Executive Directors, including the Independent Directors of our Company, have been paid any remuneration during the current financial year or the preceding three financial years. The shareholders of the Company, at their meeting held on September 22, 2022, approved a monthly remuneration of ₹1,00,000/- for Asha Richi Mathew.

Confirmations

None of our directors is a promoter or director of another company which is debarred from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities by the SEBI.

None of our Directors have been restrained or prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities.

None of our Directors is a promoter, director or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus, in accordance with Chapter V of the SEBI (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021.

None of the director of our Company are promoters or whole time directors of another company that is a wilful defaulter.

None of our Directors have been categorised as a wilful defaulter by the RBI, any government/regulatory authority and/or by any bank or financial institution.

None of our Directors are in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of debt securities issued to the public, for a period of more than six-months.

None of the Directors of our Company interested in the appointment of or acting as lead managers, credit rating agency(ies), underwriter, registrar, debenture trustee, advertising agency, printers, banker to the Issue or any other such intermediary appointed in connection with the Issue.

Our Company confirms that details of the permanent account number of Directors have been submitted to the Stock Exchange at the time of filing this Draft Prospectus.

Interest of the Directors

Except for Richi Mathew, Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew and Asha Richi Mathew, none of our Directors are interested in the promotion of our Company, except in the ordinary course of business.

All the Directors of our Company, including our Independent Directors, may be deemed to be interested to the extent of fees, if any, payable to them for attending meetings of the Board or a committee thereof as well as to the extent of other remuneration and reimbursement of expenses payable to them. All the Independent Directors of our Company are entitled to sitting fees for attending every meeting of the Board or a committee thereof.

All the Directors of our Company, including Independent Directors, may also be deemed to be interested to the extent of Securities of our Company, if any, held by them or by companies, firms and trusts in which they are interested as directors, partners, members or trustees and also to the extent of any dividend payable to them and other distributions in respect of the said securities of our Company.

None of our Directors have any interest in any immovable property acquired or proposed to be acquired by our Company in the preceding two years from the date of this Draft Prospectus nor do they have any interest in any transaction regarding the acquisition of land, construction of buildings and supply of machinery, etc. with respect to our Company.

All our Directors may be deemed to be interested in the contracts, agreements/arrangements entered into or to be entered into by our Company with any company in which they hold directorships or any partnership firm in which they are partners as declared in their respective declarations. Except as otherwise stated in this Draft Prospectus and statutory registers maintained by our Company in this regard, our Company has not entered into any contract, agreements or arrangements during the preceding two years from the date of this Draft Prospectus in which the directors are interested directly or indirectly and no payments have been made to them in respect of these contracts, agreements or arrangements which are proposed to be made with them.

Our Directors have not taken any loan from our Company. Further, our Company has not availed any loans from the Directors which are currently outstanding. Except as disclosed in the section titled "*Related Party Transactions*" of this Draft Prospectus, none of our Directors may be deemed to be interested to the extent of consideration received/paid or any loans or advances provided to anybody corporate, including companies, firms,

and trusts, in which they are interested as directors, members, partners or trustee

None of our Directors are interested in their capacity as a member of any firm or company and no sums have been paid or are proposed to be paid to any Director or to such firm of company in which he is interested, by any person, in cash or shares or otherwise, either to induce them or to help them qualify as a director or for services rendered by him or by such firm or company, in connection with the promotion or formation of our Company.

None of the Directors, have made any contribution as part of the Issue or separately.

None of the Directors of our Company are interested in the benefits / interests arising out of the objects of the issue. No benefit/interest will accrue to our Promoters/Directors out of the proceeds of the Issue.

Except as stated in the sections titled "*Related Party Transactions*" in this Draft Prospectus, and to the extent of compensation and commission if any, and their shareholding in our Company, our Directors do not have any other interest in our business.

None of our Directors, Promoters, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management have any financial or other material interest in the Issue.

For the details of securities purchased or sold by our Directors or their relatives have not in the six month preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus, refer "*Capital Structure*" on page 48.

Shareholding of our Directors

Except as stated below, none of our Directors hold any Equity Shares as on September 30, 2026.

Name, Designation and DIN	No. of Equity Shares of face value ₹10 each	% of total Equity Shares of our Company on fully diluted basis (In %)
Mathew Mathaininan **Designation:** Chairman and Whole-time Director **DIN:** 00063078	6,25,87,332	42.96
Richi Mathew **Designation:** Managing Director **DIN:** 00224336	5,20,29,268	35.72
Ammini Mathew **Designation:** Whole Time Director **DIN:** 00533771	4,64,964	0.32
Asha Richi Mathew **Designation:** Non-Executive Director **DIN:** 05172361	87,40,500	6.00

Appointment of any relatives of Directors to an Office or place of profit of Company during the preceding three financial years and as on date of this Draft Prospectus.

None of our Directors' relatives have been appointed to an office or place of profit of our Company.

Debentures/Subordinated Debt holding of our Directors

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, except for Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew and Asha Richi Mathew, none of our Directors hold debentures or subordinated debt issued by our Company.

Changes in our Directors of our Company during the preceding three financial years and as on date of this Draft Prospectus

The changes in our Board of Directors of our Company in the preceding three financial years and as on date of this Draft Prospectus are as follows:

Name, Designation and DIN	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation, if applicable	Date of Resignation, if applicable	Remarks
Antony Robert John **Designation:** Independent Director **DIN:** 10213030	June 26, 2023	-	-	Appointment
Pathrose Ladislas **Designation:** Independent Director **DIN:** 11567957	February 02, 2026*	-	-`	Appointment

Note: This does not include changes such as regularisations or change in designations.
** Pursuant to a resolution dated February 02, 2026, the Board of Directors appointed Pathrose Ladislas as an Additional Director of the Company, with effect from February 02, 2026. Our Company has inadvertently mentioned February 01, 2026, instead of February 02, 2026, as the date of appointment in the relevant RoC filing.*

Key Managerial Personnel

The Key Managerial Personnel of our Company, other than the Managing Director and the Whole-time Directors referred to above, are as follows:

1. **Bagavath Krishnan Venugopal**, aged 69 years, is the Chief Financial Officer of our Company. He has degree of Bachelor of Arts from University of Kerala. He was associated with Bank of India as Manager.

2. **Rupesh V H**, aged 38 years, is the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company. He is an associate member of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI). He has experience in Secretarial and Compliance Management and he was associated with Chemmanur Gold Palace International Limited.

For details about the Managing Director and the Whole Time Directors, please refer to "*Our Management*" on page 119.

Senior Management

The Senior Management of our Company, other than the Key Managerial Personnel, are as follows:

1. **Prashanth S** aged 43 years is the Chief Manager-Northern Development of our Company. He holds a Bachelors degree of Fisheries Science from the Kerala Agricultural University. He was associated with Hindustan Lever Limited as Marine Supervisor, he was associated with Subiksha Trading Services Limited as Executive Procurement – F & M and he was associated with Allahabad Bank as the Officer in JMG, Scale – 1. He has been associated with our Company since January 7, 2022.

All our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management are permanent employees of our Company.

Relationship with other Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management

None of our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management are related to each other.

Interests of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management

Except to the extent of their remuneration or extent of their shareholding or/and benefits to which they are entitled to as per their terms of appointment and reimbursement of expenses incurred by them during the ordinary course of business, the Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel of the Company do not have any

interest in the Company.

Our Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or Senior Management have no financial or other material interest in the Issue.

Payment or Benefit to Officers of our Company

Nil

Shareholding of our Company's Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel

Except as stated above – ***Shareholdings of Whole Time Director and Managing Director***, none of our Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Personnel hold any Equity shares in our Company as on the date of this Draft Prospectus.

Related Party Transactions

For details in relation to the related party transactions entered by our Company during the preceding three financial years and current financial year with regard to loans made or, guarantees given or securities provided, as per the requirements specified under the Companies Act, refer Note 37, Note 38, and Note 38 of "Financial Statements" on page F - 242, F- 154, and F – 71, respectively for the Financial Years 2026, 2025, and 2024 under chapter "*Financial Statements*" beginning on page 136.

Corporate Governance

Our Company believes that good corporate governance is an important constituent in enhancing stakeholder value. Our Company has in place processes and systems whereby it complies with the requirements to the corporate governance provided in SEBI Listing Regulations (to the extent applicable to a company which has listed debt securities) and the applicable RBI Guidelines. The corporate governance framework is based on an effective independent Board, separation of the supervisory role of the Board from the executive management team and constitution of the committees of the Board, as required under applicable law. Our Company believes that its Board is constituted in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Board functions either as a full Board or through various committees constituted to oversee specific operational areas.

Details of various committees of the Board of Directors:

1. Audit Committee

Audit committee was re-constituted by the Board of directors through its resolution dated April 18, 2026. It currently comprises of the following members:

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Antony Robert John	Chairperson	Independent Director
Richi Mathew	Member	Managing Director
Dillark Justin	Member	Independent Director

The role of audit committee shall classify into three. Review, Recommendation and approval

I. Review of the following

1. Financial reporting process and disclosure

2. Auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process

3. Annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
   a. Matters included in the director's responsibility statement in board report (refer section 134(3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013)
   b. Changes in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same
   c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management

d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings
e. Compliance with legal requirements
f. Disclosure of related party transactions
g. Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report

4. Performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems and adequacy of internal audit function

5. Findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board
6. Functioning of the whistle blower mechanism

7. End use of funds raised through public offers and related matters

8. Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the followings:

- Statement of related party transactions on quarterly basis.
- Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors
- Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee

II. Approval of the following

1. Payment to statutory auditors for any other services.

2. Transactions and any subsequent modification of transactions with related parties read with policy on related party transactions.

III. Recommendation

1. Appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the company.

IV. Other Roles

1. Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments

2. Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems

3. Look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors

4. Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings

5. Discussion with statutory auditors about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern

2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination Committee was re-constituted by a board resolution dated April 18, 2026. It currently comprises the following members:

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Antony Robert John	Chairperson	Independent Director
Asha Richi Mathew	Member	Non-Executive Director
Dillark Justin	Member	Independent Director

The roles and responsibilities of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as follows:

1. Identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior

Management in accordance with criteria as laid down and recommend to Board their appointment and removal.

2. Ensure persons proposed to be appointed on the Board do not suffer any disqualifications for being appointed as a Director under the Companies Act, 2013.

3. Ensure that the proposed appointees have given their consent in writing to the Company.

4. Review and carry out every Director's performance, the structure, size and composition including skills, knowledge and experience required of the Board compared to its current position and make recommendations to the Board with regard to any changes.

5. Plan for the succession planning for Directors in the course of its work, taking into account the challenges and opportunities facing the Company and what skills and expertise are therefore needed on the Board in the future.

6. Be responsible for identifying and nominating for the approval of the Board, candidates to fill Board vacancies as and when they arise.

7. Keep under review the leadership needs of the organization, both Executive and Non-Executive, with a view to ensuring the continued ability of the organization to compete efficiently in the market place.

8. Ensure that on appointment to the Board, Non-Executive Directors receive a formal letter of appointment setting out clearly what is expected of them in terms of services and involvement outside Board Meetings.

9. Determine and agree with the Board the framework for broad policy for criteria for determining qualifications, positive attitudes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to remuneration for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees

10. Review the on-going appropriateness and relevance of the remuneration policy.

11. Ensure that contractual terms of the agreement that Company enters into with Directors as part of their employment in the Company are fair to the individual and the Company.

12. Ensure that all provisions regarding disclosure of remuneration and Remuneration Policy as required under the Companies Act, 2013 or such other acts, rules, regulations or guidelines are complied with.

13. Devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors.

14. Draft and submit a Remuneration Policy on Annual Basis for the approval of Board of Directors of the Company.

15. Sign and submit copies of the Minutes or Resolutions of the Meetings of the Committee with any judicial, quasi-judicial, regulatory, other government department or anyone concerned or interested in the matter signed by the Chairman of the Committee, whenever and wherever required.

16. Submit Minutes of the Committee Meetings at the subsequent meeting of Board of Directors of the Company for consideration and approval.

17. Review and submit an Annual Report for the approval of Board of Directors of the Company.

3. Asset Liability Management Committee

The Asset Liability Management Committee was re-constituted by a Board Resolution dated March 16, 2026 and it currently comprises following members:

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Mathew Mathaininan	Chairperson	Chairman cum Whole Time Director
Richi Mathew	Member	Managing Director
Antony Robert John	Member	Independent Director

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Krishnamoorthy C	Member	Deputy General Manager
Bhagavath Krishnan V	Member	Chief Financial Officer

The scope and function of the Asset Liability Committee and its terms of reference are as follows:

1. Liquidity risk management
2. Management of Market risks
3. Funding & Capital Planning
4. Profit planning and growth projection
5. Forecasting and analysing 'What if scenario' and preparation of contingency plans.

4. Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee was re-constituted by a Board Resolution dated March 16, 2026 and it currently comprises following members:

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Mathew Mathaininan	Chairperson	Chairman cum Whole Time Director
Richi Mathew	Member	Managing Director
Dillark Justin	Member	Independent Director
Antony Robert John	Member	Independent Director
Krishnamoorthy C	Member	Deputy General Manager
Bhagavath Krishnan V	Member	Chief Financial Officer

The scope and function of the Risk Management Committee and its terms of reference are as follows:

1. The Risk Management Committee is involved in the process of identification, measurement and migration of various risks associated with the Company.

5. Stakeholder Relationship Committee

Stakeholders Relationship Committee was re-constituted by a Board Resolution dated March 16, 2026 and it currently comprises following members:

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Mathew Mathaininan	Chairperson	Chairman cum Whole Time Director
Richi Mathew	Member	Managing Director
Dillark Justin	Member	Independent Director
Antony Robert John	Member	Independent Director

The scope and function of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee are as follows:

1. To consider and ensure resolution of the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares/Debentures, non-receipt of annual reports, non-receipt of dividends, general meetings etc
2. Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
3. Review of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
4. To review compliance relating to all securities including dividend payments, transfer of unclaimed amounts or shares to the Investor Education and Protection Fund;
5. Recommendation and Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the entity for reducing the

quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

6. To undertake self-evaluation of its own functioning of the committee in yearly

7. To perform such other functions or duties as may be required under the relevant Act, rules if applicable to the committee from time to time.

6. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee:

The CSR Committee was re-constituted by the Board of Directors vide its resolution dated March 16, 2026. The CSR Committee comprises of the following members:

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Antony Robert John	Chairperson	Independent Director
Mathew Mathaininan	Member	Chairman cum Whole Time Director
Richi Mathew	Member	Managing Director
Dillark Justin	Member	Independent Director

The terms of reference of the CSR Committee are approved by the Board and includes the following:

1. Formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken, as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

2. Recommend the amount of budgeted expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred in clause 5(a) above.

3. Monitor the CSR policy and activities of the company a quarterly basis.

4. Approve projects/ activities of value which are outside the ambit of Schedule VII.

7. Debenture Allotment Committee:

The Debenture Allotment Committee was reconstituted by the Board of Directors vide its resolution dated March 16, 2026. The Debenture Allotment Committee comprises of the following members:

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Mathew Mathaininan	Chairperson	Chairman cum Whole Time Director
Richi Mathew	Member	Managing Director
Antony Robert John	Member	Independent Director
Krishnamoorthy C	Member	Deputy General Manager

The terms of reference of the Debenture Allotment Committee are approved by the Board and includes the following:

1. To determine and approve, by a Resolution passed at a meeting of the Debenture Allotment Committee or by Resolution passed by Circulation;

2. the terms and conditions and number of the Debentures to be issued including issue size not exceeding the limit mentioned by the Board, the timing, nature, type, pricing and such other terms and conditions of the issue including coupon rate, minimum subscription, retention of oversubscription, if any, etc.,

3. to direct any officers of the Company to do such things and to take such actions as the Company is entitled to do or take (as the case may be) in terms of this resolution,

4. to approve and make changes/ modifications to the draft offer document, to approve the offer document, including any corrigendum, amendments supplements thereto

5. to finalise the terms and conditions of the appointment of Merchant banker, a debenture trustee, a registrar and transfer agent, a credit rating agency, legal counsel, a depository and such other intermediaries as may be required including their successors and their agents and the issue thereof

6. to issue and allot the Debentures and authorize such person to file necessary e-forms with Registrar of Companies with respect to creation or modification of charge and to approve all other matters relating to the issue and do all such acts, deeds, matters and things including execution of all such deeds, documents, instruments, applications and writings as it may, at its discretion, deem necessary for the purpose of issue of NCDs through public offers

7. to issue and allot the Debentures and authorize such person to file necessary e-forms with Registrar of Companies with respect to creation or modification of charge and to approve all other matters relating to the issue and do all such acts, deeds, matters and things including execution of all such deeds, documents, instruments, applications and writings as it may, at its discretion, deem necessary for the purpose of issue of NCDs through private placement offers.

8. Information Technology (IT) Strategy Committee

The IT Strategy Committee was re-constituted by the Board of Directors through its resolution dated March 16, 2026. The IT Strategy Committee comprises of the following members:

Name	Position in the committee	Designation
Mathew Mathaininan	Chairperson	Chairman cum Whole Time Director
Richi Mathew	Member	Managing Director
Antony Robert John	Member	Independent Director
Shanthanu	Member	Head, Software Department
Akhil Mohan	Member	IT Support

The terms of reference of the IT Strategy Committee includes the following:

1. Approving and reviewing IT strategy and policy documents and ensuring that the management has put an effective strategic planning process in place;

2. Ascertaining that management has implemented processes and practices that ensure that the IT delivers value to the business;

3. Ensuring IT investments represent a balance of risks and benefits and that budgets are acceptable;

4. Monitoring the method that management uses to determine the IT resources needed to achieve strategic goals and provide high-level direction for sourcing and use of IT resources;

5. Ensuring proper balance of IT investments for sustaining company’s growth and becoming aware about exposure towards IT risks and controls.

OUR PROMOTERS

Our Promoters are Mathew Mathaininan and Richi Mathew.

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, the Promoters and promoters group of our Company collectively hold 11,46,16,600 Equity Shares aggregating to 78.68% of the share capital of our Company.

The profile of our Promoters is given below:



Mathew Mathaininan

Mathew Mathaininan, aged 83 years, is the Promoter, Chairman and Whole Time Director of the Company.

Date of Birth: October 31, 1942

Education: He holds a bachelor's degree in Engineering from University of Mysore.

Experience: He has been associated with our Company since incorporation.

He is serving as a director in Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited, Muthoot Computer Software Development and Research Institute Private Limited, Muthoot AI Labs Limited and Muthoot Mutual Fund Limited. For further details, see "*Our Management*" on page 119.



Richi Mathew

Richi Mathew, aged 52 years, is the Promoter and Managing Director of our Company

Date of Birth: May 13, 1974

Education: He holds a Bachelor's degree in Engineering from Mangalore University.

Experience: He has been associated with our Company since 2002.

He is serving as a director in Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited, Richi Mathew Securities Limited, Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited, Richi Mathew Software Technologies Limited, Muthoot AI Labs Limited and Muthoot Mutual Fund Limited. For further details, see "*Our Management*" on page 119.

Our Company confirms that details of the permanent account number, aadhaar number, driving license number, bank account number(s) personal addresses and passport number of our Promoters have been submitted to the Stock Exchange at the time of filing this Draft Prospectus.

There have been no changes in the Promoter's holding in our Company during last financial year beyond the threshold prescribed by RBI.

Interest of our Promoters in our Company

Except as stated under "*Our Management*" beginning on page 119 and as stated above, to the extent of their shareholding and debenture holding in our Company and to the extent of remuneration received by them in their capacity as Directors, our Promoters do not have any other interest in our Company's business.

Further, our Promoters have no interest in any property acquired by our Company in the last two years from the

date of this Draft Prospectus, or proposed to be acquired by our Company, or in any transaction with respect to the acquisition of land, construction of building or supply of machinery.

Our Promoters do not propose to subscribe to the Issue and none of our Promoters have any interest in the promotion of the Issue.

Our Promoters equity shareholding in our Company, as on September 30, 2026, is as set forth below:

Name of Promoter	Total number of Equity Shares	Number of shares held in dematerialised Form	Percentage of issued Equity Share capital	Equity Shares pledged or otherwise encumbered	% of Equity Shares pledged
Mathew Mathaininan	6,25,87,332	6,25,87,332	42.96	NA	NA
Richi Mathew	5,20,29,268	5,20,29,268	35.72	NA	NA

Other ventures of our Promoter

Our Promoters have investments in our Company and the following entities which forms part of our Promotor Group:

Promoter Group Entities:

1) Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited
2) Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited
3) Muthoot Computer Software Development and Research Institute Private Limited
4) Richi Mathew Software Technologies Limited
5) Richi Mathew Securities Limited
6) Muthoot AI Labs Limited
7) Muthoot Mutual Fund Limited

Other Confirmations

Our Promoters have confirmed that neither it nor its directors, have been identified as Wilful Defaulters by the RBI or any other governmental authority and are not a Promoter of any such company which has been identified as a Wilful Defaulter by the RBI or any other governmental authority or which has been in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of debt securities issued by it to the public, if any, for a period of more than six months. Further, no members of our Promoter Group have been identified as Wilful Defaulters.

None of our Promoters have been declared as a fugitive economic offender.

No violation of securities laws has been committed by our Promoters in the past and no regulatory action before SEBI, RBI is currently pending against our Promoters except as disclosed in section titled "*Outstanding Litigations*" on page 226. Our Promoters were not a promoter of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus, in accordance with Chapter V of the SEBI Delisting Regulations.

Our Promoters and Promoter Group are not restrained or debarred or prohibited from accessing the capital markets or restrained\ or debarred or prohibited from buying, selling, or dealing in securities under any order or directions passed for any reasons by the SEBI or any other authority or refused listing of any of the securities issued by any such entity by any stock exchange in India or abroad and are not promoters, directors or person in control of any other company which is prohibited from accessing or operating in capital markets under any order or direction passed by SEBI or any other regulatory or governmental authority

No benefit or interest will accrue to our Promoters out of the objects of the Issue.

Payment of benefits to our Promoters during the preceding three years

Other than as disclosed under "*Our Management*" segment of "*Financial Statements*" beginning on pages 119 and 136, respectively, our Company has not made payment of any benefit to our Promoters during the preceding three years preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus.

Details of Equity Shares allotted to our Promoters during the preceding three Fiscal Years

Except as disclosed under "*Capital Structure*" on page 48, our Promoters have not been allotted any Equity Shares of our Company during the preceding three Fiscal Years.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For details of the related party transaction as at and for each of the years ended March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2024, as per the requirements under the applicable accounting standards, see Note 37, Note 38, and Note 38 of "*Financial Statements*" on page, F - 242, F- 154, and F - 71, respectively.

Details of related party transactions under the applicable accounting standards entered during the preceding three financial years with regard to loans made or guarantees given or securities provided:

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of Related Party	Fiscal	Loans Made	Guarantees given	Securities provided
Nil	2024	Nil	Nil	Nil
Nil	2025	Nil	Nil	Nil
Nil	2026	Nil	Nil	Nil

Related party transactions entered during the current financial year for the period from April 01, 2026, till Cut-off date, with regard to loans made or, guarantees given or securities provided

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of Related Party	Fiscal	Loans Made	Guarantees given	Securities provided
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

SECTION V - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sr. No.	Particulars	Page No.
1.	Audited Financial Statements as at and for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024	F-1 to F-84
2.	Audited Financial Statements as at and for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025	F-85 to F-182
3.	Audited Financial Statements as at and for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026	F-183 to F-270
4.	Unaudited Financial Results for quarter ended June 30, 2026	F-271 to F-290

Please refer to Annexure IV (Financial Statements) of this Draft Prospectus.

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS

Other than as disclosed below and in the Draft Prospectus, there have been no material developments since March 31,2026 and there have arisen no circumstance that materially or adversely affect the operations, or financial condition or profitability of the Company or the value of its assets or its ability to pay its liabilities within the next 12 months.

1. Repayment of term loans, redemption of non-convertible securities, and redemption of Subordinated Debts

    a. The company from April 01,2026 till Cut-off Date has redeemed secured non-convertible public issue debentures amounting to ₹ 6,125.60 lakhs.
    b. The company from April 01,2026 till Cut-off Date has made repayment of term loans from banks amounting to ₹ 12,691.41 lakhs.
    c. The company from April 01,2026 till Cut-off Date has redeemed secured privately placed non-convertible debentures amounting to ₹ 174.25 lakhs
    d. The company from April 01,2026 till Cut-off Date has redeemed subordinate debts amounting to ₹ 2,339.91 lakhs.

2. Mobilized fund by issue of non-convertible securities, Sub-ordinated debts and term loans

    a. The company from April 01,2026 till Cut-off Date has issued public Non-Convertible Debentures of ₹13,102.67 lakhs.
    b. The company from April 01,2026 till Cut-off Date has issued Subordinated Debts of ₹ 3,960.57 lakhs.
    c. The company from April 01,2026 till Cut-off Date has taken term loans from banks amounting to ₹ 17,710.00 lakhs
    d. The company from April 01,2026 till Cut-off Date has issued secured privately placed non-convertible debentures 10,000.00 lakhs.

FINANCIAL INDEBTEDNESS

As on October 01,2026, the company had outstanding Total Borrowings of ₹ 1,26,321.62 lakhs:

Sr. No.	Nature of Borrowings	Amount Outstanding (₹ in lakhs)	%
1	Secured borrowings	1,04,948.72	83.08%
2	Unsecured borrowings	21,372.90	16.92%
	Total Borrowings	**1,26,321.62**	**100.00%**

Set forth below, is a summary of the borrowings by the company outstanding as on October 01,2026, together with a brief description of certain significant terms of such financing arrangements.

Details of secured borrowings:

The Company's secured outstanding borrowings from banks/ financial institutions as on October 01,2026 amounts to **₹37,662.88** lakhs. The details of the secured borrowings from banks/ financial institutions are set out below:

a) Borrowings from Banks/Financial Institutions:

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
Anandrathi Global finance Limited (Term loan)	May 28, 2026	2,000.00	1,555.56	Principle to be Repaid in 18 Equal Monthly instalments	Primary First pari passu charge via a deed of hypothecation over the standard asset portfolio of receivables including present and future receivables ("Hypothecated Assets") with security cover of 1.20 times ("Minimum Security Cover") to be always maintained on the outstanding principal amounts of the Facility during the tenure of the Facility. The minimum-security cover shall be calculated on the basis of the outstanding	Pre-payment penalty of 2.00% (plus tax) on the prepaid amount.	ACUITE A-/ Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
					principal amount/s on the Hypothecated Assets. ("Security") Personal Guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew and Richi Mathew			
AU Small Finance Bank (Term Loan)	March 29, 2026	1,900.00	1,372.23	Repayable in 18 Principal Instalments starting from the following month from the date of full disbursement	Pari Passu on present & future loan receivables (Net of Interest portion, Financial Charges, NPA, other charges, etc.) to be created upfront through Deed of Hypothecation / Deed of adherence or any such document required to create charge on requisite assets Security Margin of 125% for the loan principal outstanding during the currency of the loan The value of primary security to be taken at principal outstanding at the time of creation of charge Personal Guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew and Richi Mathew	2% of the principal outstanding.	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
AU Small Finance Bank (Cash Credit)	March 29, 2026	100.00	95.09	On Demand		2% of the principal outstanding.	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Bajaj Finance Ltd (Term Loan)	July 26, 2025	1,000.00	66.67	Repayment in 15 equal monthly instalments	First Pari passu charge on the loan portfolio of the Borrower by way of hypothecation on the secured loan instalments receivables both	No voluntary prepayment charge if 30 days' notice is given. Any voluntary prepayment without 30 days'	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
					present and future created from the proceeds of the Facility, with a minimum asset cover of 1.25x on the principal amount and interest during the currency of the loan. Cash collateral of 5% of facility amount secured by lien on term deposit with BFL. Personal Guarantee of Promoters viz. Mr. Mathew Mathai Ninan and Mr Richi Mathew	notice shall attract Penalty of 2%		
Bandhan Bank (Term Loan)	April 04, 2025	3,000.00	1,125.00	Principal repayment in 8 months equal instalments	First pari-passu charge on gold loan receivables (0 DPD) and current assets except those receivables specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge holders, with security asset coverage ratio of 1.25x times to be maintained at all times both present & future of the company. Personal Guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew and Richi Mathew	Borrower may prepay amount within 12 months of availment with payment of Prepayment Penalty of 2%. If prepayment is made after 12 months of availing the loan, no prepayment charge shall be applicable. However, Client may prepay loan without prepayment charge in case of increase in interest spread.	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Dhanlaxmi Bank (Term Loan)	October 16, 2025	2,500.00	2,031.25	Principal amount to be prepaid in 16 quarterly instalments of	Pari pasu first charge by way of hypothecation of gold loan receivables and entire current assets of the company	In case of premature closure of the facility prepayment/pre-closure charges fixed by the Bank from time to time	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
				Rs.1,56,25,000 per quarter	both present and future along with other lenders of the company and secured debenture holders with minimum security cover of 1.33 times. Personal Guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew and Richi Mathew	is binding on the borrower as advised by the Bank.		
Dhanlaxmi Bank (Term Loan)	June 17, 2026	310.00	300.65	84 EMI's of Rs. 4,81,630/-	Hypothecation of the vehicle purchased out of bank finance.	3% of the amount Prepaid	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Federal Bank (Foreign Currency Term Loan)	August 27, 2024	3,000.00	1,000.00	12 equal quarterly instalments ₹250 lakhs	Pari passu first charge by way of hypothecation of entire current assets of the company (present and future) including loan receivables, with secured debentures holders and other banks. Fixed Deposits in the name of the borrower with the coverage of 15 %. Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew, Richi Mathew	As per Mutually agreed rates	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Federal Bank (Foreign Currency Term Loan)	November 28, 2025	2,500.00	1,875.00	12 equal quarterly instalments		2% of the balance outstanding or DP whichever is higher	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Federal Bank (Cash Credit)	August 27, 2024	500.00	134.91	On Demand		As per Mutually agreed rates	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Indian overseas Bank (Cash Credit)	June 18, 2025	2,000.00	100.00	On Demand	First pari pasu charge on gold loan receivables and current assets of the company along with secured debenture holders and other working capital lenders. Primary security coverage should not be less than 1.25 times at any	Prepayment charges will not be levied on all floating rate term loan. For all other cases, prepayment of borrowal account will be subject to recovery of charges at discretion of Bank.	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
					point of time. Lien on fixed deposits equivalent to 15% of cash credit amount ie, Rs.3.00 crores (15% of Rs.20.00 crores) Existing lien marked deposit is of Rs.1.50 crores (15% of Rs.10 crores) Personal Guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew and Richi Mathew			
Karur Vysa Bank (Term Loan)	November 30, 2023	2,000.00	166.67	12 Quarterly Instalments without holiday period.		3% of the amount Prepaid	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Karur Vysa Bank (Term Loan)	June 01, 2026	3,000.00	2,750.00	36 monthly instalments without any holiday period.		3% of the amount Prepaid	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Karur Vysa Bank (Term Loan)	September 27, 2026	3,000.00	3,000.00	36 monthly instalments without any holiday period.	First paripassu charge on the receivables of the company Including Gold Loan receivables both present and future, and other current assets of the company with other secured lenders (Banks, FI's and NCD Holders) except those which are specifically charged to any term lenders whether under refinance facility or otherwise. (Net of NPA accounts)	3% of the amount Prepaid	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Karur Vysa Bank (Cash Credit)	June 01, 2026	400.00	77.42	On Demand		3% of the amount Prepaid	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Karur Vysa Bank (Working Capital)	June 01, 2026	600.00	600.00	On Demand		3% of the amount Prepaid	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
					with margin of 25%. ACR 1.33x times of Principle outstanding of the loan. Additional EM charge on Commercial Vacant land admeasuring 33.40 Ares (32.50 Cents of Residential Land) situated at Sy. No: 97/22 (Old 75/19/1) Block No: 10, Elanthoor Village, Kozhencherry Taluk, Pathanamthitta District, Kerala standing in the name of Shri. M. Mathew and Shri. Richi Mathew. Personal Guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew and Richi Mathew			
Kerala Financial Corporation (Term Loan)	March 22, 2025	5,000.00	3,689.99	20 equal quarterly instalments of 250 Lakh	(i)Pari passu 1st charge by way of hypothecation of the entire present and future book debts and receivables of the NBFC (Gold Loan receivables) shared with existing lenders and secured debenture holders. Portfolios like micro finance that are specifically charged to another lender shall be excluded. A minimum-security coverage of 1.25 times the loan	Borrower shall not repay outstanding Principal amount of Term loan in full or part before the due dates except after obtaining prior approval of KFC in writing, which may be granted subject to such conditions as KFC may stipulate, including levy of prepayment/ foreclosure charges as per Policy of Corporation	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
Kerala Financial Corporation (Term Loan)	September 11, 2026	6,000.00	5,400.00	20 equal quarterly instalments of 300 Lakh	sanctioned by the corporation (minimum of Rs 6250 lakh) shall be ensured with the book debts and receivables of the secured (secured with tangible assets) standard category loans (excluding SMA-2, NPA & Fraud Cases) provided by the NBFC. Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathai Ninan, Mr. Richi Mathew and Ammini Mathew	Borrower shall not repay outstanding Principal amount of Term loan in full or part before the due dates except after obtaining prior approval of KFC in writing, which may be granted subject to such conditions as KFC may stipulate, including levy of prepayment/ foreclosure charges as per Policy of Corporation	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Oxyzo financial Services Ltd (Term Loan)	September 03, 2025	2,500.00	833.33	18 equal principal instalments	First ranking pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation on the Borrower's entire loan receivables (present and future), unencumbered cash & cash equivalents, and other current assets along with other existing lenders (the "Hypothecated Assets").A demand promissory note ("DPN"), a letter of continuity and DPN Delivery cum Waiver Letter.Further, the Lender shall have a general lien and set-off right on all assets of the Borrower on a first ranking pari passu basis, whereby the	NA	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
					Lender will be entitled to recover its outstanding Amounts from the sale of any existing and future assets of the Borrower at any point in time during the Facility Tenure on the occurrence of Event of Default Security cover: 1.20x (One Point Two times) of the Outstanding Amounts under the Facility at all times. Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathai Ninan, Mr. Richi Mathew and Ammini Mathew			
Paul Merchants Finance Private Limited (Term Loan)	November 25, 2025	2,000.00	1,047.68	1.5 years from the date of first drawdown, repayable in 18 equal monthly instalments, with repayment due on the 10th of each month. The first EMI shall be payable on 10th January 2026, and the total interest accrued till that date shall be paid along with the first EMI.	For the payment and discharge of the outstanding obligations under the loan, the Borrower as the legal and beneficial owner of the Hypothecated Assets: shall create a first ranking Pari Passu continuing charge by way of hypothecation over receivables, as are required for providing the Security Cover ("Hypothecated Assets"). Pari Passu letters from all the lenders to be submitted within 90 days of disbursement. a demand promissory note in favour of the Lender in the	2% of the outstanding amount.	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
					format provided by the Lender. Minimum security cover of 125% (one hundred twenty five percent) shall be maintained by the Borrower from the date of execution of the Deed of Hypothecation till the final settlement date			
South Indian Bank (Term Loan)	December 10, 2025	1,100.00	1,022.19	23 Equal Monthly instalments of Rs. 41.67 lakhs to be paid Monthly (5th of every month) commencing from successive month after first disbursement date / end of moratorium period (if any) and one last instalment of Rs. 41.59 lakhs.	First Paripassu charge along with other working capital lenders and debenture holders, by way of hypothecation of loan receivables of standard assets which are not overdue as per RBI/Regulator guidelines. Security Cover of 1.33 times Margin: 25% on standard loan receivables. Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathai Ninan, Mr. Richi Mathew And Ammini Mathew	Pre-Payment/Closure by own funds Charges /penalty of 4% of value plus GST for Limits upto Rs 1 Cr and 3% plus GST for Loans above Rs 1 Cr	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
South Indian Bank (Cash Credit)	December 10, 2025	50.00	43.60	On Demand		Pre-Payment/Closure by own funds Charges /penalty of 4% of value plus GST for Limits upto Rs 1 Cr and 3% plus	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
						GST for Loans above Rs 1 Cr		
State Bank of India (Term Loan)	February 05, 2026	10,000.00	3,330.00	(i) Quarterly instalments of ₹1 crore each. (ii) Quarterly instalment of ₹1.60 crore on 10 November 2026, followed by the final repayment of ₹1.20 crore on 10 February 2027 (iii) Monthly instalment of ₹1.50 crore	Primary Security- First charge over all movable assets and current assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company, on pari-passu basis with the Secured Creditors including debenture trustees & otherbanks.Hypothecation of Stage-I Gold loan receivables and should not include receivables of assets which are overdue more than 30 days.Collateral Security –a. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over 5.52 Ares of land with a residential building thereon bearing TC No. 4/1683 comprised in Re Sy No. 28 (Old Sy Nos. 3138/2-1, 3138/2-2, 3128/2-3 and 3134/4-2), Block No. 55, Thandaper No. 3822 of Kowdiar Village, Thiruvananthapuram District belonging to Shri M Mathew & Smt. Ammini Mathew (Title Deed No:	In case of prepayment of Term Loan there would be levy of prepayment charge of 2%of the amount prepaid	ACUITE A-/ Stable	Standard
State Bank of India (Cash Credit)	February 05, 2026	5,000.00	(1,194.09)	On Demand		In case of prepayment of Term Loan there would be levy of prepayment charge of 2%of the amount prepaid	ACUITE A-/ Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
					3137/2000).b. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over 10.35 Ares of land comprised in Re Sy No. 3 (Old Sy Nos. 2640/1-5, 2640/1-6, 2640/1-7), Block No. 29, Thandaper No. 2 at Vattiyoorkkavu Village, Thiruvananthapuram District belonging to Shri M Mathew (Title Deed No: 2596/2000).c. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over 1.825 Cents of undivided share on 2.89 ares in Re Sy No. 11/123 (Old Sy Nos. 1250, 1250/1-1 and 1250/1), Block No. 2, Thandaper No. 2278 at Manacaud Village, Thiruvananthapuram District belonging to Shri M Mathew (Title Deed No: 2353/2001).f. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over 40.47 ares of land with residential building thereon comprising in Sy Nos. 332/1, 332/1-1, 332/1-2, 332/1-1A, 332/1-1-1 and 332/1-2-1, Thandaper No. 9088 in Kozhenchery			

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
					Village, Kozhenchery Taluk and Pathanamthitta District belonging to Shri M Mathew & Shri. Richi Mathew (Title Deed No: 402/2004).g. Exclusive Equitable Mortgage charge over commercial / office space admeasuring 13030 Sq.ft. (6515 sq ft & 6515 sq ft) in the first and ground floor, 2.89 ares undivided share over 10.82 Ares with Building No 81/3031 & 81/3032 comprised in Re Sy No 164 (Old SyNo 1217/2 & 1219), Block No 99, Thandapper No. 12605 of the multistoried building called 'Artech Meenakshi Plaza' in Thycaud Village, Thiruvananthapuram District belonging to Shri M Mathew & Smt. Ammini Mathew (Title Deed No: 465/2014).h. Exclusive charge (Lien) over the fixed deposit of Rs. 5.00 held in the name of the Company with SBI. Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Amini Mathew, Richi Mathew			

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
STCI Finance Limited (Term Loan)	March 25, 2026	2,000.00	1,500.00	Loan repayable in 24 equal instalments	Hypothecation by way of first pari passu charge of debts/receivables fulfilling the following criteria: Arising out of all present and future movable assets including book debts, loan receivables cash and bank balances etc.Of Principal dues only, which are Standard assets with a coverage of 1.25 times the dues to STCI. NOC and letter ceding Pari passu charge from the other lenders shall be submitted within 90 days of disbursement and utilization certificate to be provided within 30 days of disbursement. The borrower must maintain a minimum asset cover of 1.15 times the outstanding loan amount through the exclusive hypothecation of present and future loan assets or book debts. This required coverage must be upheld throughout the duration of the facility. Personal Guarantees of Mr. Richi Mathew, Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mrs. Ammini Mathew.	The Borrower shall have an option to prepay the outstanding amounts of Facility, either in part or full subject to the payment of premium equal to 2% of pre-paid amount with prior written notice of 30 days to the Lender.	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
Tata Capital Limited (Term Loan)	July 29, 2026	2,000.00	1,888.89	Equal Monthly Instalments	First pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation over the Company's gold loan assets/book debts, both present and future, with a minimum asset cover of 1.25 times the outstanding loan amount. Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathai Ninan, Mr. Richi Mathew And Ammini Mathew	2.00% on the amount prepaid.	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Unity Small Finance Bank Limited (Term Loan)	July 24, 2026	2,000.00	1,850.85	Loan repayable in 24 equal instalments	Pari-passu charge on the gold loan portfolio receivables (Zero DPD) with a minimum-security cover of 1.33x. Personal guarantee of all three promoters, namely Mathew Mathaininan, Richi Mathew, and Ammini Mathew.Submission of five undated cheques of ₹8 crore each.	Pre-payment of the term loan facility shall not be permitted before six months from the date of disbursement. Any pre-payment shall attract cancellation/prepayment charges on the entire loan facility amount at the rate of 4% for cancellation effected within 6 to 15 months from the date of disbursement and 2% for cancellation effected within 15 to 24 months from the date of disbursement. The Company shall provide 15 banking days' prior written notice to the lender for any prepayment. Prepayment charges shall be	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard

Lender's Name and Type of facility	Date of Sanction	Amount Sanctioned (₹ in lakhs)	Principal Amount outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in lakhs)	Repayment Date/Schedule	Security and Guarantee	Prepayment clause in Loan Agreement	Credit Rating	Asset Classification
						applicable only in respect of the term loan facility.		
Unity Small Finance Bank Limited (Working capital)	July 24, 2026	2,000.00	2,000.00	On Demand		Pre-payment of the term loan facility shall not be permitted before six months from the date of disbursement. Any pre-payment shall attract cancellation/prepayment charges on the entire loan facility amount at the rate of 4% for cancellation effected within 6 to 15 months from the date of disbursement and 2% for cancellation effected within 15 to 24 months from the date of disbursement. The Company shall provide 15 banking days' prior written notice to the lender for any prepayment. Prepayment charges shall be applicable only in respect of the term loan facility.	ACUITE A- / Stable	Standard
Total Principal Outstanding		**67,460.00**	**37,662.88**					

Note:

1) *Foreign currency term loan from Federal Bank sanctioned vide letter dated November 28, 2026 has sanction amount of USD 27,77,623.47 and outstanding amount as on October 01, 2026 of USD 20,70,833.54 which is to be repaid in 12 equal quarterly installments of 2,31,468.62. Conversion Rate – 90.005*

2) *Foreign currency term loan from Federal Bank sanctioned vide letter dated August 27, 2026 has sanction amount of USD 35,76,327.59 and outstanding amount as on October 01, 2026 of USD 11,91,970.50 which is to be repaid in 12 equal quarterly installments of USD 2,98,027.30. Conversion Rate - 83.885.*

b) External Commercial Borrowings

As on October 01,2026 we do not have any outstanding borrowing by way of External Commercial Borrowings.

c) Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures

i) Private Placement of secured unlisted redeemable non-convertible debentures

The Company has issued on private placement basis, secured redeemable, non-convertible debentures under various series of which **₹ 1,215.40** lakhs were cumulatively outstanding as on October 01, 2026, the details of which are set forth below:

Series	ISIN	Principal Outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Tenure / Period of Maturity	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Redemption date/ schedule	Secured / unsecured	Credit Rating	Security
175	INE05F407143	40.35	09-02-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	09-08-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
175	INE05F407150		09-02-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	09-08-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
175	INE05F407127		09-02-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	09-08-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
176	INE05F407200	32.60	26-02-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	26-08-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
176	INE05F407192		26-02-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	26-08-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
176	INE05F407184		26-02-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	26-08-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
177	INE05F407242	48.75	22-03-2020	84 Months	14.29 %	22-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
177	INE05F407259		22-03-2020	84 Months	14.29 %	22-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
178	INE05F407309	22.00	24-05-2020	84 Months	14.29 %	24-05-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
179	INE05F407333	21.00	15-07-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	15-01-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
180	INE05F407341	13.50	18-10-2020	96 Months	12.50 %	18-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
180	INE05F407358		18-10-2020	96 Months	12.50 %	18-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables

Series	ISIN	Principal Outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Tenure / Period of Maturity	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Redemption date/ schedule	Secured / unsecured	Credit Rating	Security
180	INE05F407374		18-10-2020	96 Months	12.50 %	18-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
180	INE05F407382		18-10-2020	96 Months	12.50 %	18-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
181	INE05F407390	62.15	24-11-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	24-05-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
181	INE05F407408		24-11-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	24-05-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
181	INE05F407432		24-11-2020	90 Months	13.33 %	24-05-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
182	INE05F407440	20.00	11-01-2021	90 Months	13.33 %	11-07-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
182	INE05F407457		11-01-2021	90 Months	13.33 %	11-07-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
182	INE05F407481		11-01-2021	90 Months	13.33 %	11-07-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
183	INE05F407507	68.50	04-07-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	04-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
183	INE05F407515		04-07-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	04-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
183	INE05F407549		04-07-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	04-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
183	INE05F407523		04-07-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	04-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
183	INE05F407531		04-07-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	04-10-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
184	INE05F407572	14.50	27-09-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	27-12-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
184	INE05F407580		27-09-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	27-12-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
184	INE05F407556		27-09-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	27-12-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
184	INE05F407598		27-09-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	27-12-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
185	INE05F407606	191.00	10-12-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	10-03-2029	secured	BBB+	Receivables
185	INE05F407630		10-12-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	10-03-2029	secured	BBB+	Receivables
185	INE05F407648		10-12-2021	87 Months	13.79 %	10-03-2029	secured	BBB+	Receivables
186	INE05F407671	40.00	14-02-2022	60 Months	9.00%	14-02-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables

Series	ISIN	Principal Outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Tenure / Period of Maturity	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Redemption date/ schedule	Secured / unsecured	Credit Rating	Security
186	INE05F407713		14-02-2022	60 Months	10.10 %	14-02-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
186	INE05F407721		14-02-2022	60 Months	9.00%	14-02-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
186	INE05F407697		14-02-2022	60 Months	9.00%	14-02-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
186	INE05F407705		14-02-2022	60 Months	9.00%	14-02-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
187	INE05F407739	20.50	14-03-2022	60 Months	8.50%	14-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
187	INE05F407754		14-03-2022	60 Months	8.50%	14-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
187	INE05F407770		14-03-2022	60 Months	8.50%	14-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
187	INE05F407796		14-03-2022	60 Months	9.60%	14-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
188	INE05F407846	25.95	30-03-2022	60 Months	8.50%	30-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
188	INE05F407853		30-03-2022	60 Months	8.50%	30-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
188	INE05F407812		30-03-2022	60 Months	8.50%	30-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
188	INE05F407887		30-03-2022	60 Months	8.50%	30-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
188	INE05F407861		30-03-2022	60 Months	9.60%	30-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
188	INE05F407879		30-03-2022	60 Months	8.50%	30-03-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
189	INE05F407903	34.00	10-06-2022	60 Months	8.50%	10-06-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
189	INE05F407945		10-06-2022	60 Months	9.75%	10-06-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
189	INE05F407960		10-06-2022	60 Months	9.75%	10-06-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
189	INE05F407929		10-06-2022	60 Months	8.50%	10-06-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
190	INE05F407994	167.10	07-08-2022	60 Months	9.50%	07-08-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
190	INE05F407AA0		07-08-2022	60 Months	11.00 %	07-08-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
191	INE05F407AD4	113.00	20-09-2022	60 Months	9.50%	20-09-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables

Series	ISIN	Principal Outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Tenure / Period of Maturity	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Redemption date/ schedule	Secured / unsecured	Credit Rating	Security
191	INE05F407AE2		20-09-2022	60 Months	11.00 %	20-09-2027	secured	BBB+	Receivables
192	INE05F407AF9	100.00	31-01-2023	60 Months	10.50 %	31-01-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
193	INE05F407AJ1	74.50	19-03-2023	60 Months	11.75 %	19-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
193	INE05F407AL7		19-03-2023	60 Months	9.75%	19-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
193	INE05F407AG7		19-03-2023	60 Months	10.30 %	19-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
193	INE05F407AI3		19-03-2023	60 Months	11.75 %	19-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
194	INE05F407AM5	58.00	30-03-2023	60 Months	10.25 %	30-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
194	INE05F407AN3		30-03-2023	60 Months	11.75 %	30-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
194	INE05F407AP8		30-03-2023	60 Months	10.25 %	30-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
194	INE05F407AO1		30-03-2023	60 Months	11.75 %	30-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
194	INE05F407AQ6		30-03-2023	60 Months	10.25 %	30-03-2028	secured	BBB+	Receivables
195	INE05F407AS2	19.00	30-06-2023	36 Months	9.75%	30-06-2026	secured	BBB+	Receivables
195	INE05F407AR4		30-06-2023	36 Months	10.75 %	30-06-2026	secured	BBB+	Receivables
198	INE05F407BY8	29.00	08-10-2023	36 Months	9.75%	08-10-2026	secured	BBB+	Receivables
Total Principal Outstanding		**1,215.40**							

ii) Private Placement of secured listed redeemable non-convertible debentures

The Company has issued on private placement basis, secured redeemable, non-convertible debentures under various series of which **₹ 10,000.00** lakhs were cumulatively outstanding as on October 01, 2026, the details of which are set forth below:

Series	ISIN	Principal Outstanding as on October 1, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Tenure / Period of Maturity	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Redemption date/ schedule	Secured / unsecured	Credit Rating	Security
	INE05F407EC8	10,000.00	25-09-2026	30	10.25%	25-03-2029	secured	A-	Receivables

iii) Secured Redeemable non-convertible debentures (public issue):

The company has issued by way of public issue, secured, unlisted, redeemable, non-convertible debentures of which **₹56,070.44** lakhs are outstanding as on October 01,2026 the details of which are set forth below:

Public Issue	Series	ISIN	Amount Outstanding as on October 01, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Tenure / Period of Maturity	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Redemption date/ schedule	Secured / unsecured	Credit Rating	Security
NCD-1	S21	INE05F407AZ7	1,251.32	21-12-2023	75	11.00	21-03-2030	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-1	S18	INE05F407BB6	1,188.78	21-12-2023	60	10.50	21-12-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-1	S14	INE05F407BG5	1,046.72	21-12-2023	36	10.25	21-12-2026	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-1	S15	INE05F407BH3	381.38	21-12-2023	36	10.75	21-12-2026	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-1	S19	INE05F407BJ9	37.01	21-12-2023	60	10.50	21-12-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-1	S17	INE05F407BL5	1,030.72	21-12-2023	60	11.00	21-12-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-1	S13	INE05F407BM3	881.42	21-12-2023	36	10.75	21-12-2026	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-1	S16	INE05F407BO9	268.86	21-12-2023	36	10.75	21-12-2026	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-1	S20	INE05F407BQ4	104.05	21-12-2023	60	11.00	21-12-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-2	S07	INE05F407CB4	1,151.83	27-05-2024	36	10.75	27-05-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-2	S10	INE05F407CC2	112.76	27-05-2024	60	10.80	27-05-2029	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-2	S08	INE05F407CD0	349.50	27-05-2024	36	10.75	27-05-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-2	S11	INE05F407CE8	784.84	27-05-2024	74	10.80	27-07-2030	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-2	S09	INE05F407CH1	732.43	27-05-2024	60	10.80	27-05-2029	Secured	BBB+	Receivables

Public Issue	Series	ISIN	Amount Outstanding as on October 01, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Tenure / Period of Maturity	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Redemption date/ schedule	Secured / unsecured	Credit Rating	Security
NCD-3	S08	INE05F407CL3	71.30	11-09-2024	60	11.03	11-09-2029	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-3	S05	INE05F407CM1	2,556.90	11-09-2024	60	11.25	11-09-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-3	S07	INE05F407CO7	1,473.70	11-09-2024	60	11.50	11-09-2029	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-3	S06	INE05F407CQ2	447.79	11-09-2024	36	11.08	11-09-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-3	S09	INE05F407CR0	1,171.50	11-09-2024	72	12.07	11-10-2030	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-4	S05	INE05F407CW0	1,625.13	29-01-2025	36	10.75	29-01-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-4	S06	INE05F407CX8	381.50	29-01-2025	36	10.75	29-01-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-4	S07	INE05F407CY6	919.59	29-01-2025	60	11.00	29-01-2030	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-4	S08	INE05F407CZ3	67.46	29-01-2025	60	11.00	29-01-2030	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-4	S09	INE05F407DB2	1,028.74	29-01-2025	72	11.00	27-02-2031	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-5	S05	INE05F407DE6	930.19	21-04-2025	72	10.75	20-05-2031	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-5	S04	INE05F407DF3	757.07	21-04-2025	35	10.75	20-04-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-5	S03	INE05F407DG1	2,301.18	21-04-2025	35	10.75	20-04-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-6	S04	INE05F407DI7	1,286.63	31-07-2025	35	10.25	30-07-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-6	S03	INE05F407DJ5	3,273.08	31-07-2025	35	10.25	30-07-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-6	S05	INE05F407DL1	1,322.79	31-07-2025	74	11.73	29-10-2031	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-7	S01	INE05F407DM9	1,918.78	19-12-2025	13	9.71	23-01-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-7	S02	INE05F407DN7	2,996.47	19-12-2025	13	9.50	23-01-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-7	S04	INE05F407DO5	618.80	19-12-2025	24	10.00	19-12-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-7	S06	INE05F407DP2	2,007.65	19-12-2025	35	10.25	18-12-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-7	S08	INE05F407DQ0	1,727.94	19-12-2025	60	10.75	19-12-2030	Secured	BBB+	Receivables

Public Issue	Series	ISIN	Amount Outstanding as on October 01, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Tenure / Period of Maturity	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Redemption date/ schedule	Secured / unsecured	Credit Rating	Security
NCD-7	S03	INE05F407DR8	922.21	19-12-2025	24	10.91	19-12-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-7	S05	INE05F407DS6	1,381.47	19-12-2025	36	10.89	19-12-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-7	S07	INE05F407DT4	158.43	19-12-2025	60	10.41	19-12-2030	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-7	S09	INE05F407DU2	2,299.85	19-12-2025	75	11.73	19-03-2032	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-8	S01	INE05F407DV0	2,014.45	12-06-2026	7	10.50	17-07-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-8	S05	INE05F407DW8	3,739.98	12-06-2026	36	11.00	12-06-2029	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-8	S02	INE05F407DX6	2,854.66	12-06-2026	7	10.50	17-07-2027	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-8	S03	INE05F407DY4	883.87	12-06-2026	24	10.75	12-06-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-8	S04	INE05F407DZ1	1,028.19	12-06-2026	24	10.75	12-06-2028	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-8	S06	INE05F407EA2	1,184.72	12-06-2026	36	11.00	12-06-2029	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
NCD-8	S07	INE05F407EB0	1,396.80	12-06-2026	72	12.07	12-07-2032	Secured	BBB+	Receivables
Total Principal Outstanding			**56,070.44**							

a. Collateralized borrowing and lending obligation

As on October 01,2026 the company has no outstanding collateralised borrowing and lending obligations.

d. Corporate Guarantee

The company has not issued any corporate guarantee as on October 01,2026.

f. Details of unsecured borrowings:

1. Commercial Papers

The company has not issued any commercial papers as on October 01,2026.

2. Inter-Corporate Deposits

The company has not borrowed any amount by way of inter-corporate deposits as on October 01,2026.

3. Inter-Corporate Loans

The company has not borrowed any amount by way of demand loans under the same management as on October 01,2026.

4. Loan from Directors and Relatives of Directors:

As on October 01,2026. the company has no outstanding on loan from directors.

5. Subordinated Debts

The company has issued on private placement basis, unsecured, redeemable, subordinated debts under various series of which **₹ 21,372.90** lakhs are cumulatively outstanding as on October 01,2026, the details of which are set forth below:

Series	ISIN	Amount Outstanding as on October 01, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Redemption date	Secured / Unsecured	Tenure	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Credit Rating
5	NA	0.10	09/09/2019	09/09/2024	Unsecured	60 Months	11.85 %	NA
9	NA	0.10	01/01/2020	01/01/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	11.29 %	NA
9	NA	6.38	01/01/2020	01/01/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
11	NA	0.40	03/03/2020	03/03/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	11.29 %	NA
12	NA	3.75	20/04/2020	20/04/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
15	NA	2.50	01/07/2020	01/07/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	9.75%	NA
16	NA	0.25	03/08/2020	03/08/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	10.97 %	NA
18	NA	0.10	03/10/2020	03/10/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
19	NA	2.00	02/11/2020	02/11/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	9.85%	NA
19	NA	1.65	02/11/2020	02/11/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	10.50 %	NA
20	NA	5.00	02/12/2020	02/12/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	9.85%	NA
20	NA	1.50	02/12/2020	02/12/2025	Unsecured	60 Months	10.50 %	NA
21	NA	1.50	01/01/2021	01/01/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.25 %	NA
21	NA	1.49	01/01/2021	01/01/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
22	NA	0.10	01/02/2021	01/02/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.25 %	NA
22	NA	1.28	01/02/2021	01/02/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
23	NA	0.05	03/03/2021	03/03/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	9.20%	NA
24	NA	0.25	22/03/2021	22/03/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.25 %	NA
24	NA	6.55	22/03/2021	22/03/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
27	NA	2.00	21/06/2021	21/06/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA

Series	ISIN	Amount Outstanding as on October 01, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Redemption date	Secured / Unsecured	Tenure	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Credit Rating
28	NA	0.40	21/07/2021	21/06/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
28	NA	5.56	21/07/2021	21/06/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
29	NA	24.10	20/08/2021	20/08/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
29	NA	12.55	20/08/2021	20/08/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
30	NA	132.67	20/09/2021	20/09/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
30	NA	61.85	20/09/2021	20/09/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
31	NA	396.48	20/10/2021	20/10/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
31	NA	78.55	20/10/2021	20/10/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
32	NA	186.40	19/11/2021	19/11/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	9.00%	NA
32	NA	48.30	19/11/2021	19/11/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
33	NA	253.40	20/12/2021	20/12/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	9.00%	NA
33	NA	109.39	20/12/2021	20/12/2026	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
34	NA	82.05	20/01/2022	20/01/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	9.00%	NA
34	NA	57.27	20/01/2022	20/01/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
35	NA	55.45	02/02/2022	02/02/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	8.00%	NA
35	NA	24.10	02/02/2022	02/02/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	9.00%	NA
36	NA	8.50	04/03/2022	04/03/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	8.00%	NA
36	NA	5.80	04/03/2022	04/03/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	9.00%	NA
37	NA	627.69	19/07/2022	19/07/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	9.50%	NA
37	NA	475.90	19/07/2022	19/07/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
38	NA	166.75	19/08/2022	19/08/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	9.50%	NA
38	NA	78.81	19/08/2022	19/08/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
39	NA	453.44	27/09/2022	27/09/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
39	NA	395.91	27/09/2022	27/09/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
40	NA	630.45	28/10/2022	28/10/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	10.25 %	NA
40	NA	287.96	28/10/2022	28/10/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA

Series	ISIN	Amount Outstanding as on October 01, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Redemption date	Secured / Unsecured	Tenure	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Credit Rating
41	NA	366.30	28/11/2022	28/11/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	10.25 %	NA
41	NA	238.10	28/11/2022	28/11/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
42	NA	242.07	26/12/2022	26/12/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	10.25 %	NA
42	NA	165.31	26/12/2022	26/12/2027	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
43	NA	303.02	25/01/2023	25/01/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	10.50 %	NA
43	NA	162.28	25/01/2023	25/01/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
44	NA	248.46	25/02/2023	25/02/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	10.50 %	NA
44	NA	108.85	25/02/2023	25/02/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
45	NA	204.38	27/03/2023	27/03/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	10.50 %	NA
45	NA	73.96	27/03/2023	27/03/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
46	NA	188.60	26/04/2023	26/04/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	10.50 %	NA
46	NA	81.88	26/04/2023	26/04/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
47	NA	148.64	29/05/2023	29/05/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
47	NA	36.56	29/05/2023	29/05/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
48	NA	378.91	30/06/2023	30/06/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
48	NA	76.12	30/06/2023	30/06/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
49	NA	142.97	29/07/2023	29/06/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	10.00 %	NA
49	NA	54.80	29/07/2023	29/06/2028	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
50	NA	363.95	29/05/2024	29/05/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
50	NA	88.43	29/05/2024	29/05/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	14.00 %	NA
51	NA	232.05	28/06/2024	28/05/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
51	NA	50.65	28/06/2024	28/05/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	14.00 %	NA
52	NA	3.00	13/09/2024	13/09/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
52	NA	295.00	13/09/2024	13/09/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	11.50 %	NA
52	NA	0.50	13/09/2024	13/09/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	12.85 %	NA
52	NA	224.90	13/09/2024	13/09/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	13.75 %	NA

Series	ISIN	Amount Outstanding as on October 01, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Redemption date	Secured / Unsecured	Tenure	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Credit Rating
53	NA	13.52	16/10/2024	16/10/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	12.85 %	NA
53	NA	194.54	16/10/2024	17/10/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
54	NA	289.25	26/11/2024	26/11/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
54	NA	94.26	26/11/2024	26/11/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	12.85 %	NA
54	NA	2.00	26/11/2024	26/11/2029	Unsecured	60 Months	13.40 %	NA
55	NA	533.43	15/03/2025	15/03/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	11.40 %	NA
55	NA	157.80	15/03/2025	15/03/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	13.40 %	NA
56	NA	18.80	19/04/2025	19/04/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	10.30 %	NA
56	NA	2.00	19/04/2025	19/04/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
57	NA	49.60	24/04/2025	24/04/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	11.25 %	NA
57	NA	2.00	17/04/2026	17/04/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	13.25 %	NA
58	NA	176.55	25/04/2026	25/04/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	10.25 %	NA
58	NA	87.53	25/04/2026	25/04/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	12.00 %	NA
59	NA	623.15	31/07/2025	31/07/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	10.75 %	NA
59	NA	242.61	31/07/2025	31/07/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	12.82 %	NA
60	NA	36.20	24/09/2025	24/09/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	10.25 %	NA
60	NA	2.60	24/09/2025	24/09/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	12.12 %	NA
61	NA	582.46	07/10/2025	07/10/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	11.25 %	NA
61	NA	209.03	07/10/2025	07/10/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	13.25 %	NA
62	NA	493.10	12/12/2025	12/12/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	10.50 %	NA
62	NA	122.40	12/12/2025	12/12/2030	Unsecured	60 Months	12.50 %	NA
63	NA	368.07	04/02/2026	04/02/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	10.50 %	NA
63	NA	3.00	04/02/2026	04/02/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	11.50 %	NA
63	NA	0.10	04/02/2026	04/02/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	13.50 %	NA
63	NA	113.56	04/02/2026	04/02/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	12.50 %	NA
64	NA	1,778.57	21/02/2026	21/02/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	11.50 %	NA

Series	ISIN	Amount Outstanding as on October 01, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)	Date of Allotment	Redemption date	Secured / Unsecured	Tenure	Coupon (p.a.) in %	Credit Rating
64	NA	1,040.03	21/02/2026	21/02/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	13.50 %	NA
65	NA	1,153.11	16/03/2026	16/03/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	11.50 %	NA
65	NA	468.36	16/03/2026	16/03/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	13.50 %	NA
65	NA	469.84	16/03/2026	16/04/2032	Unsecured	73 Months	16.44 %	NA
66	NA	21.91	23/04/2026	23/04/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
66	NA	886.42	23/04/2026	23/04/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	11.50 %	NA
66	NA	145.07	23/04/2026	23/04/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	13.50 %	NA
66	NA	131.00	23/04/2026	23/05/2032	Unsecured	73 Months	16.44 %	NA
67	NA	733.26	15/06/2026	15/06/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
67	NA	194.27	15/06/2026	15/06/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	13.00 %	NA
68	NA	569.70	01/08/2026	01/08/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
68	NA	160.34	01/08/2026	01/08/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	13.00 %	NA
69	NA	18.50	28/09/2026	28/09/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	11.00 %	NA
69	NA	8.59	28/09/2026	28/09/2031	Unsecured	60 Months	13.00 %	NA
Total		**21,372.90**						

6. Perpetual Debt Instrument

Company has no outstanding on perpetual debts on October 01,2026

7. Details of Unsecured Term Loans

The company has not availed any unsecured term loan facilities as on October 01,2026

Name of Lender	Type of Facilities	Amount Sanctioned	Principal Amount Outstanding	Repayment Date/Schedule	Credit Rating, if applicable
NIL					

Servicing behaviour on existing debt securities, payment of due interest on due dates on financing facilities or debt securities

The Company confirms that there has not been any servicing behaviour on existing debt securities, payment of due interest on due dated on financing facilities or debt securities as on the date of Draft Prospectus.

Details of all defaults and/or delay in payments of interest and principal of any kind of term loans, debt

securities, commercial paper (including technical delay) and other financial indebtedness including corporate guarantee or letters of comfort issued by the company in the preceding three years and the current financial year.

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there has been no rescheduling, default and/or delay in payment of principal or interest on any existing term loan, debt security(ies), commercial paper (including technical delay) or any other financial indebtedness including corporate guarantee or letter of comfort issued by the Issuer in the past three years and the current financial year.

Details of any outstanding borrowings taken/ debt securities issued where taken/ issued (a) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or in part, (b) at a premium or discount, or (c) in pursuance of an option as on October 01,2026

Company has nil outstanding borrowings taken / debt securities issued where taken/issued (a) for consideration other than cash, whether in whole or in part, (b) at a premium or discount, or (c) in pursuance of an option as on October 01,2026.

Details of bank fund-based facilities /rest of borrowings (if any, including hybrid debt instruments such as foreign currency convertible bonds (FCCB) or optionally convertible debentures and preference shares from financial institutions or financial creditors as on October 01,2026

Company does not have any bank fund-based facilities /rest of borrowings (if any, including hybrid debt instruments such as foreign currency convertible bonds or optionally convertible debentures and preference shares from financial institutions or financial creditors, as on October 01,2026.

Restrictive covenants under the financing arrangements:

Many of the financing agreements include various restrictive conditions and covenants restricting certain corporate actions, and the company is required to take the prior approval of the lender/Debenture Trustee before carrying out such activities. For instance, the company, *inter alia*, is required to obtain the prior written consent in the following instances:

(i) To declare/pay any dividend to the shareholders/stake holders.
(ii) To repay monies brought in by the promoters / directors/principal shareholders and friends and relatives by way of deposits / loans / advances.
(iii) Effect any change in the constitution of the organisation.
(iv) Effect any change in the Unit's Capital Structure where shareholding of existing promoter(s) is diluted.
(v) Implement any scheme of expansion / modernization / diversification / renovation or acquire any fixed assets during any accounting year, except such schemes which have already been approved by the Bank.
(vi) Formulate any scheme of amalgamation or reconstruction or merger or demerger.
(vii) Invest by way of share capital or lend or advance funds to or place deposits with any other concern (including group companies). However, normal trade credit or security deposits in the normal course of business or advances to employees can be excluded.
(viii) Enter into borrowing arrangements either secured or unsecured with any other bank, Financial Institution, company or person.
(ix) Undertake guarantee obligations on behalf of any other company, firm, director or person.
(x) Declare dividends for any year except out of profits relating to that year after making all due and necessary provisions and provided further that no default had occurred in any repayment obligations.
(xi) Transfer of controlling interest or effect any drastic change in their management setup including resignation of directors, promoters, key managerial personnel.
(xii) Securitization of loan assets of the Company.
(xiii) Effect any change in the remuneration payable to the Directors / Partners, etc.either in the form of siting fees or otherwise.

(xiv) Pay guarantee commission to the guarantors whose guarantees have been stipulated / furnished for the credit limits sanctioned by the Bank.

(xv) Create any further charge, lien or encumbrance over the assets and properties of the Unit/ Guarantors to be charged / charged to the Bank in favour of any other bank, Financial Institution, firm or person.

(xvi) Sell, assign, mortgage or otherwise dispose off any of the fixed assets charged to the Bank.

(xvii) Undertake any trading activity other than the sale of produce arising out of its own manufacturing / trading operations.

(xviii) Open any account with any other bank.

(xix) Undertake any expansion/ modernization/ diversification programme/new line of business or manufacture other than incurring routine capital expenditure.

(xx) Change the accounting system/ policies in regard to stock valuation, depreciation of fixed assets, payment of dividends etc.

(xxi) Enter into contractual obligation of a long-term nature for an unrelated activity.

(xxii) Issuance of Bank guarantees with auto renewal clause except in favour of government departments for business purposes.

(xxiii) Approach Capital market for mobilizing additional resources in form of debt or equity.

SECTION VI - ISSUE RELATED INFORMATION

ISSUE STRUCTURE

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of our Company (the "**Board**") held on August 13, 2026, the Board approved the issuance of NCDs to the public, each having a face value of ₹1,000, aggregating up to ₹10,000 lakh, with an option to retain oversubscription up to ₹10,000 lakh, aggregating up to ₹20,000 lakh (the "**Issue Size**").

The following are the key terms of the NCDs. This section should be read in conjunction with and is qualified in its entirety by more detailed information in "*Terms of the Issue*" beginning on page 176.

The NCDs being offered as part of the Issue are subject to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations, the Debt Listing Agreement, SEBI Listing Regulations, and the Companies Act, 2013, the RBI Act, the terms of the Prospectus, this Draft Prospectus, the Application Form, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trustee Agreement and the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, and other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements including those issued from time to time by SEBI, RBI, the Government of India, and other statutory/regulatory authorities relating to the offer, issue and listing of NCDs and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.

The key common terms and conditions of the NCDs / Term Sheet are as follows:

Security Name (Name of the non-convertible securities which includes (Coupon/ dividend, Issuer Name and maturity year)	MML NCD IX For Coupon and Maturity Year, please refer to '*Terms of NCDs*' on page 174.
Issuer	Muthoot Mercantile Limited
Lead Managers	Vivro Financial Services Private Limited and Tipsons Consultancy Services Private Limited
Debenture Trustee	MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited
Registrar to the Issue	KFin Technologies Limited
Type and nature of Instrument	Secured redeemable non-convertible debentures
Seniority	Senior (the claims of the Debenture Holders holding NCDs shall be superior to the claims of any unsecured creditors, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements). The NCDs would constitute secured obligations of our Company and shall have first ranking *pari passu* charge with Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest accrued thereon.
Who can apply/Eligible Investors*	**Category I Investor (Institutional Investors)** • Public financial institutions, statutory corporations including state industrial development Corporations, scheduled commercial banks, co-operative banks and regional rural banks, Indian multilateral and bilateral development financial institution which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; • Provident Funds of minimum corpus of ₹2,500 lakhs, pension funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakh, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; • Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI; subject to investment conditions applicable to them under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012; • Resident Venture Capital Funds registered with SEBI; • Insurance Companies registered with the IRDA; • State industrial development corporations;

	• Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian army, navy or the air force of the Union of India; • Insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, the Union of India; • Systemically Important NBFC registered with RBI and having a net-worth of more than ₹ 50,000 lakh as per the last audited financial statements; • National Investment Fund (set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India and published in the Gazette of India); and • Mutual Funds registered with SEBI. **Category II Investor (Non-Institutional Investors)** • Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013; • Statutory bodies/ corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs; • Co-operative banks and regional rural banks; • Trusts including public/private charitable/religious trusts which are authorized to invest in the NCDs; • Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs; • Partnership firms in the name of the partners; • Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009); • Association of Persons; and • Any other incorporated and/ or unincorporated body of persons **Category III Investor (High Net-Worth Individual Investors)** Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families (through their Karta) applying for an amount aggregating to above ₹2,00,000 across all options of NCDs in this Issue and including Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families (through their Karta) who have submitted a bid between ₹2,00,000 and ₹5,00,000 in any of the bidding options in the Issue (including HUFs applying through their Karta and excluding NRIs) through the UPI Mechanism **Category IV (Retail Individual Investors)** Retail Individual Investors which include Resident Indian individuals and Hindu Undivided Families through the Karta applying for an amount aggregating up to and including ₹2 lakhs across all series of NCDs in this Issue and shall include retail individual investors, who have submitted bid for an amount not more than ₹2 Lakhs in any of the bidding options in the Issue (including Hindu Undivided Families applying through their Karta and does not include NRIs) through UPI Mechanism.
Stock Exchange proposed for listing of the NCDs	BSE Limited, the Designated Stock Exchange
Listing and timeline for Listing	The NCDs shall be listed within T+2 days from the Issue Closing Date
Rating of the Instrument	

Rating agency	Instrument	Rating symbol	Date of credit rating letter	Amount rated	Rating Definition
Acuité Ratings	Non-Convertible	Acuite A-	September 21, 2026	₹ 30,000	The rating of NCDs

	& Research Limited	Debentures	/Stable			by Acuité Ratings indicates that instruments with this rating are considered to have adequate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations and carry low credit risk.

Issue Size	Public Issue by our Company of NCDs aggregating up to ₹10,000 lakhs with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹10,000 lakhs, aggregating to a total of ₹ 20,000 lakhs, on terms and in the manner set forth herein.
Minimum Subscription	Minimum subscription is 75% of the Base Issue, i.e. ₹7,500 lakhs
Base Issue	₹10,000 lakhs
Option to retain over subscription	Up to ₹10,000 lakhs
Mode of Issue	Public Issue
Mode of Allotment	In dematerialised form
Mode of Trading	NCDs will be traded in dematerialised form
Objects of the Issue	Please see "*Objects of the Issue*" on page 56.
In case the Issuer is an NBFC and the objects of the Issue entail loan to any entity who is a 'group company'	NA
Details of the utilization of the proceeds of the Issue	Please see "*Objects of the Issue*" on page 56.
Coupon/Dividend Rate	Please see "*Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs*" on page 174.
Step up/ Step down coupon rate	NA
Coupon payment frequency	Please see "*Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs*" on page 174.
Coupon payment dates	Please see "*Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs*" on page 174 and *"Annexure I – Illustrative Cash Flow" on page 328*
Cumulative/ non-cumulative, in case of dividend	NA
Coupon type (fixed, floating or other structure)	Please see "*Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs*" on page 174.
Coupon Reset Process (including rates, spread, effective date, interest rate cap and floor etc)	NA
Day count basis	Actual/Actual
Application Money	The entire Application Amount is payable on submitting the application.
Interest on Application Money	NA
Default interest Rate	In the event of any default in fulfilment of obligations by our Company under the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Default Interest Rate payable to the Applicant shall be 2% per annum as prescribed in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed.

Tenor	Please see "*Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs*" on page 174.
Redemption Date	Please see "*Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs*" on page 174 and *"Annexure I – Illustrative Cash Flow" on page 328*
Redemption Amount	Please see "*Issue Structure –Terms of the NCDs*" on page 174.
Redemption premium/ discount	NA
Issue Price	₹ 1,000
Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount	NA
Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount	NA
Put date	NA
Put price	NA
Call date	NA
Call price	NA
Put notification time	NA
Call notification time	NA
Face Value	₹ 1,000
Minimum Application	10 NCDs i.e. ₹ 10,000 (across all series of NCDs)
In multiples, of	One NCD after the minimum application
Issue Timing	Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company ("Board") or Debenture Allotment Committee of the Board. In the event of such early closure, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure is given to the prospective investors through advertisement in an English national daily newspaper and a regional daily newspaper in State of Kerala where the registered office is located, with wide circulation on or before such earlier date of closure. Application Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE.
Issue Opening Date	As will be specified in the Prospectus
Issue Closing Date	As will be specified in the Prospectus
Issue Schedule	As will be specified in the Prospectus
Date of earliest closing of the issue, if any	As will be specified in the Prospectus
Pay-in Date	Application Date. The entire Application Amount is payable on Application.
Deemed Date of Allotment	The date on which the Board or a duly authorised committee approves the Allotment of NCDs. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs shall be available to Investors from the Deemed Date of Allotment. The actual allotment of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of Allotment.
Settlement Mode of the Instrument	Please refer to the chapter titled "*Terms of Issue - Payment on Redemption*" on page 190
Depository	NSDL and CDSL
Disclosure of Interest/Dividend/redemption dates	NA
Record Date	The record date for payment of interest in connection with the NCDs or repayment of principal in connection therewith shall be 15 Days prior to the date on which interest is due and payable, and/or the date of redemption. Provided that trading in the NCDs shall remain suspended between the

	aforementioned Record Date in connection with redemption of NCDs and the date of redemption or as prescribed by the Stock Exchange, as the case may be. In case Record Date falls on a day when Stock Exchange is having a trading holiday, the immediate subsequent trading day will be deemed as the Record Date.
All covenants of the Issue (including side letters, accelerated payment clause, etc)	The Company shall comply with the representations, affirmative covenants, negative covenants, financial covenants and reporting covenants as disclosed below under "*Issue Structure – Covenants of the Issue*" at page 180. Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on the websites of the Stock Exchange, where the NCDs are proposed to be listed. The Issuer has no side letter or accelerated payment clause with any debt securities holder.
Description regarding Security (where applicable) including type of security (movable/ immovable/ tangible etc.), type of charge (pledge/ hypothecation/ mortgage etc.), date of creation of security/ likely date of creation of security, minimum security cover, revaluation	The total value of the Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) to be issued, including all due interest, costs, charges, fees, Debenture Trustee remuneration, and related expenses, will be secured. This security will be in the form of a first-ranking pari passu charge, on par with existing secured creditors. The charge will cover all current and future movable assets of the Company, such as book debts, receivables, cash, bank balances, other movable assets, and loans and advances. The value of the security will be equivalent to 100% of the outstanding NCDs plus any accrued interest. Without prejudice to the above, as per the Regulations 18(2) & 18(3) of the SEBI NCS Regulations, in the event our Company fails to execute the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed within the period prescribed by SEBI, and importantly, prior to the listing of the NCDs, our Company shall also pay interest of at least 2% (two per cent) per annum to the NCD Holders. This interest is over and above the interest rate on the NCDs as specified in this Draft Prospectus and will be payable until the execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. The security shall be created prior to making the listing application for the NCDs with the Stock Exchange(s). For further details on date of creation of security/ likely date of creation of security minimum security cover etc., please see refer to "*Terms of the Issue- Security Cover*" below.
Replacement of security, interest to the debenture holder over and above the coupon rate as specified in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and disclosed in this Draft Prospectus	Our Company shall within such period as may be permitted by the Debenture Trustee, furnish to the Debenture Trustee as additional security, if the Debenture Trustee is of the opinion that during the subsistence of these presents, the security for the NCDs has become inadequate on account of the margin requirement as provided in the financial covenants and conditions and the Debenture Trustee has, accordingly, called upon our Company to furnish such additional security. In such case, our Company shall, at its own costs and expenses, furnish to the Debenture Trustee such additional security, in form and manner satisfactory to the Debenture Trustee, as security for the NCDs and upon creation of such additional security, the same shall vest in the Debenture Trustee subject to all the trusts, provisions and covenants contained in these presents.
Transaction documents	The Prospectus, this Draft Prospectus read with any notices, corrigenda, addenda thereto, the Debenture Trustee Agreement, the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and other security documents, if applicable, and various other documents/agreements/undertakings, entered or to be entered by the Company with Lead Managers and/or other intermediaries for the purpose of this Issue including but not limited to the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the Debenture Trustee Agreement, the Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement, the Agreement with the Registrar and the Agreement with the Lead Managers. For further details, see "*Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection*" on page 319.

Conditions precedent to disbursement	The Issuer shall provide/ confirm to the Debenture Trustee: 1. a certified true copy of the latest charter documents of the Issuer, certified as correct, complete and in full force and effect by the appropriate officer; 2. certified true copies of relevant board resolutions; 3. the Company shall have obtained the Debenture Trustee consent letter from the Debenture Trustee; 4. a copy of the consent of KFin Technologies Limited to act as the registrar and transfer agent for the Issue; 5. the Issuer shall have obtained in-principle approval from the Stock Exchange for listing of the Debentures; 6. details of the Recovery Expense Fund created by the Company in terms of the Regulation 11 of the SEBI NCS Regulations, in the manner as may be specified by the SEBI from time to time; 7. A copy of the credit rating letters and/or the rating rationale issued in relation to the NCDs; 8. A copy of the Tripartite Agreement; 9. Execution, delivery and stamping of the Prospectus and the other Transaction Documents in a form and manner satisfactory to the Debenture Trustee; 10. The audited financial statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026; 11. Receipt of the ISIN from the Depository for the issuance of the NCDs; 12. Independent auditor's certificate indicating Security Cover ratio; 13. Filing of certified true copy of the resolutions of the board of directors/committee of board of directors with the Registrar of Companies by the Company; and 14. Such other information, documents, certificates, opinions and instruments as the NCD Holders/Debenture Trustee may reasonably request. This clause should be read in conjunction with the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed.
Conditions subsequent to disbursement	The Issuer shall provide/ confirm to the Debenture Trustee: 1. within 15 (fifteen) days of the allotment of the NCDs, file a return of allotment of securities under Form PAS-3 of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 with the ROC along with a list of the NCD Holders and with the prescribed fee; 2. the Company shall in respect of the Security, file Form CHG-9 with the relevant registrar of companies and shall ensure and procure that the Debenture Trustee files the prescribed Form I with CERSAI, each within 30 (thirty) days from the date of creation of the Security; 3. within 1 (one) day of the filing of charges by way of Form CHG - 9 above, a copy of the payment challan issued by the Registrar of Companies; 4. An end-use certificate from an independent chartered accountant, certifying the heads under which funds have been utilized in accordance with Offer Documents, within 60 (sixty) days of the Deemed Date of Allotment for the Debentures; 5. obtaining the final listing approval from the Stock Exchange in respect of the Issue; 6. and such other conditions as set out in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed and as specified in the SEBI NCS Regulations. This clause should be read in conjunction with the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed.
Events of default (including manner of voting/ conditions	Please refer to the chapter titled "*Terms of Issue – Events of Default*" on page 181.

of joining inter creditor agreement)	
Creation of recovery expense fund	The Company shall deposit cash or cash equivalents including bank guarantees towards the contribution to Recovery Expense Fund with the Designated Stock Exchange at the time of making the application of the listing of NCDs and submit relevant documents evidencing the same to the Debenture Trustee from time to time. The Company shall ensure that the bank guarantees remain valid for a period of six months post the Redemption Date of the NCDs. The Company shall keep the bank guarantees in force and renew the bank guarantees at least seven working days before its expiry, failing which the Designated Stock Exchange shall invoke such bank guarantee. For further details, please refer to the chapter titled "*Terms of Issue – Recovery Expense Fund*" on page 177.
Conditions for breach of covenants (as specified in Secured Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed)	The conditions for breach of covenants will be finalised upon execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed which shall be executed as per Regulation 18 of SEBI NCS Regulations.
Provisions related to Cross Default Clause	Please refer to the chapter titled "*Terms of Issue – Events of Default*" on page 181.
Roles and responsibilities of the Debenture Trustee	Please refer to the chapter titled "*Terms of Issue*" on page 176.
Working Days convention/Day count convention/Effect of holidays on payment	If the date of payment of interest does not fall on a Working Day, then the interest payment will be made on succeeding Working Day, however the calculation for payment of interest will be only till the originally stipulated Interest Payment Date. The dates of the future interest payments would be as per the originally stipulated schedule. In case the redemption date (also being the last interest payment date) does not fall on a Working Day, the payment will be made on the immediately preceding Working Day, along with coupon/interest accrued on the NCDs until but excluding the date of such payment.
Risk factors pertaining to the Issue	Please see "*Risk Factors*" on page 18.
Governing law and jurisdiction	The Issue shall be governed in accordance with the laws of the Republic of India and shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Thiruvananthapuram and Mumbai India.

Note:

*(a) The Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company ("**Board**") or Debenture Allotment Committee of the Board. In the event of such early closure, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure is given to the prospective investors through advertisement in an English national daily newspaper and a regional daily newspaper in Kerala where the registered office is located, with wide circulation on or before such earlier date of closure. Applications Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by BSE.*

(b) In terms of Regulation 7 of the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company will undertake this Issue of NCDs in dematerialized form. However, in terms of Section 8(1) of the Depositories Act, the Company, at the request of the Applicants who wish to hold the NCDs post allotment in physical form, will fulfil such request through the process of dematerialization, if the NCDs were originally issued in dematerialized form. However, any trading of the NCDs shall be compulsorily in dematerialised form only.

(c) If there is any change in coupon rate pursuant to any event including lapse of certain time period or downgrade in rating, then such new coupon rate and the events which lead to such change will be disclosed by the Company.

(d) While the debt securities are secured to the extent of hundred percent of the amount of the principal and interest or as per the terms of this Draft Prospectus, in favour of debenture trustee, it is the duty of the debenture trustee to monitor that the security is maintained.

(e) The list of documents which have been executed in connection with the issue and subscription of debt securities shall be annexed.

(f) The issuer shall provide granular disclosures in their issue document, with regards to the "Object of the Issue" including the percentage of the issue proceeds earmarked for each of the "object of the issue". Further, the amount earmarked "General Corporate Purposes", shall not exceed twenty-five per cent. of the amount raised by the issuer in the proposed issue.

** Participation by any of the above-mentioned investor classes in this Issue will be subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Applicants are advised to ensure that applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions.*

Terms of the NCDs

As will be specified in the Prospectus

Interest and Payment of Interest

1. Monthly interest payment Series

As will be specified in the Prospectus

Day count convention

Please refer to Annexure I of the Prospectus for details pertaining to the cash flows of the Company in accordance with the SEBI NCS Master Circular.

Please note that in case the NCDs are transferred and/or transmitted in accordance with the provisions of this Draft Prospectus read with the provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company, the transferee of such NCDs or the transferee of deceased holder of NCDs, as the case may be, shall be entitled to any interest which may have accrued on the NCDs subject to such Transferee holding the NCDs on the Record Date.

Terms of Payment

The entire face value per NCDs is payable on application. The entire face value per NCDs applied for will be blocked in the relevant ASBA Account maintained with the SCSB or under UPI mechanism (only for Retail Individual Investors), as the case may be, in the bank account of the Applicants that is specified in the ASBA Form at the time of the submission of the Application Form. In the event of Allotment of a lesser number of NCDs than applied for, our Company shall unblock the additional amount blocked upon application in the ASBA Account, in accordance with the terms of specified in "*Terms of Issue – Manner of Payment of Interest/ Redemption Amounts*" on page 188.

Participation by any of the above-mentioned Investor classes in this Issue will be subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Applicants are advised to ensure that Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and/or regulatory provisions.

The NCDs have not been and will not be registered, listed or otherwise qualified in any jurisdiction outside India and may not be offered or sold, and Applications may not be made by persons in any such jurisdiction, except in compliance with the applicable laws of such jurisdiction. In particular, the NCDs have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act, 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or the securities laws of any state of the United States and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. The Issuer has not registered and does not intend to register under the U.S. Investment Company Act, 1940 in reliance on section 3(c)(7) thereof. This Draft Prospectus may not be forwarded or distributed to any other person and may not be reproduced in any manner whatsoever, and in particular, may not be forwarded to any U.S. Person or to any U.S. address.

Applications may be made in single or joint names (not exceeding three). Applications should be made by Karta in case the Applicant is an HUF. If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository

account held in joint names. If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form. Please ensure that such Applications contain the PAN of the HUF and not of the Karta.

In the case of joint Applications, all payments will be made out in favour of the first Applicant. All communications will be addressed to the first named Applicant whose name appears in the Application Form and at the address mentioned therein.

Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory permissions/consents/approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue. For further details, please see the chapter titled "*Issue Procedure*" on page 193.

TERMS OF THE ISSUE

Authority for the Issue

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of our Company (the "**Board**") held on August 13, 2026, the Board approved the issuance of NCDs to the public, each having a face value of ₹1,000, aggregating up to ₹10,000 lakh, with an option to retain oversubscription up to ₹10,000 lakh, aggregating up to ₹20,000 lakh (the "**Issue Size**").

Further, the present borrowing is within the borrowing limits under Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, duly approved by the Shareholders' *vide* their resolution passed at their AGM held on September 30, 2024.

Principal Terms & Conditions of this Issue

The NCDs being offered as part of the Issue are subject to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations and the SEBI NCS Master Circular, the applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013, the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association of our Company, the terms of the Prospectus, this Draft Prospectus, the Application Forms, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trustee Agreement, the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements including those issued from time to time by SEBI/the Government of India/BSE, RBI, and/or other statutory/regulatory authorities relating to the offer, issue and listing of securities and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.

Ranking of NCDs

The NCDs being offered through this Issue would constitute direct and secured obligations of our Company and shall rank *pari passu* inter se the NCD Holders, and subject to any obligations under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, shall also, with regard to the amount invested, be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company , such that Security Cover to the extent of 1 (one) time of the outstanding principal amount of the NCDs and all interest due and payable thereon is maintained at all times until the redemption of NCDs.

Security

The Issue comprises of public issue of NCDs of face value of ₹ 1,000 each.

The principal amount of the NCDs to be issued in terms of this Draft Prospectus together with all interest due on the NCDs, as well as all costs, charges, all fees, remuneration of Debenture Trustee and expenses payable in respect thereof shall be secured by way of first ranking *pari passu* charge with Existing Secured Creditors, on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other movable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the Company, such that Security Cover to the extent of 1 (one) time of the outstanding principal amounts of the NCDs and all interest due and payable thereon is maintained at all times until the redemption of NCDs.

Prior to the filing of the listing application as prescribed under SEBI Regulations and other Applicable Laws, our Company will ensure 100.00% or higher security cover on the outstanding amount, including interest, for the NCDs at any time, by creating security in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the Debenture Holders.

Our Company has entered into the Debenture Trustee Agreement and in furtherance thereof intends to enter into a deed of agreement with the Debenture Trustee, ("**Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed**"), the terms of which shall govern the appointment of the Debenture Trustee and the issue of the NCDs.

Under the terms of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, our Company will covenant with the Debenture Trustee that it will pay the NCD Holders holding the NCDs the principal amount on the NCDs on the relevant redemption date and also that it will pay the interest due on the NCDs at the rate specified in this Draft Prospectus and in the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed.

The Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed will also provide that our Company may withdraw any portion of the security subject to prior written consent of the Debenture Trustee and/or may replace with another security of the same or a higher value subject to in accordance with Applicable Law(s).

Our Company confirms that the Issue proceeds shall be kept in the Public Issue Account until the documents for creation of security i.e. the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, is executed.

The NCDs shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered with sub-registrar and/or RoC or CERSAI or Depository etc., as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the Debenture Trustee.

Without prejudice to the aforesaid, in the event the Issuer fails to execute the Debenture Trust Deed within the period specified in Regulation 18 of the SEBI NCS Regulations or such other time frame as may be stipulated from time-to- time, the Issuer shall also pay interest of at least 2% (two per cent) per annum to the NCD Holders, over and above the interest rate on the NCDs specified in this Draft Prospectus, till the execution of the Debenture Trust Deed and in accordance with the applicable laws. The security shall be created prior to making the listing application for the NCDs with the Stock Exchange.

Debenture Redemption Reserve

Regulation 16 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 states that where debentures are issued by any company, the company shall create a debenture redemption reserve out of the profits of the company available for payment of dividend. Rule 18(7) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended by Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Amendment Rules, 2019, listed NBFC is not required to create a DRR in case of public issue of debentures. The rules further mandate that the company which is coming with a Public Issue shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more prescribed methods.

Accordingly, our Company is not required to create a DRR for the NCDs proposed to be issued through this Issue. Further, our Company shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more following methods: (a) in deposits with any scheduled bank, free from charge or lien; (b) in unencumbered securities of the Central Government or of any State Government; (c) in unencumbered securities mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) and (ee) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882; (d) in unencumbered bonds issued by any other company which is notified under clause (f) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882. The abovementioned amount deposited or invested, must not be utilized for any purpose other than for the repayment of debentures maturing during the year provided that the amount remaining deposited or invested must not at any time fall below 15% of the amount of debentures maturing during year ending on the 31st day of March of that year, in terms of the applicable laws.

Recovery Expense Fund

Our Company will create a recovery expense fund in the manner specified by SEBI in the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees and in Regulation 11 of the SEBI NCS Regulations, with the Designated Stock Exchange, and will inform the Debenture Trustee regarding the creation of such fund. The recovery expense fund may be utilised by the Debenture Trustee, in the event of a default by our Company under the terms of the Debenture Trust Deed, for taking appropriate legal action to enforce the security and for recovering all enforcement-related costs and expenses from the fund, including costs related to consents, voting, meetings, court filings, legal fees, recovery services, and consultant appointments, in the manner specified by SEBI in SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustee.

Kindly note, any default committed by the Company in terms of the NCDs proposed to be issued shall be reckoned at each respective International Securities Identification Number level assigned to the respective Option(s)/Series of NCDs issued.

Settlement Guarantee Fund

Our Company will deposit amounts in the settlement guarantee fund in the manner as specified in the SEBI NCS Master Circular, if required. This fund has been created under the SEBI NCS Master Circular to ensure upfront collection of charges from eligible issuers at the time of allotment of debt securities

Face Value

The face value of each NCD to be issued under this Issue shall be ₹ 1,000.

NCD Holder not a Shareholder

The NCD Holders will not be entitled to any of the rights and privileges available to the equity and/or preference shareholders of our Company, except to the extent of the right to receive the annual reports of our Company and such other rights as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules prescribed thereunder and the SEBI Listing Regulations.

Rights of the NCD Holders

Some of the significant rights available to the NCD Holders are as follows:

1. The NCDs shall not, except as provided under the Companies Act, 2013, our Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association and/or the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, confer upon the NCD Holders thereof any rights or privileges available to our members including the right to receive notices or annual reports of, or to attend and/or vote, at our general meeting. However, if any resolution affecting the rights attached to the NCDs is to be placed before the members, the said resolution will first be placed before the concerned registered NCD Holders for their consideration. The opinion of the Debenture Trustee as to whether such resolution is affecting the right attached to the NCDs is final and binding on NCD Holders.

2. In terms of Section 136(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 18(8)(a) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, Debenture Trustee or the holders of NCDs shall be entitled to a copy of the balance sheet and a copy of Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed at the Registered Office of the Issuer during business hours.

3. Subject to applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and terms of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, in case of NCDs held in (i) dematerialised form, the person for the time being appearing in the register of beneficial owners of the Depositories; and (ii) physical form on account of re-materialization, including requirements of the RBI, the rights, privileges and conditions attached to the NCDs may be varied, modified and/or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of at least three-fourths of the outstanding amount of the NCDs or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a meeting of the concerned NCD Holders, provided that nothing in such consent or resolution shall be operative against us, where such consent or resolution modifies or varies the terms and conditions governing the NCDs, if the same are not acceptable to us.

4. Subject to applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and terms of Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, the registered NCD Holder or in case of joint-holders, the one whose name stands first in the register of debenture holders shall be entitled to vote in respect of such NCDs, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the concerned NCD Holders and every such NCD Holder shall be entitled to one vote on a show of hands and on a poll, his/her voting rights on every resolution placed before such meeting of the NCD Holders shall be in proportion to the outstanding nominal value of NCDs held by him/her.

5. The NCDs are subject to the provisions of the SEBI NCS Regulations, the SEBI NCS Master Circular, the applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies Act, 1956, our Memorandum and Articles of Association, the terms of the Prospectus, this Draft Prospectus, the terms and conditions of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, requirements of the RBI, other applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements relating to this issue and listing, of securities and any other documents that may be executed in connection with the NCDs.

6. For NCDs in dematerialized form, all interest and principal sums becoming due and payable in respect of the NCDs will be paid to the person for the time being appearing in the register of beneficial owners of the Depositories. In terms of Section 88(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the register of beneficial owners maintained by a Depository for any NCD in dematerialised form under Section 11 of the Depositories Act shall be deemed to be a register of debenture holders for this purpose. The same shall be maintained at the Registered Office of our Company under Section 94 of the Companies Act, 2013 unless the same has been moved to another location after obtaining the consent of the NCD Holders as given thereunder.

7. A register of NCD Holders holding NCDs in physical form pursuant to rematerialisation of the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue ("**Register of NCD Holder**") will be maintained in accordance with Section 88 of the Companies Act, 2013 and all interest/redemption amounts and principal sums becoming due and payable in

respect of the NCDs will be paid to the registered holder thereof for the time being or in the case of joint-holders, to the person whose name stands first in the Register of NCD Holders as on the Record Date.

8. Subject to compliance with RBI requirements, NCDs can be rolled over only with the consent of the holders of at least 75% of the outstanding amount of the NCDs after providing at least 15 days' prior notice for such roll over and in accordance with the SEBI NCS Regulations. Our Company shall redeem the debt securities of all the debt securities holders, who have not given their positive consent to the roll-over.

The aforementioned rights of the NCD Holders are merely indicative. The final rights of the NCD Holders will be as per the terms of this Draft Prospectus, and the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed.

Debenture Trustees for the NCD Holders

Our Company has appointed MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited to act as the Debenture Trustees for the NCD Holders in terms of Regulation 8 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 71(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules prescribed thereunder. Our Company and the Debenture Trustee will execute a Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed *inter alia*, specifying the powers, authorities and obligations of the Debenture Trustee and us, within such period as specified under Regulation 18 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and on failure to do the same, we shall pay interest of at least two percent per annum to the NCD Holder(s), over and above the agreed coupon rate, till the execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed, with respect to the NCDs. The NCD Holder(s) shall, without further act or deed, be deemed to have irrevocably given their consent to the Debenture Trustee or any of its agents or authorised officials to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things in respect of or relating to the NCDs as the Debenture Trustee may in its absolute discretion deem necessary or require to be done in the interest of the NCD Holder(s). Any payment made by us to the Debenture Trustee on behalf of the NCD Holder(s) shall discharge us *pro tanto* to the NCD Holder(s).

The Debenture Trustee will protect the interest of the NCD Holders in the event of default by us in regard to timely payment of interest and repayment of principal and they will take necessary action at our cost. It is the duty of the Debenture Trustee to monitor the Security Cover is maintained, however, the recovery of 100% of the amount shall depend on the market scenario prevalent at the time of enforcement of the Security.

Our Company shall not create any further encumbrances on the Security except with the prior approval of the Debenture Trustee. In the event of such request by our Company, the Debenture Trustee shall provide its approval for creation of further charges provided that our Company provides a certificate from a chartered accountant stating that after creation of such further charges, the required Security cover is maintained.

At any time before the Security constituted hereunder becomes enforceable, the Debenture Trustee, may, at the request of our Company and without any consent of the NCD Holders, do or concur our Company in doing all or any of the things which our Company might have done in respect of the Security as if no security had been created and particularly, but not by way of limitation, the following assent to any modification of any contracts or arrangements which may be subsisting in relation to the Security.

Periodical Monitoring by the Debenture Trustee:

The Debenture Trustee shall undertake independent periodical assessment of compliance with covenants or terms of the issue of NCDs. The Company shall, inter-alia, submit the following reports/ certificates to the Debenture Trustee within a considerable timeline so as to enable the Debenture Trustee shall submit the following reports/certificates to Stock Exchange within the timelines specified in order to carry out the due diligence on continuous basis by the Debenture Trustee pursuant to Regulations 15(1)(s) & 15(1)(t) of the SEBI Debenture Trustee Regulations.

For this purpose, the Company shall provide the relevant documents, information, reports and certificates, as applicable, to enable the Debenture Trustee to monitor the Security Interest over the Hypothecated Properties and comply with its reporting obligations, within the timelines mentioned below:

Reports/Certificates	Timelines for submission and requirements by Company to Debenture Trustee	Timelines for submission of report/ certifications by Debenture Trustee to Stock Exchange
Security Cover Certificate (in the format as specified in Annex-VA of SEBI Debenture Trustee's Master Circular)	Quarterly basis within 60 days from end of each Quarterly Date except the last quarter (being March 31 of the relevant calendar year) when submission is to be made within 75 days	Quarterly basis within 75 days from end of each quarter except last quarter when submission is to be made within 90 days.
A statement of value of pledged securities		
A statement of value for Debt Service Reserve Account or any other form of security offered		
Net worth certificate of guarantor (In case of NCDs are secured by way of personal guarantee), as applicable.	Half yearly basis within 60 days from end of each financial half-year.	Half yearly basis within 75 days from end of each half-year.
Financials/value of guarantor prepared on basis of audited financial statement etc. of the guarantor (In case of NCDs are secured by way of corporate guarantee), as applicable.	Annual basis within 60 days from end of each Financial Year.	Annual basis within 75 days from end of each financial year.
Valuation report and title search report for the immovable/movable assets, as applicable.	Once in three years within 60 days from the end of the Financial Year.	Once in three years within 75 days from the end of the financial year.

(i) The Debenture Trustee may at any time through its authorized representatives and agents, inspect books of account, records, registers of Company and the trust property to the extent necessary for discharging its obligations and the Company shall provide full and unimpeded access to the records, registers and books of accounts and facilitate in the inspection and due diligence process. Any fees, costs expenses incurred in conducting such inspection/due diligence process shall be fully borne by the Company. In the event, any fees, costs expenses are borne by the Debenture Trustee, it shall be reimbursed forthwith by the Company upon request.

(ii) The Company shall permit the Debenture Trustee to enter premises and inspect the state and condition of charged assets;

(iii) The Company shall provide intimation regarding:

i. Any default in timely payment of interest or redemption or both in respect of the NCDs.
ii. All covenants of the issue (including side letters, Event of Default clause etc.).

(iv) The Company shall ensure due compliance and adherence to the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees in letter and spirit.

(v) **Forensic Audit**: In case of initiation of any forensic audit (by whatever name called) in respect of the Company, the Company shall report to the Debenture Trustee and provide following information and make requisite disclosures to the Designated Stock Exchange:

i. the fact of initiation of forensic audit along with name of entity initiating the audit and reasons for the same; and
ii. the final forensic audit report (other than for forensic audit initiated by regulatory/ enforcement agencies) on receipt by the Company along with comments of the management, if any.

Covenants of the Issue

As will be specified in the Prospectus

Events of Default (including manner of voting/conditions of joining Inter Creditor Agreement)

As will be specified in the Prospectus

Minimum Subscription

If our Company does not receive the minimum subscription of 75% of Base Issue Size i.e. ₹ 7,500 lakhs prior to the Issue Closing Date and as prescribed under the Companies Act and any rules thereto, the entire Application Amount blocked shall be unblocked in the relevant ASBA Account(s) of the Applicants within 8 (eight) working days from the Issue Closing Date provided wherein, the Application Amount has been transferred to the Public Issue Account from the respective ASBA Accounts, such Application Amount shall be refunded from the Refund Account to the relevant ASBA Accounts(s) of the Applicants within 8 (eight) working days from the Issue Closing Date, failing which the Company will become liable to refund the Application Amount along with interest at the rate 15 (fifteen) percent per annum for the delayed period.

Under Section 39(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 11(2) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 if the stated minimum subscription amount is not received within the specified period, the application money received is to be credited only to the bank account from which the subscription was remitted. To the extent possible, where the required information for making such refunds is available with our Company and/or Registrar, refunds will be made to the account prescribed. However, where our Company and/or Registrar does not have the necessary information for making such refunds, our Company and/or Registrar will follow the guidelines prescribed by SEBI in this regard included in the SEBI NCS Master Circular.

Market Lot and Trading Lot

The NCDs shall be allotted in dematerialized form. As per the SEBI NCS Regulations, the trading of the NCDs is in dematerialised form and the tradable lot is one NCD.

Please note that the NCDs shall cease to trade from the Record Date (for payment of the principal amount and the applicable interest for such NCDs) prior to redemption of the NCDs.

Allotment in this Issue will be in demat form in multiples of one NCD. For details of Allotment, see the "*Issue Procedure*" beginning on page 193.

Nomination facility to NCD Holder

In accordance with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 ("**Rule 19**") and Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, the sole NCD Holder, or first NCD Holder, along with other joint NCD Holders' (being individual(s)), may nominate, in the Form No. SH.13, any one person in whom, in the event of the death of Applicant the NCDs Allotted, if any, will vest. Where the nomination is made in respect of the NCDs held by more than one person jointly, all joint holders shall together nominate in Form No. SH.13 any person as nominee. A nominee entitled to the NCDs by reason of the death of the original holder(s), will, in accordance with Rule 19 and Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013, be entitled to the same benefits to which he or she will be entitled if he or she were the registered holder of the NCDs. Where the nominee is a minor, the NCD holder(s) may make a nomination to appoint, in Form No. SH.14, any person to become entitled to NCDs in the event of the holder's death during minority. A nomination will stand rescinded on a sale/transfer/alienation of NCDs by the person nominating. A buyer will be entitled to make a fresh nomination in the manner prescribed. Fresh nomination can be made only on the prescribed form available on request at our Registered Office or with the Registrar to the Issue.

NCD Holder(s) are advised to provide the specimen signature of the nominee to us to expedite the transmission of the NCD(s) to the nominee in the event of demise of the NCD Holder(s). The signature can be provided in the Application Form or subsequently at the time of making fresh nominations. This facility of providing the specimen signature of the nominee is purely optional.

In accordance with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of the above said Rule 19, shall upon the production of such evidence as may be required by our Board, elect either:

- to register himself or herself as the holder of the NCDs; or

- to make such transfer of the NCDs, as the deceased holder could have made.

Further, our Board of Directors may at any time give notice requiring any nominee to choose either to be registered himself or herself or to transfer the NCDs, and if the notice is not complied with, within a period of 90 days, our Board of Directors may thereafter withhold payment of all interests or redemption amounts or other monies payable in respect of the NCDs, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

For all NCDs held in dematerialised form nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the Applicant would prevail. If the NCD Holders require to changing their nominations, they are requested to inform their respective Depository Participant. A nomination may be cancelled or varied by nominating any other person in place of the present nominee, by the Secured NCD Holder who has made the nomination, by giving a notice of such cancellation or variation in the prescribed manner as per applicable laws. The cancellation or variation shall take effect from the date on which the notice of such variation or cancellation is received.

Since the allotment of Secured NCDs will be made only in dematerialized mode, there is no need to make a separate nomination with our Company. Nominations registered with the respective Depository Participant of the Applicant would prevail. If the investors require changing their nomination, they are requested to inform their respective Depository Participant.

Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue is with the competent courts of jurisdiction in Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala India.

Application in the Issue

Applicants shall apply in this Issue in dematerialised form only, through a valid Application Form filled in by the Applicant along with attachment, as applicable. Further, Applications in this Issue shall be made through the ASBA facility only (including Applications made by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism).

In terms of Regulation 7 of the SEBI NCS Regulations, our Company will make public issue of the NCDs in the dematerialised form only.

However, in terms of Section 8(1) of the Depositories Act, our Company, at the request of the Investors who wish to hold the NCDs in physical form will rematerialise the NCDs. However, any trading of the NCDs shall be compulsorily in dematerialised form only.

Form of Allotment and Denomination of NCDs

As per the SEBI NCS Regulations, the trading of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange shall be in dematerialized form only in multiples of one (1) NCD ("**Market Lot**"). Allotment in this Issue to all Allottees, will be in electronic form i.e. in dematerialised form and in multiples of one NCD.

For details of allotment please see "*Issue Procedure*" on page 193.

Transfer/ Transmission of NCD(s)

The NCDs shall be transferred or transmitted freely in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The NCDs held in dematerialised form shall be transferred subject to and in accordance with the rules/procedures as prescribed by the Depositories and the relevant DPs of the transferor or transferee and any other applicable laws and rules notified in respect thereof. The transferee(s) should ensure that the transfer formalities are completed prior to the Record Date. The seller should give delivery instructions containing details of the buyer's DP account to his depository participant.

In the absence of the same, interest will be paid/redemption will be made to the person, whose name appears in the register of debenture holders maintained by the Depositories. In such cases, claims, if any, by the transferees would need to be settled with the transferor(s) and not with the Issuer or Registrar. The seller should give delivery instructions containing details of the buyer's DP account to his depository participant.

Pursuant to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Fourth Amendment) Regulations, 2018 read with SEBI Press release (no. 49/ 2018) dated December 3, 2018, NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, as above, cannot be transferred except by way of transmission or transposition, from April 1, 2019. However, any trading of the NCDs issued pursuant to this Issue shall be compulsorily in dematerialised form only.

Title

In case of:

- the NCDs held in the dematerialised form, the person for the time being appearing in the record of beneficial owners maintained by the Depository; and

- the NCDs held in physical form pursuant to rematerialization, the person for the time being appearing in the register of NCD Holders shall be treated for all purposes by our Company, the Debenture Trustee, the Depositories and all other persons dealing with such person, as the holder thereof and its absolute owner for all purposes whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or any interest in it or any writing on, theft or loss of the consolidated NCD certificates issued in respect of the NCDs and no person will be liable for so treating the NCD holder.

No transfer of title of an NCD will be valid unless and until entered on the register of NCD Holders or the register of beneficial owners maintained by the Depositories prior to the Record Date. In the absence of transfer being registered, interest and/or maturity amount, as the case may be, will be paid to the person, whose name appears first in the register of the NCD Holders maintained by the Depositories and/or our Company and/or the Registrar, as the case may be. In such cases, claims, if any, by the purchasers of the NCDs will need to be settled with the seller of the NCDs and not with our Company or the Registrar. The provisions relating to transfer and transmission and other related matters in respect of our Company's shares contained in the Articles of Association of our Company and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, shall apply, mutatis mutandis (to the extent applicable) to the NCD(s) as well.

Maintenance of Accounts

The Company shall maintain proper books of account as required by the Companies Act, and make true and proper entries therein of all dealings and transactions of and in relation to the Movable Properties and the business of the Company and keep the said books of account and all other books, registers and other documents relating to the affairs of the Company at its registered office or, where permitted by law, at other place or places where the books of account and documents of a similar nature may be kept and the Company will ensure that all entries in the same relating to the Security and the business of the Company shall at all reasonable times be open for inspection of the Debenture Trustee without any condition and such person or persons as the Debenture Trustee shall, from time to time, in writing for that purpose appoint.

Annual Accounts

The Company shall submit to the Debenture Trustee its duly audited annual accounts, as prescribed under the SEBI Listing Regulations. In case statutory audit is not likely to be completed during this period, the Company shall get its accounts audited by an independent firm of chartered accountants and furnish the same to the Debenture Trustee.

Insurance

The Company shall insure and keep insured up to the replacement value thereof or on such other basis as approved by the Debenture Trustee, the Movable Properties against fire, theft, lightning, explosion, earthquake, strike, lock out, civil commotion, storm, tempest, flood, marine risk, erection risk, war risk and other risk as may be specified by the Debenture Trustee and shall duly pay all premium and other sums payable for the purpose. The insurance in respect of the Movable Properties shall be taken in the joint names of the Company the Debenture Trustee and any other person having a pari passu charge on the Movable Properties and acceptable to the Debenture Trustee. The Company shall submit copies of such insurance policies and renewals thereof with the Debenture Trustee. The Company shall deliver to the Debenture Trustee an Auditors' Certificate as and when requested by the Debenture Trustee certifying the adequacy of insurance coverage for the assets provided as security. In the event

of failure on the part of the Company to insure the Movable Properties or to pay the insurance premium or other sums referred to above, the Debenture Trustee may, but shall not be bound to, get the Movable Property insured or pay the insurance premium and other sums referred to above, which shall be reimbursed to the Debenture Trustee by the Company.

Dividend Declaration

The Company shall not declare any dividend to the shareholders in any year until the company has paid or made satisfactory provision for the payment of the instalments of principal and interest due on the NCDs.

Payment of Duties

The Company shall punctually pay all rents, royalties, taxes, rates, levies, cesses, assessments, impositions and outgoings, governmental, municipal or otherwise imposed upon or payable by the Company as and when the same shall become payable and when required by the Debenture Trustees produce the receipts of such payment and also punctually pay and discharge all debts and obligations and liabilities which may have priority over the security created and observe, perform and comply with all covenants and obligations which ought to be observed and performed by the Company in respect of the Security or any part thereof.

Notice of distribution of profits

The Company shall inform the Debenture Trustee prior to declaration or distribution of dividend by the Company.

Succession

Where NCDs are held in joint names and one of the joint holders dies, the survivor(s) will be recognized as the NCD Holder(s). It will be sufficient for our Company to delete the name of the deceased NCD Holder after obtaining satisfactory evidence of his death. Provided, a third person may call on our Company to register his name as successor of the deceased NCD Holder after obtaining evidence such as probate of a will for the purpose of proving his title to the debentures. In the event of demise of the sole or first holder of the Debentures, the Company will recognise the executors or administrator of the deceased NCD Holders, or the holder of the succession certificate or other legal representative as having title to the Debentures only if such executor or administrator obtains and produces probate or letter of administration or is the holder of the succession certificate or other legal representation, as the case may be, from an appropriate court in India. The directors of the Company in their absolute discretion may, in any case, dispense with production of probate or letter of administration or succession certificate or other legal representation. In case of death of NCD Holders who are holding NCDs in dematerialised form, third person is not required to approach the Company to register his name as successor of the deceased NCD Holder. He shall approach the respective Depository Participant of the NCD Holder for this purpose and submit necessary documents as required by the Depository Participant.

Where a non-resident Indian becomes entitled to the NCDs by way of succession, the following steps have to be complied with:

1. Documentary evidence to be submitted to the Legacy Cell of the RBI to the effect that the NCDs were acquired by the non-resident Indian as part of the legacy left by the deceased NCD Holder.

2. Proof that the non-resident Indian is an Indian national or is of Indian origin.

3. Such holding by a non-resident Indian will be on a non-repatriation basis.

Joint-holders

Where two or more persons are holders of any NCD(s), they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint holders with benefits of survivorship subject to other provisions contained in the Articles.

Procedure for Re-materialization of NCDs

NCD Holders who wish to hold the NCDs in physical form may do so by submitting a request to their DP at any time after Allotment in accordance with the applicable procedure stipulated by the DP, in accordance with the Depositories Act and/or rules as notified by the Depositories from time to time. Holders of NCDs who propose to

rematerialise their NCDs, would have to mandatorily submit details of their bank mandate along with a copy of any document evidencing that the bank account is in the name of the holder of such NCDs and their Permanent Account Number to the Company and the DP. No proposal for rematerialisation of NCDs would be considered if the aforementioned documents and details are not submitted along with the request for such rematerialisation.

Restriction on transfer of NCDs

There are no restrictions on transfers and transmission of NCDs allotted pursuant to this Issue. Pursuant to the SEBI Listing Regulations, NCDs held in physical form, pursuant to any rematerialisation, as above, cannot be transferred except by way of transmission or transposition, with effect from April 1, 2019.

Period of Subscription

Issue Opening Date	As will be specified in the Prospectus
Issue Closing Date	As will be specified in the Prospectus
Pay In Date	Application Date. The entire Application Amount is payable on Application.
Deemed Date of Allotment	The date on which the Board or a duly authorised committee approves the Allotment of NCDs. All benefits relating to the NCDs including interest on NCDs shall be available to Investors from the Deemed Date of Allotment. The actual allotment of NCDs may take place on a date other than the Deemed Date of Allotment.

[#] *This Issue shall remain open for subscription on Working Days from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) during the period indicated above, except that the Issue may close on such earlier date or extended date (subject to a minimum period of two Working Days and a maximum period of ten Working Days from the date of opening of the Issue and subject to not exceeding thirty days from the date of filing of the Prospectus with ROC including any extensions) as may be decided by the Board of Directors of our Company ("**Board**") or the Debenture Allotment Committee of the Board thereof, subject to compliance with Regulation 33A of the SEBI NCS Regulation. In the event of such an early closure of or extension to this Issue, our Company shall ensure that notice of such early closure or extension is given to the prospective investors through an advertisement in all the newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement for opening of this Issue has been given on or before such earlier or initial date of Issue Closure.*

Application Forms for the Issue will be accepted only from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange, on Working Days during the Issue Period. On the Issue Closing Date, the Application Forms will be accepted only between 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) and uploaded until 5:00 p.m. or such extended time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange.

Application (including Application under the UPI Mechanism) and any further changes to the Applications shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time, "IST") during the Issue Period as mentioned above by the Designated Intermediaries at the bidding centre and by the SCSBs directly at the Designated Branches of SCSBs, except that on the Issue Closing Date when the Applications and any further changes in details in Applications, if any, shall be accepted only between 10.00 a.m. and 3.00 p.m. (IST) and shall be uploaded until 5.00 p.m. (IST) or such extended time as permitted by the Stock Exchange. Additionally, an Investor may also submit the Application Form through the app or web interface of the Stock Exchange. It is clarified that the Applications not uploaded in the Stock Exchange platform would be rejected.

Due to limitation of time available for uploading the Applications on the Issue Closing Date, Applicants are advised to submit their Application Forms one day prior to the Issue Closing Date and, no later than 3:00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) on the Issue Closing Date. Applicants are cautioned that in the event a large number of Applications are received on the Issue Closing Date, there may be some Applications which are not uploaded due to lack of sufficient time to upload.

Such Applications that cannot be uploaded will not be considered for allocation under the Issue. Application Forms will only be accepted on Working Days during the Issue Period. Neither our Company, nor the Lead Managers, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchange are liable for any failure in uploading the Applications due to failure in any software/hardware systems or otherwise. Please note that the Basis of Allotment under the Issue will be on the basis of date of upload of each application into the electronic book of the Stock Exchange in accordance with the SEBI Master Circular. However, from the date of oversubscription and thereafter, the

allotments will be made to the applicants on proportionate basis.

Basis of payment of Interest

NCDs once Allotted under any particular category of NCDs shall continue to bear the applicable tenor, Coupon/Yield and Redemption Amount as at the time of original Allotment irrespective of the category of Debenture Holder on any Record Date, and such Tenor, Coupon/Yield and Redemption Amount as at the time of original Allotment will not be impacted by trading of any options of NCDs between the categories of persons or entities in the secondary market.

Payment of Interest/Redemption Amount will be made to those NCD Holders whose names appear in the register of Debenture Holders (or to first holder in case of joint-holders) as on Record Date.

We may enter into an arrangement with one or more banks in one or more cities for direct credit of interest to the account of the Investors. In such cases, interest, on the interest payment date, would be directly credited to the account of those Investors who have given their bank mandate.

We may offer the facility of NACH, NEFT, RTGS, Direct Credit and any other method permitted by RBI and SEBI from time to time to help NCD Holders. The terms of this facility (including towns where this facility would be available) would be as prescribed by RBI. Please see, *"Terms of the Issue – Manner of Payment of Interest / Redemption Amounts"* at page 188.

Taxation

Income tax is deductible at source at the rates in force (presently,10%, subject to applicable law) on interest on debentures held by resident investors (other than exempt entities as prescribed under applicable law), at the time of credit / payment, provided that the aggregate amount of such interest exceeds ₹10,000 during the Tax Year, as per the provisions of Section 393 of the IT Act. Further, tax will be deducted at source at a reduced rate, or no tax will be deducted at source in the following cases:

(a) When the Assessing Officer issues a certificate on an application by a NCD Holder, on satisfaction that the total income of the NCD Holder justifies no/lower deduction of tax at source as per the provisions of Section 395(1) of the IT Act; and such valid certificate is filed with the Issuer before the prescribed date of closure of books for payment of debenture interest and remains valid as on such date;

(b) When the resident NCD Holder with Permanent Account Number ("**PAN**") (not being a company or a firm) submits a declaration in the prescribed Form 121 verified in the prescribed manner in accordance with the provisions of Section 393(6) of the IT Act to the effect that the tax on his estimated total income for the Tax year in which such income is to be included in computing his total income will be NIL. However, as per the note to Section 393(6) of the IT Act, such declaration cannot be submitted or considered for exemption from deduction of tax at source if the aggregate amount of any income or sum, including payment of accumulated balance due to an employee, insurance commission, rent, income in respect of units, interest, payment in respect of life insurance policy and dividend, credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid during the relevant Tax Year in which such income or sum is to be included, exceeds the maximum amount not chargeable to tax;

(c) Senior citizens, being resident individuals who are 60 or more years of age at any time during the Tax Year, enjoy the special privilege to submit a self-declaration in the prescribed Form 121 for non-deduction of tax at source in accordance with the provisions of section 393(6) of the IT Act even if the aggregate income credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid during the relevant Tax Year exceeds the maximum amount not chargeable to tax, provided that the tax due on the estimated total income for the relevant Tax Year concerned will be NIL;

(d) In all other situations, tax would be deducted at source as per prevailing provisions of the IT Act.

(e) Form No.121 with PAN / a valid certificate issued u/s 395(1) pursuant to the electronic filing of Form 128 must be furnished to the Issuer before the prescribed date of closure of books for payment of debenture interest without any withholding tax.

The aforesaid documents, as may be applicable, should be submitted at the office of the Registrar to the Issue quoting the name of the sole/ first NCD Holder, NCD folio number and the distinctive number(s) of the NCDs held, at least seven days prior to the Record Date to ensure non-deduction/lower deduction of tax at source from interest on the NCDs. The investors need to submit Form 121/ 128 in original with the Assessing Officer for each Tax Year during the currency of the NCDs to ensure non-deduction or lower deduction of tax at source from interest on the NCDs.

A valid tax exemption certificate/document, if any, must be lodged at the office of the Registrar to the Issue at least seven days prior to the Record Date or as specifically required, failing which tax applicable on interest will be deducted at source on accrual thereof in the Issuer's books and/or on payment thereof, in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act and/or any other statutory modification, enactment or notification as the case may be. A tax deduction certificate will be issued for the amount of tax so deducted.

Subject to the terms and conditions in connection with computation of applicable interest on the Record Date as stated in the section titled "Issue Procedure" on page 193, please note that in case the NCDs are transferred and/or transmitted in accordance with the provisions of this Draft Prospectus read with the provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company, the transferee of such NCDs or the deceased holder of NCDs, as the case may be, shall be entitled to any interest which may have accrued on the NCDs.

Day Count Convention:

Interest shall be computed on actual/actual basis i.e. on the principal outstanding on the NCDs as per the SEBI NCS Master Circular.

Effect of holidays on payments

If the date of payment of interest does not fall on a Working Day, then the interest payment will be made on succeeding Working Day (the "**Effective Date**"), however the calculation for payment of interest will be only till the originally stipulated Interest Payment Date. The dates of the future interest payments would be as per the originally stipulated schedule. Payment of interest will be subject to the deduction of tax as per IT Act or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. In case the Redemption Date (also being the last Interest Payment Date) does not fall on a Working Day, the payment will be made on the immediately preceding Working Day, along with coupon/interest accrued on the NCDs until but excluding the date of such payment.

Illustration for guidance in respect of the day count convention and effect of holidays on payments.

The illustration for guidance in respect of the day count convention and effect of holidays on payments, as required by SEBI Master Circular is disclosed at page 328.

Maturity and Redemption

As will be specified in the Prospectus

Application Size

Each application should be for a minimum of 10 NCDs and multiples of one NCD thereof. The minimum application size for each application would be ₹ 10,000 (for all kinds of series NCDs either taken individually or collectively) and in multiples of ₹ 1,000 thereafter.

Applicants can apply for any or all series of NCDs offered hereunder provided the Applicant has applied for minimum application size using the same Application Form.

Applicants are advised to ensure that application made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions.

Terms of Payment

The entire issue price of ₹ 1,000 per NCD is blocked in the ASBA Account on application itself. In case of

allotment of lesser number of NCDs than the number of NCDs applied for, our Company shall instruct the SCSBs to unblock the excess amount blocked on application in accordance with the terms of this Draft Prospectus.

Manner of Payment of Interest / Redemption Amounts

The manner of payment of interest / redemption in connection with the NCDs is set out below:

For NCDs held in dematerialised form:

The bank details will be obtained from the Depositories for payment of Interest / redemption amount as the case may be. Holders of the NCDs, are advised to keep their bank account details as appearing on the records of the depository participant updated at all points of time. Please note that failure to do so could result in delays in credit of Interest/ Redemption Amounts at the Applicant's sole risk, and the Lead Managers, our Company or the Registrar shall have no any responsibility and undertake no liability for the same.

For NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialization:

In case of NCDs held in physical form, on account of rematerialisation, the bank details will be obtained from the documents submitted to the Company along with the rematerialisation request. For further details, please see "*Terms of the Issue – Procedure for Re-materialization of NCDs*" on page 184.

The mode of payment of Interest/Redemption Amount shall be undertaken in the following order of preference:

1. **Direct Credit / NACH / RTGS / NEFT:** Investors having their bank account details updated with the Depository shall be eligible to receive payment of Interest / Redemption Amount, through:

    i. **Direct Credit**. Interest / Redemption Amount would be credited directly to the bank accounts of the Investors, if held with the same bank as the Company.

    ii. **NACH:** National Automated Clearing House which is a consolidated system of ECS. Payment of Interest / Redemption Amount would be done through NACH for Applicants having an account at one of the centres specified by the RBI, where such facility has been made available. This would be subject to availability of complete bank account details including Magnetic Ink Character Recognition ("**MICR**") code wherever applicable from the depository. The payment of Interest / Redemption Amount through NACH is mandatory for Applicants having a bank account at any of the centres where NACH facility has been made available by the RBI (subject to availability of all information for crediting the Interest / Redemption Amount through NACH including the MICR code as appearing on a cheque leaf, from the depositories), except where applicant is otherwise disclosed as eligible to get Interest / Redemption Amount through NEFT or Direct Credit or RTGS.

    iii. **RTGS:** Applicants having a bank account with a participating bank and whose Interest / Redemption Amount exceeds ₹ 2 lakhs, or such amount as may be fixed by RBI from time to time, have the option to receive the Interest / Redemption Amount through RTGS. Such eligible Applicants who indicate their preference to receive Interest / Redemption Amount through RTGS are required to provide the IFSC code in the Application Form or intimate our Company and the Registrar to the Issue at least 7 (seven) working days before the Record Date. Charges, if any, levied by the Applicant's bank receiving the credit would be borne by the Applicant. In the event the same is not provided, Interest / Redemption Amount shall be made through NECS subject to availability of complete bank account details for the same as stated above.

    iv. **NEFT:** Payment of interest / redemption amount shall be undertaken through NEFT wherever the Applicants' bank has been assigned the Indian Financial System Code ("**IFSC**"), which can be linked to a Magnetic Ink Character Recognition ("**MICR**"), if any, available to that particular bank branch. IFSC Code will be obtained from the website of RBI as on a date immediately prior to the date of payment of the Interest / Redemption Amounts, duly mapped with MICR numbers. Wherever the Applicants have registered their nine-digit MICR number and their bank account number while opening and operating the de-mat account, the same will be duly mapped with the IFSC Code of that particular bank branch and the payment of Interest / Redemption Amount will be made to the Applicants through this method.

2. **Registered Post/Speed Post:** For all other applicants, including those who have not updated their bank particulars with the MICR code, the Interest Payment / Redemption Amount shall be paid by way of Interest / Redemption warrants dispatched through speed post/ registered post only to Applicants, who have provided details of registered address in India.

Printing of Bank Particulars on Interest/ Redemption Warrants

As a matter of precaution against possible fraudulent encashment of interest/ redemption warrants due to loss or misplacement, the particulars of the Applicant's bank account are mandatorily required to be given for printing on the orders/ warrants. In relation to NCDs held in dematerialized form, these particulars would be taken directly from the Depositories. In case of NCDs held in physical form on account of rematerialisation, the NCD Holders are advised to submit their bank account details with our Company/ Registrar to the Issue at least seven days prior to the Record Date failing which the orders/ warrants will be dispatched to the postal address of the NCD Holders as available in the records of our Company.

Bank account particulars will be printed on the orders/ warrants which can then be deposited only in the account specified.

Loan against NCDs

Pursuant to RBI Master Direction no. RBI/DOR/2025-26/373 DOR.FIN.REC.No.292/03-10-119/2025-26 on "Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Miscellaneous) Directions, 2025" dated November 28, 2025, our Company, being an NBFC, is not permitted to extend any loans against the security of its NCDs.

Buy Back of NCDs

Our Company may, at its sole discretion, from time to time, consider, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, buyback of NCDs, upon such terms and conditions as may be decided by our Company.

Our Company may from time to time invite the NCD Holders to offer the NCDs held by them through one or more buy-back schemes and/or letters of offer upon such terms and conditions as our Company may from time to time determine, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. Such NCDs which are bought back may be extinguished, re-issued and/or resold in the open market with a view of strengthening the liquidity of the NCDs in the market, subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Procedure for Redemption by NCD Holders

The procedure for redemption is set out below:

NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialization:

No action would ordinarily be required on the part of the NCD Holder at the time of redemption and the redemption proceeds would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of NCD Holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of Redemption. However, our Company may require that the NCD certificate(s), duly discharged by the sole holder/all the joint-holders (signed on the reverse of the NCD certificate(s)) be surrendered for redemption on maturity and should be sent by the NCD Holder(s) by Registered Post with acknowledgment due or by hand delivery to our office or to such persons at such addresses as may be notified by us from time to time. NCD Holder(s) may be requested to surrender the NCD certificate(s) in the manner as stated above, not more than three months and not less than one month prior to the redemption date so as to facilitate timely payment.

We may at our discretion redeem the NCDs without the requirement of surrendering of the NCD certificates by the holder(s) thereof. In case we decide to do so, the holders of NCDs need not submit the NCD certificates to us and the redemption proceeds would be paid to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of NCD Holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of redemption of NCDs. In such case, the NCD certificates would be deemed to have been cancelled. Also see "*Terms of Issue – Payment on Redemption*" on page 190.

NCDs held in electronic form:

No action is required on the part of NCD Holder(s) at the time of redemption of NCDs.

Payment on Redemption

The manner of payment of redemption is set out below:

NCDs held in physical form on account of re-materialisation:

The payment on redemption of the NCDs will be made by way of cheque/pay order/ electronic modes. However, if our Company so requires, the aforementioned payment would only be made on the surrender of NCD certificate(s), duly discharged by the sole holder / all the joint-holders (signed on the reverse of the NCD certificate(s). Dispatch of cheques/pay order, etc. in respect of such payment will be made on the Redemption Date or (if so requested by our Company in this regard) within a period of 30 days from the date of receipt of the duly discharged NCD certificate.

In case we decide to do so, the redemption proceeds in the manner stated above would be paid on the redemption date to those NCD Holders whose names stand in the register of debenture holders maintained by us on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of Redemption. Hence the transferees, if any, should ensure lodgment of the transfer documents with us at least seven working days prior to the Record Date. In case the transfer documents are not lodged with us at least seven working days prior to the Record Date and we dispatch the redemption proceeds to the transferor, claims in respect of the redemption proceeds should be settled amongst the parties inter se and no claim or action shall lie against us or the Registrar to the Issue.

Our liability to holder(s) towards their rights including for payment or otherwise shall stand extinguished from the date of redemption in all events and when we dispatch the redemption amounts to the NCD Holder(s).

Further, we will not be liable to pay any interest, income or compensation of any kind from the date of redemption of the NCD(s).

NCDs held in electronic form:

On the redemption date, redemption proceeds would be paid by cheque /pay order / electronic mode to those NCD Holders whose names appear on the list of beneficial owners given by the Depositories to us. These names would be as per the Depositories' records on the Record Date fixed for the purpose of redemption. These NCDs will be simultaneously extinguished to the extent of the amount redeemed through appropriate debit corporate action upon redemption of the corresponding value of the NCDs. It may be noted that in the entire process mentioned above, no action is required on the part of NCD Holders.

Our liability to NCD Holder(s) towards his/their rights including for payment or otherwise shall stand extinguished from the date of redemption in all events and when we dispatch the redemption amounts to the NCD Holder(s).

Further, we will not be liable to pay any interest, income or compensation of any kind from the date of redemption of the NCD(s).

Right to reissue NCD(s)

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, where we have fully redeemed or repurchased any NCD(s), we shall have and shall be deemed always to have had the right to keep such NCDs in effect without extinguishment thereof, for the purpose of resale or reissue and in exercising such right, we shall have and be deemed always to have had the power to resell or reissue such NCDs either by reselling or reissuing the same NCDs or by issuing other NCDs in their place. The aforementioned right includes the right to reissue original NCDs.

Sharing of information

We may, at our option, use on our own, as well as exchange, share or part with any financial or other information about the NCD Holders available with us and affiliates and other banks, financial institutions, credit bureaus, agencies, statutory bodies, as may be required and neither we or our affiliates nor their agents shall be liable for use of the aforesaid information.

Notices

All notices to the NCD Holder(s) required to be given by us or the Debenture Trustee shall be published in one English language newspaper having wide circulation and one regional language daily newspaper in Kerala and/or will be sent by post/ courier or through email or other electronic media to the Registered Holders of the NCD(s) from time to time.

Issue of duplicate NCD Certificate(s)

If any NCD certificate(s), issued pursuant to rematerialisation, if any, is/are mutilated or defaced or the cages for recording transfers of NCDs are fully utilised, the same may be replaced by us against the surrender of such certificate(s). Provided, where the NCD certificate(s) are mutilated or defaced, the same will be replaced as aforesaid only if the certificate numbers and the distinctive numbers are legible.

If any NCD certificate is destroyed, stolen or lost then upon production of proof thereof to our satisfaction and upon furnishing such indemnity/security and/or documents as we may deem adequate, duplicate NCD certificate(s) shall be issued. Upon issuance of a duplicate NCD certificate, the original NCD certificate shall stand cancelled.

Future Borrowings

We will be entitled to borrow/raise loans or avail of financial assistance in whatever form as also to issue debentures/ NCDs/other securities in any manner having such ranking in priority, *pari passu* or otherwise, subject to applicable consents, approvals or permissions that may be required under any statutory/regulatory/contractual requirement, and change the capital structure including the issue of shares of any class, on such terms and conditions as we may think appropriate, provided stipulated security cover is maintained on the NCDs and after obtaining the consent and intimation to, the NCD Holders or the Debenture Trustee regarding the creation of a charge over such security.

Impersonation

Attention of the Investors is specifically drawn to the provisions of sub-section (1) of Section 38 of the Companies Act, 2013 which is reproduced below:

"Any person who:

a) makes or abets making of an application in a fictitious name to a company for acquiring, or subscribing for, its securities; or
b) makes or abets making of multiple applications to a company in different names or in different combinations of his name or surname for acquiring or subscribing for its securities; or
c) otherwise induces directly or indirectly a company to allot, or register any transfer of, securities to him, or to any other person in a fictitious name,

shall be liable for action under Section 447."

The liability prescribed under Section 447 of the Companies Act 2013 for fraud involving an amount of at least ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower, includes imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months extending up to 10 years (provided that where the fraud involves public interest, such term shall not be less than three years) and fine of an amount not less than the amount involved in the fraud, extending up to three times of such amount. In case the fraud involves (i) an amount which is less than ₹ 10 lakh or 1.00% of the turnover of the Company, whichever is lower; and (ii) does not involve public interest, then such fraud is punishable with an imprisonment for a term extending up to five years or a fine of an amount extending up to ₹ 50 lakh or with both.

Pre-closure

Our Company, in consultation with the Lead Managers, reserves the right to close this Issue at any time prior to the Issue Closing Date, subject to receipt of Minimum Subscription (75% of the Base Issue, i.e. ₹ 7,500 lakhs). Our Company shall allot NCDs with respect to the Application Forms received at the time of such pre-closure in

accordance with the Basis of Allotment as described herein and subject to applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements. In the event of such early closure of this Issue, our Company shall ensure that public notice of such early closure is published on or before such early date of closure or the Issue Closing Date for this Issue, as applicable, through advertisement(s) in all those newspapers in which pre-issue advertisement and advertisement for opening or closure of the issue have been given.

Pre-Issue Advertisement

Subject to Section 30 of the Companies Act, 2013, our Company will issue a statutory advertisement on or before the Issue Opening Date. This advertisement will contain the information as prescribed in Schedule V of SEBI NCS Regulations in compliance with the Regulation 30 of SEBI NCS Regulations. Material updates, if any, between the date of filing of the Prospectus with RoC and the date of release of the statutory advertisement, will be included in the statutory advertisement.

Listing

The NCDs offered through this Draft Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the BSE. Our Company has obtained an 'in-principle' approval for the Issue from the BSE *vide* its letter bearing reference number [●] dated [●], 2026. For the purposes of the Issue, BSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange.

Our Company will use best efforts to ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing at the Stock Exchange is taken within three Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby clarified that in the event of non-subscription to any one or more of the Series, such Series of NCDs shall not be listed. If permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs are not granted by the Stock Exchange, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all moneys received from the applicants in pursuance of this Draft Prospectus.

Guarantee/Letter of Comfort

This Issue is not backed by a guarantee or letter of comfort or any other document and/or letter with similar intent.

Arrangers

No arrangers have been appointed for this Issue.

Monitoring & Reporting of Utilisation of Issue Proceeds

There is no requirement for appointment of a monitoring agency in terms of the SEBI NCS Regulations. Our Board shall monitor the utilisation of the proceeds of this Issue. Our Company will disclose in the Company's financial statements for the relevant financial year, the utilisation of the net proceeds of this Issue under a separate head along with details, if any, in relation to all such proceeds of this Issue that have not been utilized thereby also indicating investments, if any, of such unutilized proceeds of this Issue.

Lien

Not Applicable

Lien on Pledge of NCDs

Subject to applicable laws, our Company, at its discretion, may note a lien on pledge of NCDs if such pledge of NCDs is accepted by any bank or institution for any loan provided to the NCD Holder against pledge of such NCDs as part of the funding.

Delay in Allotment

Our Company shall pay interest at 15% (fifteen percent) per annum if allotment is not made and refund orders/allotment letters are not dispatched and/or demat credits are not made to investors within three Working Days of the Issue Closing Date or date of refusal of the Stock Exchange(s), whichever is earlier.

Right to recall or redeem NCDs prior to maturity

Not Applicable

ISSUE PROCEDURE

This chapter applies to all Applicants. Pursuant to the SEBI NCS Master Circular, all Applicants are required to apply for in the Issue through the ASBA process and an amount equivalent to the full Application Amount as mentioned in the Application Form will be blocked by the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. Further, pursuant to the SEBI NCS Master Circular, SEBI has introduced the UPI Mechanism as a payment mechanism is applicable for the Issue, wherein a UPI Investor, may submit the Application Form with a SCSB or a Designated Intermediary or through the app/web-based interface platform of the Stock Exchange and use their bank account linked UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, if the Application being made is for a value of ₹ 5 lakhs or less. The UPI Mechanism is applicable for public issue of debt securities which open for subscription on or after January 1, 2021. Accordingly, payment through the UPI Mechanism shall be available for the Issue. An additional mode for application in public issues of debt securities through an online (app/web) interface to be provided by the stock exchanges. In this regard, SEBI has also stipulated that the stock exchanges formulate and disclose the operational procedure for applying through the app/web based interface developed by them for making applications in public issues through the stock exchange's website. Since, BSE is the Designated Stock Exchange for the Issue, BSE's online platform BSE Direct, shall be available to UPI Investors to make an application under the UPI Mechanism, in accordance with the operational procedures notified by BSE vide notifications dated December 28, 2020.

Further, pursuant to SEBI NCS Master Circular all individual investors applying in public issue through intermediaries (Consortium/Syndicate members, Registered Stock Brokers, Registrar and Transfer agent and Depository Participants), where the application amount is up to ₹ 5,00,000 shall only use UPI for the purpose of blocking of funds and provide his/ her bank account linked UPI ID in the bid-cum-application form submitted with intermediaries.

Applicants should note that they may submit their Application Forms (including in cases where Applications are being made under the UPI mechanism) at (i) the Designated Branches of the SCSBs or (ii) at the Collection Centres, i.e., to the respective Members of the Consortium at the Specified Locations, the Trading Members at the Broker Centres, the CRTA at the Designated RTA Locations or CDP at the Designated CDP Locations or (iii) through BSE Direct, the app and/or web based interface/platform of the Stock Exchange, as applicable. For further information, please see "Issue Procedure- Submission of Completed Application Forms" on page 215.

Applicants are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that their Application do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable law or as specified in this Draft Prospectus.

Please note that this section has been prepared based on the requirements notified the SEBI NCS Master Circular and the notifications issued by BSE, in relation to the UPI Mechanism.

Further, our Company, the Lead Managers and the Members of the Consortium/Syndicate do not accept any responsibility for any adverse occurrence consequent to the implementation of the UPI Mechanism for application in the Issue.

THE DESIGNATED INTERMEDIARIES (OTHER THAN TRADING MEMBERS), SCSBS AND OUR COMPANY SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE OR LIABLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS ON THE PART OF THE TRADING MEMBERS IN CONNECTION WITH THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUCH TRADING MEMBERS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO COLLECTION AND UPLOAD OF APPLICATION FORMS IN THIS ISSUE ON THE ELECTRONIC APPLICATION PLATFORM PROVIDED BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE. FURTHER, THE STOCK EXCHANGE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ADDRESSING INVESTOR GRIEVANCES ARISING FROM APPLICATION THROUGH TRADING MEMBERS REGISTERED WITH THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

For purposes of this Issue, the term "Working Day" shall mean all days excluding Saturdays, Sundays or a holiday of commercial banks in Mumbai and/or Thiruvananthapuram, except with reference to Issue Period, where Working Days shall mean all days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holiday in Mumbai. Furthermore, for the purpose of post issue period, i.e., period beginning from the Issue Closure to listing of the NCDs on the Stock Exchange, Working Day shall mean all trading days of the Stock Exchange, excluding Sundays and bank holidays in Mumbai, as per the SEBI NCS Regulations.

The information below is given for the benefit of the Investors. Our Company and the Members of

Consortium/Syndicate are not liable for any amendment or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of this Draft Prospectus.

PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATION

Availability of the Abridged Prospectus and Application Forms

The Abridged Prospectus containing the salient features of this Draft Prospectus / the Prospectus together with Application Form may be obtained from:

(a) Our Company's Registered Office;
(b) Offices of the Lead Managers/Consortium/Syndicate Member;
(c) the CRTA at the Designated RTA Locations;
(d) the CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations;
(e) Trading Members at the Broker Centres; and
(f) Designated Branches of the SCSBs.

Electronic copies of the Prospectus and this Draft Prospectus along with the downloadable version of the Application Form will be available on the websites of the Lead Managers, the Stock Exchange, SEBI and the SCSBs.

Electronic Application Forms may be available for download on the website of the Stock Exchange and on the websites of the SCSBs that permit submission of Application Forms electronically. A unique application number ("**UAN**") will be generated for every Application Form downloaded from the website of the Stock Exchange. Our Company may also provide Application Forms for being downloaded and filled at such website as it may deem fit. In addition, brokers having online demat account portals may also provide a facility of submitting the Application Forms virtually online to their account holders.

Trading Members of the Stock Exchange can download Application Forms from the website of the Stock Exchange. Further, Application Forms will be provided to Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at their request.

UPI Investors making an Application up to ₹ 5 lakhs, using the UPI Mechanism, must provide the UPI ID in the relevant space provided in the Application Form. Application Forms that do not contain the UPI ID are liable to be rejected. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism may also apply through the SCSBs and mobile applications using the UPI handles as provided on the website of SEBI.

Who can apply?

The following categories of persons are eligible to apply in this Issue:

Category I Investor (Institutional Investors)

- Public financial institutions, statutory corporations including state industrial development Corporations, scheduled commercial banks, co-operative banks and regional rural banks, Indian multilateral and bilateral development financial institution which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Provident Funds of minimum corpus of ₹2,500 lakhs, pension funds of minimum corpus of ₹ 2,500 lakh, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Alternative Investment Funds registered with SEBI; subject to investment conditions applicable to them under Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012;
- Resident Venture Capital Funds registered with SEBI;
- Insurance Companies registered with the IRDA;
- State industrial development corporations;
- Insurance funds set up and managed by the Indian army, navy or the air force of the Union of India;
- Insurance funds set up and managed by the Department of Posts, the Union of India;
- Systemically Important NBFC registered with RBI and having a net-worth of more than ₹ 50,000 lakh as per the last audited financial statements;

- National Investment Fund (set up by resolution no. F. No. 2/3/2005-DDII dated November 23, 2005 of the Government of India and published in the Gazette of India); and
- Mutual Funds registered with SEBI.

Category II Investor (Non-Institutional Investors)

- Companies falling within the meaning of Section 2(20) of the Companies Act 2013;
- Statutory bodies/ corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India and authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Co-operative banks and regional rural banks;
- Trusts including public/private charitable/religious trusts which are authorized to invest in the NCDs;
- Scientific and/or industrial research organisations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs;
- Partnership firms in the name of the partners;
- Limited liability partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (No. 6 of 2009);
- Association of Persons; and
- Any other incorporated and/ or unincorporated body of persons.

Category III Investor (High Net-Worth Individual Investors)

Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families (through their Karta) applying for an amount aggregating to above ₹2,00,000 across all options of NCDs in this Issue, and including Resident Indian individuals or Hindu Undivided Families (through their Karta) who have submitted a bid between ₹2,00,000 and ₹5,00,000 in any of the bidding options in the Issue (including HUFs applying through their Karta and excluding NRIs) through the UPI Mechanism.

Category IV Investor (Retail Individual Investors)*#

- Resident Indian individuals; and
- Hindu undivided families through the Karta.

** applications aggregating to a value not more than ₹ 2 lakh.*
 # applications through intermediaries (Consortium/Syndicate members, Registered Stock Brokers, Registrar and Transfer agent and Depository Participants) up to a value of ₹ 2 lakhs can be made only under the UPI Mechanism.

For Applicants applying for NCDs, the Registrar shall verify the above on the basis of the records provided by the Depositories based on the DP ID, Client ID and where applicable the UPI ID provided by the Applicants in the Application Form and uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange by the Members of the Consortium/Syndicate or the Trading Members, as the case may be.

Participation of any of the aforementioned categories of persons or entities is subject to the applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements in connection with the subscription to Indian securities by such categories of persons or entities. Applicants are advised to ensure that Application made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. Applicants are advised to ensure that they have obtained the necessary statutory and/or regulatory permissions/consents/approvals in connection with applying for, subscribing to, or seeking Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue.

The Lead Managers and its respective associates and affiliates are permitted to subscribe in the Issue.

Who are not eligible to apply for NCDs?

The following categories of persons, and entities, shall not be eligible to participate in this Issue and any Application from such persons and entities are liable to be rejected:

(a) Minors without a guardian name*(A guardian may apply on behalf of a minor. However, Application by minors must be made through Application Forms that contain the names of both the minor Applicant and the guardian);
(b) Foreign nationals, NRI *inter-alia* including any NRIs who are (i) based in the USA, and/or, (ii) domiciled in

the USA, and/or, (iii) residents/citizens of the USA, and/or, (iv) subject to any taxation laws of the USA;
(c) Persons resident outside India and other foreign entities;
(d) Foreign Portfolio Investors;
(e) Foreign Venture Capital Investors;
(f) Qualified Foreign Investors;
(g) Overseas Corporate Bodies; and
(h) Persons ineligible to contract under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements.

**Applicant shall ensure that guardian is competent to contract under Indian Contract Act, 1872*

Based on the information provided by the Depositories, our Company shall have the right to accept Application Forms belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship). In case of such Application, the Registrar to the Issue shall verify the above on the basis of the records provided by the Depositories based on the DP ID and Client ID provided by the Applicants in the Application Form and uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange.

The concept of Overseas Corporate Bodies (meaning any company, partnership firm, society and other corporate body or overseas trust irrevocably owned/held directly or indirectly to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs), which was in existence until 2003, was withdrawn by the Foreign Exchange Management (Withdrawal of General Permission to Overseas Corporate Bodies) Regulations, 2003. Accordingly, OCBs are not permitted to invest in this Issue.

Please see "*Issue Procedure – Rejection of Applications*" on page 218 for information on rejection of Applications.

Method of Application

In terms of the SEBI NCS Master Circular, an eligible Investor desirous of applying in this Issue can make Applications through the ASBA mechanism only. Applicants are requested to note that in terms of the SEBI NCS Master Circular, SEBI has mandated issuers to provide, through a recognised stock exchange which offers such a facility, an online interface enabling direct application by investors to a public issue of debt securities with an online payment facility ("**Direct Online Application Mechanism**"). In this regard, SEBI has, through the SEBI NCS Master Circular, directed recognized stock exchanges in India to put in necessary systems and infrastructure for the implementation of the SEBI NCS Master Circular and the Direct Online Application Mechanism infrastructure for the implementation of the SEBI NCS Master Circular and the Direct Online Application Mechanism. Further, SEBI vide the SEBI NCS Master Circular has directed the stock exchanges in India to formulate and disclose the operational procedure for making an application through the app/web based interface developed by them in order for investors to apply in public issue on their websites

All Applicants shall mandatorily apply in the Issue either through:

i. the ASBA process (including UPI Investors). Applicants intending to subscribe in the Issue shall submit a duly filled Application form to any of the Designated Intermediaries; or

ii. UPI Investors having a valid UPI ID, through the app/web based interface platform of the Stock Exchange (BSE Direct) wherein the application would automatically be uploaded onto the Stock Exchange's bidding platform and the amount will be blocked using the UPI Mechanism.

Additionally, certain SEBI registered UPI handles which can be accessed at https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognisedFpi=yes&intmId=44 may also be used for making an Application through the UPI Mechanism.

Application process through physical Application Form

Applicants opting for the physical mode of Application process, should submit the Application Form (including for Applications under the UPI Mechanism) only at the Collection Centres, i.e., to the respective Members of the Consortium/Syndicate at the Specified Locations, the SCSBs at the Designated Branches, the registered broker at the Broker Centres, the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations or CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations. Kindly note that Application Forms submitted by Applicants at the Specified Locations will not be accepted if the SCSB with which the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries for deposit of the Application Forms. A list of such

branches is available on SEBI's website *for Applications under the UPI Mechanism* at https://www.sebi.gov.in.

The relevant Designated Intermediaries, upon receipt of Application Forms from ASBA Applicants (including for Applications under the UPI Mechanism), shall upload the details of these Application Forms to the online platform of the Stock Exchange and submit the Application Forms (except Application Forms submitted by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism) with the SCSB with whom the relevant ASBA Accounts are maintained. An Applicant shall submit the Application Form, which shall be stamped at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB, with the SCSB and can also be submitted to be the Designated Intermediaries at the Specified Locations. The SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application Form. For Applicants submitting the physical application Form who wish to block the funds in their respective UPI linked bank account through the UPI Mechanism, post uploading of the details of the Application Forms into the online platform of the Stock Exchange, the Stock Exchange shall share the Application details (including UPI ID) with the Sponsor Bank on a continuous basis to enable the Sponsor Bank to initiate a UPI Mandate Request to such UPI Investors for blocking of funds.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue shall not take any responsibility for acts, mistakes, errors, omissions and commissions etc. in relation to ASBA Applications accepted by the Designated Intermediaries, Applications uploaded by SCSBs, Applications accepted but not uploaded by SCSBs or Applications accepted and uploaded without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts. It shall be presumed that for Applications uploaded by SCSBs (other than UPI Applications), the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked in the relevant ASBA Account and for Applications by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism, uploaded by Designated Intermediaries, the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked under the UPI Mechanism.

APPLICATION PROCESS THROUGH APP/WEB BASED INTERFACE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE – *BSE DIRECT*

SEBI, *vide* the SEBI NCS Master Circular, has introduced an additional mode for application in the Issue through online (app / web) interface/platform of the Stock Exchange. In furtherance to the same, the Stock Exchange has extended the facility of '**BSE Direct**', which is a web based and a mobile app based platform for making an Application in the Issue where the funds can be blocked through the UPI Mechanism. BSE Direct platform can be accessed at **https://www.bsedirect.com** and can be accessed through the mobile app available (for android phone users only) on the Google Playstore.

Please note that Applications in the Issue, through the 'BSE Direct' platform, can only be made by UPI Investors, i.e., Applicants who make an Application in the Issue for an amount up to ₹5 lakh only.

BSE Limited, the Designated Stock Exchange, has vide notifications dated December 28, 2020, notified the detailed operational procedure for making an Application, under the UPI Mechanism, using BSE Direct. The detailed operational instructions and guidelines issued by the Stock Exchange can be accessed on the Stock Exchange's website at www.bseindia.com.

Operational Instructions and Guidelines

Certain relevant operational instructions and guidelines, for using BSE Direct to make an Application in the Issue, are listed below:

a. **General Instructions –**

i. Applicants are required to preregister themselves with BSE Direct. For the detailed process of registration and Applications under the BSE Direct Platform, see "*Issue Procedure- Process of Registration and Application on BSE Direct Platform/Mobile App*" on page 200.

ii. Applicants can access BSE Direct platform via internet at https://www.bsedirect.com or through the mobile app (on android phones only) called BSE Direct which can be downloaded from the Google Playstore.

iii. The BSE Direct platform offers a facility of making a direct application through the web-based platform or the mobile app with a facility to block funds up to ₹5 lakh through the UPI Mechanism.

iv. The mode of allotment for Applications made through the BSE Direct platform shall mandatorily be in dematerialized form only.

b. **Order Entry Parameters –**

Pursuant to the SEBI NCS Master Circular and other relevant SEBI circulars, the following operating parameters shall be made available for making an Application in the Debt IPO Segment. Applicants are requested to note the following general instructions:

i. The Issue symbol will remain same across all Series;

ii. Applicants can enter order for a single Application having different Series within one order entry screen;

iii. Before submission of the Application, the Applicant should have created an UPI ID with a maximum length of 45 characters including the handle (example: investorId@bankname)

Applicants can only submit an Application with the UPI Mechanism as the payment mode. The Applications which are successfully accepted will be allotted a bid ID or order no.

Modification and cancellation of orders

i. An Applicant shall not be allowed to add or modify the Application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN but not both.
ii. The Applicant can withdraw the bid(s) submitted under a single Application and reapply.
iii. The part cancellation of bid in a single Application will not be permitted.

For details of the process post the Application details being entered into the bidding platform of the Stock Exchange, see "*Issue Procedure- Submission of Applications – for Applications under the UPI Mechanism*" on page 206.

c. **Re-initiation of Bids**

i. If the Applicant has not received the UPI Mandate vide an SMS or on the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account, they will have the option to re-initiate the bid which is pending for confirmation.

ii. The facility of re-initiation/ resending the UPI Mandate shall be available only till 5 pm on the day of bidding.

iii. The Designated Intermediaries shall be permitted to use the re-initiation of Application option only once.

d. **Acceptance of the UPI Mandate**

i. An Applicant will be required to accept the UPI Mandate by 5:00 pm on the third Working Day from the day of bidding on the Stock Exchange platform except for the last day of the Issue Period or any other modified closure date of the Issue Period in which case, they shall be required to accept the UPI Mandate by 5:00 pm of the Issue Closing Date ("**Cut-Off Time**") and pending UPI Mandate Requests at the Cut-Off Time shall lapse. Further, modification/cancellation of Bids (if any) shall be allowed in parallel during the Issue Period until the Cut-Off Time. As the Company reserves the right to close the Issue prior to the Issue Closing Date, hence is advisable that the Applicants should accept the UPI mandate by 5:00 pm on the Working Day subsequent to date of submission of the Application on BSE Direct.

ii. The transaction will be treated completed only after the UPI Mandate is accepted by the Applicant and the transaction is authorised by entering their respective UPI PIN and successful blocking of fund through ASBA process by the Applicant's bank.

iii. If the Applicant fails to accept the mandate within stipulated timelines, their Application will not be considered for allocation.

iv. Applicants are required to check the status of their Applications with regards to the UPI Mandate

acceptance and blocking of fund in the UPI Report for completion of the transaction.

v. Please note that the display of status of acceptance of the UPI Mandate/fund blocking shall be solely based on the data received from the Sponsor Bank.

e. **Order book and Modification**

i. The order book will be available in the Debt module of the Stock Exchange in real time basis.

ii. An Applicant shall be allowed to modify selected fields such as their DP ID/Client ID or PAN (Either DP ID/Client ID or PAN can be modified but not both) on a daily basis, up to 5 pm on T day for a validated bid (T being Issue Closing Date).

f. **Applicant's responsibilities**

i. Applicants shall check the Issue details before making an Application.

ii. Applicants shall only be able to make an Application for an amount up to ₹5 lakh.

iii. Applicants shall have only UPI as the payment mechanism with ASBA.

iv. Applicants must check and understand the UPI Mandate acceptance and the fund blocking process before making an Application.

v. The receipt of SMS for UPI Mandate acceptance depends upon the system response/ integration of UPI on the Debt Public Issue System.

vi. Applicants must check their respective mobiles for an SMS or the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account, for receipt of the UPI Mandate.

vii. Applicants must accept the UPI Mandate request within stipulated timelines.

viii. Applicants must note that the transaction will be treated completed only after the UPI Mandate is accepted by the Applicant and the transaction is authorised by entering their respective UPI PIN and successful blocking of fund through ASBA process by the Applicant's bank.

vi. If the Applicant fails to accept the mandate within stipulated timelines, their Application will not be considered for allocation.

vii. Applicants are required to check the status of their Applications with regards to the UPI Mandate acceptance and blocking of fund in the UPI Report for completion of the transaction.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Managers, the Registrar to the Issue or the Stock Exchange shall not be liable or responsible in the event an Applicant fails to receive the UPI Mandate acceptance request on their mobile or they fail to accept the UPI Mandate within the stipulated time period or due to any technical/other reasons.

Process of Registration and Application on BSE Direct Platform/Mobile App

a. **Process of Registration for Investor**

i. To make an Application on the BSE Direct platform/ mobile app an Applicant is required to register themselves with the platform/mobile app.
ii. At the time of registration, the Applicant shall be required to select the option of "New Registration Without Broker" and enter their respective PAN along with details of their demat account (i.e., DP ID and Client ID) and UPI ID.
iii. The Stock Exchange shall verify the PAN and demat account details entered by the Applicant with the Depository.
iv. The Applicant shall be required to accept the terms and conditions and also enter the correct 'One Time Password' ("**OTP**") sent on their respective mobile phones and email IDs to complete the registration

process.

v. Upon successful OTP confirmation, the Applicant's registration request shall be accepted, and a reference
number shall be provided to them for checking their registration status.
vi. At the time of demat account verification, the Stock Exchange shall also validate Applicant's client type (investor category) present in demat account.
vii. An Applicant's registration shall be rejected if an incorrect investor category and/or demat account details have been entered.
viii. Post the verification of the demat account, the Stock Exchange shall activate the Applicant's profile for making an Application and also provide a user ID (which is PAN) and password for login onto the BSE Direct platform.
ix. An Applicant shall be able to view their respective details including their demat account, by accessing the tab 'My Profile'.
x. To modify their details, an Applicant must login to the BSE Direct portal and click on 'My profile'.
xi. The Stock Exchange shall revalidate the modified details with Depository.
xii. No modification request shall be accepted during the Issue Period if the Applicant has made an Application in the Issue.
xiii. To re-generate a new password, the Applicant can use the 'Forget Password' option.
xiv. Existing investors who are already registered for "GSEC AND T-Bills investment", can also use the facility for applying in the Issue by using the UPI Mechanism for blocking of funds for Applications with a value up to ₹5 lakh.

b. **Process to place Bid via BSE Direct platform/ mobile app**

i. The Issue, during the Issue Period, shall be opened for subscription and will be available for making an Application through the BSE Direct platform/ mobile app.
ii. Upon successful login, an Applicant can select the Issue to make an Application.
iii. The details of PAN and DP ID and Client ID will be populated based on the registration done by the Applicant.
iv. Before submission of the Application, an Applicant would be required to create a UPI ID with a maximum length of 45 characters including the handle (Example: investorId@bankname)
v. An Applicant shall be required to enter a valid UPI ID, in the UPI ID field.
vi. An Applicant must select the Series/option along with number of NCDs being applied for in the Issue.
vii. Applicants must check the Issue details before making an Application.
viii. Applicant will only be able to make an Application for an amount of up to ₹5 lakh.
ix. Applicants shall only have UPI as a payment mechanism with ASBA.
x. Applicants must check and understand the UPI Mandate acceptance and blocking of fund process before making an Application.

For details of the blocking process post the Application details being entered into the bidding platform of the Stock Exchange, see "*Issue Procedure- Submission of Applications - for Applications under the UPI Mechanism*" on page 206.

c. **SMS from the Exchange**

i. Post completion of the blocking process, the Stock Exchange shall send an SMS to the Applicant regarding submission of the Application at the end of day, during the Issue Period and for the last day of the Issue Period, the SMS shall be sent the next Working Day.

d. **Modification and Cancellation of Orders**

i. An Applicant shall not be allowed to add or modify the bid(s) of the Application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN but not both.
ii. An Applicant can withdraw the bid(s) submitted under a single Application and reapply. However, part cancellation of bid in a single Application is not permitted.

e. **Re-initiation of Bid**

i. If the Applicant has not received the UPI Mandate vide an SMS or on the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account, they will have the option to re-initiate the bid which is pending for

confirmation, after the lapse of reasonable time.

ii. The Designated Intermediaries shall be permitted to use the re-initiation of Application option only once.

For details of the process of the UPI Mandate acceptance, see "*Issue Procedure- Operational Instructions and Guidelines – Acceptance of the UPI Mandate*" on page 199.

Our Company, the Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, Lead Managers, the Registrar to the Issue or the Stock Exchange shall not be liable or responsible in the event an Applicant fails to receive the UPI Mandate acceptance request on their mobile or they fail to accept the UPI Mandate within the stipulated time period or due to any technical/other reasons. Since the process of making an Application through BSE Direct is based on notifications issued by the Stock Exchange, Applicants are requested to check the website of the Stock Exchange for any further notifications by the Stock Exchange amending, supplementing, updating or revising the process of Applications through BSE Direct.

APPLICATIONS FOR ALLOTMENT OF NCDs

Details for Applications by certain categories of Applicants including documents to be submitted are summarized below.

Applications by Mutual Funds

Pursuant to the SEBI circular HO/24/13/11(1)2026-IMD-POD-1/I/7602/2026 dated March 20, 2026 ("**SEBI Mutual Fund Master Circular**"), mutual funds are required to ensure that the total exposure of debt schemes of mutual funds in a particular sector shall not exceed 20% of the net assets value of the scheme. Further, the additional exposure limit provided for financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of net assets value of scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to HFCs, with an additional 5% permitted in securitised debt backed by retail/affordable housing loans. However, the overall exposure in HFCs shall not exceed the sector exposure limit of 20% of the net assets of the scheme Further, the group level limits for debt schemes and the ceiling be fixed at 20% of net assets value extendable to 25% of net assets value after prior approval of the board of trustees.

A separate Application can be made in respect of each scheme of an Indian mutual fund registered with SEBI and such Applications shall not be treated as multiple Applications. Applications made by the AMCs or custodians of a mutual fund shall clearly indicate the name of the concerned scheme for which Application is being made.

An Application Form by a mutual fund registered with SEBI for Allotment of the NCDs must be also accompanied by certified true copies of (i) its SEBI registration certificates (ii) the trust deed in respect of such mutual fund (ii) a resolution authorising investment and containing operating instructions and (iii) specimen signatures of authorized signatories. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Application by Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial Companies

Systemically Important Non- Banking Financial Company, a non-banking financial company registered with the Reserve Bank of India and having a net-worth of more than five hundred crore rupees as per the last audited financial statements can apply in this Issue based on their own investment limits and approvals. The Application Form must be accompanied by a certified copy of the certificate of registration issued by the RBI, a certified copy of its last audited financial statements and a net worth certificate from its statutory auditor(s). **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Application by commercial banks, co-operative banks and regional rural banks

Commercial banks, co-operative banks and regional rural banks can apply in this Issue based on their own investment limits and approvals. The Application Form must be accompanied by certified true copies of their (i) the certificate of registration issued by RBI, and (ii) the approval of such banking company's investment committee is required to be attached to the Application Form. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Pursuant to SEBI NCS Master Circular, SCSBs making Applications on their own account using ASBA Facility, should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSB. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making Application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for applications.

Application by Insurance Companies

In case of Applications made by insurance companies registered with the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India ("**IRDAI**"), a certified copy of certificate of registration issued by IRDAI must be lodged along with Application Form. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason, therefor.**

Insurance companies participating in this Issue shall comply with all applicable regulations, guidelines and circulars issued by the IRDAI from time to time to time including the IRDA (Investment) Regulations, 2000.

Application by Indian Alternative Investment Funds

Applications made by Alternative Investment Funds eligible to invest in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Fund) Regulations, 2012, as amended (the "**SEBI AIF Regulations**") for Allotment of the NCDs must be accompanied by certified true copies of SEBI registration certificate. The Alternative Investment Funds shall at all times comply with the requirements applicable to it under the SEBI AIF Regulations and the relevant notifications issued by SEBI. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason, therefor.**

Applications by associations of persons and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment

In case of Applications made by 'Associations of Persons' and/or bodies established pursuant to or registered under any central or state statutory enactment, must submit a (i) certified copy of the certificate of registration or proof of constitution, as applicable, (ii) power of attorney, if any, in favour of one or more persons thereof, (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. Further, any trusts applying for NCDs pursuant to this Issue must ensure that (a) they are authorized under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and their constitution instrument to hold and invest in debentures, (b) they have obtained all necessary approvals, consents or other authorisations, which may be required under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements to invest in debentures, and (c) Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Applications by Trusts

In case of Applications made by trusts, settled under the Indian Trusts Act, 1882, as amended, or any other statutory and/or regulatory provision governing the settlement of trusts in India, must submit a (i) certified copy of the registered instrument for creation of such trust, (ii) power of attorney, if any, in favour of one or more trustees thereof, (iii) such other documents evidencing registration thereof under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements. Further, any trusts applying for NCDs pursuant to this Issue must ensure that (a) they are authorized under applicable statutory/regulatory requirements and their constitution instrument to hold and invest in debentures, (b) they have obtained all necessary approvals, consents or other authorisations, which may be required under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements to invest in debentures, and (c) Applications made by them do not exceed the investment limits or maximum number of NCDs that can be held by them under applicable statutory and or regulatory provisions. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor**.

Applications by Public Financial Institutions or Statutory Corporations, which are authorised to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) any act/ rules under which they are incorporated; (ii) board resolution authorising investments; and (iii) specimen signature of authorised person.

Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Applications by Provident Funds, Pension Funds, Superannuation Funds and Gratuity Fund, which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of incorporation/ registration under any act/rules under which they are incorporated. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Applications by National Investment Fund

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of: (i) resolution authorising investment and containing operating instructions; and (ii) specimen signature of authorized person. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.

Companies, bodies corporate and societies registered under the applicable laws in India

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of the registration under the act/ rules under which they are incorporated. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Applications by Indian Scientific and/or industrial research organizations, which are authorized to invest in the NCDs

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of the registration under the act/ rules under which they are incorporated. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Applications by Partnership firms formed under applicable Indian laws in the name of the partners and Limited Liability Partnerships formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008

The Application must be accompanied by certified true copies of certified copy of certificate of the partnership deed or registration issued under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, as applicable. **Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Applications in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor.**

Applications under Power of Attorney

In case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Applicants who are Institutional Investors or Non-Institutional Investors, a certified copy of the power of attorney or the relevant resolution or authority, as the case may be, with a certified copy of the memorandum of association and articles of association and/or bye laws must be submitted with the Application Form. In case of Applications made pursuant to a power of attorney by Applicants, a certified copy of the power of attorney must be submitted with the Application Form. Failing this, our Company reserves the right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part, in either case, without assigning any reason therefor. Our Company, in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to relax the above condition of attaching the power of attorney with the Application Forms subject to such terms and conditions that our Company and the Lead Managers may deem fit.

Brokers having online demat account portals may also provide a facility of submitting the Application Forms online to their account holders. Under this facility, a broker receives an online instruction through its portal from the Applicant for making an Application on his/ her behalf. Based on such instruction, and a power of attorney granted by the Applicant to authorise the broker, the broker makes an Application on behalf of the Applicant.

APPLICATIONS FOR ALLOTMENT OF NCDs

This section is for the information of the Applicants proposing to subscribe to the Issue. The Lead Managers and our Company are not liable for any amendments or modifications or changes in applicable laws or regulations,

which may occur after the date of this Draft Prospectus. Investors are advised to make their independent investigations and to ensure that the Application Form is correctly filled up.

Our Company, our Directors, affiliates, associates and their respective directors and officers, the Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue shall not take any responsibility for acts, mistakes, errors, omissions and commissions etc. in relation to Applications (including Applications under the UPI Mechanism) accepted by and/or uploaded by and/or accepted but not uploaded by Trading Members, registered brokers, CDPs, RTAs and SCSBs who are authorised to collect Application Forms from the Applicants in the Issue, or Applications accepted and uploaded without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts by SCSBs or failure to block the Application Amount under the UPI Mechanism. It shall be presumed that for Applications uploaded by SCSBs (other than UPI Applications), the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked in the relevant ASBA Account and for Applications by UPI Investors under the UPI Mechanism, uploaded by Designated Intermediaries, the Application Amount payable on Application has been blocked under the UPI Mechanism.

The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Specified Locations named by the respective SCSBs to receive Application Forms from the Members of the Consortium/Syndicate is available on the website of SEBI (https://www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. For more information on such branches collecting Application Forms from the Syndicate at Specified Locations, see the website of the SEBI (https://www.sebi.gov.in) as updated from time to time or any such other website as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The list of registered brokers at the Broker Centres, CDPs at the Designated CDP Locations or the RTAs at the Designated RTA Locations, respective lists of which, including details such as address and telephone number, are available at the website of the Stock Exchange at www.bseindia.com. The list of branches of the SCSBs at the Broker Centres, named by the respective SCSBs to receive deposits of the Application Forms from the registered brokers will be available on the website of the SEBI (www.sebi.gov.in) and updated from time to time.

Submission of Applications

Applications can be submitted through either of the following modes:

(a) Physically or electronically to the Designated Branches of the SCSB(s) with whom an Applicant's ASBA Account is maintained. In case of Application in physical mode, the Applicant shall submit the Application Form at the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB(s). The Designated Branch shall verify if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account and shall also verify that the signature on the Application Form matches with the Investor's bank records, as mentioned in the Application Form, prior to uploading such Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the respective Designated Branch shall reject such Application and shall not upload such Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the Designated Branch shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount and upload details of the Application in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. The Designated Branch of the SCSBs shall stamp the Application Form and issue an acknowledgement as proof of having accepted the Application.

In case of Application being made in the electronic mode, the Applicant shall submit the Application either through the internet banking facility available with the SCSB, or such other electronically enabled mechanism for application and blocking funds in the ASBA Account held with SCSB, and accordingly registering such Application.

(b) Physically through the Designated Intermediaries at the respective Collection Centres. Kindly note that above Applications submitted to any of the Designated Intermediaries will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained, as specified in the Application Form, has not named at least one branch at that Collection Center where the Application Form is submitted (a list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in).

(c) A UPI Investor making an Application in the Issue under the UPI Mechanism, where the Application Amount is upto ₹ 5 lakhs, can submit his Application Form physically to a SCSB or a Designated Intermediary. The Designated Intermediary shall upload the application details along with the UPI ID on the Stock Exchange's bidding platform using appropriate protocols. Kindly note that in this case, the Application Amount will be blocked through the UPI Mechanism.

(d) A UPI Investor may also submit the Application Form for the Issue through BSE Direct, wherein the Application will be automatically uploaded onto the Stock Exchange's bidding platform and an amount equivalent to the Application Amount shall be blocked using the UPI Mechanism.

Upon receipt of the Application Form by the Designated Intermediaries, an acknowledgement shall be issued by the relevant Designated Intermediary, giving the counter foil of the Application Form to the Applicant as proof of having accepted the Application. Thereafter, the details of the Application shall be uploaded in the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. Post which:

(i) ***for Applications other than under the UPI Mechanism*** – the Application Form shall be forwarded to the relevant branch of the SCSB, in the relevant Collection Center, named by such SCSB to accept such Applications from the Designated Intermediaries (a list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in). Upon receipt of the Application Form, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall perform verification procedures including verification of the Applicant's signature with his bank records and check if sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account, as mentioned in the Application Form. If sufficient funds are not available in the ASBA Account, the relevant Application Form is liable to be rejected. If sufficient funds are available in the ASBA Account, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the Application Amount mentioned in the Application Form.

(ii) ***for Applications under the UPI Mechanism*** – once the Application details have been entered in the bidding platform through Designated Intermediaries or BSE Direct, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of the Applicant with the Depository. The Depository shall validate the PAN and Demat account details and send response to the Stock Exchange which would be shared by the Stock Exchange with the relevant Designated Intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any. Post uploading of the Application details on the Stock Exchange's platform, the Stock Exchange shall send an SMS to the Applicant regarding submission of the Application. Post undertaking validation with the Depository, the Stock Exchange shall, on a continuous basis, electronically share the bid details along with the Applicants UPI ID, with the Sponsor Bank appointed by our Company. The Sponsor Bank shall then initiate a UPI Mandate Request on the Applicant. The request raised by the Sponsor Bank, would be electronically received by the Applicant as an SMS or on the mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account. The Applicant shall then be required to authorise the UPI Mandate Request. Upon successful validation of block request by the Applicant, the information would be electronically received by the Applicants' bank, where the funds, equivalent to Application Amount, would get blocked in the Applicant's ASBA Account. The status of block request would also be shared with the Sponsor Bank, which in turn would be shared with the Stock Exchange. The block request status would also be displayed on the Stock Exchange platform for information of the Designated Intermediary.

The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until approval of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the amount against the Allotted NCDs to the Public Issue Account(s), or until withdrawal/failure of this Issue or until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be.

Applicants must note that:

(a) Application Forms will be available with the Designated Branches of the SCSBs and with the Designated Intermediaries at the respective Collection Centres; and electronic Application Forms will be available on the websites of the SCSBs and the Stock Exchange at least one day prior to the Issue Opening Date. Physical Application Forms will also be provided to the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at their request. The Application Forms would be serially numbered. Further, the SCSBs will ensure that this Draft Prospectus is made available on their websites. The physical Application Form submitted to the Designated Intermediaries shall bear the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary. In the event the Application Form does not bear any stamp, the same shall be liable to be rejected.

(b) The Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall accept Application Forms directly from Applicants only during the Issue Period. The SCSBs shall not accept any Application Forms directly from Applicants after the closing time of acceptance of Applications on the Issue Closing Date. However, the relevant branches of the SCSBs at Specified Locations can accept Application Forms from the Designated Intermediaries, after the closing time of acceptance of Applications on the Issue Closing Date, if the Applications have been uploaded. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "*General Information – Issue Programme*" on page 44. Physical Application Forms directly submitted to SCSBs should bear the stamp of SCSBs, if not, the same are liable to be rejected.

Please note that Applicants can make an Application for Allotment of NCDs in the dematerialised form only.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING-UP THE APPLICATION FORM

General Instructions

A. General instructions for completing the Application Form

- Applications must be made in prescribed Application Form only;
- All Applicants need to tick the Series of NCDs in the Application Form that they wish to apply for. Applications for all the Series of the NCDs may be made in a single Application Form only.
- Application Forms must be completed in **BLOCK LETTERS IN ENGLISH**, as per the instructions contained in this Draft Prospectus and the Application Form;
- If the Application is submitted in joint names, the Application Form should contain only the name of the first Applicant whose name should also appear as the first holder of the depository account held in joint names;
- It shall be mandatory for subscribers to the Issue to furnish their PAN and any Application Form, without the PAN is liable to be rejected, irrespective of the amount of transaction
- Applications should be in single or joint names and not exceeding three names, and in the same order as their Depository Participant details (in case of Applicants applying for Allotment of the Bonds in dematerialised form) and Applications should be made by Karta in case the Applicant is an HUF. The Applicant is required to specify the name of an Applicant in the Application Form as 'XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through PQR', where PQR is the name of the Karta. Please ensure that such Applications contain the PAN of the HUF and not of the Karta;
- Applicants must provide details of valid and active DP ID, Client ID and PAN, clearly and without error. On the basis of such Applicant's active DP ID, Client ID and PAN provided in the Application Form, and as entered into the electronic Application system of the Stock Exchange by SCSBs, the Designated Intermediaries, the Registrar will obtain from the Depository the Demographic Details. Invalid accounts, suspended accounts or where such account is classified as invalid or suspended may not be considered for Allotment of the NCDs;
- Applications must be for a minimum of 10 NCDs and in multiples of one NCD thereafter. For the purpose of fulfilling the requirement of minimum application size of 10 NCDs, an Applicant may choose to apply for 10 NCDs of the same series or across different series;
- If the ASBA Account holder is different from the Applicant, the Application Form should be signed by the ASBA Account holder also, in accordance with the instructions provided in the Application Form;
- If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form;
- Thumb impressions and signatures other than in English/Hindi/Gujarati/Marathi or any other languages specified in the 8th Schedule of the Constitution needs to be attested by a Magistrate or Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under his/her seal;
- All Applicants are required to ensure that the Application Forms are submitted at the Designated Branches of SCSBs or the Collection Centres provided in the Application Forms, bearing the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary/Designated Branch of the SCSB;

- The Designated Intermediaries or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, will acknowledge the receipt of the Application Forms by stamping and returning to the Applicants the Acknowledgement Slip. This Acknowledgement Slip will serve as the duplicate of the Application Form for the records of the Applicant;

- Applicants must ensure that the requisite documents are attached to the Application Form prior to submission and receipt of acknowledgement from the relevant Designated Intermediaries or the Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be;

- All Applicants are required to check if they are eligible to apply as per the terms of this Draft Prospectus and applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals;

- All Applicants are required to tick the relevant column of "Category of Investor" in the Application Form; and

- Every Applicant should hold valid permanent account number and mention the same in the Application Form;

- All Applicants should correctly mention the ASBA Account number (including bank account number/ bank name and branch) and ensure that funds equal to the Application Amount are available in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form to the Designated Branch and also ensure that the signature in the Application Form matches with the signature in Applicant's bank records, otherwise the Application is liable to be rejected;

- A system generated acknowledgement (TRS) will be given to the Applicant as a proof of the registration of each Application. It is the Applicant's responsibility to obtain the acknowledgement from the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be.

- In case of any revision of Application in connection with any of the fields which are not allowed to be modified on the electronic application platform of the Stock Exchanges as per the procedures and requirements prescribed by each relevant Stock Exchange, the Applicants should ensure that they have first withdrawn their original Application and submit a fresh Application.

The series, mode of allotment, PAN, demat account no. etc. should be captured by the relevant Designated Intermediaries in the data entries as such data entries will be considered for Allotment.

Applicants should note that neither the Designated Intermediaries nor the SCSBs, as the case may be, will be liable for error in data entry due to incomplete or illegible Application Forms.

B. Applicant's Beneficiary Account Details

Applicants must mention their DP ID, Client ID and UPI ID (wherever applicable) in the Application Form and ensure that the name provided in the Application Form is exactly the same as the name in which the Beneficiary Account is held. In case the Application Form is submitted in the first Applicant's name, it should be ensured that the Beneficiary Account is held in the same joint names and in the same sequence in which they appear in the Application Form. In case the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) mentioned in the Application Form and entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange do not match with the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) available in the Depository database or in case PAN is not available in the Depository database, the Application Form is liable to be rejected. Further, Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive, will be rejected.

On the basis of the Demographic Details as appearing on the records of the DP, the Registrar to the Issue will take steps towards demat credit of NCDs. Hence, Applicants are advised to immediately update their Demographic Details as appearing on the records of the DP and ensure that they are true and correct, and carefully fill in their Beneficiary Account details in the Application Form. Failure to do so could result in delays in demat credit and neither our Company, Designated Intermediaries, SCSBs, Registrar to the Issue nor the Stock Exchange will bear any responsibility or liability for the same.

In case of Applications made under power of attorney, our Company in its absolute discretion, reserves the right to permit the holder of power of attorney to request the Registrar that for the purpose of printing particulars on

the Allotment Advice, the Demographic Details obtained from the Depository of the Applicant shall be used.

By signing the Application Form, the Applicant would have deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide, upon request, to the Registrar to the Issue, the required Demographic Details as available on its records. The Demographic Details given by Applicant in the Application Form would not be used for any other purpose by the Registrar to the Issue except in relation to this Issue. Allotment Advice would be mailed by speed post or registered post at the address of the Applicants as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories. Applicants may note that delivery of Allotment Advice may get delayed if the same once sent to the address obtained from the Depositories are returned undelivered. Further, please note that any such delay shall be at such Applicants' sole risk and neither our Company, Registrar to the Issue, Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank nor the Lead Managers shall be liable to compensate the Applicant for any losses caused to the Applicants due to any such delay or liable to pay any interest for such delay. In case of refunds through electronic modes as detailed in this Draft Prospectus, refunds may be delayed if bank particulars obtained from the Depository Participant are incorrect.

With effect from August 16, 2010, the beneficiary accounts of Applicants for whom PAN details have not been verified shall be suspended for credit and no credit of NCDs pursuant to this Issue will be made into the accounts of such Applicants. **Application Forms submitted by Applicants whose beneficiary accounts are inactive shall be rejected. Furthermore, in case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories, which matches the parameters, namely, DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) then such Application are liable to be rejected.**

C. Permanent Account Number

The Applicant should mention his or her Permanent Account Number allotted under the IT Act. For minor Applicants, applying through the guardian, it is mandatory to mention the PAN of the minor Applicant. However, Applications on behalf of the Central or State Government officials and the officials appointed by the courts in terms of the SEBI Registrar Master Circular and Applicants residing in the state of Sikkim who in terms of the SEBI Master Circular on Know Your Client (KYC) Norms for the Securities Market bearing reference number SEBI/HO/MIRSD/SECFATF/P/CIR/2023/169 dated October 12, 2023 ("**SEBI KYC Circular**") may be exempt from specifying their PAN for transacting in the securities market. In accordance with SEBI Registrar Master Circular, the PAN would be the sole identification number for the participants transacting in the securities market, irrespective of the amount of transaction. **Any Application Form, without the PAN is liable to be rejected, irrespective of the amount of transaction. It is to be specifically noted that the Applicants should not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground.**

However, the exemption for the Central or State Government and the officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to the Depository Participants' verifying the veracity of such claims by collecting sufficient documentary evidence in support of their claims. At the time of ascertaining the validity of these Applications, the Registrar to the Issue will check under the Depository records for the appropriate description under the PAN Field i.e., either Sikkim category or exempt category.

D. Joint Applications

Applications may be made in single or joint names (not exceeding three). In the case of joint Applications all interest / redemption amount payments will be made out in favour of the first Applicant. All communications will be addressed to the first named Applicant whose name appears in the Application Form and at the address mentioned therein. If the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form.

E. Additional/Multiple Applications

An Applicant is allowed to make one or more Applications for the NCDs for the same or other option of NCDs, subject to a minimum Application size as specified in this Draft Prospectus and in multiples of thereafter as specified in this Draft Prospectus. **Any Application for an amount below the aforesaid minimum Application size will be deemed as an invalid Application and shall be rejected.** However, multiple Applications by the same individual Applicant aggregating to a value exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs shall be deemed such individual Applicant to be an HNI Applicant and all such Applications shall be grouped in the HNI Portion, for the purpose of

determining the Basis of Allotment to such Applicant. However, any Application made by any person in his individual capacity and an Application made by such person in his capacity as a Karta of a Hindu Undivided family and/or as Applicant (second or third Applicant), shall not be deemed to be a multiple Application. For the purposes of allotment of NCDs under this Issue, Applications shall be grouped based on the PAN, i.e., Applications under the same PAN shall be grouped together and treated as one Application. Two or more Applications will be deemed to be multiple Applications if the sole or first Applicant is one and the same. For the sake of clarity, two or more applications shall be deemed to be a multiple Application for the aforesaid purpose if the PAN number of the sole or the first Applicant is one and the same.

Process for investor application submitted with UPI as mode of payment

a. Before submission of the application with the intermediary, the investor would be required to have / create a UPI ID, with a maximum length of 45 characters including the handle (Example: InvestorID@bankname).

b. An investor shall fill in the bid details in the application form along with his/ her bank account linked UPI ID and submit the application with any of the intermediaries or through the stock exchange App/ Web interface, or any other methods as may be permitted.

c. The intermediary, upon receipt of form, shall upload the bid details along with the UPI ID on the stock exchange bidding platform using appropriate protocols.

d. Once the bid has been entered in the bidding platform, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of investor with the depository.

e. The Depository shall validate the aforesaid PAN and Demat account details on a near real time basis and send response to stock exchange which would be shared by stock exchange with intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any.

f. Once the bid details are uploaded on the Stock Exchange platform, the Stock Exchange shall send an SMS to the investor regarding submission of his / her application, at the end of day, during the bidding period. For the last day of bidding, the SMS may be sent the next working day.

g. Post undertaking validation with the Depository, the Stock Exchange shall, on a continuous basis, electronically share the bid details along with investors UPI ID, with the Sponsor Bank appointed by the issuer.

h. The Sponsor Bank shall initiate a mandate request on the investor

i. The request raised by the Sponsor Bank, would be electronically received by the investor as a SMS / intimation on his / her mobile no. / mobile app, associated with the UPI ID linked bank account.

j. The investor shall be able to view the amount to be blocked as per his / her bid in such intimation. The investor shall be able to view an attachment wherein the public issue bid details submitted by investor will be visible. After reviewing the details properly, the investor shall be required to proceed to authorize the mandate. Such mandate raised by sponsor bank would be a one-time mandate for each application in the public issue.

k. An investor is required to accept the UPI mandate latest by 5 pm on the third working day from the day of bidding on the stock exchange platform except for the last day of the issue period or any other modified closure date of the issue period in which case, he / she is required to accept the UPI mandate latest by 5 pm the next working day.

l. An investor shall not be allowed to add or modify the bid(s) of the application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN ID but not both. However, the investor can withdraw the bid(s) and reapply.

m. For mismatch bids, on successful validation of PAN and DP ID/ Client ID combination during T day modification session, such bids will be sent to Sponsor Bank for further processing by the Exchange on T day till 5 PM.

n. The facility of re-initiation/ resending the UPI mandate shall be available only till 5 pm on the day of bidding.

o. Upon successful validation of block request by the investor, as above, the said information would be electronically received by the investors' bank, where the funds, equivalent to application amount, would get blocked in investors account. Intimation regarding confirmation of such block of funds in investors account would also be received by the investor.

p. The information containing status of block request (e.g. accepted / decline / pending) would also be shared with the Sponsor Bank, which in turn would be shared with the Stock Exchange. The block request status would also be displayed on the Stock Exchange platform for information of the intermediary.

q. The information received from Sponsor Bank, would be shared by stock exchange with RTA in the form of a file for the purpose of reconciliation.

r. Post closure of the offer, the Stock Exchange shall share the bid details with RTA. Further, the Stock Exchange shall also provide the RTA, the final file received from the Sponsor Bank, containing status of blocked funds or otherwise, along with the bank account details with respect to applications made using UPI ID.

s. The allotment of NCDs shall be done as per SEBI NCS Master Circular.

t. The RTA, based on information of bidding and blocking received from the Stock Exchange, shall undertake reconciliation of the bid data and block confirmation corresponding to the bids by all investor category applications (with and without the use of UPI) and prepare the basis of allotment.

u. Upon approval of the basis of allotment, the RTA shall share the 'debit' file with Sponsor bank (through Stock Exchange) and SCSBs, as applicable, for credit of funds in the public issue account and unblocking of excess funds in the investor's account. The Sponsor Bank, based on the mandate approved by the investor at the time of blocking of funds, shall raise the debit / collect request from the investor's bank account, whereupon funds will be transferred from investor's account to the public issue account and remaining funds, if any, will be unblocked without any manual intervention by investor or their bank.

v. Upon confirmation of receipt of funds in the public issue account, the securities would be credited to the investor's account. The investor will be notified for full/partial allotment. For partial allotment, the remaining funds would be unblocked. For no allotment, mandate would be revoked and application amount would be unblocked for the investor.

w. Thereafter, Stock Exchange will issue the listing and trading approval. Further, in accordance with the Operational Instructions and Guidelines for Making Application for Public Issue of Debt Securities through BSE Direct issued by BSE on December 28, 2020 the investor shall also be responsible for the following:

i. Investor shall check the Issue details before placing desired bids;
ii. Investor shall check and understand the UPI mandate acceptance and block of funds process before placing the bid;
iii. The receipt of the SMS for mandate acceptance is dependent upon the system response/ integration of UPI on Debt Public Issue System;
iv. Investor shall accept the UPI Mandate Requests within the stipulated timeline;
v. Investor shall note that the transaction will be treated as completed only after the acceptance of mandates by the investor by way of authorising the transaction by entering their UPI pin and successfully blocking funds through the ASBA process by the investor's bank;
vi. Investor shall check the status of their bid with respect to the mandate acceptance and blocking of funds for the completion of the transaction; and
vii. In case the investor does not accept the mandate within stipulated timelines, in such case their bid will not be considered for allocation.

x. The Investors are advised to read the operational guidelines mentioned for Making Application for Public Issue of Debt Securities through BSE Direct issued by BSE on December 28, 2020 before investing through the through the app/ web interface of Stock Exchange(s).

Do's and Don'ts

Applicants are advised to take note of the following while filling and submitting the Application Form:

Do's

1. Check if you are eligible to apply as per the terms of this Draft Prospectus and applicable law, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals.

2. Read all the instructions carefully and complete the Application Form in the prescribed form.

3. Ensure that you have obtained all necessary approvals from the relevant statutory and/or regulatory authorities to apply for, subscribe to and/or seek Allotment of NCDs pursuant to this Issue.

4. Ensure that the DP ID, the Client ID and the PAN mentioned in the Application Form, which shall be entered into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange are correct and match with the DP ID, Client ID and PAN available in the Depository database. Ensure that the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) are correct and the depository account is active as Allotment of the NCDs will be in dematerialized form only. The requirement for providing Depository Participant details is mandatory for all Applicants.

5. Ensure that you have mentioned the correct ASBA Account number (for all Applicants other than UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism) in the Application Form. Further, UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism must also mention their UPI ID.

6. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism shall ensure that the bank, with which they have their bank account, where the funds equivalent to the application amount are available for blocking, is certified by NPCI before submitting the ASBA Form to any of the Designated Intermediaries.

7. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism through the SCSBs and mobile applications shall ensure that the name of the bank appears in the list of SCSBs which are live on UPI, as displayed on the SEBI website. UPI Investors shall ensure that the name of the app and the UPI handle which is used for making the application appears on the list displayed on the SEBI website. An application made using incorrect UPI handle or using a bank account of a SCSB or bank which is not mentioned on the SEBI website is liable to be rejected.

8. Ensure that the Application Form is signed by the ASBA Account holder (or the UPI-linked bank account holder, as the case may be) in case the Applicant is not the ASBA account holder. Applicants (except UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism) should ensure that they have an account with a SCSB and have mentioned the correct bank account number of that SCSB in the Application Form. UPI Investors applying using the UPI Mechanism should ensure that they have mentioned the correct UPI- linked bank account number and their correct UPI ID in the Application Form.

9. Ensure that you have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application Form to the respective Designated Branch of the SCSB, or to the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be.

10. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism, should ensure that they approve the UPI Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to Application Amount and subsequent debit of funds in case of Allotment, in a timely manner.

11. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism shall ensure that details of the Application are reviewed and verified by opening the attachment in the UPI Mandate Request and then proceed to authorise the UPI Mandate Request using their UPI PIN. Upon the authorization of the mandate using their UPI PIN, the UPI Investor may be deemed to have verified the attachment containing the application details of the UPI Investor making and Application using the UPI Mechanism in the UPI Mandate Request and have agreed to block the entire Application Amount and authorized the Sponsor Bank to issue a request to block the Application Amount mentioned in the ASBA Form in their ASBA Account.

12. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism should mention valid UPI ID of only the Applicants (in case of single account) and of the first Applicant (in case of joint account) in the ASBA Form.

13. UPI Investors making an Application using the UPI Mechanism, who have revised their Application subsequent to making the initial Application, should also approve the revised UPI Mandate Request generated by the Sponsor Bank to authorise blocking of funds equivalent to the revised Application Amount in their account and in case of Allotment in a timely manner.

14. Ensure that the Application Forms are submitted at the Designated Branches of SCSBs or the Collection Centres provided in the Application Forms, bearing the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary/Designated Branch of the SCSB.

15. Before submitting the Application Form with the Designated Intermediaries ensure that the SCSB, whose name has been filled in the Application Form, has named a branch in that relevant Collection Centre.

16. Ensure that you have been given an acknowledgement as proof of having accepted the Application Form.

17. Ensure that signatures other than in the languages specified in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution of India is attested by a Magistrate or a Notary Public or a Special Executive Magistrate under official seal.

18. In case of an HUF applying through its Karta, the Applicant is required to specify the name of an Applicant in the Application Form as 'XYZ Hindu Undivided Family applying through PQR', where PQR is the name of the Karta. However, the PAN number of the HUF should be mentioned in the Application Form and not that of the Karta.

19. Ensure that the Applications are submitted to the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, before the closure of application hours on the Issue Closing Date. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "*General Information – Issue Programme*" on page 37.

20. **Permanent Account Number:** Except for Application (i) on behalf of the Central or State Government and officials appointed by the courts, and (ii) (subject to SEBI KYC Circular) from the residents of the state of Sikkim, each of the Applicants should provide their PAN. Application Forms in which the PAN is not provided will be rejected. The exemption for the Central or State Government and officials appointed by the courts and for investors residing in the State of Sikkim is subject to (a) the Demographic Details received from the respective depositories confirming the exemption granted to the beneficiary owner by a suitable description in the PAN field and the beneficiary account remaining in "active status"; and (b) in the case of residents of Sikkim, the address as per the Demographic Details evidencing the same.

21. Ensure that if the depository account is held in joint names, the Application Form should contain the name and PAN of the person whose name appears first in the depository account and signature of only this person would be required in the Application Form. This Applicant would be deemed to have signed on behalf of joint holders and would be required to give confirmation to this effect in the Application Form.

22. All Applicants should choose the relevant series in the column "Category of Investor" in the Application Form.

23. Choose and mark the Series of NCDs in the Application Form that you wish to apply for.

In terms of SEBI NCS Master Circular, SCSBs making applications on their own account using ASBA facility, should have a separate account in their own name with any other SEBI registered SCSB. Further, such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making application in public issues and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for Applications.

Don'ts:

1. Do not apply for lower than the minimum Application size.

2. Do not pay the Application Amount in cash, by cheque, by money order or by postal order or by stock invest.

3. Do not send Application Forms by post. Instead submit the same to the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be.

4. Do not submit the Application Form to any non-SCSB bank or our Company.

5. Do not apply through an Application Form that does not have the stamp of the relevant Designated Intermediary or the Designated Branch of the SCSB, as the case may be.

6. Do not fill up the Application Form such that the NCDs applied for exceeds the Issue Size and/or investment limit or maximum number of NCDs that can be held under the applicable laws or regulations or maximum amount permissible under the applicable regulations.

7. Do not submit the GIR number instead of the PAN as the Application is liable to be rejected on this ground.

8. Do not submit incorrect details of the DP ID, Client ID, PAN and UPI ID (wherever applicable) or provide details for a beneficiary account which is suspended or for which details cannot be verified by the Registrar to the Issue.

9. Do not submit the Application Form without ensuring that funds equivalent to the entire Application Amount are available for blocking in the relevant ASBA Account or in the case of UPI Investors making and Application using the UPI Mechanism, in the UPI-linked bank account where funds for making the Application are available.

10. Do not submit Applications on plain paper or on incomplete or illegible Application Forms.

11. Do not apply if you are not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872.

12. Do not submit an Application in case you are not eligible to acquire NCDs under applicable law or your relevant constitutional documents or otherwise.

13. Do not submit Applications to a Designated Intermediary at a location other than Collection Centres.

14. Do not submit an Application that does not comply with the securities law of your respective jurisdiction.

15. Do not apply if you are a person ineligible to apply for NCDs under this Issue including Applications by Persons Resident Outside India, NRI (inter-alia including NRIs who are (i) based in the USA, and/or, (ii) domiciled in the USA, and/or, (iii) residents/citizens of the USA, and/or, (iv) subject to any taxation laws of the USA).

16. Do not make an Application of the NCD on multiple copies taken of a single form.

17. Payment of Application Amount in any mode other than through blocking of Application Amount in the ASBA Accounts shall not be accepted in the Issue.

18. Do not link the UPI ID with a bank account maintained with a bank that is not UPI 2.0 certified by the NPCI in case of Bids submitted by UPI Investors using the UPI Mechanism.

19. Do not submit more than five Application Forms per ASBA Account.

20. Bidding through the UPI Mechanism using the incorrect UPI handle or using a bank account of an SCSB and/or mobile appications which are not mentioned in the list provided in the SEBI.

21. If you are a Retail Individual Investor who is submitting the ASBA Application with any of the Designated Intermediaries and using your UPI ID for the purpose of blocking of funds, do not use any third party bank account or third-party linked bank account UPI ID.

Please also see "*Key Regulations and Policies – Operational Instructions*" on page 283.

Kindly note that Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the Application Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that location for the Designated Intermediaries, to deposit such Application Forms (A list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in).

Please see "*Issue Procedure – Rejection of Applications*" on page 218 for information on rejection of Applications.

TERMS OF PAYMENT

The Application Forms will be uploaded onto the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and deposited with the

relevant branch of the SCSB at the Collection Centres, named by such SCSB to accept such Applications from the Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be (a list of such branches is available at https://www.sebi.gov.in).

For Applications other than those under the UPI Mechanism, the relevant branch of the SCSB shall perform verification procedures and block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application. For Applications under the UPI Mechanism, i.e., up to ₹ 5 lakhs, the Stock Exchange shall undertake validation of the PAN and Demat account combination details of the Applicant with the Depository. The Depository shall validate the PAN and Demat account details and send response to the Stock Exchange which would be shared by the Stock Exchange with the relevant Designated Intermediary through its platform, for corrections, if any. The blocking of funds in such case (not exceeding ₹ 5 lakhs) shall happen under the UPI Mechanism.

The entire Application Amount for the NCDs is payable on Application only. The relevant SCSB shall block an amount equivalent to the entire Application Amount in the ASBA Account at the time of upload of the Application Form. In case of Allotment of lesser number of NCDs than the number applied, the Registrar to the Issue shall instruct the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank (as the case maybe) to unblock the excess amount in the ASBA Account.

For Applications submitted directly to the SCSBs, the relevant SCSB shall block an amount in the ASBA Account equal to the Application Amount specified in the Application, before entering the Application into the electronic system of the Stock Exchange. SCSBs may provide the electronic mode of application either through an internet enabled application and banking facility or such other secured, electronically enabled mechanism for application and blocking of funds in the ASBA Account.

For Applications submitted under the UPI Mechanism, post the successful validation of the UPI Mandate Request by the Applicant, the information would be electronically received by the Applicants' bank, where the funds, equivalent to Application Amount, would get blocked in the Applicant's ASBA Account.

Applicants should ensure that they have funds equal to the Application Amount in the ASBA Account before submitting the Application. An Application where the corresponding ASBA Account does not have sufficient funds equal to the Application Amount at the time of blocking the ASBA Account is liable to be rejected.

A UPI Investor applying through the UPI Mechanism should ensure that, they check the relevant SMS generated for the UPI Mandate Request and all other steps required for successful blocking of funds in the UPI linked bank account, which includes accepting the UPI Mandate Request by 5:00 pm on the third Working Day from the day of bidding on the Stock Exchange (except on the last day of the Issue Period, where the UPI Mandate Request not having been accepted by 5:00 pm of the Issue Closing Date), have been completed.

The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until approval of the Basis of Allotment and consequent transfer of the amount against the Allotted NCDs to the Public Issue Account(s), or until withdrawal/ failure of this Issue or until withdrawal/ rejection of the Application Form, as the case may be. Once the Basis of Allotment is approved, and upon receipt of intimation from the Registrar, the controlling branch of the SCSB shall, on the Designated Date, transfer such blocked amount from the ASBA Account to the Public Issue Account. The balance amount remaining after the finalisation of the Basis of Allotment shall be unblocked by the SCSBs or the Sponsor Bank (in case of Applications under the UPI Mechanism) on the basis of the instructions issued in this regard by the Registrar to the respective SCSB or the Sponsor Bank, within three Working Days of the Issue Closing Date. The Application Amount shall remain blocked in the ASBA Account until transfer of the Application Amount to the Public Issue Account, or until withdrawal/ failure of this Issue or until rejection of the Application, as the case may be.

SUBMISSION OF COMPLETED APPLICATION FORMS

Mode of Submission of Application Forms	To whom the Application Form has to be submitted
ASBA Applications	(i) If using physical Application Form, (a) to the Designated Intermediaries at relevant Collection Centres, or (b) to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs where the ASBA Account is maintained; or (ii) If using electronic Application Form, to the SCSBs, electronically through

Mode of Submission of Application Forms	To whom the Application Form has to be submitted
	internet banking facility, if available.
Applications under the UPI Mechanism	(i) Through the Designated Intermediary, physically or electronically, as applicable; or (ii) Through BSE Direct

No separate receipts will be issued for the Application Amount payable on submission of Application Form. However, the Designated Intermediaries will acknowledge the receipt of the Application Forms by stamping the date and returning to the Applicants an Acknowledgement Slips which will serve as a duplicate Application Form for the records of the Applicant.

Electronic Registration of Applications

(a) The Designated Intermediaries and Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, will register the Applications (including those under the UPI Mechanism) using the on-line facilities of the Stock Exchange. **The Members of Consortium/Syndicate, our Company and the Registrar to the Issue or the Lead Managers is not responsible for any acts, mistakes or errors or omission and commissions in relation to, (i) the Applications accepted by the SCSBs, (ii) the Applications uploaded by the SCSBs, (iii) the Applications accepted but not uploaded by the SCSBs, (iv) with respect to Applications accepted and uploaded by the SCSBs without blocking funds in the ASBA Accounts, (v) any Applications accepted and uploaded and/or not uploaded by the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange or (vi) any Application made under the UPI Mechanism, accepted or uploaded or failed to be uploaded by a Designated Intermediary or through the app/web based interface of the Stock Exchange and the corresponding failure for blocking of funds under the UPI Mechanism.**

In case of apparent data entry error by the Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, in entering the Application Form number in their respective schedules other things remaining unchanged, the Application Form may be considered as valid and such exceptions may be recorded in minutes of the meeting submitted to the Designated Stock Exchange. However, the option, mode of allotment, PAN, demat account no. etc. should be captured by the relevant Designated Intermediaries or Designated Branches of the SCSBs in the data entries as such data entries will be considered for Allotment/rejection of Application.

(b) The Stock Exchange will offer an electronic facility for registering Applications for this Issue. This facility will be available on the terminals of Designated Intermediaries and the SCSBs during the Issue Period. The Designated Intermediaries can also set up facilities for off-line electronic registration of Applications subject to the condition that they will subsequently upload the off-line data file into the on-line facilities for Applications on a regular basis, and before the expiry of the allocated time on this Issue Closing Date. On the Issue Closing Date, the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall upload the Applications till such time as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange. This information will be available with the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs on a regular basis. Applicants are cautioned that a high inflow of high volumes on the last day of the Issue Period may lead to some Applications received on the last day not being uploaded and such Applications will not be considered for allocation. For further information on the Issue programme, please see "*General Information – Issue Programme*" on page 44.

(c) With respect to Applications submitted directly to the SCSBs at the time of registering each Application, the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall enter the requisite details of the Applicants in the on-line system including:

- Application Form number

  PAN (of the first Applicant, in case of more than one Applicant)

- Investor category and sub-category

- DP ID

- Client ID
- UPI ID (if applicable)
- Option of NCDs applied for
- Number of NCDs Applied for in each option of NCD
- Price per NCD
- Bank code for the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained
- Bank account number
- Location
- Application amount

(d) With respect to Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries, at the time of registering each Application, the requisite details of the Applicants shall be entered in the on-line system including:

- Application Form number
- PAN (of the first Applicant, in case of more than one Applicant)
- Investor category and sub-category
- DP ID
- Client ID
- UPI ID (if applicable)
- Option of NCDs applied for
- Number of NCDs Applied for in each option of NCD
- Price per NCD
- Bank code for the SCSB where the ASBA Account is maintained
- Bank account number
- Location
- Application amount

(e) A system generated acknowledgement (TRS) will be given to the Applicant as a proof of the registration of each Application. It is the Applicant's responsibility to obtain the acknowledgement from the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be. The registration of the Application by the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs, as the case may be, does not guarantee that the NCDs shall be allocated/ Allotted by our Company. The acknowledgement will be non-negotiable and by itself will not create any obligation of any kind.

(f) Applications can be rejected on the technical grounds listed below or if all required information is not provided or the Application Form is incomplete in any respect.

(g) The permission given by the Stock Exchange to use its network and software of the online system should not in any way be deemed or construed to mean that the compliance with various statutory and other requirements by our Company, the Lead Managers are cleared or approved by the Stock Exchange; nor does it in any

manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the compliance with the statutory and other requirements nor does it take any responsibility for the financial or other soundness of our Company, the management or any scheme or project of our Company; nor does it in any manner warrant, certify or endorse the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of this Draft Prospectus; nor does it warrant that the NCDs will be listed or will continue to be listed on the Stock Exchange

(h) **Only Applications that are uploaded on the online system of the Stock Exchange shall be considered for allocation/ Allotment**. The Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs shall capture all data relevant for the purposes of finalizing the Basis of Allotment while uploading Application data in the electronic systems of the Stock Exchange. In order that the data so captured is accurate the Designated Intermediaries and the Designated Branches of the SCSBs will be given up to one Working Day after the Issue Closing Date to modify/ verify certain selected fields uploaded in the online system during the Issue Period after which the data will be sent to the Registrar for reconciliation with the data available with the NSDL and CDSL.

REJECTION OF APPLICATIONS

Applications would be liable to be rejected on the technical grounds listed below or if all required information is not provided or the Application Form is incomplete in any respect. The Board of Directors and/or the Debenture Allotment Committee thereof, reserves its full, unqualified and absolute right to accept or reject any Application in whole or in part and in either case without assigning any reason thereof.

Application may be rejected on one or more technical grounds, including but not restricted to:

(a) Application by persons not competent to contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872, as amended, (other than minors having valid Depository Account as per Demographic Details provided by Depositories);

(b) Applications by persons prohibited from buying, selling or dealing in securities, directly or indirectly, by SEBI or any other regulatory authority;

(c) Applications accompanied by cash, draft, cheques, money order or any other mode of payment other than amounts blocked in the Applicants' ASBA Account maintained with an SCSB;

(d) Applications not being signed by the sole/joint Applicant(s);

(e) Investor Category in the Application Form not being ticked;

(f) Application Amount blocked being higher or lower than the value of NCDs Applied for. However, our Company may Allot NCDs up to the number of NCDs Applied for, if the value of such NCDs Applied for exceeds the minimum Application size;

(g) Applications where a registered address in India is not provided for the non-Individual Applicants;

(h) In case of partnership firms (except LLPs), NCDs applied for in the name of the partnership and not the names of the individual partner(s);

(i) Minor Applicants (applying through the guardian) without mentioning the PAN of the minor Applicant;

(j) PAN not mentioned in the Application Form, except for Applications by or on behalf of the Central or State Government and the officials appointed by the courts and by investors residing in the State of Sikkim, provided such claims have been verified by the Depository Participants. In case of minor Applicants applying through guardian when PAN of the Applicant is not mentioned;

(k) DP ID, Client ID or UPI ID (wherever applicable) not mentioned in the Application Form;

(l) GIR number furnished instead of PAN;

(m) Applications by OCBs;

(n) Applications for an amount below the minimum Application size;

(o) Submission of more than five ASBA Forms per ASBA Account;

(p) Applications by persons who are not eligible to acquire NCDs of our Company in terms of applicable laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and approvals;

(q) Applications under power of attorney or by limited companies, corporate, trust etc. submitted without relevant documents;

(r) Applications accompanied by stock invest/ cheque/ money order/ postal order/ cash;

(s) Signature of sole Applicant missing, or in case of joint Applicants, the Application Forms not being signed by the first Applicant (as per the order appearing in the records of the Depository);

(t) Applications by persons debarred from accessing capital markets, by SEBI or any other appropriate regulatory authority;

(u) Application Forms not being signed by the ASBA Account holder, if the account holder is different from the Applicant;

(v) Signature of the ASBA Account holder on the Application Form does not match with the signature available on the SCSB bank's records where the ASBA Account mentioned in the Application Form is maintained;

(w) Application Forms submitted to the Designated Intermediaries or to the Designated Branches of the SCSBs does not bear the stamp of the SCSB and/or the Designated Intermediary, as the case may be;

(x) ASBA Applications not having details of the ASBA Account or the UPI-linked Account to be blocked;

(y) In case no corresponding record is available with the Depositories that matches the parameters namely, DP ID, Client ID, UPI ID and PAN;

(z) Inadequate funds in the ASBA Account to enable the SCSB to block the Application Amount specified in the Application Form at the time of blocking such Application Amount in the ASBA Account or no confirmation is received from the SCSB for blocking of funds;

(aa) SCSB making an Application (a) through an ASBA account maintained with its own self or (b) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB not in its own name or (c) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB in its own name, where clear demarcated funds are not present or (d) through an ASBA Account maintained through a different SCSB in its own name which ASBA Account is not utilised solely for the purpose of applying in public issues;

(bb) Applications for amounts greater than the maximum permissible amount prescribed by the regulations and applicable law;

(cc) Authorization to the SCSB for blocking funds in the ASBA Account not provided;

(dd) Applications by any person outside India;

(ee) Applications not uploaded on the online platform of the Stock Exchange;

(ff) Applications uploaded after the expiry of the allocated time on the Issue Closing Date, unless extended by the Stock Exchange, as applicable;

(gg) Application Forms not delivered by the Applicant within the time prescribed as per the Application Form, this Draft Prospectus and as per the instructions in the Application Form and this Draft Prospectus;

(hh) Applications by Applicants whose demat accounts have been 'suspended for credit' pursuant to the Master Circular for Depositories bearing no. SEBI/HO/MRD/MRD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2024/168 dated December 03, 2024;

(ii) Applications providing an inoperative demat account number;

(jj) Applications submitted to the Designated Intermediaries other than the Collection Centres or at a Branch of a SCSB which is not a Designated Branch;

(kk) Applications submitted directly to the Public Issue Bank (except in case the ASBA Account is maintained with the said bank as a SCSB);

(ll) Investor category not ticked;

(mm) In case of cancellation of one or more orders (Series) within an Application, leading to total order quantity falling under the minimum quantity required for a single Application;

(nn) A UPI Investor applying through the UPI Mechanism, not having accepted the UPI Mandate Request by 5:00 pm on the third Working Day from the day of bidding on the stock exchange except on the last day of the Issue Period, where the UPI Mandate Request not having been accepted by 5:00 pm on the Issue Closing Date;

(oo) A non-UPI Investor making an Application under the UPI Mechanism, i.e., an Application for an amount more than ₹ 5 lakhs; and

(pp) Kindly note that Applications submitted to the Lead Managers, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchanges, Members of the Consortium/Syndicate, Designated Intermediaries at the Specified Cities will not be accepted if the SCSB where the ASBA Account, as specified in the ASBA Form, is maintained has not named at least one branch at that Specified City for the Lead Managers, or Trading Members of the Stock Exchanges, Members of the Consortium/Syndicate, Designated Intermediaries, as the case may be, to deposit Applications.

For information on certain procedures to be carried out by the Registrar to the Issue for finalization of the Basis of Allotment, please see "*Information for Applicants*" below.

Information for Applicants

Upon the closure of the Issue, the Registrar to the Issue will reconcile the compiled data received from the Stock Exchange and all SCSBs and match the same with the Depository database for correctness of DP ID, Client ID, UPI ID (where applicable) and PAN. The Registrar to the Issue will undertake technical rejections based on the electronic details and the Depository database and prepare list of technical rejection cases. In case of any discrepancy between the electronic data and the Depository records, our Company, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, the Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue, reserves the right to proceed as per the Depository records for such Applications or treat such Applications as rejected.

In case of Applicants submitted to the Lead Managers, Consortium Member and Trading Members of the Stock Exchange at the Specified Cities, the basis of allotment will be based on the Registrar's validation of the electronic details with the Depository records, and the complete reconciliation of the final certificates received from the SCSBs with the electronic details in terms of the SEBI circular CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2011 dated April 29, 2011. The Registrar to the Issue will undertake technical rejections based on the electronic details and the Depository database. In case of any discrepancy between the electronic data and the Depository records, our Company, in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange, the Lead Managers and the Registrar to the Issue, reserves the right to proceed as per the Depository records or treat such ASBA Application as rejected.

Based on the information provided by the Depositories, our Company shall have the right to accept Applications belonging to an account for the benefit of a minor (under guardianship).

In case of Applications for a higher number of NCDs than specified for that category of Applicant, only the maximum amount permissible for such category of Applicant will be considered for Allotment.

Mode of making refunds

The Registrar shall instruct the relevant SCSB or in case of bids by Retail Individual Investors and High Net Worth Individual Investors applying through the UPI Mechanism to the Sponsor Bank, to revoke the mandate and

to unblock the funds in the relevant ASBA Account to the extent of the Application Amount specified in the Application Forms for withdrawn, rejected or unsuccessful or partially successful Applications within 2 (two) Working Days of the Issue Closing Date.

Our Company and the Registrar shall credit the allotted NCDs to the respective beneficiary accounts, within 2 (two) Working Days from the Issue Closing Date. We may enter into an arrangement with one or more banks in one or more cities for refund to the account of the applicants through Direct Credit/RTGS/NEFT/NACH.

Further,

a. Allotment of NCDs in the Issue shall be made within time period stipulated by SEBI;

b. Credit to dematerialised accounts will be given within one Working Day from the Date of Allotment;

c. Interest at a rate of 15% per annum will be paid if the Allotment has not been made and/or the refund has not been effected within 2 (two) Working Days from the Issue Closing Date; and

d. Our Company will provide adequate funds to the Registrar for this purpose

BASIS OF ALLOTMENT

Basis of Allotment for NCDs

As will be specified in the Prospectus.

Allocation Ratio

As will be specified in the Prospectus.

ISSUANCE OF ALLOTMENT ADVICE

Our Company shall ensure dispatch of Allotment Advice and/ or give instructions for credit of NCDs to the beneficiary account with Depository Participants upon approval of Basis of Allotment. The Allotment Advice for successful Applicants will be mailed by speed post/registered post/email to their addresses as per the Demographic Details received from the Depositories.

Our Company shall use best efforts to ensure that all steps for completion of the necessary formalities for commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange where the NCDs are proposed to be listed are taken within three Working Days from the Issue Closing Date.

Application Amount shall be unblocked within three Working Days from the Issue Closing Date or such lesser time as may be specified by SEBI or else the Application Amount shall be unblocked in the ASBA Accounts or the UPI linked bank accounts (for Applications under the UPI Mechanism) of the Applicants forthwith, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the Applicants at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period.

Our Company will provide adequate funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice to the Registrar to the Issue.

OTHER INFORMATION

Withdrawal of Applications during the Issue Period

Applicants can withdraw their Applications until the Issue Closing Date. In case an Applicant wishes to withdraw the Application during the Issue Period, the same can be done by submitting a request for the same to the concerned Designated Intermediary who shall do the requisite.

In case of Applications (other than under the UPI Mechanism) were submitted to the Designated Intermediaries, upon receipt of the request for withdrawal from the Applicant, the relevant Designated Intermediary, as the case may be, shall do the requisite, including deletion of details of the withdrawn Application Form from the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and intimating the Designated Branch of the SCSB unblock of the funds blocked in the ASBA Account at the time of making the Application. In case of Applications (other than under the UPI

Mechanism) submitted directly to the Designated Branch of the SCSB, upon receipt of the request for withdraw from the Applicant, the relevant Designated Branch shall do the requisite, including deletion of details of the withdrawn Application Form from the electronic system of the Stock Exchange and unblocking of the funds in the ASBA Account, directly.

Withdrawal of Applications after the Issue Period

In case an Applicant wishes to withdraw the Application after the Issue Closing Date or early closure date, the same can be done by submitting a withdrawal request to the Registrar to the Issue prior to the finalisation of the Basis of Allotment.

Revision of Applications

Cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application is permitted during the Issue Period as long as the total order quantity does not fall under the minimum quantity required for a single Application. Please note that in case of cancellation of one or more orders (series) within an Application, leading to total order quantity falling under the minimum quantity required for a single Application will be liable for rejection by the Registrar.

Applicants may revise/ modify their Application details during the Issue Period, as allowed/permitted by the Stock Exchange, by submitting a written request to the Designated Intermediary and the Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be. For Applications made under the UPI Mechanism, an Applicant shall not be allowed to add or modify the details of the Application except for modification of either DP ID/Client ID, or PAN ID but not both. However, the Applicant may withdraw the Application and reapply.

However, for the purpose of Allotment, the date of original upload of the Application will be considered in case of such revision/ modification. In case of any revision of Application in connection with any of the fields which are not allowed to be modified on the electronic Application platform of the Stock Exchange as per the procedures and requirements prescribed by the Stock Exchange, Applicants should ensure that they first withdraw their original Application and submit a fresh Application. In such a case the date of the new Application will be considered for date priority for Allotment purposes.

Revision of Applications is not permitted after the expiry of the time for acceptance of Application Forms on the Issue Closing Date. However, in order that the data so captured is accurate, the Designated Intermediaries and/ or the Designated Branches of the SCSBs will be given up to 5:00 PM on Issue Closing Date to modify/ verify certain selected fields uploaded in the online system during the Issue Period, after which the data will be sent to the Registrar for reconciliation with the data available with the NSDL and CDSL. Please also see, "*Issue Procedure – Operational Instructions and Guidelines - Modification and cancellation of orders*" on page 199.

Depository Arrangements

We have made depository arrangements with NSDL and CDSL. Please note that Tripartite Agreements have been executed between our Company, the Registrar and both the depositories.

As per the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996, the NCDs issued by us can be held in a dematerialised form. In this context:

(i) Tripartite agreement dated October 28, 2023 among our Company, the Registrar and CDSL and tripartite agreement dated October 16, 2023 among our Company, the Registrar and NSDL, respectively for offering depository option to the investors.

(ii) An Applicant must have at least one beneficiary account with any of the Depository Participants (DPs) of NSDL or CDSL prior to making the Application.

(iii) The Applicant must necessarily provide the DP ID and Client ID details in the Application Form.

(iv) NCDs Allotted to an Applicant in the electronic form will be credited directly to the Applicant's respective beneficiary account(s) with the DP.

(v) Non-transferable Allotment Advice will be directly sent to the Applicant by the Registrar to this Issue.

(vi) It may be noted that NCDs in electronic form can be traded only on the Stock Exchange having electronic connectivity with NSDL or CDSL. The Stock Exchange has connectivity with NSDL and CDSL.

(vii) Interest or other benefits with respect to the NCDs held in dematerialised form would be paid to those Debenture Holders whose names appear on the list of beneficial owners given by the Depositories to us as on Record Date. In case of those NCDs for which the beneficial owner is not identified by the Depository as on the Record Date/ book closure date, we would keep in abeyance the payment of interest or other benefits, till such time that the beneficial owner is identified by the Depository and conveyed to us, whereupon the interest or benefits will be paid to the beneficiaries, as identified, within a period of 30 days.

(viii) The trading of the NCDs on the floor of the Stock Exchanges shall be in dematerialized form only.

Please note that the NCDs shall cease to trade from the Record Date (for payment of the principal amount and the applicable premium and interest for such NCDs) prior to redemption of the NCDs.

PLEASE NOTE THAT TRADING OF NCDs ON THE FLOOR OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE SHALL BE IN DEMATERIALISED FORM ONLY IN MULTIPLE OF ONE NCD.

Allottees will have the option to re-materialize the NCDs Allotted under the Issue as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Depositories Act.

Communications

All future communications in connection with Applications made in this Issue (except the Applications made through the Trading Members of the Stock Exchange) should be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue, quoting the full name of the sole or first Applicant, Application Form number, Applicant's DP ID and Client ID, Applicant's PAN, number of NCDs applied for, ASBA Account number in which the amount equivalent to the Application Amount was blocked or the UPI ID (for UPI Investors who make the payment of Application Amount through the UPI Mechanism), date of the Application Form, name and address of the Designated Intermediary or Designated Branch of the SCSBs, as the case may be, where the Application was submitted.

Applicants may contact our Compliance Officer and Company Secretary or the Registrar to the Issue in case of any pre-Issue or post-Issue related problems such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice or credit of NCDs in the respective beneficiary accounts, as the case may be.

Interest in case of delay

Our Company undertakes to pay interest, in connection with any delay in Allotment and demat credit, beyond the time limit as may be prescribed under applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements, at such rates as stipulated under such applicable statutory and/or regulatory requirements.

Undertaking by the Issuer

Investors are advised to read the Risk Factors carefully before taking an investment decision in this Issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Issue including the risks involved. The securities have not been recommended or approved by any regulatory authority in India, including SEBI nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this Draft Prospectus. Specific attention of investors is invited to the section '*Risk factors*' on page 18.

Our Company, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for, and confirms that this Draft Prospectus contains all information with regard to the Company and the Issue, that the information contained in the Prospectus and this Draft Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect.

The Issuer has no side letter with any NCD holder except the one(s) disclosed in the Offer Documents. Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on the stock exchanges' website where the NCDs are listed.

Our Company undertakes that:

(a) All monies received pursuant to this Issue shall be transferred to a separate bank account as referred to in sub-section (3) of section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013;

(b) Details of all monies utilised out of this Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised;

(c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested;

(d) Details of all utilized and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized, and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested;

(e) We shall execute the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed in accordance with the timeline prescribed by SEBI. Further, as per Regulation 18 of SEBI NCS Regulations, in the event our Company fails to execute the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed within the timelines provided by SEBI, our Company shall pay interest of at least 2% p.a. or such other rate as specified by SEBI, over and above the agreed coupon rate, to each NCD Holder, till the execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed;

(f) We shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed as stated in this Draft Prospectus, on receipt of the minimum subscription of 75% of the Base Issue i.e., ₹ 7,500 lakhs and receipt of listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange;

(g) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, *inter alia* by way of a lease, of any immovable property business, dealing in equity of listed companies or lending/investment in group companies;

(h) In the event of non-receipt of minimum subscription, all blocked application money shall be unblocked forthwith, but not later than eight working days from the date of closure of the issue or such time as may be specified by the Board. In case such application money is not unblocked within such period, our company shall pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period;

(i) In the event the NCDs are not allotted and/or application monies are not unblocked within the timeline prescribed by SEBI, our Company pay interest at the rate of 15% per annum to the investors;

(j) Investors are advised to read the Risk Factors carefully before taking an investment decision in this Issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Issue including the risks involved. This Draft Prospectus has not been recommended or approved by any regulatory authority in India, including any registrar of companies, stock exchange or SEBI nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this Draft Prospectus. Specific attention of investors is invited to the section '*Risk factors*' on page 18;

(k) The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for, and confirms that this Draft Prospectus contains all information with regard to the issuer and the issue, that the information contained in this Draft Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect;

(l) Our Company has no accelerated payment covenants given by way of side letter with any NCD holder. Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on the stock exchanges' website where the NCDs are listed;

(m) the assets on which the charge or security is proposed to be created to meet the hundred percent security cover or higher security cover is free from any encumbrances and the permissions or consent to create any further charge on the assets has been obtained from the existing creditors to whom the assets are charged,

prior to creation of the charge; and

(n) Information on consents/permissions required for creation of further charge on assets is adequately disclosed in this Draft Prospectus.

Other undertakings by our Company

Our Company undertakes that:

(a) Complaints received in respect of this Issue (except for complaints in relation to Applications submitted to Trading Members) will be attended to by our Company expeditiously and satisfactorily;

(b) Necessary cooperation to the relevant credit rating agency(ies) will be extended in providing true and adequate information until the obligations in respect of the NCDs are outstanding;

(c) Our Company will take necessary steps for the purpose of getting the NCDs listed within the specified time, i.e., within three Working Days of this Issue Closing Date;

(d) Funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice/NCD Certificates (only upon rematerialisation of NCDs at the specific request of the Allottee/ Holder of NCDs) will be made available by our Company to the Registrar to the Issue;

(e) Our Company will forward details of utilisation of the proceeds of this Issue, duly certified by the Statutory Auditor, to the Debenture Trustee as required under applicable laws;

(f) Our Company will provide a compliance certificate to the Debenture Trustee on an annual basis in respect of compliance with the terms and conditions of this Issue as contained in this Draft Prospectus;

(g) Our Company will disclose the complete name and address of the Debenture Trustee in its annual report;

(h) Our Company shall make necessary disclosures/ reporting under any other legal or regulatory requirement as may be required by our Company from time to time; and

(i) The allotment of NCDs will be done on a first come, first serve basis. On the successful allotment of the NCDs, the issue proceeds will be released to the issuer to use in pursuance of the objects specified in this Draft Prospectus.

SECTION VII – LEGAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

OUTSTANDING LITIGATION

Except as stated in this section, there are no outstanding: (i) criminal proceedings; (ii) actions by statutory/regulatory authorities; (iii) claims for any indirect and direct tax liability; and (iv) other litigations which are identified as material in terms of the Materiality Threshold (as defined hereinafter below), each involving our Company, Group Companies, Directors or Promoters.

*The Debenture Allotment Committee, in its meeting held on October 30, 2026, has adopted a threshold for the identification of material litigations ("**Materiality Threshold**"). As per the Materiality Threshold, other than for the purposes of (i) to (iii) above, all outstanding litigation, wherein:*

a. *the quantified monetary amount of the claim by or against the Company in any such pending proceeding exceeds 2% of the turnover, as per the last audited financial statements, 2% of net worth, as per the last audited financial statements, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative, 5% of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited financial statements of the listed entity; whichever is lower, i.e., ₹ 176.19 lakh.*

b. *the outcome of such litigation proceeding may have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, prospects or reputation of the Company has been considered as 'material litigation', and accordingly has been disclosed in this Draft Prospectus.*

Further, except as mentioned in this section, there are no proceedings involving our Group Companies, which may have a material adverse effect on the position of our Company.

It is clarified that for the purposes of the above, pre-litigation notices received by our Company, Directors, Promoter or Group Companies shall, unless otherwise decided by our Board of Directors including committee thereof, not be considered as litigation until such time that our Company or Directors or Promoter or Group Companies, as the case may be, is impleaded as a defendant in litigation proceedings before any judicial forum.

Further, except as stated in this section, there are no: (i) litigation or legal action pending or taken by any Ministry or Department of the Government or a statutory authority against our Promoter during the last three years immediately preceding the year of the issue of this Draft Prospectus and any direction issued by such Ministry or Department or statutory authority; (ii) pending litigation involving our Company, our Promoter, our Directors, Group Companies or any other person, whose outcome could have material adverse effect on the position of our Company; (iii) pending proceedings initiated against our Company for economic offences; (iv) default and non-payment of statutory dues, etc; (v) inquiries, inspections or investigations initiated or conducted against our Company under the Companies Act or any previous companies law in the three years immediately preceding the year of this Draft Prospectus; (vi) prosecutions filed (whether pending or completed), fines imposed or compounding of offences done in the three years immediately preceding the year of this Draft Prospectus; and (vii) material frauds committed against our Company in the last three years.

Further from time to time, we have been and shall continue to be involved in legal proceedings filed by and/or against us, arising in the ordinary course of our business. We believe that the number of proceedings in which we are/were involved is not unusual for a company of our size doing business in India.

Unless stated to the contrary, the information provided below is as of the date of this Draft Prospectus.

All terms defined in a particular litigation disclosure below are for that particular litigation only.

A. Litigations involving our Company

Litigations against our Company

Tax proceedings

Nature of Case	Number of cases	Amount involved (in lakhs)
Direct Tax	3	157.89

Nature of Case	Number of cases	Amount involved (in lakhs)
Indirect Tax	NIL	NIL
Total	**3**	**156.91**

Criminal Cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no criminal cases filed against our Company.

Material Civil Cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no material civil cases filed against our Company.

Statutory and Regulatory Proceedings

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no statutory and regulatory proceedings pending against our Company.

Litigations by our Company

Criminal cases

1. Our Company filed a First Information Report bearing ("**FIR**") no. 145/2021 dated April 3, 2021 against Nikhat Taher and others (collectively be referred to as "**Accused**") with Chauliaganj Police Station, Cuttack under Sections 420, 41B, 408 and 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. Vide the FIR, our Company alleged that the gold ornaments pledged were composed of spurious metals, and that the Accused intentionally submitted these items to secure a loan amounting to ₹65,88,000. The matter is currently pending.

2. Our Company has filed a First Information Report ("**FIR**") bearing no. 328/2021 dated August 20, 2021 against Sayed Mubbasirul Haque and three others (collectively referred to as "**Accused**") with Jagatpur Police Station under sections 120B, 408, 418, 420 and 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. Vide the FIR, our Company alleged that the Accused pledged 15 spurious gold bangles and availed a loan of Rs.8,08,600. The matter is currently pending.

3. Our company filed a First Information Report ("**FIR**") bearing no. 133 of 2022 dated January 24, 2022, against Pushpakumar D K, Bijula Chandran V and Riju S S (collectively referred to as "**Accused**") with Vizhinjam Police Station under Section 408, 420, 465, 468 and 471 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. Vide the FIR, our Company alleged that the Accused created fraudulent pledges and conspired to substitute genuine gold ornaments with counterfeit items. Furthermore, it is alleged that the Accused misappropriated payments made by customers, resulting in an estimated financial loss of approximately ₹50,00,000 to our Company. The matter is currently pending.

4. Our Company filed a First Information Report ("**FIR**") bearing No. 73/2022 dated March 7, 2022 against Nafeesa, Mumtaz and Shysith, (collectively referred to as "**Accused**") with Kakkur Police Station under Sections 406 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. Vide the FIR, our Company alleged that the gold ornaments pledged by the Accused were spurious resulting in a financial loss of ₹4,13,900 to the Company. The matter is currently pending.

5. Our Company on October 3, 2023 filed a First Information Report ("**FIR**") bearing no. 0501/2023 against Diptimayee Rath ("**Accused**") with Jagatpur Police Station. Vide the FIR, our Company alleged that the Accused has stolen two gold packets amounting to Rs. 1,05,000 /- with the intent to deceit our Company. The matter is currently pending.

6. Our Company filed a First Information Report ("**FIR**") bearing no. 0315/2023 dated December 13, 2023 with Chauliaganj Police Station against Bapi Nayak & Rasmirani Jena (collectively referred to as "**Accused**") under sections 420, 294, 352,120B, 34, 468 & 471 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. Vide the FIR, our Company has alleged that the Accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments amounting to Rs.37,29,622/- with the intent to deceit our Company. The matter is currently pending.

7. Our Company on January 4, 2024, filed a First Information Report ("**FIR**") with Doraha Police Station against Manpreet Singh and Amritpal Singh (collectively referred to as "**Accused**") under sections 120 (B),

409, 418, 420 and 468 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. Vide the FIR, our Company alleged that the Accused deliberately pledged spurious ornaments amounting to Rs.12,45,299/- with the intent to deceit our Company. The matter is currently pending.

8. Our Company on February 13, 2024, has filed a First Information Report ("**FIR**") with Badlapur East Police Station against Sanjay Machindra Patole under sections 406, 417, 418 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860. Vide the FIR, our Company alleged that the Accused deliberately pledged spurious ornaments amounting to Rs.1,98,560/- with the intent to deceit our Company. The matter is currently pending.

9. Our Company on June 29, 2024, has filed a First Information Report bearing no. 0214/2024 against Harshad Patani ("**Accused**") with Manikpur Police Station. Vide the FIR, our Company alleged that the Accused deliberately pledged spurious ornaments and also stole gold packets amounting to Rs.13,77,800/- with the intent to deceit the Company. The matter is currently pending with the police authorities.

10. The Company has not filed any complaints or issued any notices under Section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, in connection with dishonoured cheques. As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no such matters pending before any court.

Material Civil cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no material civil cases filed by our Company

B. Litigations involving our Group Companies

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus there are no tax proceedings, criminal cases, material civil cases, statutory and regulatory proceedings involving the Group Companies of the Company.

C. Litigations involving our Promoters

Litigations against our Promoters

Tax proceedings

Nature of Case	Number of cases	Amount involved (in lakhs)
Direct Tax	Nil	Nil
Indirect Tax	Nil	Nil
Total	**Nil**	**Nil**

Criminal Cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no criminal cases filed against our Promoters.

Material Civil Cases

The mark "MUTHOOT" has been registered as a trademark by M. Mathew. Thomas John Muthoot, Thomas George Muthoot, Thomas Muthoot and Muthoot Pappachan Group have filed an application before the Intellectual Property Appellate Board, Chennai ("**IPAB**") on July 3, 2012 for the removal, expungement, rectification, cancellation and variation of the trademark with registration number 1267883 in class 36 in the name of M Matthew against our Promoter, Director and Chairman M. Mathew, to remove/cancel/rectify the trademark "MUTHOOT". Subsequently, the application was transferred to the Intellectual Property Division of the High Court of Judicature at Madras and is currently pending.

Statutory and Regulatory Proceedings

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no statutory and regulatory proceedings pending against our Promoters.

Litigations by our Promoters

Criminal Cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no criminal cases filed by our Promoters.

Material Civil Cases

M. Mathew, Promoter, Director and Chairman of our Company has filed a suit bearing O.S. No. 6 of 2013 before the district court at Kottayam against Muthoot Pappachan Group, Muthoot George Group and Muthoot Mini Group (collectively "**Defendants**") for infringement of the trademark "MUTHOOT". The mark "MUTHOOT" has been registered as a trademark by M. Mathew. M. Mathew has prayed for permanent prohibitory injunction restraining the Defendants from directly or indirectly using the trademark "MUTHOOT". The matter is currently pending.

D. Litigations involving our Directors

Litigation against our Directors

Tax Proceedings

Nature of Case	Number of cases	Amount involved (in lakhs)
Direct Tax	Nil	Nil
Indirect Tax	Nil	Nil
Total	**Nil**	**Nil**

Criminal Cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no criminal cases filed against our Directors.

Material Civil Cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, except as disclosed above "*Litigation against Our Promoters – Material Civil Cases*", there are no material civil cases filed against our Directors.

Statutory and Regulatory Proceedings

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no statutory and regulatory proceedings pending against our Promoters.

Litigations by our Directors

Criminal Cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, there are no material criminal cases filed against our Directors.

Material Civil Cases

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, except as disclosed above "*Litigation by Our Promoters – Material Civil Cases*", there are no material civil cases filed by our Directors.

Litigation or legal action pending or taken by any ministry or government department or statutory authority against our Promoters during the last three years immediately preceding the year of the issue of this Draft Prospectus and any direction issued by any such ministry or department or statutory authority upon conclusion of such litigation or legal action

NIL

Inquiries, inspections or investigations initiated or conducted under securities law or the Companies Act or any previous companies' law in the last three years immediately preceding the year of issue of this Draft Prospectus against our Company (whether pending or not); fines imposed or compounding of offences done by our Company in the last three years immediately preceding the year of this Draft Prospectus

NIL

Summary of Reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks or emphasis of matter or other observations of the auditors of our Company in the last three financial years and their impact on the financial statements and financial position of our Company and the corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by our Company for each of the said reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks or emphasis of matter or other observations:

Financial Year	Basis of Financial Statements	Summary of Qualifications or reservations or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks or other observations by auditors in the special purpose audit report / CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Company	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by the Company
Fiscal 2026	Standalone	**Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements** Amount of ₹0.25 lakhs required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund	Nil	Company proposed to transfer the fund to Investor Education and Protection Fund
		CARO reporting clause 3(d) Total amount overdue for more than ninety days is ₹328.45 lakhs and reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest.	Provisions made for the overdue loan accounts	Company has made provisions for the loans overdue and taken reasonable steps for recovery of the overdue.
		CARO reporting clause xi (a) During the period, the Company has reported instances of fraud by its employees/Customers amounting to ₹29.11 lakhs and has provided equal amount of provision in the books of accounts.	Provision has been made in the books of accounts.	Company has made provision for misappropriations.
Fiscal 2025	Standalone	**Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements** **CARO reporting clause 3(d)** Total amount overdue for more than ninety days is ₹1045.63 lakhs and reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest.	Provisions made for the overdue loan accounts	Company has made provisions for the loans overdue and taken reasonable steps for recovery of the overdue.
		CARO reporting clause xi (a) During the period, the Company has reported instances of fraud by its employees/Customers	Provision has been made in the	Company has made provision for

Financial Year	Basis of Financial Statements	Summary of Qualifications or reservations or emphasis of matter or adverse remarks or other observations by auditors in the special purpose audit report / CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Company	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by the Company
		amounting to ₹86.66 lakhs and has provided equal amount of provision in the books of accounts.	books of accounts.	misappropriations.
Fiscal 2024	Standalone	**Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements** **CARO reporting clause 3(d)** Total amount overdue for more than ninety days is ₹217.63 lakhs and reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest.	Provisions made for the overdue loan accounts	Company has made provisions for the loans overdue and taken reasonable steps for recovery of the overdue.
		CARO reporting clause xi (a) During the period, the Company has reported a fraud case, where gold loan related misappropriations have occurred for amounts aggregating ₹32.67 lakhs and has provided equal amount of provision in the books of accounts.	Provision has been made in the books of accounts.	Company has made provision for misappropriations.

Summary of other observations of the auditors during the current and last three Fiscals immediately preceding the year of issue of this Draft Prospectus and of their impact on the financial statements and financial position of our Company and the corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by our Company for each of the said observation:

Financial Year	Summary of other observations by auditors in the audit report / CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Issuer	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken
2025-26	NA	NA	NA
2024-25	NA	NA	NA
2023-24	NA	NA	NA

Summary of reservations, qualifications, emphasis of matter or adverse remarks, if any in the Auditors Review Report on unaudited financial results of the Company for the three months ended on June 30, 2026:

Quarter Ended	Summary of other observations by auditors in the audit report / CARO	Impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Issuer	Corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken
June 2026	NA	NA	NA

Details of acts of material frauds committed against our Company in current financial year and last three Fiscals, if any, and if so, the action taken by our Company

The list of material frauds committed against our Company in the current financial year and last three Fiscals are as follows:

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
1.	Current financial year as on Octobe r 26,202 6	Kirari	April 20, 2026	1.40	The borrower fraudulently obtained a gold loan by pledging finger rings falsely represented as 916 purity gold ornaments. During verification, the pledged ornaments were found to be spurious, containing only approximately 30% gold. The ornaments appear to have been deliberately manufactured or modified to resemble genuine 916 gold jewellery for the specific purpose of deceiving the appraiser and obtaining the loan. The incident indicates a premeditated attempt to commit fraud by using specially prepared low-purity ornaments that closely resembled genuine gold.	1.40	-	-	Show Cause notice issued to employ ees concern ed
		Hinjilicut	May 25,2026	1.81	The customer, a regular gold loan borrower with 23 active loan accounts having	1.81	-	-	Show Cause notice issued to

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					an outstanding balance of approximately Rs 27 lakh, adopted a systematic method to obtain loans by pledging ornaments falsely represented as 916 purity gold jewellery. During a surprise audit, the customer again approached the branch to pledge two additional bangles, which raised suspicion upon examination. Subsequent verification of the ornaments pledged under Pledge Nos. 9563 and 9564 confirmed that they were spurious/covering ornaments containing only approximately 30% gold. The modus operandi indicates a deliberate attempt to repeatedly obtain gold loans by using specially prepared low-purity or covering ornaments designed to closely resemble				employees concerned

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					genuine 916 gold jewellery				
		Jagatpur	June 09,2026	4.20	The customer adopted a planned method to fraudulently obtain gold loans by using spurious ornaments of identical design. Initially, the customer pledged a bangle under Gold Loan No. 1139 on 08/06/2026 and Rs 4,20,000. As part of the audit verification process, the photograph of the pledged ornament was forwarded to the Head Office Audit Team. On the very next day, the customer returned to the branch with another bangle of the same pattern for pledging. The striking similarity between the two ornaments raised suspicion, prompting the HO Audit Team to arrange immediate verification. The examination confirmed that the pledged ornament was a spurious	4.20	-	-	Show Cause notice issued to employees concerned

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					item. The modus operandi indicates a deliberate attempt to obtain multiple gold loans by pledging specially prepared gold-plated ornaments of identical design, with the intention of avoiding detection through repeated transactions.				
		Bhiwandi	July 08,2026	2.35	Mr. Saikrishna Laxman is a new customer of the branch. He brought a bracelet that was thickly coated with gold, which was not identified as spurious at the time of sanction by the branch. During the regular gold loan audit, the Gold Loan Auditor examined the ornament and identified that it was a spurious ornament with gold covering.	2.35	-	-	Show Cause notice issued to employees concerned
		Kamothe	July 08,2026	2.00	Mr. Akash Mohan Mhatre is a regular customer of this branch. Subsequently, he fraudulently pledged a spurious	2.00	-	-	Show Cause notice issued to employees

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					account to obtain financial benefits from the company.				concerned
		Ballabgarh	September 09,2026	2.90	Mr. Abhishek Nagar is a new customer of the branch. He pledged an ornament that had been thickly coated with gold over a non-gold material to give it the appearance of genuine gold. During the course of the regular audit, the discrepancy was identified upon detailed appraisal and examination of the said ornament	2.90	-	-	Show Cause notice issued to employees concerned
	Total			**14.66**		**14.66**	**-**	**-**	
2.	2025-26	Sunam, Punjab	March 02,2025	12.60	Our Company, M/s Muthoot Mercantile Limited, on 02/03/2026, has filed a complaint with the Sunam Police Station, Punjab against Ms. Hardeep Kaur and Mr. Gurpreet Singh in connection with a fraud involving misappropriation of approximately ₹12.60 Lakhs	-	-	12.60	Police complaint filed against the concerned employees. The accused employees has been terminated from services

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					from customer gold loan accounts through falsification of branch records.				. Claim intimated.
		Delhi	September 25,2025	3.86	Our Company, M/s Muthoot Mercantile Limited, on 25/09/2025, has filed a complaint with the Mohan Garden Police Station, Delhi, against Mrs. Saloni Kaushik, residing at K-1/15, Mohan Garden, Uttam Nagar, West Delhi – 110059 ("Accused"), under Sections 181, 318(1), 318(3), 336(3) and 349 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 alleging that the Accused, on 18/09/2025 and 19/09/2025, pledged spurious gold ornaments, and fraudulently availed gold loans totalling Rs. 3,86,222/- from the Mohan Garden Branch, Delhi Region. Our company states that during the	3.18	-	0.68	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments. Claim intimated but not disbursed

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax and hard metals. Our company has alleged the Accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments and availed a loan thereby intending to deceive and cheat the company for wrongful gain. The Company has prayed for punishment of the accused as per law and recovery of the total outstanding loan amount with accrued interest. The matter is currently pending investigation.				
		Delhi	September 25, 2025	1.88	Our Company, on 25/09/2025, has filed a complaint with the Baghpat Kotwali Police Station, Uttar Pradesh, against Mr. Vishal Kumar, S/o Manbir Singh, R/o Jawaharpur Mewla, Baghpat,	1.31	-	0.57	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments. Claim intimate

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					Uttar Pradesh – 250601 ("Accused"), under Sections 181, 318(1), 318(3), 336(3) and 349 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 alleging that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax and hard metals. Our company has alleged the Accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments and availed a loan of Rs. of Rs. 1,88,000/- at the Baghpat Branchthereby intending to deceit our company. The Company has prayed for punishment of the accused as per law and recovery of the loan amount along with accrued interest. The matter is currently pending investigation				d but not disbursed

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
		Pune	September 12, 2025	1.87	Our Company, M/s Muthoot Mercantile Limited, on 12/09/2025, has filed a complaint with the Dighi Police Station, Pune, against Mr. Devanand Pandit Gawale, residing at Flat No. 3, Sr. No. 852, Pune–Solapur Road, Near Vaibhav Theatre, Pragati Driving School, Hadapsar – 411028 ("Accused"), under Sections 318(1) and 318(3) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 alleging that the Accused, on 20/12/2023, pledged spurious gold ornaments, and fraudulently availed a gold loan of Rs. 1,87,180/- at the Dighi Branch, Pune Region. During the internal audit conducted on 01/09/2025 by company auditor Ms. Sudarsha Mhatre, it was discovered that the pledged ornament was not made of	1.24	-	0.63	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments. Claim intimated but not disbursed

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					gold, but instead comprised of another hard metal coated to appear as gold. The audit confirmed that the pledged ornament was spurious in nature. Our Company has prayed for punishment of the accused under Sections 318(1) and 318(3) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, and for recovery of the total outstanding loan amount along with accrued interest.The matter is currently pending investigation.				
		Ernakulam	September 10, 2025	0.77	Our Company, on 10/09/2025, has filed a complaint with the Vazhakkulam Police Station, Ernakulam, against Mrs. Rintu Sibu, W/o Sibu Kuriakose, residing at Olikkunnel, Aarikuzha P.O., Manakkad, Thodupuzha, Idukki ("Accused"), under Sections 318(1) and 318(3)	-	-	0.77	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments. Claim intimated but not disbursed

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 alleging that the Accused, on 31/05/2025, pledged spurious gold ornaments and fraudulently availed a gold loan of Rs. 76,565/- at the Vazhakkulam Branch. It is alleged that the accused knowingly pledged fake ornaments with dishonest intention to cheat the company and unlawfully obtained the loan amount. Our Company has prayed for punishment of the accused as per law and for recovery of the misappropriated loan amount with accrued interest.The matter is currently pending investigation.				
		Pune	August 08, 2025	2.90	On 08/08/2025, M/s Muthoot Mercantile Limited filed a complaint with the Station House Officer, Talegaon Police Station,	-	-	2.90	Cheating the company for undue gain

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					Pune, against Mr. Vaibhav Siddharth Gaikwad (Mob: 8600617799), under Sections 79, 318(1), 318(3) and 351(3) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, for defrauding the company and criminal intimidation of branch staff alleging that the due a technical error amount of Rs. 2,90,000/- was credited to the account of the accused twice and refused to refund the excess amount of Rs. 2,90,000/-. When approached by branch staff, the accused used abusive and vulgar language, including towards female employees, and threatened them with dire consequences, amounting to criminal intimidation and obstruction of official duties. The company has requested the registration of a case and investigation for				

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					recovery of Rs. 2,90,000/- along with accrued interest. The matter is currently pending investigation				
		Mumbai	August 08, 2025	3.92	Our Company, on 08/08/2025, has filed a complaint with the Mahatma Phule Police Station, Kalyan West, Mumbai, against (1) Mr. Suraj Bhagde, S/o Madhukar Kachru Bhagde, (2) Mr. Sagar Prakash Sonawane, Branch Manager, Kalyan West Branch, (3) Mr. Nirmalkumar Bhulwankar, and (4) Mr. Nilesh Damodar Bhandari, then Regional Manager, Mumbai Region, under Sections 3(6), 61(1), 61(2), 318(1) and 318(3) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 alleging that the Accused No. 1 and Accused No. 3, between 16/05/2025 and 21/05/2025, pledged spurious gold ornaments under Pledge Nos.	3.20		0.72	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments and also fidelity

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					4389, 4395, and 4409, and fraudulently availed gold loans totaling Rs. 3,92,000/- (Rupees Three Lakh Ninety-Two Thousand Only) at the Kalyan West Branch, Mumbai Region. It has been alleged that the fraudulent act was committed in connivance with Accused No. 2, the then Branch Manager, and Accused No. 4, the then Regional Manager, who conspired together to cheat the company and obtain undue financial benefit. The pledged ornaments were later found to be spurious, made of hard metal coated with gold, as confirmed during an audit on 06/06/2025. The company's internal enquiry further revealed that Mr. Nilesh Damodar Bhandari played a key role in the conspiracy and				

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					was present at the branch during the fraudulent pledges, substantiating his involvement. Our Company has prayed for punishment of all four accused as per law and recovery of the total defrauded loan amount along with accrued interest. The matter is currently pending investigation.				
		Mumbai	July 19, 2025	0.28	Our Company, on 19/07/2025, has filed a complaint with the Bhayandar Police Station, Mumbai Region against Mr. Jignesh Jagdishbhai Dayani, S/o Jagdishbhai Kantilal Dayani, residing at Flat No. 401, Building No. 1, Solitaire-1, CHS Limited, Poonam Sagar, Mira Bhayandar, Mumbai ("Accused"), under Sections 318(1) and 318(3) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 alleging that the pledged	-	-	0.28	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					ornaments were not genuine gold but made of another hard metal and the Accused deliberately pledged fake ornaments with dishonest intent, thereby cheating the company and obtaining the said loan amount fraudulently. The company has prayed for punishment of the accused as per law and for recovery of the total outstanding amount with accrued interest. The matter is currently pending investigation				
		Punjab	July 08, 2025	0.28	Our Company, M/s Muthoot Mercantile Limited, on 08/07/2025, has filed a complaint with the Nabha Police Station, Punjab against Mr. Javed Ali, S/o Afzal Khan, R/o Faridpur Kalan, Mubarakpur, Sangur, Punjab – 148 023, Employee No. 3782 (“Accused”), under Sections	-	-	0.28	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					316(1), 316(2), 316(4), 318(1), 318(2) and 318(3) of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 alleging that the Accused, who was employed as the Branch Manager at Nabha Branch, Punjab, and entrusted with the custody of cash and pledged gold ornaments, absconded from duty without notice, refused to return the branch and strong room keys, and misappropriated company funds amounting to Rs. 27,834/-, along with suspected loss of pledged gold ornaments. It is alleged that the accused, with criminal intent, willfully cheated the company, misused his position of trust, and misappropriated the money and valuables entrusted to him, causing wrongful loss to the company and unlawful gain to				

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					himself. Our Company has prayed for punishment of the accused as per law and for recovery of the misappropriated amount and valuables. The matter is currently pending investigation.				
		Gujarat	April 15,2025	0.75	Mahendrabhai Mavani -Our company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax and hard metals	-	-	0.75	Action for recovery under process
	Total for the Financial year as on March 31, 2026			**29.11**		**8.93**	**-**	**20.18**	
3.	2024-25	Odisha	April 10,2024	0.70	Niranjan Mohanty -Our Company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and the same were filled with wax and hard metals.	-	-	0.70	Action for Recovery is in Process.

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					Our Company has alleged that the Accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments				
		Uttar Pradesh	July 29,2024	13.78	Harshad Patani.The accused pledged gold ornaments that were fully spurious/ fake and the same were filled with max and hard metals. The company has alleged that the accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments	12.72		1.06	Action for Recovery is in Process.
		Punjab	July 31,2024	1.92	Our Company on 31st July 2024 has filed a complaint with Gill Road Police Station against Harpreet Singh ("Accused") under section 318 of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. Our company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax	1.20	-	0.72	Action for Recovery is in Process.

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					and hard metals. Our company has alleged the Accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments and availed a loan of Rs. 1,92,100/- thereby intending to deceit our company. Our company has prayed for punishment to the accused. The matter is currently pending				
		Maharashtra	August 22,2024	3.20	Ganesh Vilas Shelke- The accused pledged gold ornaments that were fully spurious/ fake and the same were filled with max and hard metals. The company has alleged that the accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments. The matter is currently pending	2.52	-	0.68	Action for Recovery is in Process.
		Maharashtra	October 10,2024	0.83	Vaibhav Rajaram Ubale- The accused pledged gold ornaments that were fully spurious/ fake and the same were filled with max	-	-	0.83	Action for Recovery is in Process.

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					and hard metals. The company has alleged that the accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments. The matter is currently pending				
		Punjab	October 16,2024	3.60	Vikas Kumar Nagpal & Pooja Negi-Ex-employee, Vikas Kumar Nagpal & Pooja Negi with the connivance of customers deceited our company, thereby causing a huge loss of Rs. 3,60,000/- to our company	2.96	-	0.64	Action for Recovery is in Process.
		Maharashtra	October 22,2024	1.58	Harshad Patani - gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax and hard metals	0.95	-	0.63	Action for Recovery is in Process.
	2024-25	Maharashtra	November 27,2024	3.13	Ganesh Vilas Shelke – Our company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were	2.58	-	0.55	Action for Recovery is in Process.

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					filled with wax and hard metals				
		Maharashtra	December 2,2024	6.00	Sawan Kumar- Our company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax and hard metals	4.07	-	1.93	
		Maharashtra	December 10,2024	1.49	Our Company on 10th December 2024 has filed a complaint with Kalamboli Police Station against Lalit Madke ("Accused") under section 318(1) & 318(3) of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. Our company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax and hard metals. Our company has alleged the Accused have deliberately	-	-	1.49	Action for Recovery is in Process.

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					pledged spurious ornaments and availed a loan of Rs. 1,49,400/- thereby intending to deceit our company. Our company has prayed for punishment to the accused. The matter is currently pending.				
		Maharashtra	December 14,2024	2.64	Our Company on 14th December 2024 has filed a complaint with Koparkhairane Police Station against Shalini Yadav ("Accused") under section 318(1) & 318(3) of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. Our company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax and hard metals. Our company has alleged the Accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments and	-	-	2.64	Action for Recovery is in Process.

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					availed a loan of Rs.2,64,180/- thereby intending to deceit our company. Our company has prayed for punishment to the accused. The matter is currently pending.				
		Maharashtra	January 11,2025	0.75	Our Company on 11th January 2025 has filed a complaint with Kolsewadi Police Station against Samir Jilani Shaikh ("Accused") under section section 318(1) & 318(3) of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. Our company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments, it was found that the gold ornaments were fully spurious/fake and same were filled with wax and hard metals. Our company has alleged the Accused have deliberately pledged spurious ornaments and availed a loan of Rs. 75,000/-	-	-	0.75	Action for Recovery is in Process.

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					thereby intending to deceit our company. Our company has prayed for punishment to the accused. The matter is currently pending.				
		Maharashtra	February 11,2025	7.15	Our Company on 11th February 2025 has filed a complaint with the Boisar Police Station against Naman Ramesh Dhuriya ("Accused No.1"), Harsh Sunil Jain ("Accused No. 2"), Rishabh Dinesh Soni ("Accused No. 3"), Ashish Khuruchand Kumbhar ("Accused No. 4") and Aakash Rajendra Yadav ("Accused No. 5") under section 3(6), 61(1), 61(2), 316(1), 316(2), 316(4), 318(10, 318(2) and 318(3) of Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. Our Company has alleged that the Accused No.1,	-	-	7.15	Action for Recovery is in Process.

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					who were an employee entrusted with the custody of the pledged ornaments, cheated the company with the connivance of the other Accused and caused a loss of Rs. 7,15,250/-. Our company has prayed for punishment to the accused. The matter is currently pending				
			January 30,2025	4.48	On 30/1/2025 a complaint has been filed against Harsh Sunil Jain as Accused for pledging spurios gold in Boisar Branch, Mumbai Region with the help of the Manager, Mr. Naman Ramesh Dhuriya. (GL Nos. 3129, 3130, 3131, 3142, 3143)	-	4.48	-	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments and also fidelity
			January 30,2025	0.99	On 30/01/2025 a complaint was filed against Mr. Rishabh Dinesh Soni as Accused for pledging spurious gold in Boisar Branch, Mumbai Region, with the aid of the	-	0.99	-	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments and

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					Branch Manager, Mr. Naman Ramesh Dhuriya. (GL Nos. 3134)				also fidelity
			January 30,2025	0.70	On 30/01/2025 a complaint was filed against Mr. Ashish Khuruchand Kumbhar as Accused for pledging spurious gold in Boisar Branch, Mumbai Region, with the aid of the Branch Manager, Mr. Naman Ramesh Dhuriya. (GL Nos 3152)	-	0.70	-	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments and also fidelity
			January 30,2025	0.98	On 30/01/2025 a complaint was filed against Mr. Aakash Rajendra Yadav as Accused for pledging spurious gold in Boisar Branch, Mumbai Region, with the aid of the Branch Manager, Mr. Naman Ramesh Dhuriya. (GL Nos. 3132)	-	0.98	-	Complaint filed against pledging of spurious gold ornaments and also fidelity
			January 30,2025	8.65	On 30/01/2025 a complaint was filed against Mr. Naman Ramesh Dhuriya, Branch Mnaager, Boisar Branch for cheating the	-	8.65	-	Fidelity

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					company in connivance with the customers namely, Hash Sunil Jain, Rishabh Dinesh Soni, Aakash Rajendra Yadav and Ashish Khruchand Kumbhar and also stealing a sum of Rs.1,50,000/- from the cash kept at the Branch (GL Nos. 3132, 3152, 3134, 3129, 3130, 3131, 3142, 3143)				
			Februar y 06,2025	1.60	On 6/2/2025 a complaint was filed a agaiinst the Additional Branch Manager of Parvathiya Colony, Delhi Region, Mr. Monish Goswami, for stealing away Rs.1,60,000/- from the Branch	-	1.60	-	Fidelity
			Februar y 11,2025	2.90	On 11/02/2025 a complaint was filed against Mr. Vaibhav Sidharth Gaikwad before the Talegaon Police Station,Madhyapr adaesh Region as he did not pay back a sum of Rs. 2,90,000/- which was inadvertanatly	-	2.90	-	Cheatin g

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
					transferred to him twice due to discrepancies in the Banking Software.				
			March 15,2025	19.59	On 15/03/2025 a complaint was filed against Mr. Sahil Raju Kandar, who was the Branch-in-charge of our Ghansoli Branch, Mumbai Region for stealing away Eight Packets of pledged gold ornaments worth Rs. 19,58,746/-. (GL Nos. 6314, 8031, 8153, 7369, 7372, 8175, 6624, 7564)	-	19.59	-	Fidelity
	Total for the Financial year as on March 31, 2025			**86.66**		**27.00**	**39.89**	**19.77**	
4.	2023-24	Badlapur	February 21, 2024	0.96	Our Company states that during the periodic verification of the pledged gold ornaments it was found that the gold ornaments were made out of spurious metals and low purity gold ornaments.	-	-	0.96	Action for Recovery is in Process.
	2023-24	Doraha	February 21, 2024	5.34		-	-	5.34	
	2023-24	Jagatpur	February 21, 2024	1.05		-	-	1.05	
	2023-24	Jagatsinghpur	February 21, 2024	0.21		-	-	0.21	

Sr No	Financial Year/ Period	Branch	Date of Detection / Date of Reporting To RBI	Gross Amount	Modus Operandi & Action Taken	Recovery amount (Insurance Claim Received)	Amount Written Off	Provision	Action taken by the Company
				(₹ in lakh)		(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	(₹ in lakh)	
	2023-24	Jeewan Park	February 21, 2024	19.54		-	-	19.54	
	2023-24	Kalyan West	February 21, 2024	1.58		-	-	1.58	
	2023-24	Mahanadhi Vihar	February 21, 2024	1.86		-	-	1.86	
	2023-24	Mahatab Road	February 21, 2024	0.05		-	-	0.05	
	2023-24	Rohini Sector 16	February 21, 2024	2.08		-	-	2.08	
	Total for the Financial year as on March 31, 2024			**32.67**		-	-	**32.67**	

(₹ 32.67 lakhs as per CARO in Independent Auditors report dated May 29, 2024 for financial year 2023-24 and ₹ 86.66 lakhs as per CARO in Independent Auditors report dated May 30, 2025 for financial year 2024-25 and ₹29.11 lakhs as per CARO in Independent Auditors report dated May 29, 2026 for financial year 2025-26 and₹ 14.66 as per management representation on fraud relating to the period April 01,2026 to October 26,2026)

Details of default, if any, including therein the amount involved, duration of default and present status, in repayment of statutory dues, delay in payments of interest and principal of any kind of term loans, debt securities, commercial paper (including technical delay) and other financial indebtedness including corporate guarantee or letters of comfort issued by the company; deposits and interests thereon; and loan from any bank or financial institutions and interest thereon, in the last three financial years and current financial year

Nil

Details of disciplinary action taken by SEBI or Stock Exchanges against the Promoters/ Group Companies in the last five financial years, including outstanding action.

Nil

OTHER REGULATORY AND STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

Issuer's Absolute Responsibility

"The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that this Draft Prospectus contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the Issue which is material in the context of the Issue, that the information contained in this Draft Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly stated and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this Draft Prospectus as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading."

Authority for the Issue

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of our Company (the "**Board**") held on August 13, 2026, the Board approved the issuance of NCDs to the public, each having a face value of ₹1,000, for an amount aggregating up to ₹20,000 lakh.

Further, the present borrowing is within the borrowing limits under section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, duly approved by the Shareholders' *vide* their resolution passed at their AGM held on September 30, 2024. The NCDs pursuant to this Issue will be issued on terms and conditions as set out in this Draft Prospectus.

Prohibition by SEBI / Eligibility of our Company for the Issue

Our Company, persons in control of our Company, our Directors and/or our Promoters have not been restrained, prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities and no such order or direction is in force. None of our Directors and/or our Promoters, is a director or promoter of another company which has been restrained, prohibited or debarred by SEBI from accessing the securities market or dealing in securities.

Our Company is not in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of non-convertible securities, for a period of more than six-months as on the date of this Draft Prospectus.

Our Company confirms that there are no fines or penalties levied by SEBI or the Stock Exchanges pending to be paid by the Company as on the date of this Draft Prospectus.

No regulatory action is pending against our Company or our Promoters or our Directors before SEBI or the RBI.

Categorisation as a Wilful Defaulter

Our Company or persons in control of our Company or any of our Directors or our Promoters have not been categorised as wilful defaulters by any bank or financial institution or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the RBI, ECGC or any other governmental / regulatory authority, nor are they in default of payment of interest or repayment of principal amount in respect of non-convertible securities, for a period of more than six months.

None of our Whole-time Directors and/or our Promoters, is a whole-time director or promoter of another company which has been categorised as a wilful defaulter.

Declaration as a Fugitive Economic Offender

None of our Promoters or Directors has been declared as a Fugitive Economic Offender under Section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018 (17 of 2018).

Other confirmations

None of our Company or our Directors or our Promoters, or person(s) in control of our Company was a promoter, director or person in control of any company which was delisted within a period of ten years preceding the date of this Draft Prospectus, in accordance with the SEBI Delisting Regulations, as amended.

Disclaimer

DISCLAIMER STATEMENT FROM OUR COMPANY, OUR DIRECTORS AND THE LEAD MANAGERS.

OUR COMPANY, OUR DIRECTORS AND THE LEAD MANAGERS ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR STATEMENTS MADE OTHER THAN IN THIS DRAFT PROSPECTUS OR IN THE ADVERTISEMENTS OR ANY OTHER MATERIAL ISSUED BY OR AT OUR COMPANY'S INSTANCE IN CONNECTION WITH THE ISSUE OF THE NCDS AND ANYONE PLACING RELIANCE ON ANY OTHER SOURCE OF INFORMATION INCLUDING OUR COMPANY'S WEBSITE, OR ANY WEBSITE OF ANY AFFILIATE OF OUR COMPANY WOULD BE DOING SO AT THEIR OWN RISK. THE LEAD MANAGERS ACCEPT NO RESPONSIBILITY, SAVE TO THE LIMITED EXTENT AS PROVIDED IN THE ISSUE AGREEMENT.

NONE AMONG OUR COMPANY OR THE LEAD MANAGERS OR ANY MEMBER OF THE CONSORTIUM/SYNDICATE IS LIABLE FOR ANY FAILURE IN UPLOADING THE APPLICATION DUE TO FAULTS IN ANY SOFTWARE/ HARDWARE SYSTEM OR OTHERWISE; THE BLOCKING OF APPLICATION AMOUNT IN THE ASBA ACCOUNT ON RECEIPT OF INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE SPONSOR BANK ON ACCOUNT OF ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR NON-COMPLIANCE BY VARIOUS PARTIES INVOLVED IN, OR ANY OTHER FAULT, MALFUNCTIONING OR BREAKDOWN IN, OR OTHERWISE, IN THE UPI MECHANISM.

INVESTORS WHO MAKE AN APPLICATION IN THE ISSUE WILL BE REQUIRED TO CONFIRM AND WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE REPRESENTED TO OUR COMPANY, THE LEAD MANAGERS AND THEIR RESPECTIVE DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AGENTS, AFFILIATES, AND REPRESENTATIVES THAT THEY ARE ELIGIBLE UNDER ALL APPLICABLE LAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS, GUIDELINES AND APPROVALS TO ACQUIRE THE NCDS AND WILL NOT ISSUE, SELL, PLEDGE, OR TRANSFER THE NCDS TO ANY PERSON WHO IS NOT ELIGIBLE UNDER ANY APPLICABLE LAWS, RULES, REGULATIONS, GUIDELINES AND APPROVALS TO ACQUIRE THE NCDS. OUR COMPANY, THE LEAD MANAGERS AND THEIR RESPECTIVE DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, AGENTS, AFFILIATES, AND REPRESENTATIVES ACCEPT NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY FOR ADVISING ANY INVESTOR ON WHETHER SUCH INVESTOR IS ELIGIBLE TO ACQUIRE THE NCDS BEING OFFERED IN THE ISSUE.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF SEBI

IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT FILING OF OFFER DOCUMENT TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SEBI) SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE SAME HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY SEBI. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY EITHER FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE ISSUE IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT. THE LEAD MANAGERS, VIVRO FINANCIAL SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED AND TIPSONS CONSULTANCY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED, HAVE CERTIFIED THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT ARE GENERALLY ADEQUATE AND ARE IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SEBI (ISSUE AND LISTING OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2021. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED ISSUE.

IT SHOULD ALSO BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT WHILE THE ISSUER IS PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CORRECTNESS, ADEQUACY AND DISCLOSURE OF ALL RELEVANT INFORMATION IN THE OFFER DOCUMENT, THE LEAD MERCHANT BANKER IS EXPECTED TO EXERCISE DUE DILIGENCE TO ENSURE THAT THE ISSUER DISCHARGES ITS RESPONSIBILITY ADEQUATELY IN THIS BEHALF AND TOWARDS THIS PURPOSE, THE LEAD MANAGERS, VIVRO FINANCIAL SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED AND TIPSONS CONSULTANCY SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED, HAVE FURNISHED TO SEBI A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED [●], 2026, WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

[●]

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF BSE

BSE LIMITED ("THE EXCHANGE") HAS GIVEN, VIDE ITS APPROVAL LETTER DATED [●], 2026, PERMISSION TO THIS COMPANY TO USE THE EXCHANGE'S NAME IN THIS OFFER DOCUMENT AS ONE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGES ON WHICH THIS COMPANY'S SECURITIES ARE PROPOSED TO BE LISTED. THE EXCHANGE HAS SCRUTINIZED THE DRAFT OFFER DOCUMENT/OFFER DOCUMENT FOR ITS LIMITED INTERNAL PURPOSE OF DECIDING ON THE MATTER OF GRANTING THE AFORESAID PERMISSION TO THIS COMPANY. THE EXCHANGE DOES NOT IN ANY MANNER:

a) WARRANT, CERTIFY OR ENDORSE THE CORRECTNESS OR COMPLETENESS OF ANY OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS OFFER DOCUMENT; OR

b) WARRANT THAT THIS COMPANY'S SECURITIES WILL BE LISTED OR WILL CONTINUE TO BE LISTED ON THE EXCHANGE; OR

c) TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL OR OTHER SOUNDNESS OF THIS COMPANY, ITS PROMOTERS, ITS MANAGEMENT OR ANY SCHEME OR PROJECT OF THIS COMPANY.

AND IT SHOULD NOT FOR ANY REASON BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED THAT THE DRAFT OFFER DOCUMENT/OFFER DOCUMENT HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY THE EXCHANGE. EVERY PERSON WHO DESIRES TO APPLY FOR OR OTHERWISE ACQUIRES ANY SECURITIES OF THIS COMPANY MAY DO SO PURSUANT TO INDEPENDENT INQUIRY, INVESTIGATION AND ANALYSIS AND SHALL NOT HAVE ANY CLAIM AGAINST THE EXCHANGE WHATSOEVER BY REASON OF ANY LOSS WHICH MAY BE SUFFERED BY SUCH PERSON CONSEQUENT TO OR IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH SUBSCRIPTION/ACQUISITION WHETHER BY REASON OF ANYTHING STATED OR OMITTED TO BE STATED HEREIN OR FOR ANY OTHER REASON WHATSOEVER.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF RBI

THE COMPANY IS HAVING A VALID CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION DATED DECEMBER 12, 2002, BEARING REGISTRATION NO. N-16.00178 ISSUED BY THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 45 IA OF THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1934. HOWEVER, RBI DOES NOT ACCEPT ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR GUARANTEE ABOUT THE PRESENT POSITION AS TO THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF THE COMPANY OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF ANY OF THE STATEMENTS OR REPRESENTATIONS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED BY THE COMPANY AND FOR REPAYMENT OF DEPOSITS/DISCHARGE OF LIABILITY BY THE COMPANY.

DISCLAIMER IN RESPECT OF JURISDICTION

THE ISSUE IS BEING MADE IN INDIA, TO INVESTORS FROM CATEGORY I, CATEGORY II, AND CATEGORY III. THIS DRAFT PROSPECTUS WILL NOT, HOWEVER, CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL OR AN INVITATION TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NCDS OFFERED HEREBY IN ANY JURISDICTION OTHER THAN INDIA TO ANY PERSON TO WHOM IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE AN OFFER OR INVITATION IN SUCH JURISDICTION. ANY PERSON INTO WHOSE POSSESSION THIS DRAFT PROSPECTUS COMES IS REQUIRED TO INFORM HIMSELF OR HERSELF ABOUT, AND TO OBSERVE, ANY SUCH RESTRICTIONS.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF ACUITÉ RATINGS

AN ACUITÉ RATING DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN AUDIT OF THE RATED ENTITY AND SHOULD NOT BE TREATED AS A RECOMMENDATION OR OPINION THAT IS INTENDED TO SUBSTITUTE FOR A FINANCIAL ADVISER'S OR INVESTOR'S INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT OF WHETHER TO BUY, SELL OR HOLD ANY SECURITY. RATINGS ASSIGNED BY ACUITÉ ARE BASED ON THE DATA AND INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE ISSUER AND OBTAINED FROM OTHER RELIABLE SOURCES. ALTHOUGH REASONABLE CARE HAS BEEN TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT THE DATA AND INFORMATION IS TRUE, ACUITÉ, IN PARTICULAR, MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WITH RESPECT TO THE ADEQUACY, ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION RELIED UPON. ACUITÉ

IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS OR OMISSIONS AND ESPECIALLY STATES THAT IT HAS NO FINANCIAL LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSS OF ANY KIND, ARISING FROM THE USE OF ITS RATINGS. RATINGS ASSIGNED BY ACUITÉ ARE SUBJECT TO A PROCESS OF SURVEILLANCE WHICH MAY LEAD TO A REVISION IN RATINGS AS AND WHEN THE CIRCUMSTANCES SO WARRANT. PLEASE VISIT OUR WEBSITE (WWW.ACUITE.IN) FOR THE LATEST INFORMATION ON ANY INSTRUMENT RATED BY ACUITÉ. PLEASE VISIT HTTPS://WWW.ACUITE.IN/FAQS.HTM TO REFER FAQS ON CREDIT RATING.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF INDUSTRY PROVIDER

THE REPORT IS PREPARED BY CARE ANALYTICS AND ADVISORY PRIVATE LIMITED (CAREEDGE RESEARCH). CAREEDGE RESEARCH HAS TAKEN UTMOST CARE TO ENSURE VERACITY AND ADEQUACY OF THE INFORMATION WHILE DEVELOPING THIS REPORT BASED ON INFORMATION AVAILABLE IN CAREEDGE RESEARCH'S PROPRIETARY DATABASE, AND OTHER SOURCES INCLUDING THE INFORMATION IN PUBLIC DOMAIN, CONSIDERED BY CAREEDGE RESEARCH AS RELIABLE AFTER EXERCISE OF REASONABLE CARE AND DILIGENCE. THE VIEWS AND OPINIONS EXPRESSED HEREIN DO NOT CONSTITUTE THE OPINION OF CAREEDGE RESEARCH TO BUY OR INVEST IN THIS INDUSTRY, SECTOR OR COMPANIES OPERATING IN THIS SECTOR OR INDUSTRY AND IS ALSO NOT A RECOMMENDATION TO ENTER INTO ANY TRANSACTION IN THIS INDUSTRY OR SECTOR IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER.

THE REPORT HAS TO BE SEEN IN ITS ENTIRETY; THE SELECTIVE REVIEW OF PORTIONS OF THE REPORT MAY LEAD TO INACCURATE ASSESSMENTS. ALL FORECASTS IN THIS REPORT ARE BASED ON ASSUMPTIONS CONSIDERED TO BE REASONABLE BY CAREEDGE RESEARCH AT THE TIME OF ISSUANCE OF THIS REPORT; HOWEVER, THE ACTUAL OUTCOME MAY BE MATERIALLY AFFECTED BY CHANGES IN THE INDUSTRY AND ECONOMIC CIRCUMSTANCES, WHICH COULD BE DIFFERENT FROM THE PROJECTIONS.

NOTHING CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT IS CAPABLE OR INTENDED TO CREATE ANY LEGALLY BINDING OBLIGATIONS ON THE SENDER OR CAREEDGE RESEARCH. THE SUBSCRIBER/USER ASSUMES THE ENTIRE RISK OF ANY USE MADE OF THIS REPORT OR DATA HEREIN. THE REPORT IS FOR THE INFORMATION OF THE AUTHORIZED RECIPIENT IN INDIA ONLY AND ANY REPRODUCTION OF THE REPORT OR PART OF IT WOULD REQUIRE EXPLICIT WRITTEN PRIOR APPROVAL OF CAREEDGE RESEARCH. CAREEDGE RESEARCH SHALL REVEAL THE REPORT TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY AND CALLED FOR BY APPROPRIATE REGULATORY AGENCIES, VIZ., SEBI, RBI, GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES, ETC., IF IT IS REQUIRED TO DO SO. BY ACCEPTING A COPY OF THIS REPORT, THE RECIPIENT ACCEPTS THE TERMS OF THIS DISCLAIMER, WHICH FORMS AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS REPORT.

Filing of the Prospectus with the RoC

Our company shall file the Prospectus with the RoC in accordance with Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Utilisation of proceeds by our Group Companies

No proceeds of the Issue will be paid to our Group Companies.

Default in payment

In case of default (including delay) in payment of interest and/ or redemption of principal on the due dates for debt securities issued on private placement or public issue, additional interest of at least 2% p.a. over the coupon rate shall be payable by the issuer for the defaulting period.

Delay in Listing

There has been no delay in the listing of any non-convertible securities issued by our Company. Pursuant to terms of regulation 37(2) of SEBI NCS Regulations, in the event of failure to list securities issued pursuant to this Issue

within such days from the date of closure of issue as may be specified by SEBI (scheduled listing date), all application moneys received or blocked in the public issue shall be refunded or unblocked forthwith within 2 (two) working days from the scheduled listing date to the Applicants through the permissible modes of making refunds and unblocking of funds. For delay in refund/unblocking of funds beyond the timeline as specified above, the Issuer shall be liable to pay interest at the rate of 15% (fifteen percent) per annum to the investors from the scheduled listing date till the date of actual payment.

Details of Change in Shareholding

For change in shareholding please refer to Chapter title "*Capital Structure*" on page 50**.**

Track record of past public issues handled by the Lead Manager

The track record of past issues handled by the Lead Managers, as required under SEBI NCS Regulations and SEBI circular number SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/157 dated September 26, 2023, are available at the following website:

Name of Lead Managers	Website
Vivro Financial Services Private Limited	https://www.vivro.net/track-record
Tipsons Consultancy Services Private Limited	www.tipsons.com

Listing

An application will be made to BSE for permission to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs. BSE has been appointed as the Designated Stock Exchange.

If permissions to deal in and for an official quotation of our NCDs are not granted by BSE, our Company will forthwith repay, without interest, all moneys received from the applicants in pursuance of this Draft Prospectus.

Our Company shall ensure that all steps for the completion of the necessary formalities for listing and commencement of trading at the Stock Exchange mentioned above are taken within 3 working days from the date of closure of the issue.

The Issue shall be kept open for a minimum period of two Working Days and a maximum of ten working days in compliance with Regulation 33A of SEBI NCS Regulations.

For the avoidance of doubt, it is hereby clarified that in the event of under subscription, NCDs shall not be listed and in the event of zero subscription to any one or more of the series, such series of NCDs shall not be listed.

Our Company shall pay interest at 15% per annum if Allotment is not made and refund orders/allotment letters are not dispatched and/or demat credits are not made to investors within 5 Working Days of the Issue Closing Date or date of refusal of the Stock Exchange(s), whichever is earlier. In case listing permission is not granted by the Stock Exchange(s) to our Company and if such money is not repaid within the day our Company becomes liable to repay it on such account, our Company and every officer in default shall, on and from expiry of such date, be liable to repay the money with interest at the rate of 15% as prescribed under Rule 3 of Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 read with Section 26 of the 2013 Act, provided that the beneficiary particulars relating to such Applicants as given by the Applicants is valid at the time of the upload of the demat credit.

Consents

The written consents of (a) Directors of our Company; (b) Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; (c) the Consortium/Syndicate Member*; (d) Chief Financial Officer; (e) Statutory Auditors; (f) Legal Advisor to the Issue; (g) Lead Managers; (h) the Registrar to the Issue; (i) Public Issue Account Bank, Refund Bank and Sponsor Bank*; (j) Credit Rating Agency; (k) Industry Provider; (l) the Banker to our Company; and (m) the Debenture Trustee; to act in their respective capacities, have been obtained and along with a copy of the Prospectus shall be delivered for filing with the RoC as required under Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 and such consents

have not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Prospectus.

** Consents to be obtained at the Prospectus stage*

Expert Opinion

Except as stated below, our Company has not obtained any expert opinions.

Our Company has received the following written consents:

(a) Written consent from the current Statutory Auditor, namely JGS & Associates, Chartered Accountants, dated October 30, 2026, to include their name in this Draft Prospectus, as required under Section 26(1)(a)(v) of the Companies Act, 2013, and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent and in their capacity as statutory auditors, in respect of: (i) the statement of possible tax benefits dated October 30, 2026, included in this Draft Prospectus;

(b) Written consent from the Previous Statutory Auditor, namely Mohandas & Associates, Chartered Accountants, dated October 13, 2026, to include their name in this Draft Prospectus, as required under Section 26(1)(a)(v) of the Companies Act, 2013, and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent and in their capacity as statutory auditors, in respect of: (i) the report on our Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2026; and (ii) the limited review report dated August 14, 2026 for the unaudited financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, included in this Draft Prospectus, included in this Draft Prospectus;

(c) Written consent from the Previous Statutory Auditor, namely Varma & Varma, Chartered Accountants, dated October 30, 2026, to include their name in this Draft Prospectus, as required under Section 26(1)(a)(v) of the Companies Act, 2013 in this Draft Prospectus and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013 to the extent and in their capacity as a statutory auditor, in respect of the report on our Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2025; and

(d) Written consent from the Previous Statutory Auditor, namely Manikandan & Associates, Chartered Accountants, dated October 30, 2026, to include their name in this Draft Prospectus, as required under Section 26(1)(a)(v) of the Companies Act, 2013, and as an "expert" as defined under Section 2(38) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent and in their capacity as statutory auditors, in respect of the report on our Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ending March 31, 2024.

The above experts are not, and have not been, engaged or interested in the formation, promotion or management of the Company. Each of the experts has given their written consent as stated above and has not withdrawn such consent prior to the filing of this Draft Prospectus with the Stock Exchange(s) and the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

Common form of Transfer

We undertake that there shall be a common form of transfer for the NCDs held in dematerialised form shall be transferred subject to and in accordance with the rules/procedures as prescribed by NSDL/CDSL and the relevant Depositary Participants of the transferor or transferee and any other applicable laws and rules notified in respect thereof.

Filing of this Draft Prospectus

This Draft Prospectus has been filed with the Designated Stock Exchange in terms of Regulation 27 of the SEBI NCS Regulations for dissemination on its website(s) prior to the opening of the Issue. This Draft Prospectus has also been displayed on the website of our Company and the Lead Managers.

Filing of the Prospectus

The Prospectus shall be filed with RoC in accordance with Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Debenture Redemption Reserve ("DRR")

Pursuant to Regulation 16 of the SEBI NCS Regulations and Section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 states that where debentures are issued by any company, the company shall create a debenture redemption reserve out of the profits of the company available for payment of dividend. Rule 18(7) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended by Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Amendment Rules, 2019, listed NBFC is not required to create a DRR in case of public issue of debentures. The rules further mandate that the company which is coming with a Public Issue shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more prescribed methods.

Accordingly, our Company is not required to create a DRR for the NCDs proposed to be issued through this Issue. Further, our Company shall deposit or invest, as the case may be, before the 30th day of April of each year a sum which shall not be less than 15% of the amount of its debentures maturing during the year ending on the 31st day of March of the next year in any one or more following methods: (a) in deposits with any scheduled bank, free from charge or lien; (b) in unencumbered securities of the Central Government or of any State Government; (c) in unencumbered securities mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) and (ee) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882; (d) in unencumbered bonds issued by any other company which is notified under clause (f) of Section 20 of the Indian Trusts Act, 1882. The abovementioned amount deposited or invested, must not be utilized for any purpose other than for the repayment of debentures maturing during the year provided that the amount remaining deposited or invested must not at any time fall below 15% of the amount of debentures maturing during year ending on the 31st day of March of that year, in terms of the applicable laws.

Issue Related Expenses

For details of Issue related expenses, see "*Objects of the Issue*" on page 56.

Reservation

No portion of this Issue has been reserved.

Terms and Conditions of Debenture Trustee Agreement

Fees charged by Debenture Trustee

The Debenture Trustee has agreed to a one-time acceptance fee of ₹ 1,00,000, (plus applicable taxes), payable upon execution of the document, along with an annual fee of ₹ 1,00,000, payable in advance, as agreed in the engagement letter dated August 19, 2026, annexed as Annexure III to this Draft Prospectus.

Terms of carrying out due diligence

As per the SEBI NCS Master Circular relating to Debenture Trustee titled "*Creation of Security in issuance of listed debt securities and due diligence by debenture trustee(s)*", the Debenture Trustee is required to exercise independent due diligence to ensure that the assets of the Issuer company are sufficient to discharge the interest and principal amount with respect to the debt securities of the Issuer at all times. Accordingly, the Debenture Trustee shall exercise due diligence as per the following process, for which our company has consented to.

a. The Debenture Trustee shall carry out due diligence on a continuous basis to ensure compliance by the Company, with the provisions of the Companies Act, SEBI Listing Regulations, SEBI NCS Regulations, SEBI Debenture Trustee Regulations, the Listing Agreement, the Debenture Trustee Agreement, the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees and any other regulations or circulars issued by SEBI pertaining to debt issuance and any other Relevant Laws.

b. The Debenture Trustee, in terms of Regulations 15(6) of the SEBI Debenture Trustee Regulations, either through itself or its agents/ advisors/ consultants, shall carry out requisite diligence to verify the status of encumbrance and valuation of the assets and whether all permissions or consents as may be required to create the security as stipulated in the offer document/ disclosure document/ information memorandum/ private placement memorandum, including Disclosure Document, has been obtained. Prior to the appointment of any agents/advisors/consultants, the Trustee shall obtain necessary confirmation from the said agents/ advisors/ consultants that they do not have any conflict-of-interest in conducting the diligence under the transaction. For the purpose of carrying out the due diligence as required in terms of the Debenture Regulation, the Trustee, either through itself or its agents/ advisors/ consultants, shall have the power to

examine the books of account of the Company and to have the Company's assets inspected by its officers and/or external auditors/ valuers/ consultants/ lawyers/ technical experts/ management consultants appointed by the Trustee.

c. The Company shall provide all assistance to the Debenture Trustee to enable verification from the Registrar of Companies, Sub-registrar of Assurances (as applicable), CERSAI, depositories, information utility or any other authority, as may be relevant, where the assets and/or encumbrances in relation to the assets of the Company or any third party security provider are registered / disclosed.

d. Further, in the event that existing charge holders have provided conditional consent / permissions to the Company to create further charge on the assets, the Debenture Trustee shall also have the power to verify Muthoot Mercantile Limited such conditions by reviewing the relevant transaction documents or any other documents executed between existing charge holders and the Company. The Debenture Trustee shall also have the power to intimate the existing charge holders about proposal of creation of further encumbrance and seeking their comments/ objections, if any.

e. Without prejudice to the aforesaid, the Company shall ensure that it provides and procures all information, representations, confirmations and disclosures as may be required in the sole discretion of the Debenture Trustee to carry out the requisite diligence in connection with the issuance and allotment of the Debentures, in accordance with the relevant laws/ Applicable Law.

f. The Trustee shall have the power by itself or to appoint intermediaries, valuers, chartered accountant firms, practicing company secretaries, consultants, lawyers and other entities in order to assist in the diligence by the Trustee. All costs, charges, fees and expenses that are associated with and incurred in relation to the diligence as well as preparation of the reports/certificates/documentation shall be directly compensated/ remunerated by the Trustee.

The Trustee shall carry out due diligence as per the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees and shall obtain the following documents/certificates from the empanelled agency to independently assess that the assets to be secured are adequate available for the proposed issue:

i. security cover certificate from the practicing chartered accountants;
ii. ROC search report from the practicing company secretary;
iii. Title search report (applicable in case of immovable property);
iv. Valuation report (applicable in case of immovable property); and
v. Such other documents as may be reasonable required for conducting due diligence.

While the NCD is secured as per terms of the Offer Document and charge is held in favour of the Debenture Trustee, the extent of recovery would depend upon realization of asset value and the Debenture Trustee in no way guarantees / assures full recovery / partial of either principal or interest.

Other Confirmations

The Debenture Trustee confirms that they have undertaken the necessary due diligence in accordance with applicable law, including the SEBI Debenture Trustee Regulations, read with the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees.

The NCDs shall be considered as secured only if the charged asset is registered with Sub-registrar and Registrar of Companies or CERSAI or Depository etc., as applicable, or is independently verifiable by the Debenture Trustee.

MITCON CREDENTIA TRUSTEESHIP SERVICES LIMITED HAVE FURNISHED TO STOCK EXCHANGES AND SEBI A DUE DILIGENCE CERTIFICATE DATED OCTOBER 30, 2026, AS PER THE FORMAT SPECIFIED IN ANNEX-II-A TO THE SEBI MASTER CIRCULAR FOR DEBENTURE TRUSTEES AND PART A OF SCHEDULE IV OF THE SEBI NCS REGULATIONS WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:-

We, the Debenture Trustee to the above mentioned forthcoming Issue state as follows:

1. "We have examined documents pertaining to the said issue and other such relevant documents, reports

and certifications.

2. *On the basis of such examination and of the discussions with the Issuer, its directors and other officers, other agencies and on independent verification of the various relevant documents, reports and certifications provided to us, WE CONFIRM that:*

   a. *The Issuer has made adequate provisions for and/or has taken steps to provide for adequate security for the debt securities to be issued.*

   b. *The Issuer has obtained the permissions / consents necessary for creating security on the said property(ies).*

   c. *The Issuer has made all the relevant disclosures about the security and also its continued obligations towards the holders of debt securities.*

   d. *Issuer has adequately disclosed all consents/ permissions required for creation of further charge on assets in offer document/ placement memorandum and all disclosures made in the offer document/ placement memorandum with respect to creation of security are in confirmation with the clauses of debenture trustee agreement.*

   e. *Issuer has disclosed all covenants proposed to be included debenture trust deed (including any side letter, accelerated payment clause etc.), offer document/ placement memorandum.*

   f. *Issuer has given an undertaking that charge shall be created in favour of Debenture Trustee as per terms of issue before filing of listing application.*

We have satisfied ourselves about the ability of the Issuer to service the debt securities."

Our Company undertakes that it shall submit the due diligence certificate from Debenture Trustee to the Stock Exchange & SEBI as per format specified in Annex II-A of the SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees and Part A of Schedule IV of the SEBI NCS Regulations.

Details regarding the Company and other listed companies which are associate companies as described under the Companies Act, 2013, which made any capital issue during the last three years

There are no other listed companies under the same management / associate companies as described under the Companies Act, 2013, during the last three years from the date of this Draft Prospectus.

Public Issue of Equity Shares by our Company in the during the last three financial years

Our Company has not made any public issue of Equity Shares in the last three financial years.

Our Company has made following rights issuances in last three financial years

Fiscal 2024: The Company issued a rights issue of equity shares amounting to ₹699.99 lakhs in the Financial Year 2023-24.

Fiscal 2025: NIL

Fiscal 2026: NIL

Previous Issue related to Public Issue / Private Placement of non-convertible debentures by our Company during the last three years

Except as mentioned below Public Issue I, Public Issue II, Public III, Public Issue IV, Public Issue V, Public Issue VI, Public Issue VII, and Public Issue VIII, our Company has previously not made any public issues of non-convertible debentures.

Our Company has not made any private placement of non-convertible debentures in the last three financial years.

Dividend

Our Company has no formal dividend policy. The declaration and payment of dividends on our Equity Shares will be recommended by the Board of Directors and approved by our shareholders, at their discretion, and will depend on a number of factors, including but not limited to our profits, capital requirements and overall financial condition. For details of dividend declared and paid for the current financial year and the Fiscals 2026, 2025, and 2024, please refer table below:

(*₹ In lakhs, except per share data)*

Particulars	From April 01, 2026, till October 26, 2026 ("Cut-off Date")	For the Financial Year ended		
		March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
On Equity Shares				
Fully Paid-up Share Capital (Nos.)	14,56,74,988	14,56,74,988	3,64,18,747	2,94,18,750
Face Value / Paid Up Value (₹)	10	10	10	10
On Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares				
Fully Paid-up Share Capital (Nos.)	10,71,144	-	-	-
Face Value / Paid Up Value (₹)	70	-	-	-
Equity Share Capital	14,567.50	14,567.50	3,641.87	2,941.88
Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares	749.80	-	-	-
Rate of Dividend	-	-	-	-
Dividend	-	-	-	-
Dividend Distribution Tax	-	-	-	-

Jurisdiction

Exclusive jurisdiction for the purpose of the Issue is with the competent courts of jurisdiction in Thiruvananthapuram, India.

Details regarding the lending done by the Issuer out of the issue proceeds of Previous Issues

A. Lending Policy

Please see "*Our Business operations – Our Gold Loan Business*" under Chapter "*Our Business*" at page 106.

B. Utilisation of Issue Proceeds of the previous Issues by our Company

1. **Public issue of equity shares by the Company**

The Company has not undertaken any public issue of equity shares in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

2. Previous public issues of non-convertible debentures by the Company

Except as given below, the Company has not undertaken the public issues of non-convertible debentures till Cut-off Date.

Public Issue I

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	December 4, 2023
	Date of Closing	December 15, 2023
	Issue Proceeds*	10,420.49
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	-
1.	Onward Lending	9,408.40
2.	Repayment of Loans	1,012.09
3.	Issue Related Expense**	-
4.	General Corporate Purpose	-
	Total	**10,420.49**

**Original issue size was ₹10,000 lakhs, but allotted amount was ₹10,420.49 lakhs.*
***Company has incurred Issue related expenses amounting to ₹ 184.62 lakhs from the internal accruals*

Public Issue II

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	May 06,2024
	Date of Closing	May 17,2024
	Issue Proceeds*	5,388.56
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending	3,879.07
2.	Repayment of Loans	1,509.49
3.	Issue Related Expense**	-
4.	General Corporate Purpose	-
	Total	5,388.56

**Original issue size was ₹5,000 lakhs, but allotted amount was ₹5,388.56 lakhs.*
***Company has incurred Issue related expenses amounting to ₹80.26 lakhs from the internal accruals*

Public Issue III

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	August 23, 2024
	Date of Closing	September 05, 2024
	Issue Proceeds*	8,348.51
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending	8,348.51
2.	Repayment of Loans	-
3.	Issue Related Expense**	-
4.	General Corporate Purpose	-
	Total	**8,348.51**

**Original issue size was ₹7,500 lakhs, but allotted amount was ₹8,348.51 lakhs.*
***Company has incurred Issue related expenses amounting to ₹ 242.34 lakhs from the internal accruals.*

Public Issue IV

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	January 10,2025
	Date of Closing	January 23,2025
	Issue Proceeds*	6,970.70
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending	6,970.70
2.	Repayment of Loans	-
3.	Issue Related Expense**	-
4.	General Corporate Purpose	-

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	January 10,2025
	Date of Closing	January 23,2025
	Total	**6,970.70**

**Original issue size was ₹5,000 lakhs, but allotted amount was ₹6,970.70 lakhs.*
***Company has incurred Issue related expenses amounting to ₹ 151.17 lakhs from the internal accruals.*

Public Issue V

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	March 28,2025
	Date of Closing	April 16,2025
	Issue Proceeds*	5,855.25
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending	5,855.25
2.	Repayment of Loans	-
3.	Issue Related Expense**	-
4.	General Corporate Purpose	-
	Total	**5,855.25**

**Original base issue size was ₹5,000 lakhs, but allotted amount was ₹5,855.25 lakhs.*
***Company has incurred Issue related expenses amounting to ₹145.46 lakhs from the internal accruals.*

Public Issue VI

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	July 16, 2025
	Date of Closing	July 29, 2025
	Issue Proceeds*	8,859.17
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending	8,859.17
2.	Repayment of Loans	-
3.	Issue Related Expense**	-
4.	General Corporate Purpose	-
	Total	**8,859.17**

**Original base issue size was ₹7,500 lakhs, but allotted amount was ₹ 8,859.17 lakhs.*
***Company has incurred Issue related expenses amounting to ₹ 139.54 lakhs from the internal accruals*

Public Issue VII

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	December 04, 2025
	Date of Closing	December 17, 2025
	Issue Proceeds*	14,031.60
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending	11,500.00
2.	Repayment of Loans	2,531.60
3.	Issue Related Expense**	-
4.	General Corporate Purpose	-
	Total	14,031.60

**Original base issue size was ₹ 7,500 lakhs, but allotted amount was ₹ 14,031.60 lakhs.*
***Company has incurred Issue related expenses amounting to ₹ 129.05 lakhs from the internal accruals*

Public Issue VIII

Sl. No.	Particulars	Amount utilised (₹ in lakhs)
	Date of Opening	May 29, 2026
	Date of Closing	June 06, 2026
	Issue Proceeds*	13,102.67
	Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	
1.	Onward Lending	8,298.26
2.	Repayment of Loans	4,804.41
3.	Issue Related Expense**	
4.	General Corporate Purpose	
	Total	13,102.67

**Original base issue size was ₹ 7,500 lakhs, but allotted amount was ₹ 13,102.67 lakhs.*
***Company has incurred Issue related expenses amounting to ₹ 227.05 lakhs from the internal accruals*

3. Previous private placement of non-convertible debentures by the Company

The issue proceeds of the previous issues of non-convertible debentures issued on private placement basis made on or after April 01, 2023 till the Cut-off Date have been utilized by the Company towards the object of the issue, as per the respective offer documents.

4. Rights issue by the Company

The Company has issued rights issue of equity shares amounting to ₹699.99 lakhs in the Financial Year 2023-24.

***C.* Subsidiary company- Nil**

D. Group Companies

As on the date of this Draft Prospectus, our Company has two group companies, i.e. Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited and Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited.

(a) Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited

i. Public issue of equity shares by the Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited

Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited has not undertaken any equity public issue in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

ii. Previous public issues of non-convertible debentures by Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited

Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited has not undertaken the public issue of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

iii. Previous private placement of non-convertible debentures by Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited in the last three years

Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited has not undertaken placement of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior Cut-off Date.

iv. Rights issue by Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited

Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited has not undertaken any rights issue of equity shares in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

(b) Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited

i. Public issue of equity shares by the Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited

Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited has not undertaken any equity public issue in the last three years

prior to Cut-off Date.

ii. Previous public issues of non-convertible debentures by Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited

Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited has not undertaken the public issue of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

iii. Previous private placement of non-convertible debentures by Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited in the last three years

Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited has not undertaken placement of non-convertible debentures in the last three years prior Cut-off Date.

iv. Rights issue by Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited

Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi limited has not undertaken any rights issue of equity shares in the last three years prior to Cut-off Date.

Description of our loan portfolio

1. **Loans given by the Company:**

The Company has not provided any loans/advances to associates, entities/persons relating to Board, senior management or Promoter out of the proceeds of previous issues public issues and private placements of debentures.

2. **Types of Loans**

A. **Classification of loans/advances given to:**

The detailed breakup of the types of loans given by the Company as on March 31, 2026 is as follows:

(₹ in lakhs)

Sr. No.	Type of Loans	Amount (Gross)	Percentage of AUM
1.	Secured	1,30,504.76	99.93%
2.	Unsecured	91.43	0.07%
Total assets under management (AUM)		**1,30,596.19**	**100.00%**

B. **Denomination of loans outstanding by LTV as on March 31, 2026*:**

Sr. No.	LTV	Percentage of AUM
1	Up to 40%	2.93%
2	40-50%	4.39%
3	50-60%	11.73%
4	60-70%	39.61%
5	More than 70%	41.35%
	Total	**100.00%**

**LTV at the time of origination*

C. **Sectoral Exposure as on March 31, 2026:**

Sr. No.	Segment wise break up of AUM	Percentage of AUM
1.	**Retail**	
(a)	Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	Nil
(b)	Gold Loans	99.93%
(c)	Vehicle Finance	Nil
(d)	MFI	Nil
(e)	M & SME	Nil
(f)	Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	Nil
(g)	Others:	Nil
	(i) Pronote Loan	0.07%
2.	**Wholesale**	
(a)	Infrastructure	Nil
(b)	Real Estate (including builder loans)	Nil
(c)	Promoter funding	Nil
(d)	Any other sector (as applicable)	Nil
(e)	Others	Nil
Total		**100.00%**

D. **Denomination of loans outstanding by ticket size as on March 31, 2026*:**

Sr. No.	Ticket size**	Percentage of AUM
1	Up to 2 lakhs	67.42%
2	2 lakhs to 5 lakhs	23.84%
3	5 lakhs to 10 lakhs	6.45%
4	10 lakhs to 25 lakhs	2.13%
5	25 lakhs to 50 lakhs	0.17%
6	50 lakhs to 1 crore	-
7	1 crore to 5 crores	-
8	5 crores to 25 crores	-
9	25 crores to 100 crores	-
10	Above 100 cores	-
	Total	**100.00 %**

**Ticket size at the time of origination*
***The details provided are as per borrower and not as per loan account*

E. **Geographical classification of borrowers as on March 31, 2026:**

Top 5 borrowers state wise

No.	Top 5 states	Percentage of AUM
1.	Odisha	28.77%
2.	Maharashtra	19.07%
3.	Kerala	12.10%
4.	Delhi	10.75%
5.	Madhya Pradesh	6.36%
6.	Others	22.94%
	Total	**100.00%**

F. **Details of loans overdue and classified as non-performing in accordance with the RBI's guidelines as on March 31, 2026**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
Movement of gross NPA	
Opening gross NPA	1,363.49
- Additions during the year	259.64

Particulars	Amount
- Reductions during the year	(1269.25)
Closing balance of gross NPA	**353.88**
Movement of net NPA	
Opening net NPA	1,157.38
- Additions during the year	157.82
- Reductions during the year	(1,094.84)
Closing balance of net NPA	**220.35**
Movement of provisions for NPA	
Opening balance	206.11
- Provisions made during the year	101.82
- Write-off/write-back of excess provisions	(174.40)
Closing balance	**133.53**

G. Segment-wise gross NPA as on March 31, 2026

Sr.	Segment-wise gross NPA	Gross NPA (%)*
1	**Retail**	
A	-Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	Nil
B	-Gold loan	0.25%
C	-Vehicle finance	Nil
D	-MFI	Nil
E	-M&SME	Nil
F	-Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	Nil
G	-Others	Nil
	(i) Pronote Loan	29.68%
2	**Wholesale**	
A	-Infrastructure	Nil
B	-Real estate (including builder loans)	Nil
C	-Promoter funding	Nil
D	-Any other sector (as applicable)	Nil
E	-Others	Nil
	Gross NPA	**0.27%**

**Gross NPA means percentage of NPAs to total advances in that sector*

H. Residual maturity profile of assets and liabilities as on March 31, 2026:

(₹ in lakhs)

	Up to 30/31 days	More than 1 month to 2 months	More than 2 months to 3 months	More than 3 months to 6 months	More than 6 months to 1 year	More than 1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years to 5 years	More than 5 years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Debentures	4.79	3,034.31	137.90	3,475.34	8,025.03	23,097.75	10,399.19	4,827.20	(684.34)	52,317.17
Advances**	12,596.51	3,067.19	5,053.06	28,954.12	80,576.06	215.73	-	-	-	1,30,462.66
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

	Up to 30/31 days	More than 1 month to 2 months	More than 2 months to 3 months	More than 3 months to 6 months	More than 6 months to 1 year	More than 1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years to 5 years	More than 5 years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Borrowings	2,918.46	1,029.43	1,503.07	3,431.05	9,114.36	6,544.88	1,508.75	-	(198.08)	25,851.91
Subordinate-Debt	405.29	287.74	309.16	1,202.71	1,672.37	7,192.27	9,661.19	320.78	-	21,051.51
Foreign Currency Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Liabilities	588.10	576.67	728.33	4,765.00	916.67	1,958.33	-	-	(79.73)	9,453.36

**Represents adjustment on account of IND AS*

***Net of provision for stage 3 loan asset*

I. **(a) Details of top 20 borrowers with respect to concentration of advances as on March 31, 2026:**

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
Total advances to twenty largest borrowers	1,600.83
Percentage of advances to twenty largest borrowers to total advances to our Company	1.23%

(b) Details of top 20 borrowers with respect to concentration of exposure as on March 31, 2026

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	Amount	
	Secured	Unsecured
Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers	1,600.83	-
Percentage of exposure to twenty largest borrowers to total exposure to our Company	1.23%	-

J. **Classification of loans/advances given to Group Companies as on March 31, 2026: NIL**

(₹ in lakhs)

Name of Borrower	Amount of Advance/ exposure to such borrower (₹ in lakhs) (A)	Percentage of Exposure (A/ Total AUM)
-	-	-

3. **Others**

Details of any other contingent liabilities of the issuer based on the last audited financial statements including amount and nature of liability

Sr. No.	Particulars	Nature of Liability	Amount as on March 31, 2026 (₹ in Lakhs)
1.	Income tax demands pending rectification	Disputed Demands appealed against and pending final judgement	98.33

Commitments		
2.	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for-	-

Loan Policy

Please see "***Our Business operations – Our Gold Loan Business***" under Chapter "***Our Business***" at page 106.

Revaluation of assets

Our Company has not revalued its assets in last three financial years.

Mechanism for redressal of investor grievances

Registrar Agreement dated August 29, 2026, read with the First Amendment to the Registrar Agreement dated October 13, 2026, between the Registrar to the Issue and our Company provides for settling of investor grievances in a timely manner and for retention of records with the Registrar to the Issue for a period of eight years.

All grievances relating to the Issue may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue and Compliance Officer giving full details such as name, address of the applicant, number of NCDs applied for, amount paid on application and the details of Member of Consortium/Syndicate or Trading Member of the Stock Exchange where the application was submitted.

All grievances relating to the ASBA process may be addressed to the Registrar to the Issue with a copy to either (a) the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB where the Application Form was submitted by the ASBA Applicant, or (b) the concerned Member of the Consortium/Syndicate and the relevant Designated Branch of the SCSB in the event of an Application submitted by an ASBA Applicant at any of the Syndicate ASBA Application Locations, giving full details such as name, address of Applicant, Application Form number, option applied for, number of NCDs applied for, amount blocked on Application.

All grievances related to the UPI process may be addressed to the Stock Exchange, which shall be responsible for addressing investor grievances arising from applications submitted online through the App based/ web interface platform of stock exchange or through their Trading Members. The intermediaries shall be responsible for addressing any investor grievances arising from the applications uploaded by them in respect of quantity, price or any other data entry or other errors made by them.

We estimate that the average time required by us or the Registrar to the Issue for the redressal of routine investor grievances will be three (3) working days from the date of receipt of the complaint. In case of non-routine complaints and complaints where external agencies are involved, we will seek to redress these complaints as expeditiously as possible.

The contact details of Registrar to the Issue are as follows:

KFin Technologies Limited
301, The Centrium, 3rd Floor, 57, Lal Bahadur Shastri Road,
Nav Pada, Kurla (West), Kurla, Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, 400 070.
Telephone: +91 40 6716 2222
Fax Number: 040-6716 1563
Email: mml.ncdipo@kfintech.com
Investor Grievance Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com
Website: www.kfintech.com
Contact Person: Williams R
SEBI Registration No.: INR000000221

Compliance Officer of our Company

Rupesh V H, Company Secretary of the Company has been appointed as the Compliance Officer for the purpose of this issue.

The contact details of Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of our Company are as follows**:**

Rupesh V H
1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors,
Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud,
Thiruvanantapura, - 695 014,
Kerala, India.
Telephone: +91 0471 2774800
Email: cs@muthootenterprises.com

Change in Auditors for preceding three financial years and current financial year as on date of this Draft Prospectus:

Name of the Auditor	Address	Date of Appointment	Date of cessation if applicable	Date of resignation if applicable
Mohandas and Associates, Chartered Accountants	3rd Floor, Sree Residency, Press Club Road, Thrissur – 680 001, Kerala, India.	September 22, 2022 Re-appointed as on September 5, 2023	NA	September 7, 2023
Manikandan & Associates, Chartered Accountants	Krishna Arcade, Near Marathompilly Krishna Temple, KSRTC Road, Chalakudy, Thrissur – 680307, Kerala, India.	September 29, 2023	September 30, 2024	NA
Varma & Varma, Chartered Accountants	T C 9/1504, Galaxy, Sasthamangalam, Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala - 695010, India	September 30, 2024	NA	June 21, 2025
Mohandas and Associates, Chartered Accountants	Krishna Arcade, Near Marathompilly Krishna Temple, KSRTC Road Thrissur, Kerala, 680307	August 11, 2025	September 30, 2026	NA
JGS & Assoicates, Chartered Accountants	IIIrd Floor Sreelakshmi Building Shornur Road, Thrissur Kerala, India, 680022	September 30, 2026	-	-

Undertaking by our Company

Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in this issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of the Issuer and the offer including the risks involved. The securities have not been recommended or approved by any regulatory authority in India, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Specific attention of investors is invited to the statement of '*Risk factors*' on page 18.

The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for, and confirms that this Draft Prospectus contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the Issue, that the information contained in this Draft Prospectus is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect.

The Issuer has no side letter with any debt securities holder. Any covenants later added shall be disclosed on the

stock exchange website where the debt is listed.
Our Company undertakes that:

(a) All monies received pursuant to this Issue shall be transferred to a separate bank account as referred to in sub-section (3) of section 40 of the Companies Act, 2013;

(b) Details of all monies utilised out of this Issue referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the purpose for which such monies had been utilised;

(c) Details of all unutilised monies out of issue of NCDs, if any, referred to in sub-item (a) shall be disclosed under an appropriate separate head in our balance sheet indicating the form in which such unutilised monies have been invested;

(d) Details of all utilized and unutilised monies out of the monies collected in the previous issue made by way of public offer shall be disclosed and continued to be disclosed in the balance sheet till the time any part of the proceeds of such previous issue remains unutilized indicating the purpose for which such monies have been utilized, and the securities or other forms of financial assets in which such unutilized monies have been invested;

(e) Undertaking by our Company for execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed. Further, as per Regulation 18 of SEBI NCS Regulations, in the event our Company fails to execute the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed within a period specified under the said Regulation, our Company shall pay interest of at least 2% p.a. to each NCD Holder, over and above the agreed coupon rate, till the execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed;

(f) We shall utilize the Issue proceeds only upon execution of the Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed as stated in this Draft Prospectus and the Prospectus, on receipt of the minimum subscription of 75% of the Base Issue i.e., ₹7,500 lakh and receipt of listing and trading approval from the Stock Exchange;

(g) The Issue proceeds shall not be utilized towards full or part consideration for the purchase or any other acquisition, inter alia by way of a lease, of any immovable property business, dealing in equity of listed companies or lending/investment in group companies; and

(h) Application money shall be unblocked within six Working Days from the closure of this Issue or such lesser time as may be specified by SEBI, or else the Application money shall be refunded to the Applicants in accordance with applicable law, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the Applicants for the delayed period, if applicable in accordance with applicable law.

(j) The allotment letter shall be issued, or Application Amount shall be unblocked within 15 days from the closure of the Issue or such lesser time as may be specified by SEBI, or else the Application Amount shall be refunded to the applicants forthwith, failing which interest shall be due to be paid to the applicants at the rate of 15% per annum for the delayed period

Other undertakings by our Company

Our Company undertakes that:

(a) Complaints received in respect of this Issue (except for complaints in relation to Applications submitted to Trading Members) will be attended to by our Company expeditiously and satisfactorily;

(b) Necessary cooperation to the relevant credit rating agency(ies) will be extended in providing true and adequate information until the obligations in respect of the NCDs are outstanding;

(c) Our Company will take necessary steps for the purpose of getting the NCDs listed within the specified time, i.e., within three Working Days of this Issue Closing Date;

(d) Funds required for dispatch of Allotment Advice/NCD Certificates (only upon rematerialisation of NCDs at the specific request of the Allottee/ Holder of NCDs) will be made available by our Company to the Registrar to the Issue;

(e) Our Company will forward details of utilisation of the proceeds of this Issue, duly certified by the Statutory Auditor, to the Debenture Trustee on a half-yearly basis;

(f) Our Company will provide a compliance certificate to the Debenture Trustee on an annual basis in respect of compliance with the terms and conditions of this Issue as contained in this Draft Prospectus;

(g) Our Company will disclose the complete name and address of the Debenture Trustee in its annual report;

(h) Our Company shall make necessary disclosures/ reporting under any other legal or regulatory requirement as may be required by our Company from time to time; and

(i) The allotment of NCDs will be done on a first come, first serve basis. On the successful allotment of the NCDs, the issue proceeds will be released to the issuer to use in pursuance of the objects specified in this Draft Prospectus.

(j) Information on consents/ permissions required for creation of further charge on assets is adequately disclosed in this Draft Prospectus.

(k) All disclosures made in this Draft Prospectus with respect to creation of security are in conformity with the clauses of Debenture Trustee Agreement.

(l) The Company undertaking that the assets on which the charge or security is proposed to be created to meet the hundred percent security cover or higher security cover and the permissions or consent to create any further charge on the assets has been obtained from the existing creditors to whom the assets are charged, prior to creation of the charge.

(m) All covenants proposed to be included in debenture trust cum hypothecation deed (including any side letter, accelerated payment clause etc.) will be disclosed in this Draft Prospectus.

KEY REGULATIONS AND POLICIES

The regulations summarised below are not exhaustive and are only intended to provide general information to Investors and are neither designed nor intended to be a substitute for any professional legal advice. Taxation statutes such as the IT Act, GST laws (including CGST, SGST and IGST) and applicable local sales tax statutes, labour regulations such as the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 and the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, and other miscellaneous regulations such as the Trade Marks Act, 1999 and applicable Shops and Establishments statutes apply to us as they do to any other Indian company and therefore have not been detailed below.

The following description is a summary of certain sector specific laws and regulations in India, which are applicable to our Company. The information detailed in this chapter has been obtained from publications available in the public domain. The regulations set out below may not be exhaustive, and are only intended to provide general information to the investors and are neither designed nor intended to substitute for professional legal advice. The statements below are based on the current provisions of the Indian law, and the judicial and administrative interpretations thereof, which are subject to change or modification by subsequent legislative, regulatory, administrative or judicial decisions.

Regulations governing NBFCs

Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

As per the RBI Act, a financial institution has been defined as a company which includes a non-banking institution carrying on as its business or part of its business the financing activities, whether by way of making loans or advances or otherwise, of any activity, other than its own and it is engaged in the activities of loans and advances, acquisition of shares/stock/bonds/debentures/securities issued by the Government of India or other local authorities or other marketable securities of like nature, leasing, hire-purchase, insurance business, chit business but does not include any institution whose principal business is that of carrying out any agricultural or industrial activities or the sale/purchase/construction of immovable property.

As per prescribed law any company that carries on the business of a non-banking financial institution as its 'principal business' is to be treated as an NBFC. The term 'principal businesses has not been defined in any statute, however, RBI has clarified through a press release (Ref. No. 1998-99/1269) issued on April 08, 1999, that in order to identify a particular company as an NBFC, it will consider both the assets and the income pattern as evidenced from the last audited balance sheet of the company to decide a company's principal business. The company will be treated as an NBFC if its financial assets are more than 50 percent of its total assets (netted off by intangible assets) and income from financial assets should be more than 50 percent of the gross income. Both these tests are required to be satisfied in order to determine the principal business of a company.

Every NBFC is required to submit to the RBI a certificate, from its statutory auditor within one month from the date of finalisation of the balance sheet and in any case, not later than December 30 of that year, stating that it is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution requiring it to hold a certificate of registration.

NBFCs are primarily governed by inter alia the RBI Act, the RBI SBR Master Directions, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Governance) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Asset Liability Management) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Prudential Norms on Capital Adequacy) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Credit Facilities) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Credit Risk Management) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Transfer and Distribution of Credit Risk) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Responsible Business Conduct) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of Inda (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Peer to Peer Lending Platform) Directions, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies - Account Aggregator) Directions, 2025, the Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Paper and Non-Convertible Debentures of original or initial maturity up to one year) Directions, 2024, the Reserve Bank of Inda (Non-Banking Financial Companies - Acceptance of Public Deposits) Directions, 2025 as amended, replaced and/or updated from time to time, and all other notifications, directions, guidelines, circulars or press notes, clarifications or letters issued by the RBI from time to time.

Although by definition, NBFCs are permitted to operate in similar sphere of activities as banks, there are a few important and key differences. The most important distinctions are:

- An NBFC cannot accept deposits repayable on demand – in other words, NBFCs can only accept fixed term deposits. Thus, NBFCs are not permitted to issue negotiable instruments, such as cheques which are payable on demand; and

- NBFCs are not allowed to deal in foreign exchange, even if they specifically apply to the RBI for approval in this regard.

Types of NBFCs

Section 45-IA of the RBI Act makes it mandatory for every NBFC to get itself registered with the Reserve Bank in order to be able to commence any of the aforementioned activities. The major regulations governing our Company are detailed below:

Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Registration, Exemption and Framework for Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2025 ("**RBI SBR Master Directions**")

On November 28, 2025, the RBI issued the RBI SBR Master Directions, which is a revised regulatory framework for NBFCs whereby NBFCs have been categorised into following four layers based on their size, activity, and perceived riskiness by the RBI:

i) NBFC- Base Layer ("**NBFC-BL**");
ii) NBFC- Middle Layer ("**NBFC-ML**");
iii) NBFC- Upper layer ("**NBFC-UL**"); and
iv) NBFC- Top Layer ("**NBFC-TL**")

The NBFC- BL comprise of (a) non-deposit taking NBFCs below the asset size of ₹ 1,00,000 lakh and (b) NBFCs undertaking the following activities- (i) NBFC-Peer to Peer Lending Platform (NBFC-P2P), (ii) NBFC-Account Aggregator (NBFC-AA), (iii) Non-Operative Financial Holding Company (NOFHC) and (iv) NBFCs not availing public funds and not having any customer interface.

The NBFC- ML consist of (a) all deposit taking NBFCs ("**NBFC-Ds**"), irrespective of asset size, (b) non-deposit taking NBFCs with asset size of ₹ 1,00,000 lakh and above and (c) NBFCs undertaking the following activities (i) Standalone Primary Dealers (SPDs), (ii) Infrastructure Debt Fund - Non-Banking Financial Companies (IDF-NBFCs), (iii) Core Investment Companies (CICs), (iv) Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) and (v) Infrastructure Finance Companies (NBFC-IFCs).

The NBFC-UL comprise of those NBFCs which are specifically identified by RBI as warranting enhanced regulatory requirement based on a set of parameters and scoring methodology as provided in appendix to RBI SBR Master Directions. The top ten eligible NBFCs in terms of their asset size shall always reside in the upper layer, irrespective of any other factor.

The NBFC-TL will ideally remain empty. This layer can get populated if RBI is of the opinion that there is a substantial increase in the potential systemic risk from specific NBFC-UL. Such NBFCs shall move to the NBFC-TL.

Categorisation of NBFCs carrying out specific activity

i. As the regulatory structure envisages scale based as well as activity-based regulation under the SBR Framework, the following prescriptions shall apply in respect of the NBFCs:

ii. NBFC-P2P, NBFC-AA, NOFHC and NBFCs without public funds and customer interface will always remain in the base layer of the regulatory structure.

iii. NBFC-D, CIC, IFC and HFC will be included in middle layer or the upper layer (and not in the base layer), as the case may be. SPD and IDF-NBFC will always remain in the middle layer.

iv. Government owned NBFCs shall be placed in the base layer or middle layer, as the case maybe.

The remaining NBFCs, viz., NBFC-Investment and Credit Companies (NBFC-ICC), NBFC-Micro Finance Institution (NBFC-MFI), NBFC-Factors and Mortgage Guarantee Companies (NBFC-MGC) could lie in any of the layers of the regulatory structure depending on the parameters of the scale based regulatory framework.

As on the date of filing of this Draft Prospectus, our Company falls under the category of NBFC-ML, as its asset size above 1,00,000 lakhs as per the last unaudited balance sheet as at June 30, 2026

Regulatory Requirements of an NBFC under the RBI Act

Net Owned Fund

The RBI Act, read with an RBI notification dated April 20, 1999, provides that to carry on the business of a NBFC, an entity would have to register as an NBFC with the RBI and would be required to have a minimum net owned fund of ₹ 200 lakh. For this purpose, the RBI Act has defined "*net owned fund*" to mean:

Net Owned Fund - The aggregate of the paid-up equity capital and free reserves as disclosed in the latest balance sheet of the company, after deducting (i) accumulated balance of losses, (ii) deferred revenue expenditure, (iii) deferred tax asset (net); and (iv) other intangible assets; and further reduced by the amounts representing:

(i) investment by such companies in shares of (i) its subsidiaries, (ii) companies in the same group, (iii) other NBFCs; and

(ii) the book value of debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances (including hire purchase and lease finance) made to, and deposits with (i) subsidiaries of such companies; and (ii) companies in the same group, to the extent such amount exceeds 10 per cent of (a) above.

Reserve Fund

In addition to the above, Section 45-IC of the RBI Act requires NBFCs to create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum of not less than 20% of its net profits earned annually, as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss, before declaration of dividend. Such a fund is to be created by every NBFC irrespective of whether it is a ND NBFC or not. Such sum cannot be appropriated by the NBFC except for the purpose as may be specified by the RBI from time to time and every such appropriation is required to be reported to the RBI within 21 days from the date of such appropriation.

NBFC-ML

NBFC-ML shall maintain a minimum capital ratio consisting of Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital which shall not be less than 15 percent of its aggregate risk weighted assets on balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items.

Rating of NBFCs

Pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Miscellaneous) Directions, 2025, dated November 28, 2025, as amended, NBFCs with asset size of ₹100 crore and above shall furnish information about downgrading/upgrading of assigned rating of any financial product issued by them, within fifteen days of such a change in rating, to the Regional Office of the Reserve Bank under whose jurisdiction their registered office is functioning.

Prudential Regulations

The RBI SBR Master Directions, read with the applicable master directions issued by the RBI, inter alia, provide for requirements applicable to NBFC-ML in relation to capital requirement, income recognition, asset classification, provisioning requirements, constitution of audit committee, capital adequacy requirements, concentration credit/ investment and norms relating to gold loans. Further, under the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies - Concentration Risk Management) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, the concentration of credit/ investment norms shall not apply to non-banking financial company not accessing public funds in India, either directly or indirectly, and not issuing guarantees.

Corporate governance norms

As per the RBI SBR Master Directions, read with the applicable master directions issued by the RBI, all NBFC-MLs are required to adhere to certain corporate governance norms, including constitution of an audit committee, a nomination and remuneration committee, an asset liability management committee and risk management committee.

Under the terms of the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies - Governance) Directions, 2025, as amended, following additional corporate governance compliances have been stipulated for NBFC-ML:

(a) *Constitution of Committees* All NBFCs on which Master Directions is applicable are required to constitute the committees mentioned below:

(I) Audit Committee: An NBFC is required to constitute an audit committee consisting of not less than three members of its board of directors. The audit committee constituted by an NBFC as required under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be the audit committee for the purposes of the Master Directions as well, and its powers and functions shall be as provided under Section 177 of the Companies Act.

(II) Nomination and Remuneration Committee: NBFCs are required to constitute a nomination committee to ensure the 'fit and proper' status of proposed or existing directors, which shall have the same powers and functions as the nomination and remuneration committee required to be constituted under Section 178 of the Companies Act.

(b) *Appointment of Chief Risk Officer (CRO)*: With the increasing involvement of NBFCs in direct credit intermediation, they must enhance their risk management practices. While NBFC boards should aim to adhere to optimal risk management standards, NBFCs categorized as NBFC-ICC, NBFC-IFC, NBFC-MFI, NBFC-Factors, and IDF-NBFC, having an asset size exceeding ₹ 5,00,000 lakh, must appoint a Chief Risk Officer ("**CRO**") with well-defined roles and responsibilities. The CRO must operate independently to uphold the highest standards of risk management.

(c) *'Fit and Proper Criteria' for Directors:* Applicable NBFCs must (a) ensure that a board-approved policy is put in place to determine directors' fit and proper criteria at the time of appointment, and on a continuing basis in accordance with the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies - Governance) Directions, 2025; (b) procure a declaration and undertaking from directors, using the format outlined in Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies - Governance) Directions, 2025; (c) secure a deed of covenant signed by the Directors, adhering to the format specified in Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies - Governance) Directions, 2025; and (d) furnish to the RBI a quarterly statement on change of directors, accompanied by a certification from the managing director that 'fit and proper criteria' in selection of the directors has been followed. This statement should be submitted to the RBI's Department of Non-Banking Supervision regional office, within 15 days after each quarter's end. The auditors must certify the statement for the quarter ending March 31.

(d) *Key Managerial Personnel:* Except for directorship in a subsidiary, Key Managerial Personnel ("**KMP**") must not hold any office, including directorships, in any other NBFC-ML or NBFC-UL. It is clarified that they are allowed to take on directorship roles in NBFC-BL.

(e) *Independent Director*: Within the allowable limits per the Companies Act, 2013, an independent director may not serve on more than three NBFCs (NBFC-ML or NBFC-UL) simultaneously. The NBFC's board must ensure that no conflict of interest arises from their concurrent positions on other NBFC boards. No restrictions on directorship for NBFC-BLs exist, subject to relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(f) *Compensation Guidelines*: To tackle problems stemming from excessive risk-taking due to poorly aligned compensation packages, NBFCs must put in place a board-approved compensation policy. The guidelines must, at a minimum, encompass i) the constitution of a remuneration committee, ii) criteria for fixed/variable pay structures, and iii) malus/clawback provisions. The nomination and remuneration committee must verify the absence of any conflict of interest.

(g) *Guidelines on Corporate Governance:* NBFCs shall frame their internal guidelines on corporate governance with the approval of the Board of Directors, enhancing the scope of the guidelines without sacrificing the spirit underlying the guidelines in Chapter IV of the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies - Governance) Directions, 2025; and it shall be published on the company's website, if any, for the information of various stakeholders.

Provisioning Requirements

Under the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, every NBFC (except microfinance loans of NBFC-MFIs), after taking into account time lag between an account becoming non-performing, its recognition as such, the realisation of the security and the erosion over time in the value of security charged, make provision against sub-standard assets, doubtful assets and loss assets.

In the interests of counter cyclicality and so as to ensure that NBFCs create a financial buffer to protect them from the effect of economic downturns, all NBFCs (except NBFC-UL) make provision for standard assets at 0.40 per cent of the outstanding, which shall not be reckoned for arriving at net NPAs. The provision towards standard assets need not be netted from gross advances but shall be shown separately as 'Contingent Provisions against Standard Assets' in the balance sheet.

Capital Adequacy Norms

Under the terms of Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Prudential Norms on Capital Adequacy) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, NBFCs primarily engaged in lending against gold jewellery (such loans comprising 50 per cent or more of their financial assets) shall maintain a minimum Tier l capital of 12 percent of aggregate risk weighted assets of on-balance sheet and of risk adjusted value of off-balance sheet items.

“Tier 1 Capital” for NBFCs (except NBFCs-BL) is the sum of:

(i) Owned fund as reduced by investment in shares of other NBFCs and in shares, debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances including hire purchase and lease finance made to and deposits with subsidiaries and companies in the same group exceeding, in aggregate, ten percent of the owned fund; and

(ii) Perpetual debt instruments issued by a non-deposit taking NBFCs in each year to the extent it does not exceed 15 percent of the aggregate Tier 1 capital of such company as on March 31 of the previous accounting year.

Owned Funds, are defined as aggregate of paid up equity capital, preference shares which are compulsorily convertible into equity, free reserves, balance in share premium account and capital reserves representing surplus arising out of sale proceeds of asset, excluding reserves created by revaluation of asset, as reduced by accumulated loss balance, book value of intangible assets and deferred revenue expenditure, if any.

Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP)

Under the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Prudential Norms on Capital Adequacy) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, NBFC-ML and NBFC-UL are required to make a thorough internal assessment of the need for capital, commensurate with the risks in their business. The internal assessment shall be on similar lines as ICAAP prescribed for commercial banks under Pillar 2 under Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Banks - Prudential Norms on Capital Adequacy) Directions, 2025. While Pillar 2 capital will not be insisted upon, however, NBFCs are required to make a realistic assessment of risks. Internal capital assessment shall factor in credit risk, market risk, operational risk and all other residual risks as per methodology to be determined internally. The methodology for internal assessment of capital shall be proportionate to the scale and complexity of operations as per the NBFCs board approved policy. The objective of ICAAP is to ensure availability of adequate capital to support all risks in business as also to encourage NBFCs to develop and use better internal risk management techniques for monitoring and managing of the risks.

Hybrid debt means, capital instrument, which possess certain characteristics of equity as well as debt.

Subordinated debt means a fully paid up capital instrument, which is unsecured and is subordinated to the claims of other creditors and is free from restrictive clauses and is not redeemable at the instance of the holder or without the consent of the supervisory authority of the NBFC. The book value of such instrument is subjected to discounting as prescribed.

Concentration of credit/ investment (except NBFC-UL)

(i) NBFCs (except NBFC-IFC) shall not have exposure (credit/investment taken together) exceeding (a) twenty-five percent of its Tier 1 capital to a single party; and (b) forty percent of its Tier 1 capital to a single group of parties, provided that an NBFC may exceed the exposure norm specified above, by 5 percent for any single party and by 10 percent for a single group of parties, if the additional exposure is on account of infrastructure loan and/or investment.

(ii) The ceiling on the investment in shares of another company shall not be applicable to an NBFC in respect of investment in the equity capital of an insurance company up to the extent specifically permitted, in writing, by the RBI;

(iii) Exposure norms shall not apply to any NBFC not accessing public funds in India, either directly or indirectly and not issuing guarantees. The exposure norms shall also not apply to (i) investments of NBFC in shares of (a) its subsidiaries; (b) companies in the same group, to the extent they have been reduced from Owned Funds for the calculation of NOF and (ii) the book value of debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances (including hirepurchase and lease finance) made to, and deposits with (a) subsidiaries of the NBFC; and (b) companies in the same group, to the extent they have been reduced from Owned Funds for the calculation of NOF; and

(iv) NBFCs shall formulate a policy in respect of exposures to a single party/a single group of parties.

Asset Classification

The Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, require that every NBFC shall, after taking into account the degree of well defined credit weaknesses and extent of dependence on collateral security for realisation, classify its lease/hire purchase assets, loans and advances and any other forms of credit into the following classes:

- Standard assets;
- Sub-standard Assets;
- Doubtful Assets; and
- Loss assets

Further, such class of assets would not be entitled to be upgraded merely as a result of rescheduling, unless it satisfies the conditions required for such upgradation as laid out in the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Resolution of Stressed Assets) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025. At present every NBFC is required to make a provision for standard assets at 0.40 per cent.

Standard Assets

The asset in respect of which, no default in repayment of principal or payment of interest is perceived and which does not disclose any problem or carry more than normal risk attached to the business.

Sub-standard Assets

Assets which have been classified as non-performing asset for a period not exceeding 12 months; or assets where the terms of the agreement regarding interest and/or principal have been renegotiated or rescheduled or restructured after commencement of operations, until the expiry of one year of satisfactory performance under the renegotiated or rescheduled or restructured terms.

Doubtful Assets

Assets such as term loans, lease asset, a hire purchase asset or any other asset which remains a sub-standard asset for a period exceeding 12 months.

Loss Assets

An asset which has been identified as loss asset by the NBFC or its internal or external auditor by the RBI during the inspection of the NBFC, to the extent it is not written of by the NBFC and an asset which is adversely affected by a potential threat of non-recoverability due to either erosion in the value of security or non-availability of security or due to any fraudulent act or omission on the part of the borrower.

Non-Performing Asset (NPA)

Non-performing assets shall mean:

(i) assets in respect of which interest has remained overdue for a period of more than 90 days.

(ii) a term loan inclusive of unpaid interest when the instalment is overdue for a period of more than 90 days or on which interest amount remained overdue for a period of more than 90 days.

(iii) a demand or call loan, which remained overdue for a period of more than 90 days from the date of demand or call or on which interest amount remained overdue for a period of more than 90 days.

(iv) a bill which remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days

(v) the interest in respect of a debt or the income on receivables under the head 'other current assets' in the nature of short-term loans/advances, which facility remained overdue for a period of more than 90 days.

(vi) any dues on account of sale of assets or services rendered or reimbursement of expenses incurred, which remained overdue for a period of more than 90 days.

(vii) the lease rental and hire purchase instalment, which has become overdue for a period of more than 90 days

(viii) in respect of loans, advances and other credit facilities (including bills purchased and discounted), the balance outstanding under the credit facilities (including accrued interest) made available to the same borrower/beneficiary when any of the above credit facilities becomes non-performing asset.

Provided that in case of lease and hire purchase transactions, an NBFC shall classify each such account on the basis of its record of recovery.

Other stipulations

The board of directors of NBFCs granting/intending to grant demand/call loans shall frame a policy and implement the same. Such policies shall include provisions on the cut-off date for recalling the loans, the rate of interest, periodicity of such interest and periodical reviews of such performance.

Maintenance of liquid assets

Under the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Asset Liability Management) Directions, 2025, all non-deposit taking NBFCs with an asset size of ₹10,000 lakh and above (as per their last audited balance sheet), core investment companies and all deposit taking NBFCs (except Type I NBFCs, Non-Operating Financial Holding Company and Standalone Primary Dealer) are required to comply with the RBI Guidelines on Liquidity Risk Management Framework ("**LRM Framework**"). The LRM Framework provide that the applicable NBFCs should ensure sound and robust liquidity risk management system, the board of directors of the NBFC shall frame a liquidity risk management framework which ensures that it maintains sufficient liquidity, including a cushion of unencumbered, high quality liquid assets to withstand a range of stress events, including those involving the loss or impairment of both unsecured and secured funding sources. The liquidity risk management policy should spell out the entity-level liquidity risk tolerance; funding strategies; prudential limits; system for measuring, assessing and reporting/ reviewing liquidity; framework for stress testing; liquidity planning under alternative scenarios/formal contingent funding plan; nature and frequency of management reporting; periodical review of assumptions used in liquidity projection; etc. The LRM Framework inter alia, deal with: (i) liquidity risk management policy, strategies and practices; (ii) management information system; (iii) internal controls; (iv) maturity profiling; (v) liquidity risk measurement – stock approach; (vi) currency risk; (vii) managing interest rate risk; and (viii) liquidity risk monitoring tools.

The NBFC shall constitute risk management committee ("**RMC**") either at the Board or executive level. The RMC shall be responsible for evaluating the overall risks faced by the NBFC including liquidity risk and shall report to the Board. Further, applicable NBFCs have to constitute asset liability management committee ("**ALCO**") consisting of the NBFC's top management shall be responsible for ensuring adherence to the risk tolerance/limits set by the board of directors as well as implementing the liquidity risk management strategy of the NBFC. The CEO/ MD or the Executive Director should head the Committee. The role of the ALCO with respect to liquidity risk should include, inter alia, decision on desired maturity profile and mix of incremental assets and liabilities, sale of assets as a source of funding, the structure, responsibilities and controls for managing liquidity risk, and overseeing the liquidity positions of all branches.

In addition to RMC and ALCO, applicable NBFCs shall constitute asset liability management support group ("**ALM Support Group**"). ALM Support Group consist of the operating staff responsible for analysing, monitoring and reporting the liquidity risk profile to the ALCO.

In addition to the guidelines prescribed under the LRM Framework, all non-deposit taking NBFCs with an asset size of ₹ 5,00,000 lakh and above (except Core Investment Companies, Type I NBFCs, Non-Operating Financial Holding Companies and Standalone Primary Dealers) and all deposit taking NBFCs irrespective of asset size shall adhere to the Liquidity Coverage Ratio Guidelines ("**LCR Guidelines**"). Under the LCR Guidelines, applicable NBFCs are required to maintain a minimum liquidity coverage ratio of 100% on an ongoing basis, such that the stock of high-quality liquid assets ("**HQLA**") at all times equals or exceeds total net cash outflows over a 30-day liquidity stress scenario. However, an NBFC may utilise its stock of HQLA during a period of financial stress,

which may result in its liquidity coverage ratio falling below the 100% threshold. In such circumstances, the NBFC must immediately report the drawdown of HQLA to the Department of Supervision, RBI, along with the reasons for such utilisation and the corrective measures initiated to restore compliance.

Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Managing Risks in Outsourcing) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025

With a view to put in place necessary safeguards applicable to outsourcing of activities by NBFCs, the RBI has issued Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Managing Risks in Outsourcing) Directions, 2025 ("**Risk Management Directions**"). The Risk Management Directions specify that core management functions including Internal Audit, strategic and compliance functions, and decision-making functions such as determining compliance with KYC norms for opening deposit accounts, giving sanction for loans (including retail loans) and management of investment portfolio shall not be outsourced by NBFCs. Further, the Risk Management Directions specify that the outsourcing of any activity by an NBFC shall not diminish its obligations including to its customers and RBI, and those of its Board and senior management, who have the ultimate responsibility for the outsourced activity.

Master Direction - Know Your Customer ("KYC") Directions, 2025 (updated as on December 29, 2025), as amended ("RBI KYC Directions")

The RBI KYC Directions are applicable to every entity regulated by the RBI, specifically, scheduled commercial banks, regional rural banks, local area banks, primary (urban) co-operative banks, state and central co-operative banks, all India financial institutions, NBFCs, miscellaneous non-banking companies and residuary non-banking companies, amongst others. In terms of the RBI KYC Directions, every entity regulated thereunder is required to formulate a KYC policy which is duly approved by the board of directors of such entity or a duly constituted committee thereof. The KYC policy formulated in terms of the RBI KYC Directions is required to include four key elements, being customer acceptance policy, risk management, customer identification procedures and monitoring of transactions. It is advised that all NBFC'S adopt the same with suitable modifications depending upon the activity undertaken by them and ensure that a proper policy framework of anti-money laundering measures is put in place. The RBI KYC Directions provide for a simplified procedure for opening accounts by NBFCs. It also provides for an enhanced and simplified due diligence procedure. It has prescribed detailed instructions in relation to, inter alia, the due diligence of customers, record management, and reporting requirements to Financial Intelligence Unit – India. The RBI KYC Directions have also issued instructions on sharing of information while ensuring secrecy and confidentiality of information held by Banks and NBFCs. The regulated entities must also adhere to the reporting requirements under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act and Common Reporting Standards. The RBI KYC Directions also require the regulated entities to ensure compliance with the requirements/obligations under international agreements. The regulated entities must also pay adequate attention to any money-laundering and financing of terrorism threats that may arise from new or developing technologies, and ensure that appropriate KYC procedures issued from time to time are duly applied before introducing new products/services/technologies.

Implementation of Green Initiative of the Government

Under Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Miscellaneous) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, NBFCs shall take proactive steps for increasing the use of electronic payment systems, elimination of post-dated cheques and gradual phase-out of cheques in their day to day business transactions which would result in more cost-effective transactions and faster and accurate settlements.

Accounting Standards & Accounting policies

Under the Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Financial Statements: Presentation and Disclosures) Directions, 2025 dated November 28, 2025, an NBFC shall prepare its balance sheet and profit and loss account, as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013, as on March 31 every year. Whenever an NBFC intends to extend the date of its balance sheet, as per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, it shall take prior approval of the Reserve Bank before approaching the Registrar of Companies for this purpose. Furthermore, an NBFC covered by Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, ("**Ind AS**") shall prepare its financial statements in accordance with Ind AS notified by the Government of India and shall comply with the regulatory guidance specified in the Master Directions. Disclosure requirements for notes to accounts specified in paragraph 11 and paragraph 12 of Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Financial Statements: Presentation and Disclosures) Directions, 2025.

Rule 4 of Ind AS provides that NBFCs whose equity or debt securities are listed or in the process of listing on any stock exchange in India or outside India and having net worth of less than ₹50,000 lakh shall comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) for accounting periods beginning from April 1, 2023 onwards with comparatives for the periods ending on March 31, 2023 or thereafter. Other NBFCs shall comply with the requirements of Accounting Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021, as amended from time to time, in so far as they are not inconsistent with any of Directions / Guidelines issued by RBI. Accordingly, Ind AS is applicable to our Company with effect from April 1, 2023.

Master Directions on Fraud Risk Management in Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) (including Housing Finance Companies) dated July 15, 2024.

On July 15, 2024, the RBI issued the revised Master Directions on Fraud Risk Management in NBFCs (including Housing Finance Companies) ("**Fraud Directions**") superseding the erstwhile Master Directions on Monitoring of Frauds in NBFCs (Reserve Bank), Directions, 2016. Under the Fraud Directions, NBFCs classified as NBFC-BL, NBFC-ML and NBFC-UL shall put in place a board approved policy on fraud risk management delineating roles and responsibilities of board and senior management of the NBFCs. NBFCs are required to report all instances of fraud to the RBI or the National Housing Bank through fraud monitoring returns portal within 14 (fourteen) days of classifying an incident or account as fraudulent. Furthermore, all attempted and successful instances of theft, burglary, dacoity, and robbery must be reported to the fraud monitoring group of the RBI within 7 (seven) days of occurrence. NBFCs must also report all incidents of fraud immediately to appropriate law enforcement agencies through a nodal point or designated officer of such NBFC.

Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

The Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 requires auditors of all NBFCs to furnish, in addition to the statutory audit report, a separate detailed report to the Board on regulatory compliance. This report must cover the NBFC's eligibility and continued entitlement to hold a certificate of registration, adherence to the principal business criteria, net owned fund requirements, prudential norms, and—where applicable—compliance relating to public deposits, credit ratings, capital adequacy, liquid asset maintenance, and statutory return submissions. Different categories of NBFCs (deposit-taking, non-deposit taking, systemically important, MFIs, and those exempt from certificate of registration) have tailored reporting requirements under this framework. Where an auditor issues an unfavourable or qualified opinion on any prescribed item, they must state the reasons in their report to the Board and, crucially, submit an exception report directly to RBI's regional office detailing the specific contraventions of the RBI Act or applicable NBFC master directions.

Master Direction- Non-Banking Financial Company Returns (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016

All NBFCs are required to put in place a reporting system for filing various returns with the RBI. An NBFC-ML is required to file on a quarterly basis a return on important financial parameters, including components of assets and liabilities, profit and loss account, exposure to sensitive sectors etc., NBS-7 on prudential norms on a quarterly basis, multiple returns on asset-liability management to address concerns regarding inter alia asset liability mismatches and interest rate risk, quarterly report on branch information, and CRILC on a quarterly basis as well as all SMA-2 accounts to facilitate early recognition of financial distress, prompt steps for resolution and fair recovery for lenders.

Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Filing of Supervisory Returns) Directions, 2024 dated February 27, 2024

In order to ensure adherence to the regulatory framework by non-deposit taking NBFC-MLs, the RBI has directed such NBFCs to put in place a system for submission of an annual statement of capital funds, and risk asset ratio, etc. as at the end of March every year, in a prescribed format. Every NBFC is required to submit to the RBI a certificate, from its statutory auditor within 5 working days from the date of signing of the auditor's report in terms of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, but not later than December 31 of same year, in any case, based on audited books of accounts of the applicable entity for the preceding financial year, together with such other submissions/returns to the RBI as specified in the Master Direction - Reserve Bank of lndia (Filing of Supervisory Returns) Directions, 2024, as amended and any other related rules, regulations, directions, circulars.

The said master directions are applicable on supervised entities which includes all NBFCs except for HFCs and asset reconstruction companies. The said master direction prescribes for provisions in relation to responsibilities of the board and senior management, data architecture and IT infrastructure, accuracy and integrity in reporting, applicable returns, a general description of returns, timelines for return submissions, alternate timelines for submission of select returns, mode of submission of returns along with details of online portals for submission of returns by supervised entities

Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Paper and Non-Convertible Debentures of original or initial maturity upto one year) Directions, 2024

The said master direction issued by RBI on January 3, 2024 are applicable on all persons/agencies dealing in commercial paper and/or non-convertible debentures of original or initial maturity up to one year and the same have been made effective from April 01, 2024. The eligible issuers under the said master directions include NBFCs. The issuance under these directions is subject to condition that all fund-based facilities availed, if any, by the eligible issuer from banks/ all India financial institutions/ NBFCs are classified as 'standard' at the time of issue. The said master direction provides for, among other provisions, a list of eligible investors, general guidelines (in relation to primary issuance, discount / coupon rate, credit enhancement, end-use of funds, rating requirement, primary and secondary market related conditions, buyback, repayment, default, market timing and practices), reporting requirements, roles and responsibilities of (a) issuing and paying agent, (b) debenture trustee, and (c) credit rating agency. Further, it has been stated that the public deposit directions shall not be applicable to the NBFCs raising funds by issuance of commercial papers in accordance with the aforesaid master directions.

The Reserve Bank – Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (the "Ombudsman Scheme") dated November 12, 2021

The RBI through its 'Statement on Developmental and Regulatory Policies' dated February 5, 2021, proposed the integration of the Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018 with the Banking Ombudsman Scheme, 2006 and the Ombudsman Scheme for Digital Transactions, 2019 under the 'One Nation One Ombudsman' approach for grievance redressal and has done the same through the Ombudsman Scheme effective from November 12, 2021. This is intended to make the process of redressal of grievances easier by enabling the customers of the banks, NBFCs and non-bank issuers of prepaid payment instruments to register their complaints under the integrated scheme, with one centralized reference point. The Ombudsman Scheme was introduced by the RBI with the object of enabling resolution of complaints in respect of certain services rendered by certain categories of NBFCs, to facilitate the satisfaction or settlement of such complaints, and matters connected therewith. The Ombudsman Scheme, inter alia, establishes the office of the ombudsman, specifies the procedure for the redressal of grievances and the mechanism for appeals against the awards passed by the ombudsman.

Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Internal Ombudsman for Regulated Entities) Directions, 2023 dated December 29, 2023

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI), through its circular No. RBI/CEPD/2023-24/108 CEPD.PRD.No.S1228/13.01.019/2023-24 dated December 29, 2023, has issued the Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Internal Ombudsman for Regulated Entities) Directions, 2023 ("Internal Ombudsman Directions"). The Internal Ombudsman Directions mandates all scheduled commercial banks, NBFCs, non-bank system participants and credit information companies to comply with the updated guidelines on the internal ombudsman mechanism. The Internal Ombudsman Directions consolidates and updates the framework applicable to the mechanism governing the appointment of an internal ombudsman and aims to strengthen the internal grievance redress system within Regulated Entities (including NBFCs), thereby ensuring an independent, apex-level authority for consumer grievance redressal. The Internal Ombudsman Directions are applicable to deposit-taking NBFCs with 10 or more branches and non-deposit taking NBFCs with an asset size of ₹ 50 billion and above having public customer interface. The internal ombudsman is required to be appointed based on specific eligibility criteria, including a minimum of 7 (seven) years of experience in relevant fields and not being a former or current employee of the Regulated Entity or its related parties. The Internal Ombudsman Directions also outline the procedural guidelines for complaint redressal by the internal ombudsman, including the formulation of a standard operating procedure (SOP) and the establishment of a fully automated complaints management software for auto-escalation of rejected complaints.

Master Direction on Information Technology Governance, Risk, Controls and Assurance Practices dated

These directions require all NBFC-ML to implement a comprehensive IT governance framework that includes a board-level IT strategy committee and an IT steering committee for oversight. Additionally, a Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) and an Information Security Committee (ISC) must be appointed to manage cyber and information security risks. A critical aspect of this is the implementation of an IT and Information Security Risk Management Framework, which incorporates information security policies, cybersecurity policies, and a cyber crisis management plan. Furthermore, cybersecurity measures like regular Vulnerability Assessments (VA) and Penetration Testing (PT) along with a cyber incident response plan are mandated. The RBI also dictates guidelines for managing IT infrastructure and services, including software, hardware, third-party arrangements, capacity, projects, vendors, and data. Secure access controls with Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) and audit trails are another requirement. To ensure business continuity in case of disruptions, NBFC-MLs must have a Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and Disaster Recovery (DR) policy that is tested regularly. Finally, an IS Audit policy with a separate IS Audit function is necessary to conduct risk-based audits.

Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Managing Risks in Outsourcing) Directions, 2025

On November 28, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") issued the *Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Managing Risks in Outsourcing) Directions, 2025* (**"Outsourcing Directions"),** bringing into force a consolidated and comprehensive regulatory framework governing the outsourcing of financial services and information technology ("IT") services by NBFCs. The Directions apply, in varying degrees, to NBFC-D, NBFC-ICC, NBFC-Factor, NBFC-MFI, NBFC-IFC, IDF-NBFC, HFCs, SPDs, CICs, NBFC-P2P and NBFC-AA, while NBFCs in the Base Layer are exempted from IT-specific provisions. All new IT outsourcing arrangements must comply immediately, while existing IT outsourcing contracts must be aligned with the Directions by April 10, 2026**.**

The framework emphasises that outsourcing does not dilute the obligations of the NBFC, its Board, or Senior Management. NBFCs remain fully responsible for outsourced activities, including the conduct of service providers, confidentiality of customer information, and compliance with all applicable laws and supervisory requirements. Core management functions such as internal audit, strategic decision-making, compliance functions, sanctioning of loans, and portfolio management cannot be outsourced, except within the group subject to strict safeguards. The Directions mandate Board-approved outsourcing policies, comprehensive risk evaluation processes, clearly defined approval authorities, and periodic reviews of all material outsourcing arrangements.

To mitigate outsourcing risks, NBFCs must conduct robust due diligence on service providers, covering financial soundness, operational capacity, security practices, legal and reputational risks, and country-level risks in case of offshore outsourcing. Outsourcing agreements must contain stringent provisions on service standards, confidentiality, data segregation, audit rights for the NBFC and RBI, business continuity planning, contingency arrangements, and clearly defined termination rights. NBFCs must maintain a central inventory of material outsourcing arrangements and subject them to continuous monitoring, annual reviews, and internal/external audits. Any breach of customer confidentiality or security incident must be reported promptly to RBI, and NBFCs remain liable to customers for any resulting loss.

The Directions also establish extensive rules for outsourcing of IT services, which cover IT infrastructure management, application development, cloud services, data centre operations, managed security services, and other critical IT functions. For material IT outsourcing, NBFCs must adopt enhanced controls relating to information security, cyber resilience, segregation of data in multi-tenant environments, storage of data in India (where required), and integration of service-provider logs with the NBFC's Security Operations Centre. Special norms apply to cloud computing, including mandatory risk assessments, governance standards, shared responsibility clarity, identity and access controls, contractual safeguards, and detailed exit strategies to ensure smooth transition and data protection.

Further, outsourcing within a group or conglomerate must preserve an arm's-length relationship, avoid customer confusion, and ensure independent risk management. For offshore outsourcing, NBFCs must ensure that governing laws, access to records, RBI's inspection rights, and data confidentiality requirements are fully enforceable. The Directions also require NBFCs to retain full responsibility for grievance redressal, ensuring that

outsourcing does not affect the rights of customers or the NBFC's accountability. With these Directions, RBI has repealed earlier outsourcing guidelines while preserving rights, liabilities, and regulatory actions initiated under the prior framework

Reserve Bank of India (Commercial Banks – Credit Facilities) Directions, 2025 ("Credit Facilities Directions")

The RBI has issued Credit Facilities Directions laying down the regulatory policy regarding financing of NBFCs by banks. In particular, these guidelines prohibit banks from lending to NBFCs for the financing of certain activities, such as (i) bill discounting or rediscounting, except where such discounting arises from the sale of commercial vehicles and two wheelers or three wheelers, subject to certain conditions; (ii) unsecured loans or inter-corporate deposits by NBFCs to any company; (iii) investments by NBFCs both of current and long term nature, in any company; (iv) all types of loans and advances by NBFCs to their subsidiaries, group companies/ entities; (v) further lending to individuals for the purpose of subscribing to an initial public offer and for purchase of shares from secondary market.

Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Credit Information Reporting) Directions, 2025 dated January 06, 2025

On November 28, 2025, the RBI issued the Master Directions on Credit Information Reporting for credit reporting by regulated entities, including banks, financial institutions, and non-banking financial companies (NBFCs). The RBI mandated that credit information reporting by Credit Information Companies (**CICs**) adhere to standardized data formats to ensure clarity and consistency in the data reported by banks and financial institutions. To protect sensitive credit information, the RBI has outlined guidelines for data confidentiality and security to protect sensitive credit information directing all regulated entities must all the information must processed and stored within India. The Credit Institutions are now required to inform consumers about the reasons for rejecting data correction requests and if the consumer complaint is not resolved within 30 calendar days of filing complainants are entitled to a compensation of ₹100 per calendar day. RBI also sets guidelines stating that Credit Information Companies must also assess the reputation, financial stability, and legal compliance of the third-party entities before sharing data. CICs shall put in place a robust due diligence and control mechanisms while sharing the credit information

Additionally, the Credit Information Reporting Directions mandated that Credit Institutions must submit credit data to CICs on a regular basis, ideally fortnightly, with updates provided by the 7th calendar day of the subsequent reporting period. The Directions has instructed CICs to monitor the submission timelines and report any delays to the RBI's Department of Supervision every six months. The RBI also puts strict provisions for the unauthorized use of credit information by third parties, including subsidiaries and affiliates of the entity holding the data.

Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Credit Facilities) Directions, 2025

On November 28, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India ("**RBI**") issued the *Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Credit Facilities) Directions, 2025* ("**Credit Facilities Directions**") under Sections 45JA, 45L and 45M of the RBI Act, 1934, Section 30A and 32 of the NHB Act, 1987, and Section 6 of the Factoring Regulation Act, 2011. The Directions consolidate and harmonise instructions relating to credit facilities across the NBFC sector. The Directions largely apply across regulatory layers to NBFC-D, NBFC-ICC, NBFC-Factor, NBFC-MFI, NBFC-IFC, IDF-NBFC and HFCs; with specified partial applicability for NBFC-BL without public funds/customer interface, CICs (limited paragraphs), and NBFC-P2P (limited paragraph on DLG reporting). MGCs, NBFC-AAs, SPDs, NOFHCs, and NBFCs without public funds and customer interface are excluded. NBFCs must adopt Board-approved policies covering Digital Lending (including Default Loss Guarantee or "**DLG**"), Lending against Gold/Silver collateral, Microfinance loans, Project Finance, Demand/Call loans, and Housing Finance.

Lending against Gold and Silver Collateral

The operational conduct provisions must be adopted no later than April 1, 2026. Board policies must set single-borrower/portfolio limits, valuation standards, purity standards, LTV ceilings and breach actions, and documentation for PSL classification. Detailed credit assessment is required above ₹2.5 lakh per borrower (for bullet loans, the total amount payable at maturity is considered for this threshold). Renewals/top-ups are allowed

within LTV limits and only if the loan is standard (for bullet loans, post-interest payment). NBFCs cannot finance purchase of gold/silver or financial assets backed by them, and cannot lend against primary gold/silver. Ownership must be established; frequent/multiple loans beyond internal thresholds must be AML-monitored. Bullet consumption loans are capped at 12 months. Aggregate collateral per borrower is capped at 1 kg (gold ornaments), 10 kg (silver ornaments); coins are capped at 50 g (gold) and 500 g (silver). Re-pledging borrower collateral or lending against third-party re-pledged collateral is prohibited. Collateral must be valued at lower of (i) 30-day average closing price for actual purity, or (ii) previous day's closing price, as published by IBJA or a SEBI-regulated commodity exchange; only intrinsic metal value counts (stones/other elements excluded). Where specific purity quotes are unavailable, nearest purity is used with proportional weight adjustment.

LTV caps (consumption loans) are as follows.

- ≤ ₹2.5 lakh: 85%
- > ₹2.5 lakh & ≤ ₹5 lakh: 80%
- > ₹5 lakh: 75%

LTV must be maintained throughout the tenor (for bullet loans, LTV considers the total maturity amount).

Disbursals are generally to the borrower's bank account; KYC and Income-tax provisions (Sections 269SS/269T) must be observed. Multiple concurrent loans require stricter audits; NBFCs must disclose in their balance sheet the percentage of loans against gold and against silver.

Microfinance Loans

A collateral-free loan to a household with annual income up to ₹3,00,000; all collateral-free loans to such low-income households are microfinance loans and cannot be linked to a lien on the borrower's deposit. NBFCs must adopt a Board-approved methodology to assess household income (parameters for profile, income, and expenses are prescribed) and report household income to CICs. Total monthly loan repayment obligations for the household are capped at 50% of monthly household income; where exceeded, existing loans may run off but no new loans may be granted until the cap is met. Repayment periodicity flexibility must be provided; pricing must follow a documented interest-rate model with ceilings and be non-usurious.

Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Responsible Business Conduct) Directions, 2025

On November 28, 2025, the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") issued the *Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Companies – Responsible Business Conduct) Directions, 2025* ("**Responsible Business Conduct Directions**"). Issued under Sections 45JA, 45L and 45M of the RBI Act, 1934, these Directions introduce a uniform, principle-based framework intended to strengthen fair conduct, transparency, and customer protection across the entire NBFC sector. These Directions apply to NBFC-D, NBFC-ICC, NBFC-Factor, NBFC-MFI, NBFC-IFC, IDF-NBFC, and Housing Finance Companies, across all layers of regulation, unless specified otherwise. Certain entities such as Mortgage Guarantee Companies, Core Investment Companies, NBFC-Account Aggregators, Standalone Primary Dealers, and NBFCs without customer interface are excluded. The framework lays down comprehensive norms relating to institutional governance, fair lending practices, consumer protection, transparency in pricing, interest-rate reset mechanisms, pre-payment rules, and detailed conduct requirements for gold and silver collateral loans, microfinance lending, and recovery practices.

NBFCs are required to implement Board-approved policies covering Fair Practices Code, grievance redressal, interest-rate practices, conduct in gold/silver lending, microfinance lending, floating-rate resets, engagement of recovery agents, and Code of Conduct for DSAs/DMAs. The Board must periodically review compliance with these policies and grievance redressal mechanisms. NBFCs with customer interface must follow detailed requirements relating to loan applications, appraisal, sanction, and disbursal. This includes providing loan agreements and all enclosures in a language understood by the borrower, disclosure of penal charges, transparent communication of changes in loan terms, and non-harassment provisions during recovery. For all retail and MSME term loans, NBFCs must provide a standardised, easy-to-understand Key Fact Statement containing the Annual Percentage Rate (APR), amortisation schedule, fees and charges, and all critical loan terms. Fees not mentioned in the KFS cannot be charged later without explicit borrower consent.

The Responsible Business Conduct Directions introduce a comprehensive, standardised framework governing lending against gold and silver, applicable no later than April 1, 2026.

Master Circular - Bank Finance to Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) dated April 01, 2025 ("Bank Finance Circular")

The RBI has issued guidelines vide a master circular bearing number RBI/2025-26/15 DOR.CRE.REC.No.05/21.04.172/2025-26 dated April 01, 2025 ("**Bank Finance Circular**") laying down the regulatory policy regarding financing of NBFCs by banks. In particular, these guidelines prohibit banks from lending to NBFCs for the financing of certain activities, such as (i) bill discounting or rediscounting, except where such discounting arises from the sale of commercial vehicles and two wheelers or three wheelers, subject to certain conditions; (ii) unsecured loans or inter-corporate deposits by NBFCs to any company; (iii) investments by NBFCs both of current and long term nature, in any company; (iv) all types of loans and advances by NBFCs to their subsidiaries, group companies/ entities; (v) further lending to individuals for the purpose of subscribing to an initial public offer and for purchase of shares from secondary market.

The Bank Finance Circular also lays down the following prudential ceilings for exposure of Banks to NBFCs:

i. Banks' exposures to a single NBFC (excluding gold loan companies) will be restricted to 20 percent of their eligible capital base (Tier I capital). However, based on the risk perception, more stringent exposure limits in respect of certain categories of NBFCs may be considered by banks. Banks' exposures to a group of connected NBFCs or group of connected counterparties having NBFCs in the group will be restricted to 25 percent of their Tier I Capital.

ii. The exposure of a bank to a single NBFC which is predominantly engaged in lending against collateral of gold jewellery (i.e. such loans comprising 50 per cent or more of their financial assets), shall not exceed 7.5 per cent of the bank's capital funds (Tier I plus Tier II Capital). However, this exposure ceiling may go up by 5 per cent, i.e., up to 12.5 per cent of banks' capital funds if the additional exposure is on account of funds on-lent by such NBFCs to the infrastructure sector

iii. Banks may also consider fixing internal limits for their aggregate exposure to all NBFCs put together. Banks should have an internal sub-limit on their aggregate exposures to all NBFCs, having gold loans to the extent of 50 per cent or more of their total financial assets, taken together. This sub-limit should be within the internal limit, where fixed by the banks for their aggregate exposure to all NBFCs put together as prescribed

Supervisory Framework

In order to ensure adherence to the regulatory framework by NBFCs-ML, the RBI has directed such NBFCs to put in place a system for submission of an annual statement of capital funds, and risk asset ratio etc. as at the end of March every year, in a prescribed format. This return is to be submitted electronically within a period of three months from the close of every financial year. Further, a NBFC is required to submit a certificate from its statutory auditor that it is engaged in the business of non-banking financial institution with requirement to hold a certificate of registration under the RBI Act. This certificate is required to be submitted within one month of the date of finalisation of the balance sheet and in any other case not later than December 30 of that particular year. Further, in addition to the auditor's report under Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 the auditors are also required to make a separate report to the Board of Directors on certain matters, including correctness of the capital adequacy ratio as disclosed in the return NBS-7 to be filed with the RBI and its compliance with the minimum CRAR, as may be prescribed by the RBI. Where the statement regarding any of the items referred relating to the above, is unfavorable or qualified, or in the opinion of the auditor the company has not complied with the regulations issued by RBI , it shall be the obligation of the auditor to make a report containing the details of such unfavourable or qualified statements and/or about the non-compliance, as the case may be, in respect of the company to the concerned Regional Office of the Department of Non-Banking Supervision of the Bank under whose jurisdiction the registered office of the company is located.

Asset Liability Management

The RBI has prescribed the Guidelines for Asset Liability Management ("**ALM**") System in relation to NBFCs ("**ALM Guidelines**") that are applicable to all NBFCs through a Master Circular on Miscellaneous Instructions to All Non-Banking Financial Companies dated July 1, 2015. As per this Master Circular, the NBFCs (engaged in and classified as equipment leasing, hire purchase finance, loan, investment and residuary non-banking

companies) meeting certain criteria, including, an asset base of ₹ 10,000 lakhs, irrespective of whether they are accepting / holding public deposits or not, or holding public deposits of ₹ 2,000 lakhs or more (irrespective of the asset size) as per their audited balance sheet as of March 31, 2001, are required to put in place an ALM system. The ALM Guidelines mainly address liquidity and interest rate risks. In case of structural liquidity, the negative gap (i.e. where outflows exceed inflows) in the 1 to 30/31 days' time-bucket should not exceed the prudential limit of 15% of cash outflows of each time-bucket and the cumulative gap of up to one year should not exceed 15% of the cumulative cash outflows of up to one year. In case these limits are exceeded, the measures proposed for bringing the gaps within the limit should be shown by a footnote in the relevant statement.

The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993

The Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993 (the "DRT Act") provides for establishment of the Debts Recovery Tribunals (the "**DRTs**") for expeditious adjudication and recovery of debts due to banks and public financial institutions or to a consortium of banks and public financial institutions. Under the DRT Act, the procedures for recovery of debt have been simplified and time frames have been fixed for speedy disposal of cases. The DRT Act lays down the rules for establishment of DRTs, procedure for making application to the DRTs, powers of the DRTs and modes of recovery of debts determined by DRTs. These include attachment and sale of movable and immovable property of the defendant, arrest of the defendant and his detention in prison and appointment of receiver for management of the movable or immovable properties of the defendant.

The DRT Act also provides that a bank or public financial institution having a claim to recover its debt, may join an ongoing proceeding filed by some other bank or public financial institution, against its debtor, at any stage of the proceedings before the final order is passed, by making an application to the DRT.

Anti-Money Laundering

The RBI has issued a Master Circular dated July 1, 2015 to ensure that a proper policy frame work for the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 ("**PMLA**") is put into place. The PMLA seeks to prevent money laundering and provides for confiscation of property derived from, or involved in money laundering and for other matters connected therewith or incidental thereto. It extends to all banking companies, financial institutions, including NBFCs and intermediaries. Pursuant to the provisions of PMLA and the RBI guidelines, all NBFCs are advised to appoint a principal officer for internal reporting of suspicious transactions and cash transactions and to maintain a system of proper record (i) for all cash transactions of value of more than ₹ 10 lakhs; (ii) all series of cash transactions integrally connected to each other which have been valued below ₹ 10 lakhs where such series of transactions have taken place within one month and the aggregate value of such transaction exceeds ₹ 10 lakhs. Further, all NBFCs are required to take appropriate steps to evolve a system for proper maintenance and preservation of account information in a manner that allows data to be retrieved easily and quickly whenever required or when requested by the competent authorities. Further, NBFCs are also required to maintain for at least ten years from the date of transaction between the NBFCs and the client, all necessary records of transactions, both domestic or international, which will permit reconstruction of individual transactions (including the amounts and types of currency involved if any) so as to provide, if necessary, evidence for prosecution of persons involved in criminal activity.

Additionally, NBFCs should ensure that records pertaining to the identification of their customers and their address are obtained while opening the account and during the course of business relationship, and that the same are properly preserved for at least ten years after the business relationship is ended. The identification records and transaction data is to be made available to the competent authorities upon request.

RBI Notification dated December 3, 2015 titled "Anti-Money Laundering (AML)/ Combating of Financing of Terrorism (CFT) – Standards" states that all regulated entities (including NBFCs) are to comply with the updated FATF Public Statement and document 'Improving Global AML/CFT Compliance: on-going process' as on October 23, 2015.

Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 ("SARFAESI")

The SARFAESI Act regulates the securitization and reconstruction of financial assets of banks and financial institutions. The SARFAESI Act provides for measures in relation to enforcement of security interests and rights of the secured creditor in case of default.

The RBI has issued guidelines to banks and financial institutions on the process to be followed for sales of financial assets to asset reconstruction companies. These guidelines provide that a bank or a financial institution or an NBFC may sell financial assets to an asset reconstruction company provided the asset is an NPA. A bank or financial institution or NBFC may sell a financial asset only if the borrower has a consortium or multiple banking arrangements and at least 75% by value of the total loans to the borrower are classified as an NPA and at least 75% by the value of the banks and financial institutions in the consortium or multiple banking arrangement agree to the sale. In addition to the above, a financial asset may be sold by any bank or financial institution where the asset is reported, by the bank financial institution to Central Repository for Information on Large Credit, as an NPA wherein the principal or interest payment is overdue between 61-90 days.

As per the SARFAESI Amendment Act of 2004, the constitutional validity of which was upheld in a recent Supreme Court ruling, non-performing assets have been defined as an asset or account of a borrower, which has been classified by a bank or financial institution as sub-standard, doubtful or loss asset in accordance with directions or guidelines issued by the RBI. In case the bank or financial institution is regulated by a statutory body/authority, NPAs must be classified by such bank in accordance with guidelines issues by such regulatory authority. The RBI has issued guidelines on classification of assets as NPAs. Further, these assets are to be sold on a "without recourse" basis only.

The SARFAESI Act provides for the acquisition of financial assets by Securitization Company or Reconstruction Company from any bank or financial institution on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between them. A securitization company or reconstruction company having regard to the guidelines framed by the RBI may, for the purposes of asset reconstruction, provide for measures such as the proper management of the business of the borrower by change in or takeover of the management of the business of the borrower, the sale or lease of a part or whole of the business of the borrower and certain other measures such as rescheduling of payment of debts payable by the borrower; enforcement of security.

Additionally, under the provisions of the SARFAESI Act, any securitisation company or reconstruction company may act as an agent for any bank or financial institution for the purpose of recovering its dues from the borrower on payment of such fee or charges as may be mutually agreed between the parties.

Various provisions of the SARFAESI Act have been amended by the Enforcement of Security Interest and Recovery of Debt Laws and Miscellaneous Provisions (Amendment) Act, 2016 as also the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (which amended S.13 of SARFAESI). As per this amendment, the Adjudicating Authority under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 shall by order declare moratorium for prohibiting inter alia any action to foreclose, recover or enforce any security interest created by the corporate debtor in respect of its property including any action under the SARFAESI Act.

Further, in accordance with Ministry of Finance notification no. S.O. 856(E) dated February 24, 2020, the eligibility limit for to enforcement of security interest with respect to secured debt recovery by NBFCs (having assets worth ₹ 100 Crores and above) has been reduced from ₹ 1 Crore to ₹ 50 Lakhs.

Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 ("**Bankruptcy Code**") was notified on August 5, 2016. The Bankruptcy Code offers a uniform and comprehensive insolvency legislation encompassing all companies, partnerships and individuals (other than financial firms). It allows creditors to assess the viability of a debtor as a business decision and agree upon a plan for its revival or a speedy liquidation. The Bankruptcy Code creates a new institutional framework, consisting of a regulator, insolvency professionals, information utilities and adjudicatory mechanisms, which will facilitate a formal and time-bound insolvency resolution and liquidation process. RBI vide its circular dated June 7, 2019, laid down the Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stressed Assets whereby prescribing the regulatory approach for resolution of stressed assets interalia by: (i) early recognition and reporting of default by banks, financial institutions and NBFCs in respect of large borrowers; (ii) Affording complete discretion to lenders with regard to design and implementation of resolution plans, in supersession of earlier resolution schemes (S4A, SDR, 5/25 etc.), subject to the specified timeline and independent credit evaluation; (iii) Laying down a system of disincentives in the form of additional provisioning for delay in implementation of resolution plan or initiation of insolvency proceedings; (iv) Withdrawal of asset classification dispensations on restructuring. Future upgrades to be contingent on a meaningful demonstration of satisfactory performance for a reasonable period; and (v) Requiring the mandatory signing of an inter-creditor agreement (ICA) by all lenders, which will provide for a majority decision making criteria. MCA vide notification dated

November 15, 2019, issued the Insolvency and Bankruptcy (Insolvency and Liquidation Proceedings of Financial Service Providers and Application to Adjudicating Authority) Rules, 2019 ("**FSP Rules**") interalia governing the corporate insolvency resolution process and liquidation process of Financial Service Providers (FSPs) under the Bankruptcy Code. The issuance of the FSP Rules has made viable and unified resolution process accessible for the FSPs and their creditors with some procedural differences.

The Insolvency and Bankruptcy (Insolvency and Liquidation Proceedings of Financial Service Providers and Application to Adjudicating Authority) Rules 2019 ("IBC Rules, 2019")

The Code, which regulates the insolvency resolution process for "corporate persons" previously excluded financial service providers from its purview. With the notification of the IBC Rules, 2019, the provisions of the Code will apply to financial service providers as well, which are subject to modifications and additional conditions as set out in the IBC Rules, 2019. Financial service providers are defined to mean persons engaged in the business of providing financial services in terms of authorisation issued or registration granted by a financial sector regulator under the Code. "Financial services" is broadly defined in the Code, and includes, inter alia, services in the nature of acceptance of deposits, administration of assets, underwriting services, advisory services with respect to dealings in financial products, operation of an investment scheme, and maintenance of records of ownership of a financial product. The IBC Rules, 2019, lays down the provisions for setting up an advisory committee, resolution plan and the liquidation process of financial service providers.

Foreign Investment Regulations

Foreign investment in Indian securities is regulated through the Consolidated Foreign Direct Investment ("FDI") Policy and Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 ("FEMA"). The government bodies responsible for granting foreign investment approvals are the concerned ministries/ departments of the Government of India and the RBI. The Union Cabinet has approved phasing out the Foreign Investment Promotion Board, as provided in the press release dated May 24, 2017. Accordingly, pursuant to the office memorandum dated June 5, 2017, issued by the Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, approval of foreign investment under the FDI policy has been entrusted to concerned ministries/departments. Subsequently, the Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion ("DIPP") issued the Standard Operating Procedure for Processing FDI Proposals on June 29, 2017 (the "SOP"). The SOP provides a list of the competent authorities for granting approval for foreign investment for sectors/activities requiring Government approval. For sectors or activities that are currently under automatic route but which required Government approval earlier as per the extant policy during the relevant period, the concerned administrative ministry/department shall act as the competent authority (the "Competent Authority") for the grant of post facto approval of foreign investment. In circumstances where there is a doubt as to which department shall act as the Competent Authority, the DIPP shall identify the Competent Authority. The DIPP has from time to time made policy pronouncements on FDI through press notes and press releases which are notified by RBI as amendment to FEMA. In case of any conflict FEMA prevails.

The Foreign Exchange Management (Debt Instruments) Regulations, 2019 notified by RBI on October 17, 2019, regulate investment in India by a person resident outside India in listed NCDs.

The Consolidated FDI Policy consolidates the policy framework in place as on August 27, 2017. Further, on January 4, 2018, the RBI released the Master Direction on Foreign Investment in India. Under the approval route, prior approval from the relevant ministry and competent authorities, as per the procedure established under the Standard Operating Procedure for Processing FDI Proposals ("**SOP**") dated June 29, 2017 or RBI is required. FDI for the items/activities that cannot be brought in under the automatic route may be brought in through the approval route. Approvals are accorded on the recommendation of the FIPB, which is chaired by the Secretary, DIPP, with the Union Finance Secretary, Commerce Secretary and other key Secretaries of the Government of India as its members. As per the sector specific guidelines of the Government of India, 100 per cent FDI/ Non-Resident Indian ("**NRI**") investments are allowed under the automatic route in certain NBFC activities subject to compliance with guidelines of the RBI in this regard

Shops and Establishments legislations in various states

The provisions of various Shops and Establishments legislations, as applicable, regulate the conditions of work and employment in shops and commercial establishments and generally prescribe obligations in respect of inter-alia registration, opening and closing hours, daily and weekly working hours, holidays, leave, health, termination of services and safety measures and wages for overtime work.

Labour Laws

India has stringent labour related legislations. Our Company is required to comply with certain labour laws, which include the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act 1952*, the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948*, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948*, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965*, Employees' Compensation Act, 1923*, the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972*, Maternity Benefit Act, 1961* and the Payment of Wages Act, 1936*, amongst others*.

**The Government of India implemented the following: Code of Wages, 2019, Code of Social Security, 2020, the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 and the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, through Gazette notifications dated November 21, 2025. Post implementation of such labour codes, collectively they would replace and subsume these legislations. However, in the absence of finalization and enforcement of Central I state rules, schemes, and notifications, the existing legislations have not yet been subsumed. The codes now clarify the substantive standards employers must meet, the procedural details, including registration process, formats for returns, working hour provisions, process for recognition of trade unions, and inspection mechanisms, among other matters, will be shaped by forthcoming state rules.*

In order to rationalize and reform labour laws in India, the Government has enacted the following codes:

i. Code on Wages, 2019, which regulates and amalgamates wage and bonus payments and subsumes four existing laws namely-the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965 and the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 received the assent of the President of India on August 8, 2019. It regulates, inter alia, the minimum wages payable to employees, the manner of payment and calculation of wages and the payment of bonus to employees. Certain provisions of this code relating to inter alia definitions, wage & bonus entitlements, payment timelines, and enforcement have been brought into force by the Ministry of Labour and Employment through a notification dated November 21, 2025, and other provisions of this code will be brought into effect on a date to be notified by the Government of lndia.

ii. Industrial Relations Code, 2020, which consolidates and amends laws relating to trade unions, the conditions of employment in industrial establishments and undertakings, and the investigation and settlement of industrial disputes received the assent of the President of India on September 28, 2020. It received the assent of the President of India on September 28, 2020. All provisions of this code have been brought into effect by the Ministry of Labour and Employment through a notification dated November 21, 2025. It has subsumed the Trade Unions Act, 1926, the Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 and the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

iii. Code on Social Security, 2020, which received the assent of the President oflndia on September 28, 2020. Through its notification dated November 21, 2025, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has brought into effect certain provisions of this code and the remaining provisions of this code will be brought into force on a date to be notified by the Government of India. It amends and consolidates laws relating to social security, and subsumes various social security related legislations, inter alia including the Employee's Compensation Act, 1923, Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948, the Employees' Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 and the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

iv. Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020, received the assent of the President oflndia on September 28, 2020, which amends and subsumes certain existing legislations, including Factories Act, 1948, the Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970, the Inter-State Migrant Workmen (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1979 and the Building and Other Construction Workers (Regulation of Employment and Conditions of Service) Act, 1996. This code provides for, among other things, standard for health, safety and working conditions for employees of establishment and has come into effect on November 21, 2025.

Intellectual Property

Intellectual Property in India enjoys protection under both common law and statute. Under statute, India provides for patent protection under the Patents Act, 1970, copyright protection under the Copyright Act, 1957 and trademark protection under the Trade Marks Act, 1999. The above enactments provide for protection of intellectual property by imposing civil and criminal liability for infringement.

SECTION VIII – SUMMARY OF MAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Capitalised terms used in this section have the meaning that has been given to such terms in the Articles of Association of our Company. In case of any inconsistency between the Articles of Association of our Company and the Companies Act, 1956 and Companies Act, 2013, the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and the Companies Act 2013 shall prevail over the Articles of Association of our Company. Pursuant to Schedule II of the Companies Act, 1956 and the SEBI Regulations, the main provisions of the Articles of Association of our Company are detailed below:

SHARE CAPITAL AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS			
II.	**1.**		Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit.
	2.	**(i)**	Every person whose name is entered as a member in the Register of Members shall be entitled to receive within two months after incorporation , in case of subscribers to the memorandum or after allotment or within one month after the application for registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall be provided,-
		(a)	One certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
		(b)	Several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of twenty rupees for each certificate after the first.
		(c)	Share/ Debenture Certificate shall be issued in marketable lot and where Share/ Debenture Certificates are issued for either more or less than marketable lots, sub-division/ consolidation in to marketable lots shall be done free of charge
		(ii)	Every certificate shall be under the seal and shall specify the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon.
		(iii)	In respect of any share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders.
	3.	**(i)**	If any share certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new certificate may be issued in lie thereof, and if any certificate is lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Company and on execution of such indemnity as the Company deem adequate, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given. Every certificate under this Article shall be issued on payment of twenty rupees for each certificate.
		(ii)	The provisions of Article (2) and (3) mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the Company.
	4.		Except as required by law, no person shall be recognized by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.
	5.	**(i)**	The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by sub-section (6) of Section 40, provided that the rate percent or the amount of commission paid or

			agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by that section and rules made thereunder.
		(ii)	The rate or the amount of commission shall not exceed the rate or amount prescribed in the rules made under sub- section (6) of section40.
		(iii)	The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
	6.	**(i)**	If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of section 48, and whether or not is being wound up , be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of three- fourths of the issued shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class.
		(ii)	To every such separate meeting, the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be at least two persons holding at least one-third of the issued shares of the class in question.
	7.		The rights conferred upon the holders of shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of shares of that class, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking pari passu therewith.
	8.		Subject to provisions of section 55, any preference shares may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution, be issued on the terms that are to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the company before the issue of the shares may, any special resolution, determine.
			<u>*DEMATERIALISATION OF SECURITIES</u>
	9.		Notwithstanding anything contained herein and subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company shall be entitled to admit its shares, debentures and other securities for dematerialisation pursuant to the provisions of the Depositories Act or any other law applicable and to offer its shares, debentures and other securities for subscription in a dematerialised form.
	10.		Notwithstanding anything to contrary contained in the Act or these Articles, a depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purposes of effecting transfer of ownership of securities of the Company on behalf of the beneficial owner.
	11.		Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as the beneficial owner in the records of the depository shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the Liabilities in respect of the securities which are held by a depository and shall be deemed to be a Member of the Company.
	12.		Nothing contained in Section 56 of the Act or these Articles shall apply to a transfer of securities effected by transferor and transferee both of whom are entered as beneficial owners in the records of a depository.
			<u>LIEN</u>
	13.	**(i)**	The Company shall have a first and paramount lien-
		(a)	on every share (not being a fully paid share), for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called, or payable at a fixed time, in respect of that share; and
		(b)	on all shares (not being fully paid shares) standing registered in the name of a single person, for all monies presently payable by him or his estate to the company;

			PROVIDED the Board of Directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this clause. ***Inserted vide special resolution at the EGM of the company dated 19th December 2018***
		(ii)	The Company's lien, if any, on a share shall extend to all dividends payable and bonuses declared from time to time in respect of such shares.
	14.		The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien. PROVIDED no sale shall be made-
		(a)	unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or
		(b)	until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency.
	15.	**(i)**	To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof;
		(ii)	The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of shares comprised in any such transfer.
		(iii)	The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
	16.	**(i)**	The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the company and applied in payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists and is presently payable.
		(ii)	The residue, if any, shall, subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale, be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.
CALLS ON SHARES			
	17	**(i)**	The Board may, from time to time, make calls upon the members in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times: PROVIDED that no call shall exceed one- fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for the payment of the last preceding call.
		(ii)	Each member shall, subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment, pay to the company, at the time or times and place so specified, the amount called on his shares.
		(iii)	The call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.
	18		A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorizing the call was passed and may be required to be paid by installments.

	19		The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
	20	**(i)**	If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest thereon from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at ten percent per annum or at such lower rate , if any, as the Board may determine.
		(ii)	The Board shall be at the liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part
	21	**(i)**	Any sum by which the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall, for the purposes of these regulations, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by terms of issue such sum becomes payable.
		(ii)	In case of non –payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these regulations as to the payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as is such sum had become payable by virtue o a call duly made and notified.
	22		The Board-
		(a)	may, if thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares; and
		(b)	upon all or any of the monies so advanced, any (until the same would, but for such advance, become presently payable) pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, twelve percent per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Board and the member paying the sum in advance.
TRANSFER OF SHARES			
	23	**(i)**	The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
		(ii)	The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.
	24		The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by Section 58 decline to register-
		(a)	the transfer of a share, not being a fully paid share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
		(b)	The transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.
	25		The Board may decline to recognize any instrument of transfer unless-
		(a)	the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in the rules made under sub-section (1) of Section 56;
		(b)	the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
		(c)	the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.

	26		On giving less than seven days' previous notice in accordance with Section 91 and rules made thereunder, the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine. PROVIDED that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days at any one time or for more than forty-five days in the aggregate in any year.
			TRANSMISSION OF SHARES
	27	**(i)**	On the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the member was a joint holder, and his nominee or nominees or legal representatives where he was a sole holder, shall be the only persons recognized by the company as having any title to the interest in the shares.
		(ii)	Noting in clause (i) shall release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.
	28	**(i)**	Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either-
		(a)	to be registered himself as holder of the share; or
		(b)	to make such transfer of shares as the deceased or insolvent member could have made.
		(ii)	The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.
	29	**(i)**	If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
		(ii)	If the person aforesaid shall elect to transfer the share, he shall testify his election by executing a transfer of the share.
		(iii)	All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these regulations relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.
	30		A person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or insolvency of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to the meetings of the company. PROVIDED that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.
			FORFEITURE OF SHARES
	31		If a member fails to pay any call, or instalment of a call, on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalments remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued.

	32		The notice aforesaid shall-
		(a)	name a further day (not being earlier than the expiry of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made; and
		(b)	state that, in the event of non-payment on or before the day so named, the shares in respect of which the call was made shall be liable to be forfeited.
	33		If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may, at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect.
	34	**(i)**	A forfeited share may be sold or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit.
		(ii)	At any time before a sale or disposal as aforesaid, the Board may cancel the forfeiture on such terms as it thinks fit.
	35	**(i)**	A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay to the company all monies which, at the date of forfeiture, were presently payable by him to the company in respect of the shares.
		(ii)	The liability of such person shall cease if and when the company shall have received the payment in full of all such monies in respect of the shares.
	36	**(i)**	A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a director, the manager or the secretary, of the company, and that a share in the company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share.
		(ii)	The company may received the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favor of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of;
		(iii)	The transferee shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share; and
		(iv)	The transferee shall not be bound to see the application of the purchase money, if any, nor his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
	37		The provisions of these regulation as to forfeiture shall apply in case of non- payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
ALTERATION OF CAPITAL			
	38		The company may, from time to time, by ordinary resolution, increase the share capital by such sum, to be divided into shares of such amount, as may be specified in the resolution.
	39		Subject to the provisions of Section 61, the Company may, by ordinary resolution-

		(a)	consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
		(b)	convert all or any its fully paid-up shares into stock, reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination.
		(c)	sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum
		(d)	cancel any shares which, at the date of passing of resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person.
	40		Where shares are converted into stock-
		(a)	the holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as, and subject to the same regulation under which, the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit: PROVIDED that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so, however, that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.
		(b)	the holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the company, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in the dividends and profits of the company and in the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.
	41		The Company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorized and consent required by law-
		(a)	its share capital
		(b)	any capital redemption reserve account; or
		(c)	any share premium account
<u>CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS</u>			
	42	**(i)**	The company in general meeting nay, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve-
		(a)	that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the profit and loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
		(b)	that such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (ii) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
		(ii)	The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, subject to the provisions contained in clause (iii), either in or towards-
		(A)	Paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
		(B)	Paying up in full, unissued shares of the company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid-up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid;

		(C)	Partly in way specified in sub-clause (A) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (B)
		(D)	A securities premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, for the purpose of this regulation, be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to the members of the company as fully paid bonus shares
		(E)	The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the company in pursuance of this regulation.
	43	**(i)**	Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall-
		(a)	make appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, if any; and
		(b)	to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid-up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or as the case may require, for the payment by the company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of profits resolved to be capitalized, of the amount or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares.
		(iii)	Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on such members.
BUY-BACK OF SHARES			
	44		Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to the provisions of section 68 to 70 and any other applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the company may purchase its own shares or other specified securities.
GENERAL MEETINGS			
	45		All general meeting other than Annual General Meeting shall be called Extraordinary General Meeting.
	46	**(i)**	The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, call an extraordinary general meeting.
		(ii)	If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the Company may call an Extraordinary General Meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.
	47	**(i)**	A general meeting called Annual General Meeting shall be held at least once in each year pursuant to section 96 and shall specify the meeting as such in the notice calling it and not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting of the company and that of the next.
		(ii)	Every Annual General Meeting shall be called during the business hours on any day that is not a National Holiday and shall be held either at the Registered Office of the company or some other place within the city, town or village in which the Registered Office of the company is situated.
NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETING			

	48	**(i)**	Pursuant to provisions of section 101 a general meeting of the company may be called by giving not less than clear twenty-one days' notice either in writing or through electronic mode.
		(ii)	A general meeting may be called after giving a shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than ninety five percent of the members entitled to vote at such meeting.
		(iii)	The notice shall specify the place, date, day and of the hour of the meeting shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted at such meeting
		(iv)	Any accidental omission to give notice to, or the non- receipt of such notice by, any member or other person who is entitled to such notice for any meeting shall not invalidate the proceedings of the meeting.
		(v)	In the light of section 102, a statement setting out the material facts concerning each item of the special business to be transacted at the general meeting shall be annexed to the notice calling such meeting.
PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETING			
	49	**(i)**	No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at any time when the meeting proceeds to business.
		(ii)	Save as otherwise provided herein, the quorum for the general meetings shall be as provided in section 103 i.e. five members to be present in person (who are qualified to vote) shall be the quorum of the meeting.
	50		The Chairman of the Board shall preside as the Chairperson at every general meeting of the company.
	51		If the Chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present shall elect one of their members to be the Chairperson of the meeting.
	52		If at any meeting no director is willing to act as Chairperson or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their members to be the Chairperson of the meeting.
ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING			
	53	**(i)**	If the quorum is not present within half an hour from the appointed time for holding the meeting of the company, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such other date and such other time and place as the Board may determine.
		(ii)	No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
		(iii)	When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
		(iv)	Save as aforesaid and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
		(v)	If at the adjourned meeting also, a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding meeting, the members present shall be the quorum.

			VOTING RIGHTS
	54		Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class of classes of shares-
		(a)	On a show of hands, every member present in person shall have one vote; and
		(b)	On a poll, the voting rights of members shall be in proportion to his shares in the paid-up equity share capital of the company
	55	**(i)**	In case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders.
		(ii)	For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.
	56		A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunancy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or legal guardian, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.
	57		Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with, pending the taking of the poll.
	58		No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the company have been paid.
	59	**(i)**	No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes.
		(ii)	Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
			PROXY
	60		The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the Registered Office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
	61		An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the rules made under section 105.
	62		A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of shares in respect of which the proxy is given: PROVIDED that no intimation in writing of such death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting which the proxy is used.
			CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

	63		The company may close the Register of Members or Register of Debenture holders or of other security holders for any period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year, but not exceeding thirty days at any one time, subject to giving of previous notice of at least seven days through an advertisement in a vernacular newspaper in the principal vernacular language of the district where the Registered Office is situated and in English language in an English newspaper where the Registered Office is situated and publish the same on the website of the company.
			BOARD OF DIRECTORS
	64		The number of directors and the name of the first directors shall be determined n writing by the subscribers to the memorandum or a majority of them.
	65	**(i)**	The remuneration of the directors shall be determined and recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the company within the limits laid down in section 197 of the Act.
		(ii)	The remuneration of the directors shall, insofar as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day.
		(iii)	In addition to the remuneration payable to them in pursuance of the Act, the directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them-
		(a)	In attending and returning from meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or general meetings of the company:
		(b)	In connection with the business of the company.
		(iv)	Every director shall be entitled to paid out of the funds of the company by way of fee for attending meetings of the Board or Committee thereof or for any other purpose whatsoever s may be decided by the Board in light of Section 197 of the Act.
	66		Until otherwise determined by the company in general meeting and subject to section 149 of the Act, the number of directors of the company shall not be less than three and shall not be more than fifteen.
	67		The company may exercise the powers conferred on it by section 88 with regard to keeping of foreign registers; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of that section) make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.
	68		All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundis, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts of monies paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person and such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine.
	69		Every director present at any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof shall sign his name in a book to be kept for that purpose.
			ADDITIONAL DIRECTORS
	70		Subject to the provisions of section 149, the Board shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint a person as additional director, provided the number directors and additional directors together shall not at any time exceed the maximum strength fixed for the Board by the articles.
	71		Such person shall hold office only up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the company but shall be eligible for appointment by the company as a director at that meeting subject to the provisions of the Act.

			NOMINEE DIRECTORS
	72 **72 (A)**		In pursuance of section 161(3) and other applicable provisions of the Act, and upon such terms and conditions as the Board may deem fit, may appoint any person as director nominate by any institution in pursuance of the provisions of any law for the time being in force or of any agreement and the Board of Directors are at the liberty to remove such nominee from the office of director and on such removal or a vacancy being caused for whatsoever reason, to appoint another nominee in his place. ***APPOINTMENT OF NOMINEE DIRECTORS BY DEBENTURE TRUSTEE** Notwithstanding anything contained in this Articles, the Board shall have the power, on receipt of the nomination by the debenture trustee/ trustee appointed under the trust documents or any other documents relating to or covering the issue of debentures or bonds of the Company, pursuant to and in accordance with the Act, Debenture Trust cum Hypothecation Deed or any other rules/ regulations/ circular/ guidelines/ notification issued by SEBI or any other government authority in this regard in the event of: two consecutive defaults in payment of interest to the debenture holders; or default in creation of security for debentures or default in redemption of debentures, to nominate and appoint a Director for and on behalf of the holders of the debentures or bonds for such period as notified by such debenture trustee/ trustee but in any case not exceeding the period for which the Debentures/Bonds or any of them shall remain outstanding and for the removal from office of such Nominee Director and on a vacancy being caused whether by resignation, death, removal or otherwise for appointment of a Nominee Director in the vacant place. Such Nominee Director shall neither be required to hold any qualification share or be liable to retire by rotation and shall continue in office for so long as the debt subsists.
			ALTERNATE DIRECTORS
	73	**(i)**	The Board of Directors may appoint a person not being a person holding any alternate directorship for any other director in the company, to act as an alternate for a director during his absence for a period of not less than 3 months three months from India. PROVIDED that no person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an independent director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an independent director under the provisions of the Act. ****Inserted vide special resolution passed at the 26th AGM of the company dated 5th day of September 2023***
		(ii)	An alternate director shall not hold office for a period longer than that permissible to the Director in whose pace he has been appointed and shall vacate the office if and when the director in whose place he has been appointed returns to India.
		(iii)	If the term of office of the original director is determined before he so returns to India, any provision for the automatic re-appointment of retiring directors in default of another appointment shall apply to the original and not to the alternate director.
		(iv)	An alternate director shall alone be responsible to the company for his own acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent or act on behalf of the original director. The remuneration of any such alternate director shall be payable out of the remuneration payable to the original director and shall consists of such part, if any, of the last-mentioned remuneration as shall be agreed between the alternate director and original director.

			***PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD**
	74	**(i)**	The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings, as it thinks fit.
		(ii)	A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
		(iii)	Pursuant to section 173 of the Act and Clause 2.1 of the Secretarial Standards-I issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, the Board shall meet at least once in every calendar quarter and not more than one hundred and twenty days shall elapse between two consecutive meetings.
	75	**(i)**	Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of the votes.
		(ii)	In case of equality of votes, the Chairperson of the Board shall have a second or casting vote.
	76		The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.
	77	**(i)**	The Board may elect a Chairperson of its meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold the office.
		(ii)	If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the directors present may choose one among them to be the Chairperson of the meeting.
	78	**(i)**	The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such member (s) of its body as it thinks fit.
		(ii)	Any committee so formed shall, in exercise of its powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.
	79	**(i)**	A committee may elect a Chairperson for its meetings.
		(ii)	If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one among them to be the Chairperson of the meeting.
	80	**(i)**	A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
		(ii)	Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.
	81		All acts done in any meeting of the Board or of a committee thereof or by any person acting as a director, shall, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defects in the appointment of any one or more of such directors or of any person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such director or such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

	82		Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a resolution in writing, signed by all the members of the Board or of a committee thereof, for the time being entitled to received notice of a meeting of the Board or committee, shall be valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee, duly convened and held.

*** BORROWING POWERS**

83 Subject to the provisions of Sec.73, 179 and 180 of the Act, and Rules made there under and the directions issued by the RBI the directors may, from time to time, raise or borrow any sums of money for and on behalf of the Company from the member or other persons, companies or banks or they may themselves advance money to the company on such interest as may be approved by the Directors.

84 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors may raise and secure the payment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit and in particular by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture-stock, or any mortgage or charge or other security on the undertaking or the whole or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future)

****Inserted vide special resolution at the EGM of the company dated 19th November 2018***

85 Any bonds, debentures, debenture-stock or other securities issued or to be issued by the Company shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue them upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider to be for the benefit of the Company.

QUALIFICATION SHARES FOR DIRECTORS

	86		The directors are required to hold as qualification shares 500 (five hundred) equity shares of Rs.10/- (Rupees Ten) each. The qualification shares are required to be obtained within 2 months of their appointment. The independent directors need not hold qualification shares.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

	87	**(i)**	Pursuant to provisions of section 152 of the Act, at every Annual General Meeting, one-third of the directors for the time being are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number neither three nor multiples of three, then, the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office.
		(ii)	The Managing Director, Independent Director(s) and Nominee Director(s), if any, shall not be liable to retire by rotation.
		(iii)	The directors liable to retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in the office since their last appointment, but as between persons who became directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determine by lot.
		(iv)	A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election. The retiring director shall continue in office till the conclusion of the meeting at which he retires.
		(v)	At the Annual General Meeting at which a director retires as aforesaid, the company may fill up the vacancy by appointing the retiring director or some other person thereto.

POWER TO REMOVE A DIRECTOR

	88	**(i)**	Subject to the provisions of Section 169 of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution, for which a special notice is received, remove any (not being a nominee

			director) before the expiration of his period of office after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard and may appoint any other person in his place.
		(ii)	A vacancy created by the removal of a director under this section may, if he had been appointed by the company in general meeting or by the Board, be filled by the appointment f another director in his place at the meeting at which he is removed, upon receipt of a special notice for the intended appointment.
		(iii)	A director so appointed shall hold office till the date up to which his predecessor would have held office if he had not been removed.
		(iv)	If the vacancy is not filled under sub section 5 of section 169, it may be filled as a casual vacancy in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
RIGHT OF PERSONS OTHER THAN RETIRING DIRECTORS TO STAND FOR DIRECTORSHIP			
	89		In view of the provisions of Section 160 of the Act, a person who is not a retiring director in terms of section 152 shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be eligible for reappointment to the office of the director at any general meeting, if he, or some member intending to propose him as director, has, not less than fourteen days before the meeting, left at the registered office of the company, a notice in writing under his hands signifying his candidature as a director or, as the case may be , intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that office, along with a deposit of one lakh rupees which shall be refunded to such person, as the case may be, to the member, if the person proposed gets elected as a director or gets more than twenty five percent of total valid votes cast either on show of hands or on poll on such resolution.
CIRCULAR RESOLUTION			
	90		Subject to provisions of section 175, a resolution in writing circulated to all the directors for the time being in India to the committee of directors appointed under these articles assented to by a majority of them shall be as valid as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Board or the Committee called and held in accordance with these present.
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER			
	91		Subject to the provisions of the Act-
		(i)	A Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board.
		(ii)	A director may be appointed as the Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer.
	92		The provisions of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, Chief Executive Officer, Manager, Company Secretary or Chief Financial Officer.
AUDITORS			

	93	**(i)**	Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Act, the members of the company shall at every Annual General Meeting appoint an auditor(s) until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting and fix their remuneration
		(ii)	Before such appointment is made, the written consent of the auditor shall be obtained for his appointment and a certificate to the effect that the appointment has been made in accordance with conditions as prescribed in Rule 4 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and the certificate shall mention that the Auditor(s) satisfies the criteria provided in section 141 of the Act.
TERM OF AUDITORS			
	94	**(i)**	The company shall not appoint an individual auditor for more than one term of five consecutive years and an audit firm as auditor for more than two terms of five consecutive years.
		(ii)	No audit firm having a common partner(s) to the other audit firm, whose tenure has expired in a company immediately preceding the financial year, shall be appointed as Auditor of the company for a period of five years.
REMOVAL OF AUDITOR			
	95		Subject to the provisions of section 140, the auditor appointed under section 139 may be removed from his office before the expiry of his term by a special resolution of the company after obtaining prior approval of the Central Government after giving the auditor a sufficient opportunity of being heard.
APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS OTHER THAN RETIRING AUDITOR			
	96	**(i)**	Pursuant provisions of section 140, a person other than the retiring auditor shall not be capable of being appointed as auditor at an Annual General Meeting unless a special notice to the intention to propose some other person to the office of the auditor or providing expressly that a retiring auditor shall not be re-appointed, except where the retiring auditor has completed a consecutive tenure of five years, as the case may be, ten years as provided in sub-section (2) of section 139.
		(ii)	The company shall forthwith give a copy of such notice thereof to the members not less than seven days before the meeting.
THE SEAL			
	97	**(i)**	The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal.
		(ii)	The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a Committee of the Board authorized by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least two directors and of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and those two directors and the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the company is so affixed in their presence.
DIVIDENDS AND RESERVE			
	98		The company in general meeting may declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount declared by the Board.
	99		Subject to provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.
	100	**(i)**	The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve(s) which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be

			properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, think fit.
		(ii)	The Board may also carry forward any profits which may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.
	101	**(i)**	Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
		(ii)	No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
		(iii)	All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion(s) of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
	102		The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any member all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the company.
	103	**(i)**	Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or in case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or the joint holders may in writing direct.
		(ii)	Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.
	104		Any of the two or more joint holders of a share may give effective receipts for any dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of such share.
	105		No dividend shall bear interest against the company.
			ACCOUNTS
	106	**(i)**	The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extend and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of the members not being directors.
		(ii)	No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or as authorized by the Board or by the company in general meeting.
			WINDING UP
	107		Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder-
		(i)	If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst

			the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
		(ii)	For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid, and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
		(iii)	The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so far that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.
SECRECY CLAUSE			
	108		**Power to enforce secrecy:** Every Director, Manager, Trustee, Member of Committee, officer, servant, Agent, Accountant or other person employed in the business of the Company, shall, if so required by the Board, before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration and pledge himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions of the Company with customers and others and he shall be such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Board or by a court of law or by the person to whom such matters relate and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions contained in these presents.
INDEMNITY			
	109		Every officer of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which the judgment is given in his favor or in which he is acquitted or in which relief is granted to him by the Court or the Tribunal.

SECTION IX -OTHER INFORMATION

MATERIAL CONTRACTS AND DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The following contracts and documents (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business carried on by our Company or entered into more than two years before the date of this Draft Prospectus) which are or may be deemed material have been entered or/are to be entered into by our Company. These contracts which are or may be deemed material and documents for inspection referred to hereunder, may be inspected at the Registered Office of our Company from 10:00 am to 5:00 pm on Working Days from the date of the filing of the Draft Prospectus with the Stock Exchange until the Issue Closing Date.

Material Contracts

1. Issue Agreement dated October 30, 2026, between the Company and the Lead Managers;

2. Registrar Agreement dated August 29, 2026 and First Amendment to the Registrar Agreement dated October 13, 2026, between the Company and the Registrar to the Issue;

3. Debenture Trustee Agreement dated August 29, 2026, between the Company and MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited, the Debenture Trustee;

4. Public Issue Account and Sponsor Bank Agreement dated [●], 2026, executed by our Company, the Registrar, the Public Issue Account Bank, Sponsor Bank, Refund Bank and the Lead Managers;

5. Syndicate/Consortium Agreement [●], 2026, between the Company and the Syndicate/Consortium Member;

6. Tripartite Agreement dated October 28, 2023 between CDSL, the Company and the Registrar to the Issue; and

7. Tripartite Agreement dated October 16, 2023 between NSDL, the Company and the Registrar to the Issue.

Material Documents

1. Certificate of incorporation of Company dated March 3, 1997, issued by Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam;

2. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, as amended to date;

3. The certificate of registration (no. N-16.00178) dated December 12, 2002, issued by RBI under Section 45IA of the RBI Act;

4. Credit rating letter dated September 21, 2026, and rating rationale dated September 21, 2026 by Acuité Ratings & Research Limited, granting credit rating to the NCDs, for the proposed non-convertible debenture issue;

5. Copy of the resolution of Board dated August 13, 2026, approving the Issue aggregating up to ₹20,000 lakh;

6. Resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on September 30, 2024, approving the overall borrowing limit of Company;

7. Copy of the Debenture Allotment Committee resolution dated October 30, 2026, approving this Draft Prospectus;

8. Consent by Mathew Mathaininan, Chairman and Whole-Time Director and one of the Promoters of our Company, to use the logo.

9. Consents of the Directors, Chief Financial Officer, Lead Managers, Debenture Trustee, Credit Rating Agencies, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, Legal Advisor to the Issue, Bankers to the Company, Public Issue Account Bank*, Refund Bank*, and Sponsor Bank*, Syndicate Member/Consortium* and the Registrar to the Issue, to include their names in this Draft Prospectus;

** Consents to be obtained at the Prospectus Stage.*

10. The consent of our Statutory Auditor, JGS & Associates, Chartered Accountants, dated October 30, 2026, for inclusion of their name as the Statutory Auditor in this Draft Prospectus and expert in respect of the statement of possible tax benefits dated October 30, 2026. The consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Prospectus;

11. The consent of our Previous Statutory Auditor, Mohandas & Associates, Chartered Accountants, dated October 13, 2026, for inclusion of their name as the Statutory Auditor and expert in respect of the Audited Financial Statements of our Company for the year ended March 31, 2026 and the limited review report dated August 14, 2026 for the unaudited financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2026. The consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Prospectus;

12. The consent of our Previous Statutory Auditor, Varma & Varma, Chartered Accountants, dated October 30, 2026, for inclusion of their name as the Previous Statutory Auditor and expert in respect of the Audited Financial Statements of our Company for the year ended March 31, 2025. The consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Prospectus;

13. The consent of our Previous Statutory Auditor, Manikandan & Associates, Chartered Accountants, dated October 30, 2026, for inclusion of their name as the Previous Statutory Auditor and expert in respect of the Audited Financial Statements of our Company for the year ended March 31, 2024. The consent has not been withdrawn as on the date of this Draft Prospectus

14. Copy of Statutory Auditor's certificate on statement of possible tax benefits dated October 30, 2026;

15. Industry Report titled "*Research Report on Gold Loans*" released in August 2026, prepared and issued by CARE Analytics and Advisory Private Limited;

16. Annual Reports of the Company for last three Financial Years;

17. Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ending March 31, 2026, March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2024;

18. Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended on June 30, 2026 along with the Limited Review Report for the Financial Results of quarter ended June 30, 2026 dated August 14, 2026.

19. Due Diligence certificate dated October 30, 2026, from Debenture Trustee to the Issue.

20. Due Diligence certificate dated [●], 2026 filed with SEBI by the Lead Managers; and

21. In-principle approval letter bearing reference number [●] dated [●], 2026 issued by BSE, for the Issue.

Any of the contracts or documents mentioned in this Draft Prospectus may be amended or modified at any time if so, required in the interest of our Company or if required by the other parties, without reference to the applicants, subject to compliance of the provisions contained in the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other relevant statutes.

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

I further certify that all the disclosures and statements made in this Draft Prospectus are true and correct and complete in all material respects, are in conformity with Companies Act, 2013, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended and rules made thereunder including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be and do not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in light of circumstances under which they were made, misleading and that this Draft Prospectus does not contain any misstatements. Furthermore, all the monies received under this Issue shall be used only for the purposes and objects indicated in this Draft Prospectus. Whatever is stated in this Draft Prospectus, and in the attachments thereto, is true, correct and complete and no information material to the subject matter of this Draft Prospectus has been suppressed or concealed and whatever is stated is as per the original records maintained by the Promoter(s) subscribing to the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association. The contents of this Draft Prospectus have been perused by the Board of Directors, and the final and ultimate responsibility of the contents mentioned herein shall also lie with Board of Directors.

Signed by the Director of our Company

Sd/-

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Mathew Mathaininan
Chairman and Whole-Time Director
DIN: 00063078

Place: Trivandrum
Date: October 30, 2026

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

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Signed by the Director of our Company

Sd/-

Richi Mathew
Managing Director
DIN: 00224336

Place: Trivandrum
Date: October 30, 2026

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

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Signed by the Director of our Company

Sd/-

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Ammini Mathew
Whole Time Director
DIN: 00533771

Place: Trivandrum
Date: October 30, 2026

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

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Signed by the Director of our Company

Sd/-

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Asha Richi Mathew
Non-Executive Director
DIN: 05172361

Place: Trivandrum
Date: October 30, 2026

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

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Signed by the Director of our Company

Sd/-

_____

Antony Robert John
Independent Director
DIN: 10213030

Place: Trivandrum
Date: October 30, 2026

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

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Signed by the Director of our Company

Sd/-

Dillark Justin
Independent Director
DIN: 09771752

Place: Trivandrum
Date: October 30, 2026

DECLARATION

I, the Director of the Company, hereby certify and declare that all the applicable legal requirements in connection with the Issue including all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended, and the rules prescribed thereunder, to the extent applicable and the guidelines issued by the Government of India and/or the regulations/guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under Section 3 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as applicable, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended, provisions under the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, as amended, and rules made thereunder, including the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended, including the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable, as the case may be have been complied with and no statement made in this Draft Prospectus is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under, regulations or guidelines or circulars issued, as the case may be. I hereby confirm that the compliance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 or rules made there under does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of debt securities, is guaranteed by the Central Government.

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Signed by the Director of our Company

Sd/-

Pathrose Ladislas
Independent Director
DIN: 11567957

Place: Trivandrum
Date: October 30, 2026

ANNEXURE I – ILLUSTRATIVE CASH FLOW

As will be specified in the Prospectus.

ANNEXURE II – CREDIT RATING LETTER AND RATING RATIONALE/PRESS RELEASE

[APPENDED OVERLEAF]

Rating Letter - Intimation of Rating Action

Scan this QR Code to verify authenticity of this rating

Letter Issued on : September 21, 2026
Letter Expires on : September 02, 2027
Annual Fee valid till : September 02, 2027

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED
1, TC NO 813032, MUTHOOT FLOORS,
OPPOSITE WOMEN AND CHILDREN HOSPITAL, THYCAUD
Thrippunithura 695014
KERALA

Kind Attn.: Mr. RICHI MATHEW, MD (Tel. No.9447017703)

Sir / Madam,

Sub.: Rating(s) Assigned - Debt Instruments of MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Please note that the current rating(s) and outlook, instrument details, and latest rating action for the aforementioned instrument are as under:

Product	Quantum (Rs. Cr) (SEBI)	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Regulated By
Non Convertible Debentures (NCD)	300.00	ACUITE A- | Stable | Assigned	-	SEBI
Total Outstanding Quantum (Rs. Cr)	300.00	-	-	-

Note:ê For activities or ratings of instruments falling under the purview of Financial Sector Regulators other than SEBI, the grievance / dispute redressal mechanisms and investor protection mechanisms provided by SEBI shall not be available.

Acuit® reserves the right to revise the rating(s), along with the outlook, at any time, on the basis of new information, or other circumstances which Acuit® believes may have an impact on the rating (s). Such revisions, if any, would be appropriately disseminated by Acuit® as required under prevailing SEBI guidelines and Acuit® ôs policies.

This letter will expire on September 02, 2027 or on the day when Acuit® takes the next rating action, whichever is earlier. It may be noted that the rating(s) is subject to change anytime even before the expiry date of this letter. Hence lenders / investors are advised to visit https://www.acuite.in/ OR scan the QR code given above to confirm the current outstanding rating(s).

Acuit® will re-issue this rating letter on September 03, 2027 subject to receipt of surveillance fee as applicable. If the rating(s) is reviewed before September 02, 2027, Acuit® will issue a new rating letter.

Please note that under extant SEBI regulations and as per the terms of the rating agreement, once a rating is accepted and outstanding, the issuer is required to promptly furnish the ôNo Default Statementõ on the first working day of every month.

Sd/-
Chief Rating Officer
ê
This is a system generated document. No signature is required.

Annexures: êêêêêêêêê A. Details of the Rated Instrument

Annexure A. Details of the rated instrument					
Instruments	Listing status	Regulated By	Scale	Amt. (Rs. Cr)	Rating Assigned (Outlook) | Rating Action
Proposed Non Convertible Debentures	Proposed to be Listed	SEBI	Long-term	300.00	ACUITE A- (Stable) | Assigned
Total Quantum Rated				300.00	-

Note:ê For activities or ratings of instruments falling under the purview of Financial Sector Regulators other than SEBI, the grievance / dispute redressal mechanisms and investor protection mechanisms provided by SEBI shall not be available.

List of instruments and names of regulators of the instruments

As required by SEBI Circular (SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS-PoD-2/I/4685/2026) dated February 10, 2026, a list of activities or instruments falling under the purview of various Financial Sector Regulators (FSRs), along with the names of respective FSRs, is being disclosed below:

A. Rating Activity

Sr. No.	Instrument / activity Name	Regulator of the instrument
1	Listed/Proposed to be listed Bonds/Debentures/Preference Shares (all securities)	SEBI
2	Unlisted/Proposed to be unlisted Bonds/Debentures/ Preference share (all securities)	MCA
3	Listed PTCs / Securitisation Notes (originated by entities regulated by RBI) ¡	RBI
4	Listed PTCs / Securitisation Notes (originated by entities not regulated by RBI) ¡	SEBI
5	Unlisted PTCs / Securitisation Notes (originated by entities regulated by RBI) ¡	RBI
6	Listed Commercial Paper and NCDs with original maturity less than 1 year	RBI
7	Unlisted Commercial Paper and NCDs with original maturity less than 1 year	RBI
8	Loan Facilities (Fund/Non-Fund Based) from Bank / NBFCs/ NHB/ FIs İ	RBI
9	External Commercial Borrowings and other similar borrowings	RBI
10	Certificates of Deposit	RBI
11a	Fixed Deposits raised by NBFCs, HFCs, FIs	RBI
11b	Fixed Deposits raised by Banks ○	+
12	Fixed Deposits raised by corporates other than NBFCs, Banks, HFCs, FIs	MCA
13	Inter Corporate Deposits/Loans extended by Corporates	MCA
14	Borrowing Programme ı	-
15	Issuer Ratings	-
16	Credit Ratings for Capital Protection Oriented Schemes (by Mutal Funds and AIFs)	SEBI

17	Credit quality ratings (CQRs) for Mutual Fund Schemes and Schemes of AIFs	SEBI
18	Listed Security Receipts	RBI
19	Unlisted Security Receipts	RBI
20	Independent Credit Evaluation (ICE)	RBI
21	Expected Loss Ratings (For Loan Facilities (Fund/Non-Fund based) from Bank/NBFCs/NHB/Fis) ○	+
22	Expected Loss Ratings (Listed / Proposed to be listed Bonds / Debentures / Preference Shares (all securities))	SEBI
23	Expected Loss Ratings (Unlisted / Proposed to be unlisted Bonds/ Debentures / Preference Shares (all securities))	MCA
24	Unlisted PTCs / Securitisation Notes (originated by entities not regulated by RBI) ǂ	Investor-side Regulator such as IRDAI, PFRDA

ǁ *Includes securitisation transactions involving assignee payout, acquirer's payout.*
ǂ *Includes bank facilities such as liquidity facility, second loss facility that are part of securitisation transactions.*
ǁ *The rated instrument may involve issuance of different instruments such as debt securities (listed or otherwise), bank loans, commercial paper (listed or otherwise), etc. The regulator of the instrument may accordingly be SEBI, RBI or MCA and can only be determined upon issuance. In Press Release(s) subsequent to issuance(s), Acuite shall separately capture the rated quantum details along with names of respective regulators.*
There is no instrument being rated and hence, Regulator of the Instrument is not applicable. The rating scale and definitions are being followed as stipulated in SEBI Master Circular for CRAs.
These ratings were assigned during regulatory regime prior to the introduction of SEBI CRA Circular dated Feb 10, 2026, and accordingly, investor side regulators have been included.
By virtue of the instrument being listed, SEBI acts as the regulator for listing and related issues.
○ To be finalized following discussions with the relevant regulatory authorities.

B. Other activities:

Sr. No.	Activity Name	Regulator of the activity
1	Monitoring Agency	SEBI
2	Research activities, incidental to rating, such as research for Economy, Industries and Companies ♦	Not applicable

♦ *Permitted by SEBI vide SEBI Master Circular for CRAs.*

Disclosure on instruments / activities and names of regulators:
A list of products/activities or ratings of instruments falling under the purview of various financial sector regulators (FSRs) along with the names of respective FSRs has also been duly disclosed by Acuite on its website. A link to the same has been provided below for ready reference: https://acuite.in/Activities-and-Regulators.html

DISCLAIMER
An Acuit® rating does not constitute an audit of the rated entity and should not be treated as a recommendation or opinion that is intended to substitute for a financial adviser's or investor's independent assessment of whether to buy , sell or hold any security. Acuit® ratings are based on the data and information provided by the issuer and obtained from other reliable sources. Although reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the data and information is true, Acuit® , in particular, makes no representation or warranty, expressed or implied with respect to the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of the information relied upon.ǂ Acuit® is not responsible for any errors or omissions and especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect or consequential loss of any kind arising from the use of its ratings.Acuit® ratings are subject to a process of surveillance which may lead to a revision in ratings as and when the circumstances so warrant. Please visit our website (www.acuite.in) for the latest information on any instrument rated by Acuit® , Acuit® ôs rating scale and its definitions.
Any inadvertent omission or error in the rating letter which is discovered or brought to the notice of Acuite shall be rectified as soon as reasonably practicable not later than 48 hours of such discovery or notice. Such error or omission shall not render Acuite liable to any person for any kind of loss or damage including, but not limited to, any special, incidental, indirect or consequential damages caused by errors or omissions, provided such omission or error is rectified as soon as possible after discovery/notice.

Press Release

September 21, 2026

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED
Rating Assigned and Reaffirmed

Product	Quantum (Rs. Cr) (SEBI)	Quantum (Rs. Cr) (Other FSR)	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Regulated By
Bank Loan Ratings	0.00	400.00	ACUITE A- | Stable | Assigned	-	RBI
Non Convertible Debentures (NCD)	300.00	0.00	ACUITE A- | Stable | Assigned	-	SEBI
Non Convertible Debentures (NCD)	100.00	0.00	ACUITE A- | Stable | Reaffirmed	-	SEBI
Commercial Paper (CP)	0.00	50.00	-	ACUITE A1 | Assigned	RBI
Total Outstanding	400.00	450.00	-	-	-
Total Withdrawn	0.00	0.00	-	-	-

Note:- For activities or ratings of instruments falling under the purview of Financial Sector Regulators other than SEBI, the grievance / dispute redressal mechanisms and investor protection mechanisms provided by SEBI shall not be available.

Rating Rationale

Acuite has reaffirmed its the long-term rating of **'ACUITE A-' (read as ACUITE A Minus)** on the Rs.100 Cr. of proposed Non-Convertible Debentures of Muthoot Mercantile Limited. The Outlook is **'Stable'**.

Acuite has assigned the long-term rating of **'ACUITE A-' (read as ACUITE A Minus)** on the Rs.300 Cr. of proposed Non-Convertible Debentures of Muthoot Mercantile Limited. The Outlook is **'Stable'**.

Acuite has assigned the long-term rating of **'ACUITE A-' (read as ACUITE A Minus)** on the Rs.400 Cr. of proposed Bank Loan facility of Muthoot Mercantile Limited. The Outlook is **'Stable'**.

Acuite has assigned the short-term rating of **'ACUITE A1' (read as ACUITE A one)** on the Rs.50 Cr. of proposed Commercial Paper of Muthoot Mercantile Limited.

Rationale for the Rating

The rating takes into account the healthy and continuous improvement in the earning profile and healthy growth in the operational performance of the company. MML has reported a PAT of Rs. 53.35 Cr. during FY26 as compared to Rs. 28.09 Cr. during FY25. The improvement in earning profile is on the continuous growth in disbursements supported by the significant increase in the number of branches and focused business drives conducted by the company. The company's AUM has increased to Rs. 1305.00 Cr. as on March 31, 2026 as compared to Rs. 890.50 Cr. as on March 31, 2025. The company's disbursements have gained traction as reflected by FY26 disbursements of Rs. 4140.31 Cr. as against Rs. 2065.31 Cr. in FY25. The Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) stood adequate at 24.89 percent as on March 31, 2026 as against 25.36 percent as on March 31, 2025. These strengths are partially offset by relatively higher leverage the rating is also constrained due to highly competitive business of lending against gold. Acuité believes, going forward, the ability of the company to maintain comfortable capitalization levels with regular equity infusion, healthy resource raising ability and further augment its scale of operations while maintaining healthy profitability & asset quality will be a key rating monitorable.

About the company

Muthoot Mercantile Limited based in Thrippunithura, a leading NBFC is the flagship company of Muthoot Ninan Group and it was incorporated in 1997. Muthoot Ninan Group was started by its founding father, late M. Ninan Muthoot, in the year 1939. The main business of the Company is lending against the security of Gold, Investments, Health Insurance, Forex Services and Money Transfer. The Company is promoted by Shri. M. Mathew and his son, Shri. Richi Mathew. Shri. M. Mathew is the only son of late M. Ninan Muthoot. The company originates, provides, services personal loans and loans against gold jewellery. Mr. Richi Mathew, Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mr. Ammini Mathew, Mr. Asha Richi Mathew, Mr. Dillark Justin, Mr. Pathrose Ladislas, Mr. Antony Robert John are directors of the company.

Unsupported Rating
Not Applicable

Analytical Approach
Acuité has considered standalone business and financial risk profile of MML to arrive at the rating.

Key Rating Drivers

Strength
Expansion across geographic location & Growth in loan book
MML has a significant presence in the gold loan segment and has evidently shown significant growth during FY25-FY26, with the loan book growing around 46.55% yoy to Rs. 1305.00 Cr in FY26 which is backed by the addition of new branches. MML added more than 26 new branches over FY25-FY26, taking the total branch count to 325 as of March 2026. Until 2019, the company had operations only in Kerala and Tamil Nadu. However, it has now diversified its geographical presence to Madhya Pradesh, Punjab, Maharashtra, Orissa, New Delhi, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan and Haryana. MML will also be looking for co-lending opportunities to increase its portfolio in the near term and expand its presence pan-India.

Reasonable Profitability Supporting Growth
MML's net interest margin increased slightly to 12.48%, according to the financials for FY26 (FY25: 11.32% ; FY24: 12.48%), the cost of borrowing has been constantly growing year on year However this rising cost has been managed successfully. The company's profitability has remained comfortable as reflected during fiscal 2026, the company reported profit after tax (PAT) of Rs 53.35 crore and RoA of 4.47% as against a PAT of Rs 28.09 crore and RoA of 3.16% during fiscal 2025. The company's profitability is expected to remain stable over the medium term as it focuses on leveraging its existing branch network. The company is focused on the gold loan segment; ultimate credit losses are low given the option to auction the jewellery and recover due. MML's operating expenses is going to maintain its current trajectory as MML is undergoing a rapid growth phase in terms of the number of branches Pan-India. This would further improve its assets under management which will drive its overall profitability over the medium term with capital infusion for further growth.

Stable Asset Quality and Adequate Capitalization
Despite the more severe interruptions to the larger market during the COVID-19 phase, the gold loan segment remained robust. One of the safest asset classes, gold loans, demonstrated their resilience, which translates to resilient asset quality. The gross NPA declined to 0.27% in FY26 (from 1.53% in FY25). The final credit loss is limited despite the borrower class's vulnerability since the collateral is liquid and the loan-to-value (LTV) is limited at 75% per regulatory criteria at the time of disbursement. MML's credit cost has always been low and less variable over the cycle because it is in the gold lending business, which has better operating profit buffers.
The LTV of MML's main book in March 2026 is between 60% and 75%, which provides enough leeway should the business decide to use auctions to recoup its debt. The company maintains sufficient LTV buffers, and prompt auctions and recoveries are essential for MML to keep consistent asset quality. MML tracks LTV based on daily gold prices. The threshold LTV, which may cause the business to look for more collateral or start the auction procedure, is determined by taking the current LTV (calculated based on the day's gold price) as the starting point and adding margin to account for the impact of fluctuations in gold prices on realisations until the auction process is finished.
In order to mitigate the risk associated with gold price fluctuation over the loan tenor, MML seeks additional collateral or initiates the auction process once the exposure approaches the threshold LTV, contingent on the borrower's answer. This happens regardless of the loan term's completion. MML is wholly owned by the chairman and his family, with a tangible net worth of Rs. 246.18 Cr. as on 31 March 2026. The company's overall capital adequacy stood at 24.89% as on 31 March 2026 (FY25: 25.36%, FY24: 29.82%, FY23: 37.93%), supported by accruals and the company's ability to raise subordinate debt from retail investors. Acuite believes that MML's capitalisation levels are adequate to support the management's near-term growth strategy.

Weakness
Moderate Leverage Position
MML is engaged in loans against golds which are secured for a period of 9 months on average. The company's networth stood at Rs. 246.18 Cr. and total debt Rs. 1136.34 Cr. as on March 26. MML's gearing stood at 4.62 times in FY26 and 4.08 times in FY25. There was a considerable jump from FY24 as the gearing was 3.75 times. To support the growth momentum of MML would require further debt and considering the already leveraged capital structure the promoters may be required to infuse additional equity to support any future business growth.

Funding Profile remains Concentrated
As on March 2026, bank borrowings & term loans from banks constitutes ~ 25% of the funding for MML, with debentures accounting for ~37% and subordinated debentures for ~15%. Gearing, for the corporation as on March 2026 was 4.62 times. Retail investors, primarily from Tamil Nadu and Kerala, are the ones funding the debentures and subordinate loans. The funding profile of MML is still concentrated, with an increase in debentures across the lenders and a decrease in bank loans as a percentage of total funding. However, Acuite thinks that subordinated debt still accounts some portion of the finance. Consequently, one of the main factors influencing the ranking would be more funding profile diversity.

ESG Factors Relevant for Rating
Muthoot Mercantile Limited is a non-banking finance company (NBFC) Some of the material governance issues for the financial services sector are policies and practices with regard to business ethics, board diversity and independence, compensation structure for board and KMPs, role of the audit committee and shareholders' rights. On the social aspect, some of the critical issues for the sector are the contributions to financial inclusion and community development, responsible financing including environmental friendly projects and policies around data privacy. The industry, by nature has a low exposure to environmental risks. The company has a well-structured board. In accordance with the guidelines issued by RBI, the entity has constituted a

Risk Management Committee that is responsible for identification, evaluation, and mitigation of operational, strategic, and external environment risks. MML also provides fee-based services by way of money transfer facilities.

Rating Sensitivity

Potential triggers (individual or collective) for an upward rating action:

- Significant growth in AUM and disbursements.
- Significant improvements in profitability metrics: ROAA exceeding 6 percent

Potential triggers (individual or collective) for a downward rating action:

- Deterioration in asset quality metrics, collection efficiency
- Debt to equity more than 7 times

Liquidity Position

Adequate

The company's liquidity position remains adequate, supported by its comfortable capitalization profile and granular liability structure. As per the ALM statement dated March 31, 2026, the company is expected to have total serviceable debt obligations of Rs.431.56 crore during FY2026-27 against expected inflows of Rs.1,340.02 crore over the corresponding period, resulting in a cumulative positive mismatch of Rs.908.46 crore up to one year. Further, the company reported total borrowings of Rs.1,136.34 crore and a comfortable net worth of Rs.246.18 crore as on March 31, 2026, with a healthy CRAR of 24.89%. The liquidity profile is also supported by the predominance of short-tenure gold loans in the company's portfolio, which facilitates regular cash flow generation. This, together with access to relatively longer-tenure borrowings, provides an adequate cushion to meet its near-term repayment obligations.

Outlook : Stable

Other Factors affecting Rating

None

Key Financials - Standalone / Originator

Particulars	Unit	FY26 (Actual)	FY25 (Actual)
Total Assets	Rs Cr	1397.67	988.34
Total Income	Rs Cr	141.26	93.45
PAT	Rs Cr	53.35	28.09
Net Worth	Rs Cr	246.18	192.29
Return on Average Assets (RoAA)	(%)	4.47	3.16
Return on Average Net worth (RoNW)	(%)	24.33	15.74
Debt/Equity	Times	4.62	4.08
Gross NPA	(%)	0.27	1.53
Net NPA	(%)	0.17	1.30

**Total income equals to Net Interest Income plus other income*

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA (if applicable):

Not Applicable

Any other information

None

Applicable Criteria

• Application Of Financial Ratios And Adjustments: https://www.acuite.in/view-rating-criteria-53.htm
• Commercial Paper: https://www.acuite.in/view-rating-criteria-54.htm
• Default Recognition: https://www.acuite.in/view-rating-criteria-52.htm
• Non-Banking Financing Entities: https://www.acuite.in/view-rating-criteria-44.htm

Note on complexity levels of the rated instrument

In order to inform the investors about complexity of instruments, Acuité has categorized such instruments in three levels: Simple, Complex and Highly Complex. Acuite's categorisation of the instruments across the three categories is based on factors like variability of the returns to the investors, uncertainty in cash flow patterns, number of counterparties and general understanding of the instrument by the market. It has to be understood that complexity is different from credit risk and even an instrument

categorized as 'Simple' can carry high levels of risk. For more details, please refer Rating Criteria “Complexity Level Of Financial Instruments” on www.acuite.in.

Rating History

Date	Name of Instruments/Facilities	Term	Amount (Rs. Cr)	Rating/Outlook
31 Aug 2026	Proposed Non Convertible Debentures	Long Term	100.00	ACUITE A- | Stable (Assigned)

Annexure - Details of instruments rated

Lender's Name	ISIN	Facilities	Listing Status	Regulated By	Date Of Issuance	Coupon Rate	Maturity Date	Quantum (Rs. Cr.)	Complexity Level	Rating
Not Applicable	Not avl. / Not appl.	Proposed Commercial Paper Program	Proposed to be Listed	RBI	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	50.00	Simple	ACUITE A1 | Assigned
Not Applicable	Not avl. / Not appl.	Proposed Long Term Bank Facility	Unlisted	RBI	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	400.00	Simple	ACUITE A- | Stable | Assigned
Not Applicable	Not avl. / Not appl.	Proposed Non Convertible Debentures	Proposed to be Listed	SEBI	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	100.00	Simple	ACUITE A- | Stable | Reaffirmed
Not Applicable	Not avl. / Not appl.	Proposed Non Convertible Debentures	Proposed to be Listed	SEBI	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	Not avl. / Not appl.	300.00	Simple	ACUITE A- | Stable | Assigned

Note:- For activities or ratings of instruments falling under the purview of Financial Sector Regulators other than SEBI, the grievance / dispute redressal mechanisms and investor protection mechanisms provided by SEBI shall not be available.

Contacts

Mohit Jain Chief Analytical Officer - Rating Operations Eshan Jain Senior Manager - Rating Operations	**Contact details exclusively for investors and lenders** Mob: +91 8591310146 Email ID: analyticalsupport@acuite.in

List of instruments and names of regulators of the instruments

As required by SEBI Circular (SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS-PoD-2/I/4685/2026) dated February 10, 2026, a list of activities or instruments falling under the purview of various Financial Sector Regulators (FSRs), along with the names of respective FSRs, is being disclosed below:

A. Rating Activity:

Sr. No.	Instrument / activity Name	Regulator of the instrument
1	Listed/Proposed to be listed Bonds/Debentures/Preference Shares (all securities)	SEBI
2	Unlisted/Proposed to be unlisted Bonds/Debentures/ Preference share (all securities)	MCA
3	Listed PTCs / Securitisation Notes (originated by entities regulated by RBI)[1] [6]	RBI
4	Listed PTCs / Securitisation Notes (originated by entities not regulated by RBI)[1]	SEBI
5	Unlisted PTCs / Securitisation Notes (originated by entities regulated by RBI)[1]	RBI
6	Listed Commercial Paper and NCDs with original maturity less than 1 year	RBI
7	Unlisted Commercial Paper and NCDs with original maturity less than 1 year	RBI
8	Loan Facilities (Fund/Non-Fund Based) from Bank / NBFCs/ NHB/ FIs [2]	RBI
9	External Commercial Borrowings and other similar borrowings	RBI
10	Certificates of Deposit	RBI
11 a	Fixed Deposits raised by NBFCs, HFCs, FIs	RBI
11 b	Fixed Deposits raised by Banks [7]	+
12	Fixed Deposits raised by corporates other than NBFCs, Banks, HFCs, FIs	MCA
13	Inter Corporate Deposits/Loans extended by Corporates	MCA
14	Borrowing programme [3]	-
15	Issuer Ratings [4]	-
16	Credit Ratings for Capital Protection Oriented Schemes (by Mutal Funds and AIFs)	SEBI
17	Credit quality ratings (CQRs) for Mutual Fund Schemes and Schemes of AIFs	SEBI
18	Listed Security Receipts [6]	RBI
19	Unlisted Security Receipts	RBI
20	Independent Credit Evaluation (ICE)	RBI
21	Expected Loss Ratings (For Loan Facilities [Fund/Non-Fund based] from Banks/NBFCs/NHB/FIs) [7]	+
22	Expected Loss Ratings (Listed / Proposed to be listed Bonds / Debentures / Preference Shares (all securities))	SEBI
23	Expected Loss Ratings (Unlisted / Proposed to be unlisted Bonds/ Debentures / Preference Shares (all securities))	MCA
24	Unlisted PTCs / Securitisation Notes (originated by entities not regulated by RBI) [1]	Investor-side Regulator such as IRDAI, PFRDA [5]

[1] *Includes securitisation transactions involving assignee payout, acquirer's payout.*

[2] *Includes bank facilities such as liquidity facility, second loss facility that are part of securitisation transactions.*

[3] *The rated instrument may involve issuance of different instruments such as debt securities (listed or otherwise), bank loans, commercial paper (listed or otherwise), etc. The regulator of the instrument may accordingly be SEBI, RBI or MCA and can only be determined upon issuance. In Press Release(s) subsequent to issuance(s), Acuite shall separately capture the rated quantum details along with names of respective regulators.*

[4] *There is no instrument being rated and hence, Regulator of the Instrument is not applicable. The rating scale and definitions are being followed as stipulated in SEBI Master Circular for CRAs.*

[5] *These ratings were assigned during regulatory regime prior to the introduction of SEBI CRA Circular dated Feb 10, 2026 and accordingly, investor side regulators have been included.*

[6] *By virtue of the instrument being listed, SEBI acts as the regulator for listing and related issues.*

[7] *To be finalized following a discussion with the regulatory authorities.*

B. Other activities:

Sr. No.	Activity Name	Regulator of the activity
1	Monitoring Agency	SEBI
2	Research activities, incidental to rating, such as research for Economy, Industries and Companies [8]	Not applicable

[8] *permitted by SEBI vide SEBI Master Circular for CRAs.*

Disclosure on instruments / activities and names of regulators:
A list of products/activities or ratings of instruments falling under the purview of various financial sector regulators (FSRs) along with the names of respective FSRs has also been duly disclosed by Acuite on its website. A link to the same has been provided below for ready reference:
https://acuite.in/Activities-and-Regulators.html

About Acuité Ratings & Research
Acuité is a full-service Credit Rating Agency registered with the Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The company received RBI Accreditation as an External Credit Assessment Institution (ECAI) for Bank Loan Ratings under BASEL-II norms in the year 2012. Acuité has assigned ratings to various securities, debt instruments and bank facilities of entities spread across the country and across a wide cross section of industries. It has its Registered and Head Office in Kanjurmarg, Mumbai.

Disclaimer: An Acuité rating does not constitute an audit of the rated entity and should not be treated as a recommendation or opinion that is intended to substitute for a financial adviser's or investor's independent assessment of whether to buy, sell or hold any security. Ratings assigned by Acuité are based on the data and information provided by the issuer and obtained from other reliable sources. Although reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the data and information is true, Acuité, in particular, makes no representation or warranty, expressed or implied with respect to the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of the information relied upon. Acuité is not responsible for any errors or omissions and especially states that it has no financial liability whatsoever for any direct, indirect or consequential loss of any kind, arising from the use of its ratings. Ratings assigned by Acuité are subject to a process of surveillance which may lead to a revision in ratings as and when the circumstances so warrant. Please visit our website (www.acuite.in) for the latest information on any instrument rated by Acuité. Please visit https://www.acuite.in/faqs.htm to refer FAQs on Credit Rating.

Note: None of the Directors on the Board of Acuité Ratings & Research Limited are members of any rating committee and therefore do not participate in discussions regarding the rating of any entity.

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ANNEXURE III – CONSENT LETTER ALONG WITH THE ENGAGEMENT LETTER OF DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

[APPENDED OVERLEAF]

August 29, 2026

To,

The Board of Directors,
Muthoot Mercantile Limited
1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors,
Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud,
Thiruvananthapuram – 695 014,
Kerala, India.

Sub: Consent in relation to the proposed public offering of 20,00,000 secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each ("NCDs"), amounting to ₹ 10,000 lakhs, with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹ 10,000 lakhs aggregating up to ₹ 20,000 lakhs ("Issue") by Muthoot Mercantile Limited ("Company")

Dear Sir/ Madam,

We, the undersigned, hereby consent to act as the 'Debenture Trustee to the Issue' and to our name being inserted as the Debenture Trustee to the Issue in the Draft Prospectus to be filed with BSE Limited ("**Stock Exchange"**) and to be forwarded to Securities and Exchange Board of India ("**SEBI**") and the Prospectus to be filed with the Registrar of Companies, Kerala at Ernakulam ("**RoC**"), Stock Exchange and to be forwarded to SEBI in respect of the Issue and also in all related advertisements and communications sent pursuant to the Issue. The following details with respect to us may be disclosed:

Logo	MITCON CREDENTIA PARTNER WITH TRUSTED CREDENTIALS
Name	MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited
Address	1402/1403, B wing, Dalamal Tower, 14th Floor, Free Press Journal Marg, 211 Nariman Point, Mumbai 400 021, Maharashtra, India
Tel	(91) (22) 22828200
Fax	(91) (22) 22024553
E-mail	contact@mitconcredentia.in
Investor Grievance e-mail	investorgrievances@mitconcredentia.in
Website	www.mitconcredentia.in
Contact Person	Mr. Rushabh Desai
SEBI Registration Number	IND000000596
CIN	U93000PN2018PLC180330

We confirm that we are registered with the SEBI and that such registration is valid as on the date of this letter. We enclose a copy of our registration certificate enclosed herein as **Annexure A** and declaration regarding our registration with SEBI as **Annexure B**.

We also confirm that we have not been prohibited by SEBI, any other regulatory authority, court or tribunal to act as an intermediary in capital market issues. We confirm that we have not been prohibited to act as a debenture trustee by the SEBI.

We hereby authorise you to deliver this letter of consent to the RoC, pursuant to the provisions of Section 26 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable laws or any other regulatory/statutory authorities as required by law.

We also agree to keep strictly confidential, until such time as the proposed transaction is publicly announced by the Company in the form of a press release, (i) the nature and scope of this transaction; and (ii) our knowledge of the proposed transaction of the Company.

We confirm that we will immediately inform the Company and the Lead Managers of any change to the above information until the date when the proposed public issue of NCDs commence trading on the Stock Exchange. In the absence of any such communication from us, the above information should be taken as updated information until the NCDs commence trading.

This letter may be relied upon by you, the Lead Managers and the Legal Advisor to the Issue in respect of the Issue.

Sincerely,

For MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited



Name: Priyanka Shrungare
Designation: Compliance Officer

Encl.:

1. **Annexure A** – SEBI Registration Certificate
2. **Annexure B** – Declaration regarding SEBI Registration

cc:

Lead Managers to the Issue

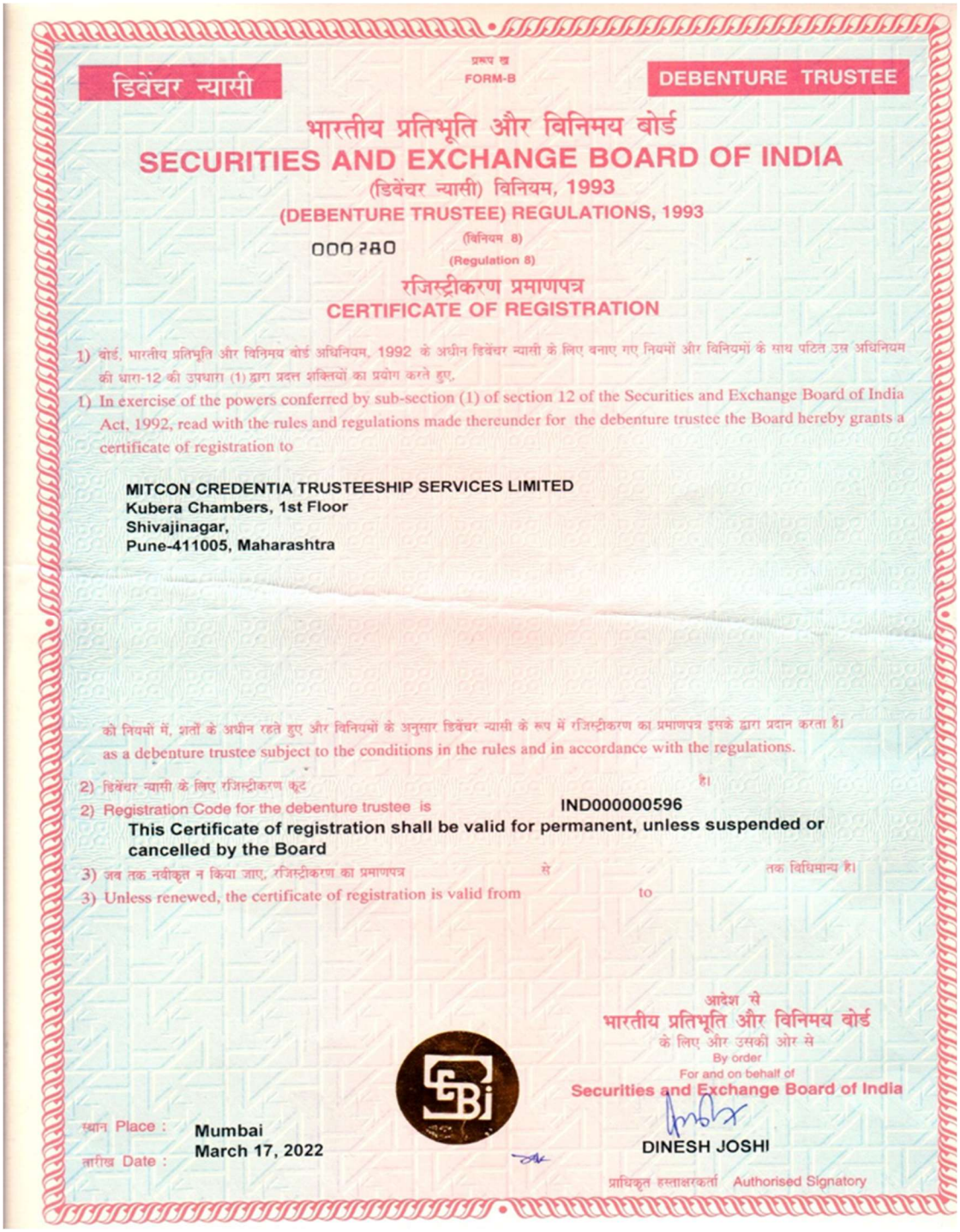
Vivro Financial Services Private Limited
Vivro House 11, Shashi Colony,
Opposite Suvidha Shopping Center,
Paldi, Ahmedabad –380 007,
Gujarat, India

Tipsons Consultancy Services Private Limited
1st Floor, Sheraton House,
Opp. Ketav Petrol Pump, Polytechnic Road,
Ambawadi, Ahmedabad - 380 015,
Gujarat, India

Legal Advisor to the Issue

M/s. Crawford Bayley & Co.
4th Floor, State Bank Buildings
N.G.N. Vaidya Marg,
Fort Mumbai – 400 023,
Maharashtra, India

Annexure A



प्ररूप ख
FORM-B

डिबेंचर न्यासी

DEBENTURE TRUSTEE

भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA
(डिबेंचर न्यासी) विनियम, 1993
(DEBENTURE TRUSTEE) REGULATIONS, 1993

000280

(विनियम 8)
(Regulation 8)

रजिस्ट्रीकरण प्रमाणपत्र
CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

1) बोर्ड, भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड अधिनियम, 1992 के अधीन डिबेंचर न्यासी के लिए बनाए गए नियमों और विनियमों के साथ पठित उस अधिनियम की धारा-12 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए,

1) In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, read with the rules and regulations made thereunder for the debenture trustee the Board hereby grants a certificate of registration to

MITCON CREDENTIA TRUSTEESHIP SERVICES LIMITED
Kubera Chambers, 1st Floor
Shivajinagar,
Pune-411005, Maharashtra

को नियमों में, शर्तों के अधीन रहते हुए और विनियमों के अनुसार डिबेंचर न्यासी के रूप में रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाणपत्र इसके द्वारा प्रदान करता है।
as a debenture trustee subject to the conditions in the rules and in accordance with the regulations.

2) डिबेंचर न्यासी के लिए रजिस्ट्रीकरण कूट है।
2) Registration Code for the debenture trustee is **IND000000596**

This Certificate of registration shall be valid for permanent, unless suspended or cancelled by the Board

3) जब तक नवीकृत न किया जाए, रजिस्ट्रीकरण का प्रमाणपत्र से तक विधिमान्य है।
3) Unless renewed, the certificate of registration is valid from to

आदेश से
भारतीय प्रतिभूति और विनिमय बोर्ड
के लिए और उसकी ओर से
By order
For and on behalf of
Securities and Exchange Board of India

DINESH JOSHI
प्राधिकृत हस्ताक्षरकर्ता Authorised Signatory

स्थान Place : Mumbai
तारीख Date : March 17, 2022

Annexure B

August 29, 2026

To,

The Board of Directors,
Muthoot Mercantile Limited
1st Floor, North Block, Muthoot Floors,
Opposite W&C Hospital, Thycaud,
Thiruvananthapuram – 695 014,
Kerala, India.

Sub: Consent in relation to the proposed public offering of 20,00,000 secured redeemable non-convertible debentures of face value of ₹ 1,000 each ("NCDs"), amounting to ₹ 10,000 lakhs, with an option to retain over-subscription up to ₹ 10,000 lakhs aggregating up to ₹ 20,000 lakhs ("Issue") by Muthoot Mercantile Limited ("Company")

Dear Sir/ Madam,

We hereby confirm that as on date the following details in relation to our registration with SEBI as a Debenture Trustee is true and correct.

S. No.	Particulars	Details
1.	Registration Number	IND000000596
2.	Date of registration/ Renewal of registration	March 17, 2022
3.	Date of expiry of registration	Permanent registration
4.	If applied for renewal, date of application	Not Applicable
5.	Any communication from SEBI prohibiting the entity from acting as an intermediary	None
6.	Any enquiry/ investigation being conducted by SEBI	Nil at Present
7.	Details of any penalty imposed by SEBI	

Sr. No.	Adjudication Order date	Penalty Provisions	Penalty (Rs.)	Remarks
1	March 18, 2024	15HB of SEBI Act, 1992	Rs. 2,00,000/- (Rs. Two Lakh Only)	In the matter of Pride Properties Private Limited

We shall immediately intimate the Company of any changes, additions or deletions in respect of the matters covered in this certificate till the date when the securities of the Issuer, offered, issued and allotted pursuant to the Issue, are traded on the relevant stock exchange. In the absence of any such communication from us, the above information should be taken as updated information until the NCDs commence trading.

This letter may be relied upon by the Company, the Lead Managers and Legal Advisor to the Issue in respect of the Issue.

Sincerely,
For MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited



Name: Priyanka Shrungare
Designation: Compliance Officer

MITCON CREDENTIA
PARTNER WITH TRUSTED CREDENTIALS

Ref. No.: MCTSL/EL/26-27/431
Date: 19/08/2026

To,
Muthoot Mercantile Limited
1st Floor, North Block, "Muthoot Floors",
Opposite W and C Hospital,
Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram-695014

Subject: To act as Debenture Trustee for proposed public issue of Secured, Listed, Non- Convertible Debentures by the Company aggregating upto Rs. 200 Crores

Dear Sir/Madam,

We refer to the discussions held between the representatives of Muthoot Mercantile Limited ("the Client") and MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited ("MCTSL" or "the Trustee") regarding the appointment of MCTSL as Trustee.

Pursuant to the said discussions, and subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, MCTSL hereby expresses its consent and willingness to act as Trustee for the proposed Debenture Trustee, on the following agreed terms and conditions:

Term / Particulars	Details
Acceptance Fees	INR 100,000 /- One time payable on execution of document
Annual Trusteeship Charges	INR 100,000 /- Per annum payable in advance
Taxes & Levies	All fees and charges mentioned herein are exclusive of Goods and Services Tax (GST), Education Cess, and any other statutory levies as may be imposed by the Central or State Government from time to time. The fees are also exclusive of out-of-pocket expenses including, but not limited to, stamp paper costs and government registration charges, etc.
Delayed Payment Charges	In the event that any fees remain outstanding beyond a period of forty-five (45) days from the date of the respective invoice, MCTSL reserves the right to levy delayed payment charges at the rate of 18% per annum (calculated on a daily basis) on the outstanding amount, from the due date until actual receipt of payment.
Out-of-Pocket Expenses	All reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by MCTSL in connection with its trusteeship obligations shall be reimbursable on an actual basis. Prior written approval from the Client shall be obtained before incurring any such expenses. Reimbursement shall be made within thirty (30) days of the submission of a claim by MCTSL,

Term / Particulars	Details
	supported by appropriate documentation.
Enforcement Fees	In the event of a default or enforcement of security, MCTSL shall be entitled to charge enforcement fees separately, as may be mutually agreed upon and/or applicable to the specific enforcement action undertaken.
Validity	This Offer Letter shall remain valid for a period of three (3) months from the date hereof. In the event that the transaction contemplated under this letter does not commence within the said period, the continued validity of this letter shall be subject to written reconfirmation by MCTSL. By accepting this letter, the Client agrees to provide all requisite information, documentation, and execute all Trusteeship-related documents within the timelines stipulated under the transaction documents and/ or as prescribed under applicable law.
Acknowledgement & Disclosure	By countersigning and accepting this Offer Letter, the Client acknowledges and confirms that it has fully understood the nature of MCTSL's non-SEBI regulated services, which do not fall within the regulatory purview of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Client further acknowledges the risks associated with such services and the non-availability of the SEBI Investor Protection Mechanism with respect to any grievances or disputes arising out of or pertaining to such non-regulated activities. Details of MCTSL's non-SEBI regulated services are available on its website at: www.mitconcredentia.in

We trust the above terms are in order. Kindly acknowledge your acceptance by signing and returning a copy of this letter.

Thanking you and assuring you of our best professional services at all times.

Yours faithfully,

For MITCON Credentia Trusteeship Services Limited	For Muthoot Mercantile Limited
Authorised Signatory **Ms. Sneha Nadar**	Authorised Signatory **Mr. Richi Mathew**

ANNEXURE IV-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[APPENDED OVERLEAF]

Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Report on the Audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **M/s. Muthoot Mercantile Limited** ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the period then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2024, its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the period ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters
to be communicated in our report.

Serial No.	Key Audit Matters	Auditor's Response
1.	Provision for Expected Credit Losses (ECL)	We examined Board Policy approving methodologies for computation of ECL that address policies, procedures and controls for assessing and measuring credit risk on all lending exposures, commensurate with the size, complexity and risk profile specific to the Company. We evaluated the design and operating effectiveness ofcontrols across the processes relevant to ECL We also tested assets in stage 1, 2 and 3 on sample basis to verify that they were allocated to the appropriate stage.
2.	Due to the pervasive nature and complexity of the IT environment, we have ascertained IT systems and controls as a key audit matter.	We performed the following audit procedures: 1. Tested the Company's periodic review of access rights. 2. Considered the control environment relate to various interfaces, configuration and other application layer controls identified as key to our audit.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon.

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. This is the audit report in respect of the period ended on 31st March, 2024 and the annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

- Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

- In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

   a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

   b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.

e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv. Under Rule 11(e)

(i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(ii) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(iii) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management in this regard nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material mis-statement.

v. During the period the Company has not declared or paid dividend on equity shares.

vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the period for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

3. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the period is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

For Manikandanand Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg No: 008520S

C K Manikandan
[Partner]
Membership No.208654
UDIN: 24208654BKACAJ6917

Place:Chalakudy
Date:29-05-2024

The Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of the Our Report of even date to the members of Muthoot Mercantile Limited on the accounts of the company for the period ended 31st March, 2024.

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

i) a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;

(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;

b) All the Property, Plant and Equipment have not been physically verified by the management during the period but there is a regular program of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification;

c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company;

d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the period;

e) No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder;

ii) a) The Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company engaged in the business of providing loans and does not hold any type of physical inventories. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable to the Company;

b) During the period, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of rupees five crore, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and the statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company;

iii) During the period the company has granted loans or advances, secured or unsecured, to parties other than firms, Limited Liability Partnerships.

a) The Company is a Non- Banking Financial Company engaged in the principal business of providing loans. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 3(iii)(a) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable to the Company;

Chalakudy: "Krishna Arcade",Near Marathompilly Krishna Temple, KSRTC Road, Chalakudy - 680 307, **Kochi:** KV 50,5th Cross Road, Panampilly Nagar Cochin-682 036, **Thrissur:** S-16 Alukkas Castle, Opp.Collectorate, Ayyanthole, Thrissur - 680 003
Phone - Off: L: 0480 2960504, Off: M: 80788 37443, Partner: 94471 00504, Email :Off: ckmauditors@gmail.com Partner: manikandan_ck@yahoo.com
Website:www.manikandanca.com

b) The terms and conditions of all the loans and advances granted by the company during the period are not prejudicial to the company's interest;

c) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the company has provided impairment allowance for expected credit losses on loans and advances where repayments or receipts are irregular. In addition to that the company has created impairment reserve as per Prudential Norms of RBI;

d) Total amount overdue for more than ninety days is ` 2,17,63,085.34 /- and reasonable steps have been taken by the company for recovery of the principal and interest;

Type of Loan	No of Loans	Principal Overdue	Interest Overdue	Total Overdue
Gold Loan	178	2,10,57,466	6,687.34	2,10,64,153.34
Pronote Loan	54	6,98,932	-	6,98,932
Since it's a NBFC their principal business is to give loans. The loans for which overdue for more than 90 days are treated as irregular and these cases are classified as NPA as per RBI IRACP norms. The income recognition of the above has been done as per RBI IRACP norms.				

e) The Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company engaged in the principal business ofproviding loans. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 3(iii) (e) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable to the Company;

f) The company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to the Promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013;

iv) The Company has not given any loans, provided any guarantees, and given any security to which the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable. The Company has made investments complying section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

v) The Company has not accepted any Deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Therefore the Directives issued by the Reserve Bank Of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed there under are not applicable to the Company. The Company has not received any order from the Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal in this regard;

vi) Being a Non-Banking Finance Company, maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013;

vii) a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Service tax, Goods and ServiceTax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities wherever applicable to it. There are no arrears of statutory dues as at the last day of the period concerned for a period of more than six months from the date on which they became payable;

b) There are no statutory dues of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Goods and Service Tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax, cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute;

viii) There are no transactions which were not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the period in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961);

ix) (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender;

(b) The Company isn't a declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;

(c) Term loans have been applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained;

(d) The company has not utilized the funds raised on short term basis for long term purposes;

(e) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures;

(f) The company has not raised any loans during the period on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies;

x) a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of initial public offer of debt instruments obtained have been applied by the Company during the period for the purpose for which they have been raised;

Nature of the fund raised	Purpose for which the funds were raised;	Total amount raised;	Amount utilized for the other purpose;	Un-utilized balance as at Balance sheet date;	Details of default (Reason/ Delay);	Subsequently rectified (Yes/No) and details
Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures	1.For the purpose of onward lending, financing and for the repayment /prepayment of principal and interest on existing borrowings of the company; and 2. General corporate purposes, subject to such utilization not exceeding 25% of the amount raised in Issue, in compliance with the SEBI NCS Regulations.	104.20crores	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the period;

xi) (a) During the period the Company has reported a fraud case, where gold loan related misappropriations have occurred for amounts aggregating ` 32,66,629/-, and has provided equal amount of provision in the books of accounts.

(b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;

(c) The company has not received any whistle-blower complaints during the period;

xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable to the Company;

xiii) All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with the sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements of the Company as required by the applicable accounting standards;

xiv) (a) The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business;

(b) The reports of the internal auditors for the period under audit were considered by us;

xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them;

xvi) (a) The Company has obtained the required registration under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934);

(b) The Company has conducted Non-Banking Financial activities with a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;

(c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.

(d) There are no CICs as part of the Group to which the company belongs

xvii) The company has not incurred any cash losses in the period and in the immediately preceding financial year;

xviii) There has been resignation of the statutory auditors during the period. There were no issues or objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors;

xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date;

xx) a) In respect of other than ongoing projects, the company does not have any unspent amount to be transferred to the Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 in compliance with second proviso to Section 135(5) of said Act;

b) In respect of ongoing projects, the company does not have any unspent amount under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, to be transferred to special account in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the said Act;

xxi) The Company is not a holding or subsidiary of any other company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xxi) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 are not applicable to the Company;

For Manikandan& Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 008520S



C K Manikandan
[Partner]
Membership No.208654
UDIN:24208654BKACAJ6917

Place:Chalakudy
Date: 29-05-2024

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditors' Report of Muthoot Mercantile Limited for the period ended 31st March , 2024.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Muthoot Mercantile Limited** ('the Company') as of 31st March , 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the period ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the guidance note on audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting (the 'Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing (the 'Standards') issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

Chalakudy: "Krishna Arcade",Near Marathompilly Krishna Temple, KSRTC Road, Chalakudy - 680 307, **Kochi:** KV 50,5th Cross Road, Panampilly Nagar Cochin-682 036, **Thrissur:** S-16 Alukkas Castle, Opp.Collectorate, Ayyanthole, Thrissur - 680 003
Phone - Off: L: 0480 2960504, Off: M: 80788 37443, Partner: 94471 00504, Email :Off: ckmauditors@gmail.com Partner: manikandan_ck@yahoo.com
Website:www.manikandanca.com

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the guidance note issued by the ICAI.

For Manikandan and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg No: 008520S



C K Manikandan
[Partner]
Membership No.208654
UDIN:24208654BKACAJ6917

Place: Chalakudy
Date: 29-05-2024

To

The Board of Directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

1. We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of **Muthoot Mercantile Limited** as at 31st March, 2024 and also the Statement of profit and loss(including Other Comprehensive Income) and the Cash flow statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended on that date annexed thereto and issued our audit opinion dated 29th May, 2024 thereon. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility was to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. Our audit was conducted in the manner specified in the audit report.

2. As required by the Non Banking Financial Companies Auditor's Report (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016,issued by the Reserve Bank of India (the Bank) and amended from time to time (the Directions), based on our audit referred to in paragraph 1 above and based on the information and explanations given to us which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for this purpose, we report hereunder on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Directions.

a) The Company is engaged in the business of Non Banking Financial Institution (NBFI)as defined in section 45-I(a) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (the Act) during the period ended31st March, 2024. With effect from 12th December , 2002 the Company is registered with the Bank as an NBFI without accepting public deposits vide Certificate of Registration ('CoR') number N-16.00178 dated 12th December, 2002 with the Bank.

b) Based on the asset/income pattern as on 31st March ,2024 determined by the Management in accordance with the audited financial statements for the period ended as on that date, and with reference to Non Banking Financial Company-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank)Directions, 2016,the Company is entitled to continue to hold such CoR;

c) The Company has met the required net owned fund requirement as laid down in Master Direction – Non-Banking Financial Company –Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.

d) The Board of Directors has passed a resolution on 17th April, 2023 for non acceptance of any public deposits.

e) The Company has not accepted any public deposits during the period and also does not hold any public deposit as on 31st March , 2024.

f) The Company has complied with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, accounting standards, asset classification and provisioning for bad & doubtful debts as applicable to it in terms of Non Banking Financial (Non Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007 during the period ended 31st March ,2024.

3. We have no responsibility to update this report for events and circumstances occurring after the date of our audit opinion mentioned in paragraph 1.

4. This report is issued solely for reporting on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Directions, to the Board of Directors and is not to be used or distributed for any other purpose.

For Manikandan and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg No: 008520S



C K Manikandan
[Partner]
Membership No.208654
UDIN:24208654BKACAJ6917

Place: Chalakudy
Date : 29-05-2024

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

ASSETS	Notes	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22
Financial Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	1,066.27	4,553.56	3,464.19
Bank Balances other than above	7	2,285.62	840.69	15.31
Loans	8	66,138.56	50,665.72	33,794.80
Investments	9	-	-	1,101.98
Other Financial Assets	10	4,446.99	3,014.57	2,294.14
		73,937.44	**59,074.54**	**40,670.42**
Non-Financial Assets				
Current tax assets	11	755.84	644.03	638.63
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	12	246.79	187.26	113.74
Property, Plant and Equipment	13A	642.01	579.42	423.98
Right-of-Use Asset	13B	4,176.39	3,828.43	3,680.91
Other Intangible Assets	14	1.57	0.87	-
Other Non-Financial Assets	15	145.30	21.43	23.69
		5,967.89	**5,261.45**	**4,880.94**
TOTAL		**79,905.33**	**64,336.00**	**45,551.36**
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Financial Liabilities				
Trade Payables	19			
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		23.95	8.49	17.20
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.		95.79	17.45	55.35
Debt Securities	20	14,050.62	5,130.45	4,482.58
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	21	19,271.94	18,474.41	8,306.66
Subordinate Liabilities	22	20,978.08	20,123.55	15,062.54
Lease Liability	13B	4,627.97	4,122.65	3,792.67
Other Financial Liabilities	17	3,158.52	2,292.46	1,488.71
		62,206.87	**50,169.47**	**33,205.71**
Non-Financial Liabilities				
Provisions	16	1,048.78	790.64	710.76
Other Non-Financial Liabilities	18	91.74	49.30	77.83
		1,140.51	**839.95**	**788.59**
Equity				
Equity Share Capital	23	3,641.87	2,941.88	2,941.88
Other Equity	24	12,916.07	10,384.71	8,615.19
		16,557.95	**13,326.58**	**11,557.07**
TOTAL		**79,905.33**	**64,336.00**	**45,551.36**

Summary of significant accounting policies

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attatched

For Manikandan and Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Reg No.: 008520S

C K Manikandan

[Partner]

Membership no.: 208654

Place: Chalakudy

Date:29-05-2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew

[Wholetime Director]

DIN 00063078

M R Rajeev

[Chief Financial Officer]

Richi Mathew

[Managing Director]

DIN 00224336

Neethu C Biju

[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram

Date:29-05-2024

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Notes	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
(I)	**Income**			
	Revenue from Operations			
	(i) Interest Income	25	12,777.58	9,310.02
	(ii) Fees and Commission Income		215.42	120.96
	Other Income	26	184.91	47.24
	Total Revenue(I)		**13,177.91**	**9,478.21**
(II)	**Expenses**			
	Finance Costs	27	5,262.98	3,663.91
	Impairment on Financial Instruments (Net)	29	102.38	15.94
	Employee Benefits Expenses	28	2,552.92	2,023.92
	Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment Expense	30	863.60	739.99
	Administrative and Other Expenses	31	1,010.44	657.13
	Total Expenses (II)		**9,792.32**	**7,100.89**
(III)	**Profit/(loss) before Exceptional Items & Tax (I-II)**		**3,385.60**	**2,377.32**
(IV)	Exceptional items		-	-
(V)	**Profit/(loss) before tax (III-IV)**		**3,385.60**	**2,377.32**
(VI)	**Tax Expense:**			
	(a) Current Tax	34	930.86	677.28
	(b) (Excess)/Short provision of Previous Years		-	(0.03)
	(c) Deferred Tax (Income)/Expense		(64.86)	(69.49)
	Total tax expense (VI)		**866.00**	**607.75**
(VII)	**Profit/(loss) for the year (V) - (VI)**		**2,519.60**	**1,769.57**
(VIII)	**Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense)**			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
	(a) Remeasurement Gains/ (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plan		17.10	(4.09)
	(b) Gains/ (Losses) on Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income			
	(ii) Tax related to above		(5.33)	4.03
	Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense) VIII)		**11.77**	**(0.06)**
(IX)	**Total Comprehensive Income/(Expense) for the period (VII+VIII)**		**2,531.37**	**1,769.51**
	(Comprising profit and other comprehensive income for the year)			
	Earnings per Equity share			
	[nominal value of share ₹10]			
	(Basic) ₹	32	**8.25**	**6.02**
	(Diluted) ₹		**8.25**	**6.02**

Summary of significant accounting policies

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attatched

For Manikandan and Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Reg No.: 008520S

C K Manikandan

[Partner]

Membership no.: 206654

Place: Chalakudy

Date:29-05-2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew

[Wholetime Director]

DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew

[Managing Director]

DIN 00224336

M R Rajeev

[Chief Financial Officer]

Neethu C Biju

[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram

Date:29-05-2024

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23
Net Profit before tax	**3,385.60**	**2,377.32**
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	863.60	739.99
Impairment on financial instruments	102.38	15.94
Provision for Gratuity	21.65	12.65
Finance cost	432.51	380.89
Interest on Fixed deposit	(126.18)	(14.88)
Lease payments	866.84	716.39
Net (Gain)/Loss on sale of investments	(8.62)	-
Operating profit before working capital changes	**5,537.79**	**4,228.31**
Changes in working capital :		
Decrease / (increase) in non-financial asset	(123.86)	2.25
Decrease / (increase) in loans	(15,575.22)	(16,886.86)
Decrease / (increase) in investments	-	1,101.98
Decrease / (increase) in current tax assets	(111.80)	(5.41)
Decrease / (increase) in other financial asset	(1,432.42)	(720.42)
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	93.80	(46.61)
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liablities	866.06	803.75
Increase / (decrease) in Lease Liability (Net)	505.32	329.99
Increase / (decrease) in other non-financial liablities	42.44	(28.53)
Cash generated from /(used in) operations	**(10,197.91)**	**(11,221.54)**
Net income Taxes Paid	(677.28)	(614.09)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	**(10,875.19)**	**(11,835.63)**
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net Gain/(Loss) on sale of investments	8.62	-
Purchase of property,plant and equipments including CWIP	(300.12)	(358.83)
Purchase of intangible assets	(1.14)	(1.09)
Bank balance not considerd as cash and cash equivalents	(1,444.92)	(825.38)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	**(1,737.57)**	**(1,185.30)**
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceed from Debt Security (Net)	8,920.17	647.87
Proceed from Borrowings (Net)	797.52	10,167.75
Proceed from Subordinate Liabilities (Net)	854.53	5,061.01
Finance cost	(432.51)	(380.89)
Interest on Fixed deposit	126.18	14.88
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	700.00	-
Lease payments	(866.84)	(716.39)
Right to Use Asset (Net)	(973.59)	(683.91)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) in financing activities (C)	**9,125.46**	**14,110.31**
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	**(3,487.29)**	**1,089.37**
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,553.56	3,464.19
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	**1,066.27**	**4,553.56**
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	702.46	482.05
With banks	363.81	4,071.52
Total cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	**1,066.27**	**4,553.56**
Summary of significant accounting policies		

As per our report of even date attatched

For Manikandan and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg No.: 008520S

C K Manikandan
[Partner]
Membership no.: 208654

Place: Chalakudy
Date: 29-05-2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063076

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

M R Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]

Neethu C Biju
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 29-05-2024

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

A Equity Share Capital

	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the period	2,94,18,750	2,941.88	2,94,18,750	2,941.88
Changes in Equity share capital during the year due to prior period errors	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the beginning of the period	2,94,18,750	2,941.88	2,94,18,750	2,941.88
Changes in Equity share capital during the year	69,99,997	700.00	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	3,64,18,747	3,641.87	2,94,18,750	2,941.88

B Other Equity

	Reserves and Surplus					Items of other comprehensive Income	Total
	Statutory Reserve (pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)	Capital Redemption Reserve	Impairment Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	
Balance as at the 1st April, 2022	2,511.87	2,280.63	62.51	-	3,751.26	8.93	8,615.19
Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	-		-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the 1st April, 2022	2,511.87	2,280.63	62.51	-	3,751.26	8.93	8,615.19
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	1,769.57		1,769.57
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-		(0.06)	(0.06)
Dividend and Corporate Dividend Tax	-	-	-	-			-
Transfer from retained earnings	366.00	-	91.55	-	(457.55)	-	-
MAT Credit for earlier years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	2,877.87	2,280.63	154.06	-	5,063.28	8.87	10,384.71
Balance as at the 1st April, 2023	2,877.87	2,280.63	154.06	-	5,063.28	8.87	10,384.71
Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restated balance at the 1st April, 2023	2,877.87	2,280.63	154.06	-	5,063.28	8.87	10,384.71
Profit for the year					2,519.60	-	2,519.60
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)						11.77	11.77
Dividend and Corporate Dividend Tax						-	-
Transfer from retained earnings	505.92		157.86		(663.78)	-	-
MAT Credit for earlier years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	3,383.78	2,280.63	311.92	-	6,919.10	20.64	12,916.07

As per our report of even date attatched
For Manikandan and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg No.: 008520S

C K Manikandan
[Partner]
Membership no.: 208654

Place: Chalakudy
Date:29-05-2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

M K Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

Neethu C Biju
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date:29-05-2024

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

1 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Muthoot Mercantile Limited(CIN:U65921KL1997PLC011260) was incorporated on 3rd March 1997,having registered office at 1st Floor, North Block, "Muthoot Floors",opposite W & C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, 695014, Kerala

The Company is a Systemically Important Non-Deposit Taking Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC-ND) which provides a wide range of fund based and fee based services including Gold loan, Money Transfer etc.The Company is a Non-Deposit taking Non Banking Financial Company registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act,1934 vide Certificate of Registration ('CoR') number N-16.00178 dated 12th December, 2002.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules , 2015 (as amended from time to time). The financial sratements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the application of fair value measurements required or allowed by relevant Accounting Standards and on accrual basis except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period as explained in accounting policies below.

The above financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India mainly considering the Master Directions issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') as applicable to Non-Banking Finance Companies – ND.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) except when otherwise indicated.

All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in Lakhs of indian rupees (Rupees in Lakhs) except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated. Due to rounding off, the numbers presented throughout the document may not be add up precisely to the totals and percentages may not precisely reflect the absolute figures.

3 PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Company are presented as per Schedule III (Division III) of the Companies Act, 2013 applicable to NBFCs, as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA). Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported on a gross basis except when, there is an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event and the parties intend to settle on a net basis in the following circumstances:

(i) The normal course of business

(ii) The event of default

(iii) The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant Accounting Policies adopted in the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements are as under-:

A. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(I) Classification of financial instruments

The Company classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories:

i) Financial assets to be measured at amortised cost.

ii) Financial assets to be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

iii) Financial assets to be measured at fair value through profit or loss account.

The classification depends on the contractual terms of the financial assets' cash flows and the Company's business model for managing financial assets. The Company determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective. The business model is assessed on the basis of aggregated portfolios based on observable factors. These factors include:

- Reports reviewed by the entity's key management personnel on the performance of the financial assets.
- The risks impacting the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and its management thereof.

- The compensation of the managing teams (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected)
- The expected frequency, value and timing of trades. The business model assessement is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking ' worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account.

The Company also assesses the contractual terms of financial assets on the basis of its contractual cash flow characteristics that are solely for the payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. 'Principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation of the premium/discount).

In making this assessment, the Company considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. interest includes only consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company classifies its financial liabilities at amortised costs unless it has designated liabilities at fair value through the profit and loss account or is required to measure liabilities at fair value through profit or loss such as derivative liabilities.

(II) Initial Recognition

The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their contractual terms and the business model for managing the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in the Statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of loans, debt securities and deposits are recognised on the trade date i.e. when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Loans, debt securities and deposits are recognised when the funds are transferred to the customers account. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price.

(III) Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets having contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding and that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold such assets in order to collect such contractual cash flows are classified in this category. Subsequently these are measured at amortised cost using effective interest method less any impairment losses.

Debt Instruments at FVOCI

Debt instruments that are measured at FVOCI have contractual terms that give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal outstanding and that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets. These instruments largely comprise long-term investments made by the Company. FVOCI debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising due to changes in fair value recognised in OCI. Interest income and gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. On derecognition, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in OCI are reclassified from OCI to profit or loss.

Equity Instruments at FVOCI

These include financial assets that are equity instruments as defined in Ind AS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" and are not held for trading and where the Company's management has elected to irrevocably designated the same as Equity instruments at FVOCI upon initial recognition. Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognised directly in other comprehensive income, net of applicable income taxes.

Gains and losses on these equity instruments are never recycled to profit or loss.

Dividends from these equity investments are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the right to receive the payment has been established.

Fair value through Profit and loss account

Financial assets are measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI on initial recognition. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are immediately recognised in profit or loss.

(IV) Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Other Financial Liabilities

These are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate.

(V) Derecognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(VI) Impairment of Financial Assets

The company recognises impairment allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets held at amortised cost. In addition to that the Company has provided for Non-Performing Assets (NPA) as per Prudential Norms of RBI.

The Company recognises loss allowances (provisions) for expected credit losses on its financial assets (including non-fund exposures) that are measured at amortised costs or at fair value through other comprehensive income account. The Company applies a three-stage approach to measuring expected credit losses (ECLs) for the following categories of financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- debt instruments measured at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income;
- loan commitments.

No ECL is recognised on equity investments.

Financial assets migrate through the following three stages based on the change in credit risk since initial recognition:

Stage 1: ECL

For exposures where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired upon origination, ECL associated with the probability of default events is recognised.

Stage 2: Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired

For exposures where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but are not credit impaired, a lifetime ECL (i.e. reflecting the remaining lifetime of the financial asset) is recognised.

Stage 3: Lifetime ECL – credit impaired

Exposures are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred. For exposures that have become credit impaired, a lifetime ECL is recognised

The company has identified the following stage classification to be the most appropriate for its loans:

Stage 1: 0 to 60 Days Past Due

Stage 2: 61 to 90 Days Past Due

Stage 3: above 90 Days Past Due

Reclassification of Financial assets

The company does not re-classify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances when the company changes its business model for managing such financial assets. The company does not re-classify its financial liabilities.

(VII) Write-offs

The Company reduces the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. This is generally the case when the Company determines that the borrower /debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subjected to write-offs. Any subsequent recoveries against such loans are credited to the statement of profit and loss.

(VIII) Determination of fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is normally the transaction price (fair value of the consideration given or received). Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company determines the fair value of financial instruments that are quoted in active markets using the quoted bid prices (financial assets held) or quoted ask prices (financial liabilities held) and using valuation techniques for other instruments. Valuation techniques include discounted cash flow method and other valuation models.

(IX) Foreign currency transactions and translation

The financial statements of the Company are presented in Indian rupees (₹), which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the financial statements.

In preparing the financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are re-translated at the rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation or settlement of monetary items are included in the statement of profit and loss for the period.

B. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

(I) Recognition of Dividend and Interest Income

Dividend income (including from FVOCI investments) is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. This is generally when the shareholders or Board of Directors approve the dividend.

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, debt instrument measured at FVOCI and debt instruments designated at FVTPL. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

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(II) Dividends on Ordinary Shares

The Company recognises a liability to make cash or non-cash distributions to equity holders of the parent when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in India, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

Non-cash distributions are measured at the fair value of the assets to be distributed with fair value remeasurement recognised directly in equity. Upon distribution of non-cash assets, any difference between the carrying amount of the liability and the carrying amount of the assets distributed is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

(III) Fees and Commission Income

Fees and commissions are recognised when the Company satisfies the performance obligation, at fair value of the consideration received or receivable based on a five-step model as set out below, unless included in the effective interest calculation:

Step 1: Identify contract(s) with a customer: A contract is defined as an agreement between two or more parties that creates enforceable rights and obligations and sets out the criteria for every contract that must be met.

Step 2: Identify performance obligations in the contract: A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer a good or service to the customer.

Step 3: Determine the transaction price: The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract: For a contract that has more than one performance obligation, the Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in an amount that depicts the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for satisfying each performance obligation.

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

Processing fee which is not forming part of effective interest rate has been recognised as and when it is accrued.

(IV) Net gain on Fair value changes

Any differences between the fair values of financial assets classified as fair value through the profit or loss, held by the Company on the balance sheet date is recognised as an unrealised gain / loss. In cases there is a net gain in the aggregate, the same is recognised as Revenue and if there is a net loss the same is disclosed under as Expense in the statement of Profit and Loss.

However, net gain / loss on derecognition of financial instruments classified as amortised cost is presented separately under the respective head in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

C. EXPENSES

(I) Finance costs

Finance costs represents Interest expense recognised by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial liabilities other than financial liabilities classified as FVTPL.

The EIR in case of a financial liability is computed

a) As the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of the amortised cost of a financial liability.

b) By considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument in estimating the cash flows

c) Including all fees received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Any subsequent change the estimation of the future cash flows is recognised in interest with the corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the assets.

(II) Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefit

Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include short term compensated absences such as paid annual leave. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised as an expense during the period. Benefits such as salaries and wages, etc. and the expected cost of the bonus/ex-gratia are recognised in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Post-employment employee benefits

a) Defined contribution schemes

All the employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the Provident Fund and Employees State Insurance scheme, defined contribution plans in which both the employee and the Company contribute monthly at a stipulated rate. The Company has no liability for future benefits other than its annual contribution and recognises such contributions as an expense in the period in which employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the Balance Sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid.If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the Balance Sheet date,then excess is recognised as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

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b) Defined Benefit schemes

The Company provides for the gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering all employees. The plan provides for lump sum payments to employees upon death while in employment or on separation from employment after serving for the stipulated years mentioned under 'The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972'. The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation, carried out by an independent actuary at each Balance Sheet date, using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to an additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan are based on the market yields on Government Securities as at the Balance Sheet date.

An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, attrition rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, these liabilities are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed annually.

Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Re-measurements are not reclassified to profit and loss in subsequent periods.

(III) Leases

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether : (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii)the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases). For these short-term leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term.ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or,if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.
Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

(IV) Other Income and Expenses

All Other income and expense are recognized in the period they occur.

(V) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's property, plant & equipment and intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amounts are estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which impairment takes place.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

In determining net selling price, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, however subject to the increased carrying amount not exceeding the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior accounting periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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(VI) Taxes

Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from,or paid to, the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted, or substantively enacted, by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised for temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits if it is probable that future taxable amounts will arise to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities are realised simultaneously.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT)

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. They are held for the purposes of meeting short term cash commitments (rather than for investment or other purposes).
For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short term deposits, as defined above, as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

E. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, (if any). The total cost of assets comprises its purchase price, freight, duties, taxes and any other incidental expenses directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner indended by the managment. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent expentiture related to an item of tangible asset are added to its gross value only if it increases the future benefits of the existing asset, beyond its previously assessed standards of performance and cost can be measured reliably. Other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed off as and when incurred. Depreciation is calculated using the Written Down Value (WDV) method to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives as follows:

Particulars	Useful life estimated by company (Years)
Strong Room	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)*
	10 (Others)
Furniture And Fixtures	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)*
	10 (Others)
Vehicles	8
Office Equipments	3 (End user devices)
	6 (Servers and networks)
Office & Electrical Equipments	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)*
	10 (Others)

*Based on the estimation given by the chartered engineer

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.Property plant and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use.Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in other income /expense in the statement of profit and loss in the year the asset is derecognised. The date of disposal of an item of property,plant and equipment is the date the recipient obtains control of that item in accordance with the requirements for determining when a performance obligation is satisfied in Ind AS 115.

F. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Company.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and net of any trade discounts and rebates. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. Changes in the expected useful life, or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset, are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, which are then treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is presented as a separate line item in the statement of profit and loss. Amortisation on assets acquired/sold during the year is recognised on a pro-rata basis to the Statement of Profit and Loss from / upto the date of acquisition/sale.

Amortisation is calculated using the straight–line method to write down the cost of intangible assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. Intangible assets comprising of software are amortised on a straight-line basis over a period of 5 years, unless it has a shorter useful life.

The Company's intangible assets consist of computer software with definite life. Gains or losses from derecognition of intangible assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

G. CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS AND CAPITAL ADVANCES

Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as on the Balance Sheet date, is shown as capital work in progress. Advances given towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed in Other Non-Financial Assets.

H. ACCOUNTING FOR PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which can be reliably estimated. Each provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are measured on a discounted basis. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where:

(a) by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities, and

(b) as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge those responsibilities Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

I. EARNING PER SHARE

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS,ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management of the Company to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures including disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities as at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods which are affected.

Key sources of estimation of uncertainty at the date of the financial statements, which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of: impairment of financial instruments, provisions and contingent liabilities.

A. BUSINESS MODEL ASSESSMENT

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test.The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

B. DEFINED EMPLOYEE BENEFIT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate; future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed annually.

C. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

D. IMPAIRMENT OF LOANS PORTFOLIO

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.The impairment loss on loans and advances is disclosed in more detail in Note 9 Overview of ECL principles.In case, higher provisions are to be considered as per the prudential norms of the Reserve Bank of India, they are considered and routed through Impairment Reserves.

E. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS OTHER THAN IMPAIRMENT ON LOAN PORTFOLIO

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration in the ordinary course of the Company's business.When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents.Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

F. EFFECTIVE INTEREST RATE (EIR) METHOD

The Company's EIR methodology, recognises interest income /expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penaltyinterest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

G. OTHER ESTIMATES

These include contingent liabilities, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets etc.

H. SEGMENT REPORTING

Pursuant to Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments, no segment disclosure has been made in these financial statements, as the Company has only one geographical segment and no other separate reportable business segment.

6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Cash on hand	702.46	482.05	660.98
Balances with Banks - in Current Account	363.63	4,065.70	2,798.32
Treasury Savings Bank	0.18	5.82	4.88
Total	**1,066.27**	**4,553.56**	**3,464.19**

7 Bank Balances other than above

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 31-March-2022
Earmarked balances with banks			
Balances with banks to the extent held as security	2,082.90	809.77	-
For unpaid dividend	0.10	0.10	0.10
Debenture trustee account	2.62	4.72	4.72
Other bank balances			
Fixed Deposits	200.00	26.11	10.48
	2,285.62	**840.69**	**15.31**

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

8 Loans

Particulars	As at 31-March-2024					
		At Fair Value				
	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Subtotal	Total
Loans						
(A)						
(i) Loans repayable on demand						
Gold Loan	64,659.27	-	-	-	-	64,659.27
Pronote Loan	1,654.74					1,654.74
(iii) Other Loans:						
Corporate Loans		-	-	-	-	-
Letter of Credit		-	-	-	-	-
Total (A) - Gross	**66,314.01**	-	-	-	-	**66,314.01**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	175.45	-	-	-	-	175.45
Total (A) - Net	**66,138.56**	-	-	-	-	**66,138.56**
(B)						
(i) Secured by tangible assets	64,659.27	-	-	-	-	64,659.27
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	1,654.74	-	-	-	-	1,654.74
Total (B) Gross	**66,314.01**	-	-	-	-	**66,314.01**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	175.45	-	-	-	-	175.45
Total (B) Net	**66,138.56**	-	-	-	-	**66,138.56**

8 Loans (Contd.)

(C)						
(I) Loans in India						
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	66,314.01	-	-	-	-	66,314.01
Total (C) Gross	**66,314.01**	-	-	-	-	**66,314.01**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	175.45	-	-	-	-	175.45
Total (C) (I) Net	**66,138.56**	-	-	-	-	**66,138.56**
(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (II) Net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (I) and C (II)	**66,138.56**	-	-	-	-	**66,138.56**
Loans and advances due by directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil
Amounts due by firms or private companies in which any director is a partner or a director or a member	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil

8 Loans (Contd.)

Particulars	As at 31-March-2023					
		At Fair Value				
	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Subtotal	Total
Loans						
(A)						
(i) Loans repayable on demand						
Gold Loan	49,469.77	-	-	-	-	49,469.77
Pronote Loan	1,269.02					1,269.02
(ii) Other Loans:						
Corporate Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Letter of Credit	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A) - Gross	**50,738.79**	-	-	-	-	**50,738.79**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	73.07	-	-	-	-	73.07
Total (A) - Net	**50,665.72**	-	-	-	-	**50,665.72**
(B)						
(i) Secured by tangible assets	49,469.77	-	-	-	-	49,469.77
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	1,269.02	-	-	-	-	1,269.02
Total (B) Gross	**50,738.79**	-	-	-	-	**50,738.79**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	73.07	-	-	-	-	73.07
Total (B) Net	**50,665.72**	-	-	-	-	**50,665.72**

8 Loans (Contd.)

(C)						
(I) Loans in India						
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	50,738.79	-	-	-	-	50,738.79
Total (C) Gross	**50,738.79**	-	-	-	-	**50,738.79**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	73.07	-	-	-	-	73.07
Total (C) (I) Net	**50,665.72**	-	-	-	-	**50,665.72**
(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (II) Net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (I) and C (II)	50,665.72	-	-	-	-	**50,665.72**
Loans and advances due by directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil
Amounts due by firms or private companies in which any director is a partner or a director or a member	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

8 Loans

Particulars	As at 01-April-2022					
		At Fair Value				
	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Subtotal	Total
Loans						
(A)						
(i) Loans repayable on demand						
Gold Loan	33,255.80	-	-	-	-	33,255.80
Pronote loan	596.13					596.13
(ii) Other Loans:						
Corporate Loans		-	-	-	-	-
Intercorporate Deposit		-	-	-	-	-
Letter of Credit		-	-	-	-	-
Total (A) - Gross	**33,851.93**	-	-	-	-	**33,851.93**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	57.13	-	-	-	-	57.13
Total (A) - Net	**33,794.80**	-	-	-	-	**33,794.80**
(B)						
(i) Secured by tangible assets	33,255.80	-	-	-	-	33,255.80
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	596.13	-	-	-	-	596.13
Total (B) Gross	**33,851.93**	-	-	-	-	**33,851.93**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	57.13	-	-	-	-	57.13
Total (B) Net	**33,794.80**	-	-	-	-	**33,794.80**

8 Loans (Contd.)

(C)						
(I) Loans in India						
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	33,851.93	-	-	-	-	33,851.93
Total (C) Gross	**33,851.93**	-	-	-	-	**33,851.93**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	57.13	-	-	-	-	57.13
Total (C) (I) Net	**33,794.80**	-	-	-	-	**33,794.80**
(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (II) Net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (I) and C (II)	**33,794.80**	-	-	-	-	**33,794.80**
Loans and advances due by directors or other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil
Amounts due by firms or private companies in which any director is a partner or a director or a member	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		Nil

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

8 Summary of ECL Provisions

Particulars	FY 2023-2024			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gold Loan	66.03	8.91	97.16	**172.11**
Pronote Loan	2.64	0.23	0.47	**3.34**
Other Loans:				
	-	-	-	-
Total Closing ECL Provisions	**68.67**	**9.14**	**97.63**	**175.45**
Particulars	**FY 2022-2023**			
	Stage 1	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Gold Loan	43.30	12.42	16.54	**72.26**
Pronote Loan	0.78	0.00	0.03	**0.81**
Other Loans:				
	-	-	-	-
Total Closing ECL Provisions	**44.07**	**12.43**	**16.57**	**73.07**
Particulars	**FY 2021-2022**			
	Stage 1	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Gold Loan	14.19	30.46	12.48	**57.13**
Pronote Loan	-	-	-	-
Other Loans:				
	-	-	-	-
Total Closing ECL Provisions	**14.19**	**30.46**	**12.48**	**57.13**

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

8 Loans(Contd)

As at 31-March-2024

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)=(3)-(4)	(6)	(7) = (4)-(6)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	65,092.74	68.67	65,024.07	260.46	(191.79)
	Stage 2	875.13	9.14	865.99	3.50	-
	Subtotal	**65,967.87**	**77.81**	**65,890.05**	**263.96**	**(191.79)**
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	**189.53**	**7.09**	**182.44**	**18.95**	(11.86)
Doubtful - up to 1 year	Stage 3	7.72	1.29	6.43	2.57	(1.29)
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	59.00	39.80	19.20	40.61	(0.81)
More than 3 years	Stage 3	73.15	32.71	40.44	35.95	(3.24)
	Subtotal for doubtful	**139.87**	**73.80**	**66.07**	**79.13**	**(5.33)**
Loss	Stage 3	16.75	16.75	-	16.75	-
	Subtotal for NPA	**346.14**	**97.63**	**248.51**	**114.83**	**(17.20)**
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 1	65,092.74	68.67	65,024.07	260.46	(191.79)
	Stage 2	875.13	9.14	865.99	3.50	-
	Stage 3	346.14	97.63	248.51	114.83	(17.20)
	Total	**66,314.01**	**175.45**	**66,138.56**	**378.79**	**(208.99)**

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THIYCAUD 695014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

8 Loans(Contd)

As at 31-Mar-2023

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)=(3)-(4)	(6)	(7) = (4)-(6)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	49,355.77	44.07	49,311.70	123.51	(79.44)
	Stage 2	1,242.57	12.43	1,230.15	3.11	-
	Subtotal	**50,598.35**	**56.50**	**50,541.85**	**126.62**	**(79.44)**
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	**115.56**	**11.43**	**104.13**	**60.52**	**(49.09)**
Doubtful - up to 1 year	Stage 3	24.10	4.82	19.28	19.74	(14.92)
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	0.36	0.11	0.25	0.29	(0.18)
More than 3 years	Stage 3	0.43	0.21	0.21	0.43	(0.21)
	Subtotal for doubtful	**24.88**	**5.14**	**19.74**	**20.46**	**(15.32)**
Loss	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal for NPA	**140.44**	**16.57**	**123.87**	**80.97**	**(64.40)**
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 1	49,355.77	44.07	49,311.70	123.51	(79.44)
	Stage 2	1,242.57	12.43	1,230.15	3.11	-
	Stage 3	140.44	16.57	123.87	80.97	(64.40)
	Total	**50,738.79**	**73.07**	**50,665.72**	**207.59**	**(143.84)**

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

8 Loans(Contd)

As at 01-April-2022

Asset Classification as per RBI Norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109	Net Carrying Amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)=(3)-(4)	(6)	(7) = (4)-(6)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	30,682.01	14.19	30,667.82	76.71	(62.51)
	Stage 2	3,046.37	30.46	3,015.90	7.62	-
	Subtotal	**33,728.38**	**44.65**	**33,683.72**	**84.32**	**(62.51)**
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	122.77	12.28	110.49	**12.28**	-
Doubtful - up to 1 year	Stage 3	0.36	0.07	0.29	0.07	-
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	0.43	0.13	0.30	0.13	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3			-		-
	Subtotal for doubtful	**0.79**	**0.20**	**0.59**	**0.20**	**-**
Loss	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal for NPA	**123.55**	**12.48**	**111.08**	**12.48**	**-**
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income Recognition,	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 1	30,682.01	14.19	30,667.82	76.71	(62.51)
	Stage 2	3,046.37	30.46	3,015.90	7.62	-
	Stage 3	123.55	12.48	111.08	12.48	-
	Total	**33,851.93**	**57.13**	**33,794.80**	**96.80**	**(62.51)**

MANIKANDAN & ASSOCIATES * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS * CHALAKUDY 680 307

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695014

8 Loans(Contd)

An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount and the corresponding ECL allowances in relation to receivables under financing activities is, as follows:

	Period ended 31st March 2024			
	Stage 1	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Opening Gross carrying amount	**49,355.77**	**1,242.62**	**140.40**	**50,738.79**
Add:- New Assets	1,64,960.35	784.87	138.70	1,65,883.93
Less:- Assets repaid	(1,49,091.37)	(1,155.70)	(61.64)	(1,50,308.71)
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-7.30	7.30	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-124.73	-3.11	127.84	-
Less:- Write off				-
Closing Gross carrying amount	**65,092.74**	**875.98**	**345.29**	**66,314.01**

	Period ended 31st March 2023			
	Stage 1	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Opening Gross carrying amount	**30,682.01**	**3,046.37**	**123.55**	**33,851.93**
Add:- New Assets	1,43,252.11	685.50	1.24	1,43,938.85
Less:- Assets repaid	(1,23,964.12)	(2,982.03)	(105.84)	(1,27,051.99)
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-581.72	537.25	44.47	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-32.50	-44.47	76.97	-
Less:- Write off				-
Closing Gross carrying amount	**49,355.77**	**1,242.62**	**140.40**	**50,738.79**

Reconciliation of ECL Balance

	Period ended 31st March 2024			
ECL Provision	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Gross carrying amount	**44.07**	**12.43**	**16.57**	**73.07**
Add:- New Assets	68.66	9.06	32.89	110.61
Less:- Repaid	(43.86)	(12.39)	(7.57)	(63.81)
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(0.07)	0.07	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(7.38)	(0.31)	7.69	-
Less:- Write off	-	-	-	-
Impact of changes in credit risk on account of stage movements	7.25	0.28	48.05	55.58
Closing carrying amount	**68.67**	**9.14**	**97.63**	**175.45**

	Period ended 31st March 2023			
ECL Provision	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Gross carrying amount	**14.19**	**30.46**	**12.48**	**57.13**
Add:- New Assets	44.07	6.60	-	50.67
Less:- Repaid	(14.13)	(30.02)	(6.06)	(50.20)
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(5.82)	5.82	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(3.18)	(4.45)	7.62	-
Less:- Write off	-	-	-	-
Impact of changes in credit risk on account of stage movements	8.94	4.01	2.52	15.47
Closing carrying amount	**44.07**	**12.43**	**16.57**	**73.07**

Credit Quality of assets

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's internal credit rating system and year-end stage classification

As at 31-Mar-2024

Internal Rating	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
High Grade	58,522.49	462.94	183.90	**59,169.32**
Medium Grade	3,017.01	270.21	4.42	**3,291.65**
Low Grade	3,553.24	141.98	157.82	**3,853.04**
Total	**65,092.74**	**875.13**	**346.14**	**66,314.01**

As at 31-Mar-2023

Internal Rating	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
High Grade	44,948.69	678.23	6.45	45,633.37
Medium Grade	3,008.96	214.22	3.46	3,226.64
Low Grade	1,398.12	350.16	130.49	1,878.78
Total	**49,355.77**	**1,242.62**	**140.40**	**50,738.79**

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

9 Investments	Amortised cost	At Fair Value				
		Through other comprehensive income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Subtotal	Total
As at 31-March-2024						
Mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total – Gross A	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Investments in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total – B	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance (C)		-	-	-	-	-
Total – Net D =(A)-(C)	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31-March-2023						
Mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total – Gross A	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Investments in India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total – B	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance (C)		-	-	-	-	-
Total – Net D =(A)-(C)	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 01-April-2022						
Mutual funds	-	-	1,101.98	-	1,101.98	1,101.98
Total – Gross A	-	-	**1,101.98**	-	**1,101.98**	**1,101.98**
(i) Investments outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Investments in India	-	-	1,101.98	-	1,101.98	1,101.98
Total – B	-	-	**1,101.98**	-	**1,101.98**	**1,101.98**
Less: Impairment loss allowance (C)		-	-	-	-	-
Total – Net D =(A)-(C)	-	-	**1,101.98**	-	**1,101.98**	**1,101.98**

Details of Investments in Equity Instruments and Mutual Funds

Name of Mutual Fund	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023		As at 01-April-2022	
	Quantity of Shares	Market value	Quantity of Shares	Market value	Quantity of Shares	Market value
L079B SBI Savings Fund-Regular Plan Growth	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	17,96,122.71	602.01
LF47RG SBI Magnum Low Duration Fund Regular Growth	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	17,560.69	499.97
TOTAL	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	**18,13,683**	**1,101.98**

10 Other Financial Assets

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
GST Receivable	75.35	26.72	4.08
Interest accrued :			
Interest accrued on Loan	3,963.25	2,559.89	1,882.30
Interest accrued on Bank deposit	-	0.51	0.10
Interest accrued on Treasury deposit	-	3.37	2.41
Security deposits			
Treasury Deposit	10.25	43.68	43.68
Rental Deposits	387.46	360.41	338.85
Other Security Deposits	5.48	5.46	7.47
Others:			
TDS Refund Due	1.39	1.39	1.39
Fringe Benefit Tax refund due	-	0.14	0.14
Other Receivables	3.80	13.00	13.72
Total	**4,446.99**	**3,014.57**	**2,294.14**

11 Current Tax Asset

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Advance Tax	250.00	82.00	365.00
Other prepaid taxes	493.70	537.50	261.62
Income Tax Refund Due	12.14	24.53	12.01
Total	**755.84**	**644.03**	**638.63**

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12 Deferred Tax Assets / (Deferred Tax Liability) (Net)

The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income tax expense:

	Deferred Tax Assets As at 31-March-2024	Deferred Tax Liabilities As at 31-March-2024	Income Statement 2023-24	OCI 2023-24	Others 2023-24
Depreciation	221.41	-	63.71		-
Impairment allowance for financial assets	-	-	-		-
Remeasurement gain/ (loss) on defined benefit plan	-	4.30	-	(5.33)	-
Provisions	29.68	-	1.15		-
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	-	-		-
Other temporary differences	-	-	-		-
Total	**251.09**	**4.30**	**64.86**	**(5.33)**	**-**
Net Deferred tax asset as at 31st March,2024	**246.79**	-			

	Deferred Tax Assets As at 31-March-2023	Deferred Tax Liabilities As at 31-March-2023	Income Statement 2022-23	OCI 2022-23	Others 2022-23
Depreciation	157.70		65.28		-
Impairment allowance for financial assets	-				-
Remeasurement gain/ (loss) on defined benefit plan	1.03			4.03	-
Provisions	28.53		4.21		-
Financial assets measured at amortised cost					-
Other temporary differences					-
Total	**187.26**	-	**69.49**	**4.03**	**-**
Net Deferred tax asset as at 31st March,2023	**187.26**				

	Deferred Tax Assets As at 01-April-2022	Deferred Tax Liabilities As at 01-April-2022
Depreciation	92.42	-
Impairment allowance for financial assets	-	3.00
Remeasurement gain/ (loss) on defined benefit plan	-	-
Provisions	24.32	-
Financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Other temporary differences		
Total	**116.74**	**3.00**
Net Deferred tax asset as at As at 01-April-2022	**113.74**	

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31-March-24

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

13A

Property, Plant and Equipment

	Land	Strong Room	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Computer & Accessories	Office&Electrical Equipments	Total
Cost or valuation							
At 1-Apr-2022	4.32	251.82	423.76	186.76	162.30	316.36	1,345.32
Additions	-	41.22	208.27	-	29.26	80.09	358.83
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31-Mar-2023	**4.32**	**293.04**	**632.02**	**186.76**	**191.56**	**396.45**	**1,704.15**
Cost or valuation							
At 1-Apr-2023	4.32	293.04	632.02	186.76	191.56	396.45	1,704.15
Additions	-	44.43	137.82	-	47.41	70.46	300.12
Deletions	-						-
As at 31-March-2024	**4.32**	**337.47**	**769.84**	**186.76**	**238.96**	**466.91**	**2,004.26**
Accumulated Depreciation							
At 1-Apr-2022	-	150.69	267.51	143.51	148.26	211.37	921.34
Charge for the year	-	33.60	88.87	13.37	22.93	44.62	203.39
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31-Mar-2023	**-**	**184.29**	**356.38**	**156.88**	**171.19**	**255.99**	**1,124.73**
Accumulated Depreciation							
At 1-Apr-2023	-	184.29	356.38	156.88	171.19	255.99	1,124.73
Charge for the year	-	36.86	102.28	9.20	38.28	50.91	237.53
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31-March-2024	**-**	**221.14**	**458.67**	**166.08**	**209.46**	**306.91**	**1,362.25**
Net Block							
At 1-Apr-2022	**4.32**	**101.13**	**156.25**	**43.25**	**14.04**	**104.99**	**423.98**
As at 31-Mar-2023	**4.32**	**108.75**	**275.64**	**29.88**	**20.37**	**140.46**	**579.42**
As at 31-March-2024	**4.32**	**116.33**	**311.17**	**20.68**	**29.50**	**160.01**	**642.01**

13B Right-of-Use Asset

	Total
Building	
At 1-Apr-2022	**4,291.28**
Additions	**683.91**
Disposals	
As at 31-Mar-2023	4,975.20
Additions	**973.59**
Disposals	
As at 31-March-2024	**5,948.79**
Depreciation	
At 1-Apr-2022	**610.38**
Charge for the year	**536.39**
Disposals	
As at 31-Mar-2023	1,146.76
Charge for the year	**625.63**
Disposals	-
As at 31-March-2024	**1,772.39**
Net Right-of-use asset	
At 1-Apr-2022	**3,680.91**
As at 31-Mar-2023	**3,828.43**
As at 31-March-2024	**4,176.39**

13B Lease Liability

At 1-Apr-2022	**3,792.67**
Additons	**665.49**
Finance cost accrued during the year	**380.89**
Deletions	-
Payment of lease liabilities	**716.39**
As at 31-Mar-2023	**4,122.65**
Additons	**939.65**
Finance cost accrued during the year	**432.51**
Deletions	-
Payment of lease liabilities	**866.84**
As at 31-March-2024	**4,627.97**
Lease Liability	
Particulars	
Less than one year	**6.05**
One to five years	**1,161.42**
More than five years	**3,460.50**
Total	**4,627.97**

14 Intangible Assets

	Computer Software
Cost	
At 1-Apr-2022	84.63
Additions	1.09
Disposals	-
As at 31-Mar-2023	85.72
Additions	1.14
Disposals	-
As at 31-March-2024	86.87
Amortization	
At 1-Apr-2022	84.63
Charge for the year	0.22
Disposals	
As at 31-Mar-2023	84.85
Charge for the year	0.45
Disposals	-
As at 31-March-2024	**85.30**
Net Block	
At 1-Apr-2022	-
As at 31-Mar-2023	**0.87**
As at 31-March-2024	**1.57**

Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

15 Other Non-Financial Asset

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Advance for Capital Expenditure	2.80	4.41	15.75
Prepaid Expenses	118.99	11.07	7.94
Other Advances	17.89	5.45	-
Employee Advances	5.61	0.50	-
Total	**145.30**	**21.43**	**23.69**

16 Provisions

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Employee Benefits			
- Gratuity	117.92	113.37	96.63
Provision for Taxation	930.86	677.28	614.13
Total	**1,048.78**	**790.64**	**710.76**

17 Other Financial Liabilities

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Interest accrued on Debentures	445.38	363.35	275
Interest accrued on Debentures(Public Issue)	123.38	-	-
Interest accrued on Subordinate Debt	2,277.01	1,682.35	1,045.93
Interest Accrued on PDI	-	-	8.10
Employee Related Payables	172.97	144.88	140.19
Unpaid matured debentures and Interest accrued thereon	3.51	43.52	13.27
Unpaid Subordinate Debt and Interest Accrued thereon	37.16	-	-
Others	99.10	58.37	5.96
Total	**3,158.52**	**2,292.46**	**1,488.71**
Amount to be credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund towards unpaid dividends and unpaid matured debentures and interest on matured debentures	Nil	0.10	2.03

18 Other Non-financial liabilities

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Statutory Dues Payable	91.74	49.30	77.83
Total	**91.74**	**49.30**	**77.83**

Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

19 Trade Payables

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and	23.95	8.49	17.20
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.	95.79	17.45	55.35
TOTAL	**119.74**	**25.94**	**72.55**

Trade Payables aging schedule

As at 31-March-2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	23.95				23.95
ii) Others	95.79				95.79
iii) Disputed dues-MSME					-
iv) Disputed dues-Others					-

As at 31-March-2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	8.49			-	8.49
ii) Others	17.45			-	17.45
iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-

As at 01-April-2022

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	17.20			-	17.20
ii) Others	55.35			-	55.35
iii) Disputed dues-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed dues-	-	-	-	-	-

Disclosure:- Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;	10.97	4.40	17.20
(b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil	Nil
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	Nil	Nil	Nil
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	Nil	Nil	Nil
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil	Nil

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extend such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

20 Debt Securities

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
At Amortised Cost			
Privately placed redeemable non-convertible debentures (Secured)*	3,759.89	5,130.45	4,482.58
Others - Non-convertible Debentures - Public issue(Secured)**	10,420.49	-	-
Total	**14,180.38**	**5,130.45**	**4,482.58**
Less : Effective Interest Rate Adjustment as per IndAS	129.76	-	-
Total (A)	**14,050.62**	**5,130.45**	**4,482.58**
Debt securities in India	14,050.62	5,130.45	4,482.58
Debt securities outside India	-	-	
Total (B)	**14,050.62**	**5,130.45**	**4,482.58**

Nature of Security

*Secured by a hypothecation of Outstanding gold loan receivables both present and future and all assets to be accrued from the proceeds generated by the private placement of Non Convertible Secured Debentures by the Company.The Company shall maintain a minimum security,which shall not be less than the amount of debentures outstanding at any point of time.

Debentures are offered for a period of 12 months to 96 months.

**First ranking pari passu charge with on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other moveable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs outstanding plus interest .

Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

20 Debt Securities(contd).

A] Non Convertible Debentures (Secured)

Non Convertible Debentures of ₹1,000/- each. Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern as on the date of the balance sheet is as under:

As at 31-Mar-2024

Private Placement

Redeemable at par within	Rate of interest							
	>= 10% < 12%		>= 12% < 14%		>= 14%		Total	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 3-4 years	59,810	598.10	33,210	332.10	2,200	22.00	95,220	952.20
Due within 2-3 years	47,545	475.45	-		4,875	48.75	52,420	524.20
Due within 1-2 years	1,13,493	1,134.93	-		-	-	1,13,493	1,134.93
Due within 1 year	1,14,856	1,148.56	-		-	-	1,14,856	1,148.56
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Grand Total	**3,35,704**	**3,357.04**	**33,210**	**332.10**	**7,075**	**70.75**	**3,75,989**	**3,759.89**

Public Issue

Redeemable at par within	Rate Of Interest							
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%		Total	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due more than 5 Years	-	-	-	-	1,25,132	1251.32	1,25,132	1,251.32
Due within 4-5 Years	-	-	1,22,579	1,225.79	1,13,477	1,134.77	2,36,056	2,360.56
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due within 2-3 years	-	-	2,57,838	2,578.38	-	-	2,57,838	2,578.38
Due within 1-2 years	1,05,042	1,050.42	86,693	866.93	-	-	1,91,735	1,917.35
Due within 1 year	1,43,489	1,434.89	87,799	877.99	-	-	2,31,288	2,312.88
Total	**2,48,531**	**2,485.31**	**5,54,909**	**5,549.09**	**2,38,609**	**2,386.09**	**10,42,049**	**10,420.49**

20 Debt Securities(contd).

As at 31-March-2023

Redeemable at par within	Rate of interest							
	>= 10% < 12%		>= 12% < 14%		>= 14%		Total	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 3-4 years	1,26.225	1,262.25	40,410	404.10	7,975	79.75	1,74,610	1,746.10
Due within 2-3 years	1,69,264	1,692.64	-		-	-	1,69,264	1,692.64
Due within 1-2 years	1,35,293	1,352.93	-		-	-	1,35,293	1,352.93
Due within 1 year	33,878	338.78	-		-	-	33,878	338.78
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Grand Total	**4,64,660**	**4,646.60**	**40,410**	**404.10**	**7,975**	**79.75**	**5,13,045**	**5,130.45**

As at 01-April-2022

Redeemable at par within	Rate of interest							
	< 13%		>= 13% < 14%		>= 14%		Total	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 3-4 years	1,69,659	1,696.59	40,910	409.10	9,025	90.25	2,19,594	2,195.94
Due within 2-3 years	1,18,058	1,180.58	-		-	-	1,18,058	1,180.58
Due within 1-2 years	36,948	369.48	-		-	-	36,948	369.48
Due within 1 year	73,658	736.58	-		-	-	73,658	736.58
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Grand Total	**3,98,323**	**3,983.23**	**40,910**	**409.10**	**9,025**	**90.25**	**4,48,258**	**4,482.58**

MAHALINGAM & ASSOCIATES * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS * CHALAKUDY 680 307

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695014

Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

20 Debt Securities(contd).

B] Non Convertible Debentures of `1,000/- each - series-wise classification(Private Placement)

As at 31-Mar-2024

Sl. No.	Series	Date of Allotment	Outstanding	Interest Rate	Tenure(months)
1	174	15-01-2020	42.00	9.25%-15.35%	At par at the end 36-60 months
2	175	10-02-2020	210.15	9%-14.85%	At par at the end 36-90 months
3	176	22-02-2020	143.90	9.25%-20%	At par at the end 36-90 months
4	177	23-03-2020	135.50	9.25%-14.75%	At par at the end 36-84 months
5	178	22-05-2020	122.80	9%-14.29%	At par at the end 24-84 months
6	179	03-07-2020	280.33	10%-13.33%	At par at the end 60-90 months
7	180	12-10-2020	50.75	9%-12.50%	At par at the end 36-96 months
8	181	19-11-2020	298.80	9.25%-13.33%	At par at the end 36-90 months
9	182	07-01-2021	137.50	9.25%-13.33%	At par at the end 36-90 months
10	183	29-06-2021	127.00	8%-13.79%	At par at the end 12-87 months
11	184	11-09-2021	142.00	9.25%-13.79%	At par at the end 36-87 months
12	185	30-11-2021	228.50	9.25%-13.79%	At par at the end 36-87 months
13	186	05-02-2022	59.00	7.25%-10.12%	At par at the end 12-60 months
14	187	12-03-2022	79.30	7.25%-9.6%	At par at the end 12-60 months
15	188	30-03-2022	32.95	7.25%-9.6%	At par at the end 12-60 months
16	189	31-05-2022	105.90	7.25%-9.75%	At par at the end 12-60 months
17	190	08-08-2022	300.60	9%-11%	At par at the end 36-60 months
18	191	05-09-2022	222.00	9%-11%	At par at the end 36-60 months
19	192	13-01-2023	100.00	10.50%	At par at the end 60 months
20	193	18-03-2023	248.00	9.25%-11.75%	At par at the end 18-60 months
21	194	30-03-2023	120.00	9.25%-11.75%	At par at the end 18-60 months
22	195	29-05-2023	239.50	9.25%-10.75%	At par at the end 18-36 months
23	196	03-07-2023	255.41	9%-10.75%	At par at the end 12-36 months
24	197	04-Aug-2023	49.00	9.75%-10%	At par at the end 18-36 months
25	198	02-Sep-2023	29.00	9.75%	At par at the end 36 months
	TOTAL		**3,759.89**		

B] Non Convertible Debentures of `1,000/- each - series-wise classification(Public Issue)

Sl. No.	Series	Date of Allotment	Outstanding	Interest Rate	Tenure(months)
1	I	21-12-2023	564.31	9.50%	367 Days
2	I	21-12-2023	362.72	10.00%	367 Days
3	II	21-12-2023	870.58	NA	367 Days
4	II	21-12-2023	515.27	NA	367 Days
5	III	21-12-2023	353.41	9.65%	18 Months
6	III	21-12-2023	235.61	10.15%	18 Months
7	IV	21-12-2023	344.63	NA	18 Months
8	IV	21-12-2023	260.18	NA	18 Months
9	V	21-12-2023	204.27	9.75%	24 Months
10	V	21-12-2023	254.98	10.25%	24 Months
11	VI	21-12-2023	148.11	NA	24 Months
12	VI	21-12-2023	116.16	NA	24 Months
13	VII	21-12-2023	1,046.72	10.25%	36 Months
14	VII	21-12-2023	881.42	10.75%	36 Months
15	VIII	21-12-2023	381.38	NA	36 Months
16	VIII	21-12-2023	268.86	NA	36 Months
17	IX	21-12-2023	1,188.78	10.50%	60 Months
18	IX	21-12-2023	1,030.72	11.00%	60 Months
19	X	21-12-2023	37.01	NA	60 Months
20	X	21-12-2023	104.05	NA	60 Months
21	XI	21-12-2023	1,251.32	NA	75 Months
			10,420.49		

20 Debt Securities(contd).

B] Non Convertible Debentures of `1,000/- each - series-wise classification(Private Placement)

As at 31-March-2023

Sl. No.	Series	Date of Allotment	Outstanding	Interest Rate	Tenure(months)
1	174	15-01-2020	56.00	9.25%-15.35%	At par at the end 36-60 months
2	175	10-02-2020	227.65	9%-14.85%	At par at the end 36-90 months
3	176	22-02-2020	175.90	9.25%-20%	At par at the end 36-90 months
4	177	23-03-2020	168.50	9.25%-14.75%	At par at the end 36-84 months
5	178	22-05-2020	186.30	9%-14.29%	At par at the end 24-84 months
6	179	03-07-2020	367.74	10%-13.33%	At par at the end 60-90 months
7	180	12-10-2020	216.02	9%-12.50%	At par at the end 36-96 months
8	181	19-11-2020	520.01	9.25%-13.33%	At par at the end 36-90 months
9	182	07-01-2021	226.50	9.25%-13.33%	At par at the end 36-90 months
10	183	29-06-2021	302.13	8%-13.79%	At par at the end 12-87 months
11	184	11-09-2021	222.00	9.25%-13.79%	At par at the end 36-87 months
12	185	30-11-2021	445.00	9.25%-13.79%	At par at the end 36-87 months
13	186	05-02-2022	214.00	7.25%-10.12%	At par at the end 12-60 months
14	187	12-03-2022	141.30	7.25%-9.6%	At par at the end 12-60 months
15	188	30-03-2022	145.45	7.25%-9.6%	At par at the end 12-60 months
16	189	31-05-2022	268.05	7.25%-9.75%	At par at the end 12-60 months
17	190	08-08-2022	432.40	9%-11%	At par at the end 36-60 months
18	191	05-09-2022	385.00	9%-11%	At par at the end 36-60 months
19	192	13-01-2023	100.00	10.50%	At par at the end 60 months
20	193	18-03-2023	248.00	9.25%-11.75%	At par at the end 18-60 months
21	194	30-03-2023	82.50	9.25%-11.75%	At par at the end 18-60 months
	Total		**5,130.45**		

20 Debt Securities(contd).

B] Non Convertible Debentures of `1,000/- each - series-wise classification(Private Placement)

As at 01-April-2022

Sl. No.	Series	Date of Allotment	Outstanding	Interest Rate	Tenure(months)
1	172	29-03-2019	6.50	9.25%-14.3%	At par at the end 36 months
2	173	15-07-2019	292.00	9.25%-18.75%	At par at the end 36 months
3	174	15-01-2020	75.67	9.25%-15.35%	At par at the end 36-60 months
4	175	10-02-2020	302.70	9%-14.85%	At par at the end 36-90 months
5	176	22-02-2020	258.10	9.25%-20%	At par at the end 36-90 months
6	177	23-03-2020	209.80	9.75%-14.75%	At par at the end 36-84 months
7	178	22-05-2020	258.30	9%-14.29%	At par at the end 24-84 months
8	179	03-07-2020	401.74	10%-13.33%	At par at the end 60-90 months
9	180	12-10-2020	229.02	9%-12.50%	At par at the end 36-96 months
10	181	19-11-2020	520.01	9.25%-13.33%	At par at the end 36-90 months
11	182	07-01-2021	279.50	9.25%-13.33%	At par at the end 36-90 months
12	183	29-06-2021	322.13	8%-13.79%	At par at the end 12-87 months
13	184	11-09-2021	222.00	9.25%-13.79%	At par at the end 36-87 months
14	185	30-11-2021	480.50	9.25%-13.79%	At par at the end 36-87 months
15	186	05-02-2022	300.00	7.25%-10.12%	At par at the end 12-60 months
16	187	12-03-2022	185.66	7.25%-9.6%	At par at the end 12-60 months
17	188	30-03-2022	138.95	7.25%-9.6%	At par at the end 12-60 months
Total			4,482.58		

21 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
At Amortised Cost			
Term Loan			
State Bank of India	8,186.73	11,088.88	5,518.92
Federal Bank	2,041.67	1,125.00	-
South Indian Bank	1,549.56	-	-
Indian Overseas Bank	-		
Karur Vyasa Bank	1,833.33	-	-
Loan repayable on demand	-	-	
From Banks (Cash credit)	-	-	-
State Bank of India	3,458.60	4,087.70	2,443.86
Indian Overseas Bank	912.44	7.87	7.98
Karur Vysya Bank	(4.06)	0.31	35.90
Federal Bank	293.67	15.07	-
From Banks (Overdraft)	-		
Karur Vysya Bank	1,000.00	1,449.59	-
Federal Bank		400.00	-
Loan From Related Parties			-
Perpetual Debt Instrument	-	300.00	300.00
Total	**19,271.94**	**18,474.41**	**8,306.66**
Borrowings in India	19,271.94	18,474.41	8,306.66
Borrowings outside India	-	-	
Total	**19,271.94**	**18,474.41**	**8,306.66**

MANIKANDAN & ASSOCIATES CHALAKUDY 680 307 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695014

A] Terms and Conditions of borrowings

Name of the financial Institution	Security	Nature of Loan	Interest Rate	Other Terms
State Bank of India	Primary Security- First charge over all movable assets and current assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company, on pari-passu basis with the Secured Creditors including debenture trustees and other banks. Hypothecation of Receivables of standard assets should not include receivables of assets which are overdue.Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew, Richi Mathew.Cash collateral of Rs 5.00 Crore secured by lien on term Deposit	Cash Credit	9.65%	On Demand
State Bank of India		Foreign Currency Term Loan	8.50%	13 quarterly installments equivalent to ₹540 lakhs to be paid in foreign currency and balance in the last quarter
State Bank of India		Foreign Currency Term Loan	8.50%	32 monthly installments equivalent to ₹150 lakhs and balance in the last month
Federal Bank	Pari passu first charge by way of hypothecation of entire current assets of the company (present and future) including loan receivables, with secured debentures holders and other banks ii) Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew, Richi Mathew.Collateral Security – Fixed Deposits of ₹500.77 lakhs for all loans with federal bank.	Cash Credit	9.50%	On Demand
Federal Bank		Foreign Currency Term Loan	9.60%	12 equal quarterly installments
Federal Bank		Term Loan		
South Indian Bank	i) Primary Security – Paripassu 1st charge on standard gold receivables with minimum assets cover of 1.33x.Collateral Security – KND Deposits of ₹300 lakhs.Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Amini Mathew, Richi Mathew	Term Loan	9.60%	8 equal quarterly installments and balance in the last quarter
Karur Vyasa Bank	i) Primary Security - First pari passu charge on the receivables of the Company including Gold Loan receivables both present and future, and other current assets of the Company with other secured lenders except those specifically charged to any term lenders whether under refinance facility or otherwise (Net of NPA accounts) with a margin of 25%.Collateral of Rs. 600 lakhs of Fixed Deposit with KVB.On Demand Collateral Security - Existing EM charge on commercial vacant land-Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Amini Mathew, Richi Mathew.	Cash Credit	9.50%	On Demand
Karur Vyasa Bank		Term Loan	10.00%	12 Quarterly Installments without holiday period
Indian Overseas Bank	First Pari-passu charge on gold loan receivables and current assets of the company along with secured debenture holders and other working capital lenders with minimum security coverage of 1.25. Collateral of FD of Rs 150 lakhs with IOB	Cash Credit	9.95%	On Demand

MANOJ DAN & ASSOCIATES CHALAKUDY 680 307 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

21 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

Term Loan (Secured)

Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern as on the date of the balance sheet is as under:

As at 31-March-2024

Repayable within	Rate of Interest			
	8.50%	9.60%	10.00%	Total
Due within 3-4 years	100.00	-	-	100.00
Due within 2-3 years	1,320.00	538.90	500.00	2,358.90
Due within 1-2 years	3,366.73	1,338.67	666.67	5,372.06
Due within 1 year	3,400.00	1,713.67	666.67	5,780.33
				-
Grand Total	**8,186.73**	**3,591.23**	**1,833.33**	**13,611.29**

As at 31-March-2023

Repayable within	Rate of Interest		
	9.50%	10.60%	Total
Due within 4-5 years	213.88	-	213.88
Due within 3-4 years	1,120.00	-	1,120.00
Due within 2-3 years	3,450.00	-	3,450.00
Due within 1-2 years	3,400.00	375.00	3,775.00
Due within 1 year	2,905.00	750.00	3,655.00
Grand Total	**11,088.88**	**1,125.00**	**12,213.88**

As at 01-April-2022

Repayable within	Rate of Interest	
	9.50%	Total
Due within 4-5 years	879	878.91
Due within 3-4 years	1,200	1,200.00
Due within 2-3 years	1,200	1,200.00
Due within 1-2 years	1,200	1,200.00
Due within 1 year	1,040	1,040.00
Grand Total	**5,518.91**	**5,518.91**

22 Subordinate Liabilities

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
At Amortised Cost			
Subordinated debt from Others	20,978.08	20,123.55	15,062.54
Total	**20,978.08**	**20,123.55**	**15,062.54**
Borrowings in India	20,978.08	20,123.55	15,062.54
Borrowings outside India	-	-	
Total	**20,978.08**	**20,123.55**	**15,062.54**

Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

22 Subordinate Liabilities(contd.)

B] Subordinated Debts from Others(Unsecured)

Subordinated debts have a face value of ₹ 1,000/- each. Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern as on the date of the balance sheet is as under:

As at 31-Mar-2024

Redeemable at par within	Rate of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 4-5 years	-	-	1,00,505	1,005.05	29,446	294.46	-	1,300
Due within 3-4 years	80,494	804.94	2,30,599	2,305.99	1,94,898	1,948.98	5,16,551	5,060
Due within 2-3 years	61,770	617.70	2,38,717	2,387.17	51,171	511.71	3,18,655	3,517
Due within 1-2 years	2,08,222	2,082.22	3,22,292	3,222.92	95,205	952.05	5,40,699	6,257
Due within 1 year	48,805	488.05	2,35,348	2,353.48	2,00,336	2,003.36	7,21,903	4,845
Grand Total	**3,99,291**	**3,992.91**	**11,27,461**	**11,274.61**	**5,71,056**	**5,710.56**	**20,97,808**	**20,978.08**

As at 31-Mar-2023

Redeemable at par within	Rate of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 4-5 years	80,494	804.94	2,30,699	2,306.99	1,94,908.00	1,949.08	5,06,101	5,061.01
Due within 3-4 years	61,770	617.70	2,38,717	2,387.17	51,171.00	511.71	3,51,658	3,516.58
Due within 2-3 years	2,08,222	2,082.22	3,22,292	3,222.92	95,205.00	952.05	6,25,719	6,257.19
Due within 1-2 years	48,805	488.05	2,35,348	2,353.48	2,00,336.00	2,003.36	4,84,489	4,844.89
Due within 1 year	16,825	168.25	-	-	27,563.00	275.63	44,388	443.88
Grand Total	**4,16,116**	**4,161.16**	**10,27,056**	**10,270.56**	**5,69,183.00**	**5,691.83**	**20,12,355.00**	**20,123.55**

As at 01-April-2022

Redeemable at par within	Rate of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 4-5 years	61,770	617.70	2,38,717	2,387.17	51,171	511.71	3,51,658	3,516.58
Due within 3-4 years	2,08,222	2,082.22	3,22,292	3,222.92	95,205	952.05	6,25,719	6,257.19
Due within 2-3 years	48,805	488.05	2,35,348	2,353.48	2,00,336	2,003.36	4,84,489	4,844.89
Due within 1-2 years	16,825	168.25	-		27,563	275.63	44,388	443.88
Due within 1 year								-
Grand Total	**3,35,622**	**3,356.22**	**7,96,357**	**7,963.57**	**3,74,275**	**3,742.75**	**15,06,254**	**15,062.54**

23 Equity Share Capital

	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023		As at 01-April-2022	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised						
5,50,00,000 (Previous Year: 5,50,00,000) equity shares of ₹10/- each	5,50,00,000	5,500.00	5,50,00,000	5,500.00	5,50,00,000	5,500.00
Total	**5,50,00,000**	**5,500.00**	**5,50,00,000**	**5,500.00**	**5,50,00,000.00**	**5,500.00**
Issued and subscribed						
3,64,18,747 (Previous Year: 2,94,18,750) equity shares of ₹10/- each	3,64,18,747	3,641.87	2,94,18,750	2,941.88	2,94,18,750.00	2,941.88
Fully Paid-up						
Equity Shares, ₹ 10/- par value per share	3,64,18,747	3,641.87	2,94,18,750	2,941.88	2,94,18,750	2,941.88
Forfeited Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**3,64,18,747**	**3,641.87**	**2,94,18,750**	**2,941.88**	**2,94,18,750**	**2,941.88**

23.1 Reconciliation of the Number of Equity Shares outstanding

The reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding and the corresponding amount thereof, as at the Balance Sheet date is set out below:

Equity Shares	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023		As at 01-April-2022	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
At the beginning of the year	2,94,18,750	2,941.875	2,94,18,750	2,941.875	2,94,18,750	2,941.875
Add: Issued during the year	69,99,997	700.000	-	-		-
At the end of the year	3,64,18,747	3,641.875	2,94,18,750	2,941.875	2,94,18,750	2,941.875

23.2 Rights, preferences and restrictions in respect of each class of shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of `10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

23.3 Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% of the equity shares each, are set out below:

Name of the shareholder (Promotor)	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023		As at 01-April-2022	
	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding
M. Mathew	1,30,61,100	35.86%	1,05,50,642	35.86%	1,43,67,300	48.84%
Richi Mathew	1,30,07,317	35.72%	1,05,07,198	35.72%	1,05,07,198	35.72%
Reena Verghese	80,48,545	22.10%	65,01,545	22.10%	44,49,681	15.13%
Asha Richi Mathew	21,85,125	6.00%	17,65,125	6.00%	331	0.001%

As per records of the company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

23.4 Details of Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

As at 31-Mar-2024

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% Change during the year
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
M. Mathew	1,30,61,100	35.864%	0.00%
Ammini Mathew	1,16,241	0.319%	0.00%
Reena Verghese	80,48,545	22.100%	0.00%
Richi Mathew	1,30,07,317	35.716%	0.00%
Asha Richi Mathew	21,85,125	6.000%	0.00%
Total	**3,64,18,328**	**99.999%**	**NIL**

As at 31-Mar-2023

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% Change during the year
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
M. Mathew	1,05,50,642	35.864%	-26.56%
Ammini Mathew	93,899	0.319%	NIL
Reena Verghese	65,01,545	22.100%	46.11%
Richi Mathew	1,05,07,198	35.716%	NIL
Asha Richi Mathew	17,65,125	6.000%	533170%
Total	**2,94,18,409**	**99.999%**	**NIL**

As at 01-April-2022

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year			% Change during the year
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	
M. Mathew	1,43,67,300	48.8372%	NIL
Ammini Mathew	93,899	0.319%	NIL
Reena Verghese	44,49,681	15.125%	NIL
Richi Mathew	1,05,07,198	35.716%	NIL
Total	**2,94,18,078**	**99.998%**	**NIL**

24 Other Equity

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Statutory Reserve (pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)		
Opening balance	2,877.87	**2,511.87**
Add: Transfer from retained earnings	505.92	**366.00**
Closing balance	**3,383.78**	**2,877.87**
Capital Redemption Reserve		
Opening balance	2,280.63	**2,280.63**
Closing balance	**2,280.63**	**2,280.63**
Impairment Reserve		
Opening balance	154.06	62.51
Add: Transferred from statement of Profit and loss account	157.86	91.55
Closing balance	**311.92**	**154.06**
Retained Earnings		
Opening balance	5,063.28	3,751.26
Add: Profit for the year	2,519.60	1,769.57
Add: Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)		-
Add:Income Tax adjustment for Earlier years	-	-
Add/ Less: Appropriations		
Transferred to Statutory Reserve	505.92	366.00
Transferred to Impairment Reserve	157.86	91.55
Total appropriations	**663.78**	**457.55**
Closing balance	**6,919.10**	**5,063.28**
Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance as per last financial statements	**8.87**	**8.93**
Add: Additions during the period	11.77	(0.06)
Net surplus in the statement of profit and loss	**20.64**	**8.87**
Total	**12,916.07**	**10,384.71**

(i) Statutory Reserve:
Transfer of 20% of the profit after tax before re-measurement adjustments on transition to Ind AS, if any, to the statutory reserves in accordance with the provision of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934 .

The conditions and restrictions for distribution attached to Special Reserve is as follows:
No appropriation of any sum from the reserve fund shall be made by the Company except for the purpose as may be specified by the RBI from time to time and every such appropriation shall be reported to the RBI within twenty-one days from the date of such withdrawal. RBI may, in any particular case and for sufficient cause being shown, extend the period of twenty one days by such further period as it thinks fit or condone any delay in making such report.

(ii) Capital Redemption Reserve:
This reserve created on account of buyback of equity shares during the financial year 2016-17.

(iii) Impairment Reserve:
Where impairment allowance under Ind As 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), the differential amount is transferred to impairment reserve. The balance in the impairment reserve shall not be reckoned for regulatory capital.

(iv) Retained Earnings:
This reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company. This can be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(v) Other comprehensive income:
Other items of other comprehensive income consist of remeasurement of net defined benefit liability/asset.

25 Revenue from operations

I)Interest Income:

	For the year ended 31-March-2024			For the year ended 31-March-2023		
	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss
Interest on Loans	-	12,777.58	-	-	9,310.02	-
Total	**-**	**12,777.58**	**-**	**-**	**9,310.02**	**-**

(II)Fees and Commission Income

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Service Charges Received	213.04	108.27
Commission Received	2.38	12.69
Total	**215.42**	**120.96**

26 Other Income

Particulars	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Interest on Treasury deposit	3.13	1.89
Interest on Fixed deposit with banks	126.18	14.88
Rent Received	18.78	15.68
Gain on sale of mutual fund	8.62	3.41
Interest Income on Lease	14.65	11.38
Miscellaneous Income	13.55	-
Total	**184.91**	**47.24**





27 Finance Costs

	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023	
	On Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost
Interest on Debenture	867.09	-	485.95	-
Interest on Subordinate Debts	2,197.39	-	1,762.94	-
Interest on Bank borrowings	1,549.38	-	987.06	-
Interest on Loan from director	3.96	-	-	-
Interest on Perpetual Debt Instrument	34.28		36.00	-
Interest on shortfall in payment of advance income tax	2.77	-	-	-
Interest on Lease Liability	432.51	-	380.89	-
Effective Interest Rate Written Off	93.92		-	-
Loss on account of exchange rate fluctuation	81.67		11.08	-
Total	**5,262.98**	**-**	**3,663.91**	**-**

28 Employee Benefits Expenses

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Salaries and wages	2,507.80	1,984.49
Contribution to provident and other funds	45.13	39.42
Total	**2,552.92**	**2,023.92**

29 Impairment on Financial Instruments (net)

	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023	
	On Financial Intruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Intruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Instruments measured at Amortised Cost
Loans	-	102.33	-	15.94
Total	**-**	**102.38**	**-**	**15.94**

29.1 Impairment on Loans

	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023	
	On Financial Intruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Intruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Instruments measured at Amortised Cost
Provision for Impairment	-	102.38	-	15.94
Total	**-**	**102.38**	**-**	**15.94**

30 Depreciation and amortization expense

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Depreciation of tangible assets	237.53	203.39
Depreciation of right-of- use asset	625.63	536.39
Amortization of intangible assets	0.45	0.22
Total	**863.60**	**739.99**

31 Administrative and Other Expenses

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Electricity Charges	64.88	51.80
Rent	67.79	29.82
Rates and taxes	15.87	7.03
Insurance	42.14	17.09
Repairs and maintenance	34.28	33.78
Computer maintenance and services	5.39	4.32
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure	45.54	35.24
Advertising and sales promotion	89.29	24.59
Travelling and conveyance	88.02	76.63
Telephone Charges	36.42	35.83
Printing and stationery	51.59	60.90
Office expenses	169.27	123.97
Bank charges	111.46	118.27
Professional charges	185.72	36.80
Refreshment Expenses	2.62	1.05
Donation	0.04	0.02
Lease Line Charges	0.10	
Total	**1,010.44**	**657.13**

31.1 Professional charges include payment to auditors(Exluding GST):

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
as auditor	3.00	2.40
for taxation matters	1.00	1.00
for company law matters	-	-
for other services	2.52	-
for reimbursement of expenses	-	-
Total	**6.52**	**3.40**

31.2 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	45.05	34.95
Amount of expentiture incurred	45.54	35.24
Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
Reason for shortfall	-	-
Nature of CSR activities	Amount distributed for Covid 19 releif,Post Covid 19 Relief	Amount distributed for Covid 19 releif
Details of related party transactions	NIL	NIL

32 Earnings Per Share (EPS) - The numerators and denominators used to calculate Basic and Diluted EPS

		As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Profit after Tax attributable to the Equity Shareholders	**(A)**		
Basic and Diluted		2,519.60	1,769.57
Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year		2,94,18,750	2,94,18,750
Number of Equity Shares issued during the year		69,99,997	-
Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year	**(B)**	3,64,18,747	2,94,18,750
Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year	**(C)**	3,05,50,256	2,94,18,750
Nominal Value of each Equity Share (₹)		10	10
Basic Earnings per Share (₹)	**(A/B)**	**8.25**	**6.02**
Diluted Earnings per Share (`)	**(A/C)**	**8.25**	**6.02**

33 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments (To the extent not provided for)

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Contingent Liabilities		
(a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:		
-Demand from Income Tax Department- TDS Default#	9.69	4.74
(b) Guarantees excluding financial guarantees; and	-	-
(c) Other money for which the company is contingently liable.	-	-
Total	**9.69**	**4.74**
Commitments		
(a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for;	4.20	12.21
(b) Uncalled liability on shares and other investments partly paid	-	-
(c) Other Commitments	-	-

#The Income Tax Department raised demand of ₹ 9,69,280.62/- on account of TDS default for the financial years 2007-08 to 2023-24. This happens due to clerical error in quarterly TDS return and the company proposes to revise the return to abolish errors. Since the company doesn't expect any liability after revising the return, no provision has been made in the books of accounts of the company.

34 Income Tax

The components of income tax expense for the year ended 31 March 2024 and year ended 31 March 2023 are:

	For the year ended 31-March-2024	For the year ended 31-March-2023
Current tax	930.86	677.28
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	-	(0.03)
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(64.86)	(69.49)
Total tax charge	**866.00**	**607.75**
Current tax	930.86	677.24
Deferred tax	(64.86)	(69.49)

Reconciliation of Income tax expense:

	For the year ended 31-March-2024		For the year ended 31-March-2023	
Accounting profit before tax as per Ind AS		3,385.60		2,377.32
Add/(Less) : Ind AS Adjustments on PBT				
Accounting profit before tax for IT Computation		**3,385.60**		**2,377.32**
Allowances / Disallowances and other adjustments (Net)		312.97		223.01
Adjusted profit / (Loss) before tax for Income Tax		**3,698.57**		**2,600.33**
Current Tax as per Books				
Tax at Normal Rate (Effective rate of 25.17%, March 2023: 25.17%)	930.86		677.28	
Adjustment of prior year tax / MAT Credit	-			
Total Tax as given in Books		930.86		677.28
All India Statutory income tax rate of 25.17%, March 2023: 25.17%)		**930.86**		**677.28**

35 Retirement Benefit Plan

Defined Contribution Plan

The Company makes Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions which are defined contribution plans, for qualifying employees. Under the Schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company recognized ₹4,95,494/- (Previous Year: ₹3,79,977/-)(Preceeding previous year-₹ 3,83,073/-) for Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions and ₹40,17,471/-(Previous Year: ₹35,62,323/-)(Preceeding Previous year : ₹ 31,31,912/-) for Provident Fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the Schemes.

Defined Benefit Plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service.

i) Gratuity

Actuarial assumptions	*As at 31-March-2024*	*As at 31-March-2023*	*As at 01-April-2022*
Mortality table	IALM 2012-14 Ult	IALM 2012-14 Ult	IALM 2012-14 Ult
Superannuation age	58 Years	58 Years	58 Years
Early retirement and disablement	None	None	None
Discount rate	7.20%	7.50%	6.10%
Inflation rate	7%	7%	7.00%
Return on asset	N/A	N/A	N/A
Remaining working life	4.9	4.9	4.9
Formula used	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year

Reconciliation of PBO	*As at 31-March-2024*	*As at 31-March-2023*	*As at 01-April-2022*
Projected Benefit Obligation at Beginning of Year	113.37	96.63	103.02
Current Service Cost	24.14	22.59	15.54
Interest Cost	10.31	7.27	7.23
Contributions by plan participants	-	-	-
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss due to change in assumptions and experience deviation	(17.10)	4.09	(11.93)
Foreign currency exchange rate changes on plans measured in a currency different from the enterprise's reporting currency	-	-	0.00
Benefits Paid	(12.80)	(17.22)	(17.23)
Past service cost	-	-	
Amalgamations	-	-	
Curtailments	-	-	
Settlements	-	-	
Projected Benefit Obligation at End of Year	117.92	113.37	96.63

Changes in fair value of plan assets
Not applicable as scheme is unfunded

Funded status
Not applicable as scheme is unfunded

35 Retirement Benefit Plan (Contd.)

Amount to be Recognised in Balancesheet:	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Projected Benefit Obligation at End or year	117.92	113.37	96.63
Ending Asset	-	-	-
Funded Status asset / (liability)	(117.92)	(113.37)	(96.63)
Unrecognised past service cost - non vested benefits (-)	-	-	-
Liability(-)/Asset(+) recognised in Balance Sheet	(117.92)	(113.37)	(96.63)

Statement of Profit/Loss	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Current service cost	24.14	22.59	15.54
Interest cost	10.31	7.27	7.23
Expected return of plan asset	-	-	-
Curtailment cost	-	-	-
Net actuarial (gain)/loss to be recognised in year	-	-	-
Past Service Cost Recognised	-	-	-
Effect of Curtailments	-	-	-
Income (-)/Expense(+) recognised in the statement of P&L	34.45	29.87	22.77
Current Liability	21.86	26.90	23.02
Non-Current Liability	96.06	86.46	73.61

Further Reconciliation	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Expenses As above	34.45	29.87	22.77
Less ER Contribution/Direct benefits paid	(12.80)	(17.22)	(17.23)
Less included in OCI	(17.10)	4.09	(11.93)
Balance to be recognised in P&L	4.55	16.74	(6.39)
Increase in Funded Status	(4.55)	(16.74)	6.39
Acturial gain/(loss) due to assumption changes	(1.79)	8.17	-
Experience adjustments[Gain/(Loss)]:Liability	18.89	-12.26	11.93
Total Acturial gain/(loss) : liability	17.10	(4.09)	11.93
Asset gain / (loss)	-	-	-
Total gain / (loss)	17.10	(4.09)	11.93

Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Actuaial gain /(loss) due to assumption changes	(1.79)	8.17	-
Experience adjustments[Gain/(Loss)]:Liability	18.89	(12.26)	11.93
Total Acturial gain/(loss) on liability side	17.10	(4.09)	11.93
Asset gain / (loss)	-	-	-
Total to be recognised in OCI for the year	17.10	(4.09)	11.93
Total b/f balance [gains/(loss)]	7.84	11.93	-
Total recognised in OCI at EoY	24.94	7.84	11.93

35 Retirement Benefit Plan (Contd.)

Sensitivity Analysis (Proj.Ben. Obligations)	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Current year basis	117.92	113.37	96.63
Last years basis	116.13	121.54	96.63
Discount rate increased by 0.25%	116.43	112.02	95.45
Discount rate decreased by 0.25%	119.45	114.75	97.84
Salary Escalation rate increased by2%	129.87	124.07	105.94
Salary Escalation rate decreased by2%	107.70	104.19	88.66
Employee Turnover rate increased by2%	113.38	109.71	93.92
Employee Turnover rate decreased by2%	123.00	117.43	99.85

Categories of Plan Assets	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Government of India Securities	0%	0%	0%
High quality corporate bonds	0%	0%	0%
Equity shares of listed companies	0%	0%	0%
Property	0%	0%	0%
Funds managed by Insurer	0%	0%	0%

Details of experience adjustment on plan assets and liabilities	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
F Y 2025	21.86	26.90	23.02
F Y 2026	11.91	10.66	10.15
F Y 2027	11.82	11.85	8.33
F Y 2028	12.30	12.00	9.21
F Y 2029	16.08	11.56	9.67
FY 2030-2034	61.32	59.17	45.26

36 Maturity analysis of Assets and Liabilities :

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

Particulars	As at 31-March-2024			As at 31-March-2023			As at 01-April-2022		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Assets									
Financial Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,066.27	-	**1,066.27**	4,553.56	-	**4,553.56**	**3,464.19**		**3,464.19**
Bank Balance other than above	2,285.62	-	**2,285.62**	840.69	-	**840.69**	**15.31**		**15.31**
Loans	66,138.56	-	**66,138.56**	50,665.72	-	**50,665.72**	**33,794.80**		**33,794.80**
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	**1,101.98**		**1,101.98**
Other Financial Assets	4,446.99	-	**4,446.99**	3,014.57	-	**3,014.57**	**2,294.14**		**2,294.14**
Total (A)	**73,937.44**	-	73,937.44	**59,074.54**	-	**59,074.54**	**40,670.42**	-	**40,670.42**
Non-Financial Assets									
Current tax assets (net)		755.84	**755.84**		644.03	**644.03**		**638.63**	**638.63**
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	246.79	**246.79**	-	187.26	**187.26**		**113.74**	**113.74**
Property, Plant and Equipment	-	642.01	**642.01**	-	579.42	**579.42**		**423.98**	**423.98**
Right-of-Use Asset	-	4,176.39	**4,176.39**	-	3,828.43	**3,828.43**		**3,680.91**	**3,680.91**
Other Intangible Assets	-	1.57	**1.57**	-	0.87	**0.87**		-	-
Other Non-Financial Assets	145.30	-	**145.30**	21.43	-	**21.43**		**23.69**	**23.69**
Total (B)	**145.30**	**5,066.76**	**5,967.89**	**21.43**	**4,595.99**	**5,261.45**	-	**4,880.94**	**4,880.94**
Total Assets (A+B)	**74,082.73**	**5,066.76**	**79,905.33**	**59,095.98**	**4,595.99**	**64,336.00**	**40,670.42**	**4,880.94**	**45,551.36**
Liabilities									
Financial Liabilities									
Trade Payables									
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and	23.95	-	**23.95**	8.49	-	**8.49**	17.20		17.20
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises.	95.79	-	95.79	17.45	-	**17.45**	55.35		55.35
Debt Securities	3,331.68	10,718.94	**14,050.62**	338.78	4,791.67	**5,130.45**	736.58	3,746.00	**4,482.58**
Borrowings	5,660.65	13,611.29	**19,271.94**	9,615.54	8,858.88	**18,474.41**	3,527.74	4,778.92	**8,306.66**
Subordinate Liabilities	4,844.89	16,133.19	**20,978.08**	443.88	19,679.67	**20,123.55**	-	15,062.54	**15,062.54**
Lease Liability	6.05	4,621.92	**4,627.97**	-	4,122.65	**4,122.65**	1.00	3,791.67	**3,792.67**
Other Financial Liabilities	1202.91	1,955.61	**3,158.52**	394.50	1,897.96	**2,292.46**	266.32	1,222.39	**1,488.71**
Total (C)	**15,165.92**	**47,040.95**	**62,206.87**	**10,818.64**	**39,350.83**	**50,169.47**	**4,604.19**	**28,601.52**	**33,205.71**
Non-Financial Liabilities									
Provisions	930.86	117.92	**1,048.78**	677.28	113.37	**790.64**	614.13	96.63	**710.76**
Other Non-Financial Liabilities	91.74	-	91.74	49.30	-	**49.30**	**77.83**		**77.83**
Total (D)	**1,022.59**	**117.92**	**1,140.51**	**726.58**	**113.37**	**839.95**	**691.96**	**96.63**	**788.59**
Total Liabilities (C+D)	**16,188.51**	**47,158.87**	**63,347.38**	**11,545.21**	**39,464.20**	**51,009.42**	**5,296.15**	**28,698.15**	**33,994.30**
Net	**57,894.22**	**(42,092.11)**	**16,557.95**	**47,550.76**	**(34,868.21)**	**13,326.58**	**35,374.28**	**-23,817.21**	**11,557.07**

37 Changes in Liabilities arising from Financing Activities

Particulars	As at 31-March-2023	Cash Flows	Other	As at 31-March-2024
Debt Securities	5,130.45	8,920.17	-	14,050.62
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	18,474.41	797.52	-	19,271.94
Subordinate Liabilities	20,123.55	854.53	-	20,978.08
Total	**43,728.41**	**10,572.22**	-	**54,300.64**

Particulars	As at 01-April-2022	Cash Flows	Other	As at 31-March-2023
Debt Securities	4,482.58	647.87	-	5,130.45
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	8,306.66	10,167.75	-	18,474.41
Subordinate Liabilities	15,062.54	5,061.01	-	20,123.55
Total	**27,851.78**	**15,876.63**	-	**43,728.41**

MANIKANDAN & ASSOCIATES CHALAKUDY 680 307 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695014

38 Related Parties Disclosures
Name of related parties

Associates/Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel/ Director or their relatives	Muthoot Computer Software Development and Research Institute Private Limited Richi Mathew Software Technologies Limited Richi Mathew Securities Limited Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited Muthoot M Ninan Memorial Charitable Society Muthoot Mrs. Accama Ninan Memorial Charitable Society
Key Management Personnel/ Director or their relatives	Richi Mathew (Managing Director) M Mathew (Chairman and Wholetime Director) Ammini Mathew(Wholetime Director) Asha Richi Mathew (Director) Justin D(Director - independent and non executive) Antony Robert John(Director -independent and non executive) Neelakandan Madaswamy(Independent Director-Resigned on 31-03-2023) Reena Verghese(Director resigned on 8-08-2022) Chandrasekharan Nair(Independent Director-Resigned on 3-10-2022) Aswathy Pradeep (Company Secretary-Resigned on 30-11-2022) Neethu C Biju (Company Secretary) M R Rajeev (Chief Financial Officer) Nikita Elisabeth Verghese (Daughter of Reena Verghese-relative of M Mathew)) Giselle Richi (Daughter of Richi Mathew) Gabriela Ninan Richi (Daughter of Richi Mathew) Nimisha Elisabeth Verghese (Daughter of Reena Verghese- relative of M Mathew))

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Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

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38 Related Parties Disclosures (Cont'd)

Particulars	Associates / Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel/Director or their relatives			Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives			Total		
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22
Expenses recorded in the books:									
Rent									
M Mathew	-	-		9.42	9.00	9.00	**9.42**	**9.00**	**9.00**
Ammini Mathew	-	-		9.42	9.00	9.00	**9.42**	**9.00**	**9.00**
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	31.948						**31.95**		
Other Expenses Allocation	-								
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	119.75						**119.75**		
Remuneration									
M.Mathew				24.00	20.00		**24.00**	**20.00**	-
Richi Mathew	-	-		75.00	60.00	30.00	**75.00**	**60.00**	**30.00**
Ammini Mathew	-	-		24.00	24.00	24.00	**24.00**	**24.00**	**24.00**
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-		12.00	10.00	-	**12.00**	**10.00**	-
Aswathy Pradeep	-	-		-	5.29	6.45	-	**5.29**	**6.45**
M R Rajeev	-	-		22.17	16.15	11.15	**22.17**	**16.15**	**11.15**
Neethu C Biju				6.91	1.71	-	**6.91**	**1.71**	-
Commission									
M Mathew				69.61	-	-	**69.61**	-	-
Richi Mathew				69.61	-	-	**69.61**	-	-
Director's Sitting Fee									
M.Mathew	-	-	-	1.15	0.70	-	**1.15**	**0.70**	-
Richi Mathew	-	-	-	1.15	0.40	-	**1.15**	**0.40**	-
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	-	1.15	0.60	-	**1.15**	**0.60**	-
Ammini Mathew	-	-	-	1.15	0.70	-	**1.15**	**0.70**	-
Neelakandan Madaswamy	-	-	-	-	0.70	-	-	**0.70**	-
Dillark Justin	-	-	-	0.85	0.10	-	**0.85**	**0.10**	-
Reena Verghese	-	-	-	-	0.20	-	-	**0.20**	-
Antony Robert John			-	0.85	-	-	**0.85**	-	-
Gratuity Paid									
Richi Mathew	-	-	-	-	19.80	-	-	**19.80**	-
Interest on Perpetual Debt Instrument									
M Mathew	-	-	-	34.28	36.00	36.00	**34.28**	**36.00**	**36.00**
Interest paid on Loan from Directors									
M Mathew	-	-		3.62	-	2.47	**3.62**	-	**2.47**
Ammini Mathew	-	-	-	0.34	-		**0.34**	-	-

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38 Related Parties Disclosures (Cont'd)

Particulars	Associates / Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel/Director or their relatives			Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives			Total		
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22
Interest paid on Debentures									
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-		0.46	0.47	0.52	**0.46**	**0.47**	**0.52**
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-		2.30	2.28	1.79	**2.30**	**2.28**	**1.79**
M Mathew				0.02			**0.02**		
Interest paid on Subordinate Debts									
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	-	4.03	4.03	4.03	**4.03**	**4.03**	**4.03**
Giselle Richi	-	-	-	1.41	1.41	1.29	**1.41**	**1.41**	**1.29**
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	-	0.19	0.44	0.46	**0.19**	**0.44**	**0.46**
Reena Verghese	-	-	-	1.34	3.14	3.76	**1.34**	**3.14**	**3.76**
M Mathew	-	-	-	13.65	3.88	1.35	**13.65**	**3.88**	**1.35**
Ammini Mathew			-	4.14	1.21	-	**4.14**		**-**
Gabriela Ninan Richi	-	-	-	1.16	0.55	0.55	**1.16**	**0.55**	**0.55**
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	-	4.29	4.27	4.27	**4.29**	**4.27**	**4.27**
Richi Mathew			-	0.60	-		**0.60**	-	-
Income recorded in the books:					-				
Rental Income									
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	16.71	15.68	15.44	-	-		**16.71**	**15.68**	**15.44**
Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited	2.07	-	-	-	-		**2.07**	-	-
									-
Balance outstanding as at the period end:									
Loan from Director									
M Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	-	-	167.38	-	-	**167.38**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	145.00	-	12.50	**145.00**	-	**12.50**
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	145.00	-	179.88	**145.00**	-	**179.88**
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ammini Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	10.00	-	-	**10.00**	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	10.00	-	-	**10.00**	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-				-	-	-	-	-
Debenture									
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	5.10	6.50	16.50	**5.10**	**6.50**	**16.50**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-		5.10	-	-	**5.10**	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-		6.50	10.00	-	**6.50**	**10.00**
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	5.10	5.10	6.50	**5.10**	**5.10**	**6.50**

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(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

38 Related Parties Disclosures (Cont'd)

Particulars	Associates / Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel/Director or their relatives			Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives			Total		
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22
Asha Richi Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	17.15	17.15	24.15	**17.15**	**17.15**	**24.15**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-			7.00	-	-	**7.00**
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	17.15	17.15	17.15	**17.15**	**17.15**	**17.15**
M Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	9.50		-	**9.50**	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	2.50	-	-	**2.50**	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	7.00	-	-	**7.00**	-	-
Subordinate Debts									
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	35.59	35.59	35.59	**35.59**	**35.59**	**35.59**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	1.49	-	-	**1.49**	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	34.10	35.59	35.59	**34.10**	**35.59**	**35.59**
Giselle Richi									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	12.95	12.95	9.80	**12.95**	**12.95**	**9.80**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-		-	3.15	-	-	**3.15**
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	0.50	-		**0.50**	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	12.45	12.95	12.95	**12.45**	**12.95**	**12.95**
Asha Richi Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	2.00	10.50	5.60	**2.00**	**10.50**	**5.60**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-		-	10.50	-	-	**10.50**
Amount Repaid	-	-	-		8.50	5.60	-	**8.50**	**5.60**
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	10.50	**2.00**	**2.00**	**10.50**
Reena Verghese									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	15.12	33.67	30.77	**15.12**	**33.67**	**30.77**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-		-	2.90	-	-	**2.90**
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	4.75	18.55		**4.75**	**18.55**	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	10.37	15.12	33.67	**10.37**	**15.12**	**33.67**
Gabriela Ninan Richi									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	10.00	5.00	5.00	**10.00**	**5.00**	**5.00**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-		5.00		-	**5.00**	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	10.00	10.00	5.00	**10.00**	**10.00**	**5.00**

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED * THYCAUD 695014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

38 Related Parties Disclosures (Cont'd)

Particulars	Associates / Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel/Director or their relatives			Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives			Total		
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22
M Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	42.33	9.90	43.77	**42.33**	**9.90**	**43.77**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	464.93	32.43	52.50	**464.93**	**32.43**	**52.50**
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	5.50		86.37	**5.50**	**-**	**86.37**
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	501.76	42.33	9.90	**501.76**	**42.33**	**9.90**
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	38.95	38.95	38.95	**38.95**	**38.95**	**38.95**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	38.95	38.95	38.95	**38.95**	**38.95**	**38.95**
Ammini Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	23.45	-	-	**23.45**	**-**	**-**
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	27.40	23.45	-	**27.40**	**23.45**	**-**
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	7.00	-	-	**7.00**	**-**	**-**
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	43.85	23.45	-	**43.85**	**23.45**	**-**
Richi Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	15.00	-	-	**15.00**	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	15.00	-	-	**15.00**	-	-
Perpetual Debt Instrument									
M Mathew									
Balance outstanding at the beginning				300.00	300.00	300.00	**300.00**	**300.00**	**300.00**
Amount Accepted						-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid				300.00			**300.00**	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end				-	300.00	300.00	-	**300.00**	**300.00**
Rental Deposits Paid									
M Mathew & Ammini Mathew	-	-		150.00	150.00	150.00	**150.00**	**150.00**	
Interest Payable on Debenture									
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-		0.85	0.39	1.94	**0.85**	**0.39**	**1.94**
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-		7.77	5.48	3.20	**7.77**	**5.48**	**3.20**
M Mathew				0.19	-	-	**0.19**		
Interest Payable on Perpetual Debt Instrument									
M Mathew	-	-		-		8.10	-	-	**8.10**

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38 Related Parties Disclosures (Cont'd)

Particulars	Associates / Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel/Director or			Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives			Total		
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	01-Apr-22
Interest Payable on Subordinate Debts									
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-		15.07	11.92	7.90	**15.07**	**11.92**	**7.90**
Giselle Richi	-	-		4.43	3.31	1.90	**4.43**	**3.31**	**1.90**
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-		0.05	0.04	0.29	**0.05**	**0.04**	**0.29**
Reena Verghese	-	-		4.58	4.78	6.60	**4.58**	**4.78**	**6.60**
M Mathew	-	-		12.14	3.31	0.51	**12.14**	**3.31**	**0.51**
Ammini Mathew				3.99	0.90	-	**3.99**	**0.90**	**-**
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese	-	-		16.15	11.87	7.60	**16.15**	**11.87**	**7.60**
Gabriela Ninan Richi	-	-		2.31	1.15	0.60	**2.31**	**1.15**	**0.60**
Richi Mathew				0.35	-		**0.35**	**-**	**-**
Rent Payable				-	-				
M Mathew (Including GST)	-	-		**1.26**	-	0.81	**1.26**	**-**	**0.81**
Ammini Mathew	-	-		**1.09**	-	0.68	**1.09**	**-**	**0.68**
Remuneration Payable									
M Mathew				1.40		-	**1.40**		**-**
Ammini Mathew	-	-		1.40	-	1.40	**1.40**	**-**	**1.40**
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-		0.90	-	-	**0.90**	**-**	**-**
M R Rajeev	-	-		1.28	-	1.16	**1.28**	**-**	**1.16**
Neethu C Biju				0.56		-	**0.56**		**-**
Richi Mathew						1.75			**1.75**
Aswathy Pradeep						0.61			**0.61**
Rent Receivable (Including GST)									
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	-	1.38	1.41	-	-		**-**	**1.38**	**1.41**
Common Expenses Payable									
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	60.41	-	-				**60.41**	**-**	**-**
Director'S Siiting fee Payable									
Richi Mathew				0.31	-	-	**0.31**		**-**
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-		0.31	0.20	-	**0.31**	**0.20**	**-**
Ammini Mathew	-	-		0.31	0.20	-	**0.31**	**0.20**	**-**
M Mathew	-	-		0.31	0.20	-	**0.31**	**0.20**	**-**
Neelakandan Madaswamy	-	-		-	0.20	-	**-**	**0.20**	**-**
Antony Robert John				0.12	-	-	**0.12**		**-**
Dillark Justin	-	-		0.42	0.10	-	**0.42**	**0.10**	**-**

Note:
a) The remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity, as they are determined on acturial basis for the company as a whole.

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39 Draw Down From Reserves

Details of Draw down from reserves, if any, are provided in Statement of Changes in Equity to these financial statements.

40 Additional Disclosures

a) As Required by the Reserve Bank of India

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
Total Gold loan portfolio	64,659.27	49,469.77	33,255.80
Total Assets	79,905.33	64,336.00	45,551.36
Gold loan portfolio as a percentage of total assets	**80.92%**	**76.89%**	**73.01%**

Particulars	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
a)Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)		
b)CRAR - Tier I Capital (%)	20.87%	22.69%
c)CRAR - Tier II Capital (%)	8.95%	11.35%
d)Liquidity Coverage Ratio:	3.99	3.85
Current Ratio	4.58	5.12
Quick Ratio	4.57	5.12
Cash Ratio	0.07	0.28
e)Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital	20,978.08	20,123.55
f)Amount raised by issue of Perpectual Debt Instruments	-	300

i) Investments

Particulars			As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
(1)	Value of Investments			
	(i)	Gross Value of Investments		
		(a) In India	Nil	Nil
		(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
	(ii)	Provisions for Depreciation		
		(a) In India	Nil	-
		(b) Outside India	Nil	-
	(iii)	Net Value of Investments		
		(a) In India	Nil	Nil
		(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
(2)	Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments			
	(i)	Opening Balance	Nil	Nil
	(ii)	Add : Provisions made during the year	Nil	Nil
	(iii)	Less : Write-off / write-back of excess provisions during the year	Nil	Nil
	(iv)	Closing Balance	Nil	Nil

ii) Derivatives

a) Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
(i)	The notional principal of swap agreements	Nil	Nil
(ii)	Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfil their obligations under the agreements	Nil	Nil
(iii)	Collateral required by the applicable NBFC upon entering into swaps	Nil	Nil
(iv)	Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	Nil	Nil
(v)	The fair value of the swap book	Nil	Nil

b) Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
(i)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives undertaken during the year (instrument-wise)	Nil	Nil
(ii)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding as on 31st March 2024 (instrument-wise)	Nil	Nil
(iii)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective" (instrument-wise)	Nil	Nil
(iv)	Mark-to-market value of exchange traded IR derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective" (instrument-wise)	Nil	Nil

40 Additional Disclosures (Contd.)

c) Disclosures on Risk Exposure in Derivatives

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023	
		Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives
(i)	Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)				
	For Hedging	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(ii)	Marked to Market Positions				
	a) Asset (+)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	b) Liability (-)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(iii)	Credit Exposure	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(iv)	Unhedged Exposures	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

iii) Asset Liability Management Maturity pattern of certain items of Assets and Liabilities

As at 31-March-2024

	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 days to 30/31 days	over 1 month upto 2 month	over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 month upto 6 month	Over 6 month & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & 3 year	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Total
Debentures	-	-	-	-	12.00	509.91	2,939.53	6,169.86	3,297.76	1,251.32	14,180.38
Advances	2,983.57	2,983.57	5,967.14	3,626.15	3,588.30	14,129.21	33,036.08	-	-	-	66,314.01
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings	-	-	206.00	633.00	700.00	1,539.00	8,363.65	7,630.29	200.00	-	19,271.94
Subordinate -Debt	89.30	129.42	142.94	-	-	1,164.63	3,318.60	9,773.77	6,359.42	-	20,978.08
Foreign currency assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

As at 31-March-2023

	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 days to 30/31 days	over 1 month upto 2 month	over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 month upto 6 month	Over 6 month & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & 3 year	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Total
Debentures				35.30		90.77	205.71	3,045.57	1,426.95	326.15	5,130.45
Advances	6,282.28	595.44	1,442.08	2,458.64	2,829.37	8,880.70	28,250.28				50,738.79
Investments											-
Borrowings				1,709.58	327.50	1,392.50	6,485.95	7,238.88	1,320.00		18,474.41
Subordinate -Debt							439.08	11,102.08	8,582.39		20,123.55
Foreign currency assets											-
Foreign currency liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

iv) Exposures

a) Exposure to Real Estate Sector

Category			As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
a)	Direct Exposure			
	i)	Residential Mortgages - Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented	Nil	Nil
	ii)	Commercial Real Estate - Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition,development and construction, etc.). Exposure shall include non-fund based limits	Nil	Nil
	iii)	Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures - a. Residential	Nil	Nil
		b. Commercial Real Estate -	Nil	Nil
Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector				

40 Additional Disclosures (Contd.)

b) Exposure to Capital Market

Particulars		As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
(i)	direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;	Nil	Nil
(ii)	advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;	Nil	Nil
(iii)	advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security;	Nil	Nil
(iv)	advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances;	Nil	Nil
(v)	secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers;	Nil	Nil
(vi)	loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;	Nil	Nil
(vii)	bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	Nil	Nil
(viii)	all exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	Nil	Nil
Total Exposure to Capital Market		Nil	Nil

c) Unsecured Advances

	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023	
Type of Borrower	**Loan Amount**	**Loan Outstanding**	**Loan Amount**	**Loan Outstanding**
Other than Related Party	1,692.62	1,654.74	1,289.47	1,269.02
Related Party	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

v) Miscellaneous

a) Disclosure of penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators - NIL

b) Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year

	As at 31-March-2024		As at 31-March-2023	
Instrument / Facility	**Amount (Rs. Crore)**	**Ratings**	**Amount (Rs. Crore)**	**Ratings**
Proposed Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs)	200.00	INDBBB/Stable	Nil	Nil
Long Term Bank Loans	150.00	INDBBB/Stable	150.00	INDBBB/Stable

vi) Additional Disclosures

a) Provisions and Contingencies

Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head expenditure in Profit and Loss Account	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
Provision for depreciation on Investment	-	-
Provision towards NPA	81.06	4.09
Provision made towards income tax	930.86	677.28
Other Provision and Contingencies (with details) -		
(a) Provision for depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment & Intangible Assets	237.97	203.61
(b) Provision for Gratuity	49.33	25.85
Provision for Standard Assets	21.32	11.84

MANIKANDAN & ASSOCIATES CHALAKUDY 680 307 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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40 Additional Disclosures (Contd.)

b) Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs

Concentration of Deposits (for deposit taking NBFCs)		
(i)	Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors	
(ii)	Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors to Total Deposits of the deposit taking NBFC	
Concentration of Advances		
(i)	Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	825.14
(ii)	Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the applicable NBFC	1.23%
Concentration of Exposures		
(i)	Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	825.14
(ii)	Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the applicable NBFC on borrowers / customers	1.23%
Concentration of NPAs		
(i)	Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts	86.06

Sector-wise NPAs

Sl. No.	Sector	Percentage of NPAs to Total Advances in that sector
1	Agriculture & allied activities	Nil
2	MSME	Nil
3	Corporate borrowers	Nil
4	Services	Nil
5	Unsecured personal loans	Nil
6	Auto loans	Nil
7	Gold Loan	0.52%
8	Other personal loans	0.79%

c) Movement of NPAs (As per IRACP norms)

	Particulars	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023
(i)	Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	0.35%	0.12%
(ii)	Movement of NPAs (Gross)		
	(a) Opening Balance	140.44	123.55
	(b) Additions during the year	265.48	77.40
	(c) Reductions during the year	59.78	60.52
	(d) Closing Balance	346.14	140.44
(iii)	Movement of Net NPAs		
	(a) Opening Balance	59.47	111.08
	(b) Additions during the year	212.82	34.09
	(c) Reductions during the year	40.97	85.70
	(d) Closing Balance	231.32	59.47
(iv)	Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets)		
	(a) Opening Balance	80.97	12.48
	(b) Provisions made during the year	57.82	74.55
	(c) Write-off / write back of excess provisions	23.96	6.05
	(d) Closing Balance	114.83	80.97

d) Disclosure of Complaints

(a)	No. of compliants pending at the beginning of the year	2
(b)	No. of compliants received during the year	8
(c)	No. of compliants redressed during the year	9
(d)	No. of compliants pending at the end of the year	1

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31-March-2024

(All amounts are in Lakhs of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

41 Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Company has adequate cash and cash equivalents. The company monitors its capital by a careful scrutiny of the cash and cash equivalents, and a regular assessment of any debt requirements.

42 Events after Reporting date

There have been no events after the reporting date that require disclosure in these financial statements.

43 Utilisation of Proceeds

During the year the Company has raised an amount of ₹ 6,99,99,970/-(Previous Year: ₹ Nil) by way of Equity Shares , ₹109,93,40,000/-(Previous Year: ₹ 15,88,45,000/-) by way of non-convertible debentures , ₹12,99,51,000/-(Previous Year: ₹50,61,01,000/-) by way of subordinate debts and ₹ 75,00,00,000/- (Previous Year: ₹ 85,00,00,000) by way of working capital term loan, ₹1,45,00,000/- (Previous Year: ₹ 12,50,000/-) by way of loan from directors the same has been utilized for the purpose of working capital requirements.

44 Details of Auction held during the period

	As at 31-March-2024	As at 31-March-2023	As at 01-April-2022
No. of Loan accounts	4,094.00	4,541.00	5,298.00
Principal amount Outstanding at the dates of auction(A)	1,797.15	1,750.69	2,323.26
Interest and Other charges Outstanding at the dates of auction(B)	655.02	484.13	558.79
Amount to be adjusted against other loans (C)	95.28	50.10	-
Total(A+B+c)	2,547.45	2,284.92	2,882.05
Value fetched*	2,565.30	2,294.96	2,886.07

*excluding GST / Sales tax collected from the buyer.

No sister concerns partcipated in the auctions held during the period.

45 Disclosure on the following matters required under schedule III as amended not being applicable in case of the company, same are not covered such as :

a) No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

b) The company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

c) No registeration or satisfaction of charges are pending to be filed with ROC.

d) The company has not entered into any scheme of arragement.

e) There are no transactions which have not been recorded in the books.

f) The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.

g) The company does not have any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 or the Companies Act 2013.

h) Utilisation of Borrowed funds or share premium :

No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

No funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

46 Fraud

During the period the Company has reported a fraud case, where gold loan related misappropriations have occurred for amounts aggregating ₹ 32,66,629/-, and have provided equal amount of provision in the books of accounts.

47 Comparatives

Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to correspond with current year's classification / disclosure.

As per our report of even date attatched

For Manikandan and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg No.: 008520S

C K Manikandan
[Partner]
Membership no.: 206654

Place: Chalakudy
Date:29-05-2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

M R Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]
Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date:29-05-2024

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

Neethu C Biju
[Company Secretary]

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Schedule to the Standalone Balance Sheet of a NBFC

(₹in lakhs)

Sl. No	Particulars			
	Liabilities side:			
(1)	**Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:**		**Amount outstanding**	**Amount overdue**
	(a) Debentures : Secured		14,619.38	-
	: Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits*)		-	-
	(b) Deferred Credits		-	-
	(c) Term Loans		13,611.29	-
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing		-	-
	(e) Commercial paper		-	-
	(f) Public Deposits*		-	-
	(g) Other Loans (specify nature)	(i) Subordinated Debt	20,978.08	-
		(ii)Overdraft	5,660.65	-
		(iii)Loan against deposit	-	-
		(iv)Loan from Director	-	-
	*Please see Note 1 below			
(2)	**Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid) :**			
	(a) In the form of Unsecured debentures		-	-
	(b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security		-	-
	(c) Other public deposits		-	-
	* Please see Note 1 below			
	Assets side:		**Amount outstanding**	
(3)	**Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (4) below]:**			
	(a) Secured		64,659.27	
	(b) Unsecured		1,654.74	
(4)	**Break-up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities**			
	(i) Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors:			
	(a) Financial lease		-	
	(b) Operating lease		-	
	(ii) Stock on Hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:			
	(a) Asset on Hire		-	
	(b) Repossessed assets		-	
	(iii) Other loan counting towards AFC activities			
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed		-	
	(b) Loans other than (a) above		-	

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(5)	**Break-up of Investments:**	
	Current Investments :	
	1. Quoted	
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-
	(b) Preference	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government securities	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-
	2. Unquoted:	
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-
	(b) Preference	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government securities	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-
	Long term Investments:	
	1. Quoted	
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-
	(b) Preference	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government securities	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-
	2. Unquoted:	
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-
	(b) Preference	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-
	(iv) Government securities	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-

(6) **Borrower Group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above :**

Please see Note 2 below

Category	Amount net of provisions		
	Secured	Unsecured	Total
1. Related Parties**			
(a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-
(b) Companies in the same group	-		-
(c) Other related Parties	-	-	-
2. Other than related parties	64,291.11	1,644.11	65,935.22
Total	**64,291.11**	**1,644.11**	**65,935.22**

(7) **Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):**

Please see note 3 below

Category	Market value/Break-up or fair value or NAV	Book value (net of Provisions)
1. Related Parties**		
(a) Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil
(b) Companies in the same group	Nil	Nil
(c) Other related Parties	Nil	Nil
2. Other than related parties	0.00	0.00
Total	**0.00**	**0.00**

**As per Accounting Standard of ICAI (Please see Note 3)

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(8)	Other information	
	Particulars	Amount
	(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets	
	(a) Related Parties	-
	(b) Other than related parties	346.14
	(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets	
	(a) Related Parties	-
	(b) Other than related parties	231.32
	(iii) Asset acquired in Satisfaction of Debt	-

Notes:

1) As defined in point xix of paragraph 3 of Chapter -2 of these Directions.
2) Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in these Directions.
3) All Relevent Accounting Standards and Guidance Notes issued by ICAI are applicable including for valuation of investments and other assets as also assets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However, Market value in respect of quoted investments and break up/fair value/NAV in respect of unquoted investments should be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term or current in column (5) above.

As per our report of even date attatched

For Manikandan and Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Reg No.: 008520S

C K Manikandan
[Partner]
Membership no.: 208654

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

M R Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

Neethu C Biju
[Company Secretary]

Place: Chalakudy
Date:29-05-2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Muthoot Mercantile Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	**How addressed in audit**
The Management estimates impairment provision using Expected Credit loss (ECL) model for the loan exposure as per the Board approved policy. The estimation of expected credit loss on financial instruments involves significant judgement and estimates. Key estimates involve determining Exposure at Default (EAD), Probability at Default (PD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) using historical information. Hence, we have considered the estimation of ECL as a Key Audit Matter.	Our audit procedures relating to expected credit losses included appropriate test checks based on the concepts of materiality and sampling. These procedures were performed to verify and validate that the expected credit losses recognized in the financial statements were in accordance with the Board-approved policy, were arithmetically accurate, and that the related disclosures made by management were appropriate. We have also test checked on sample basis to verify the classification of loans is as per ECL/RBI norms.
Compliance and disclosure requirements under the applicable Indian Accounting Standards, RBI Guidelines and other applicable statutory, regulatory and financial reporting framework.	- We have assessed the systems and processes laid down by the company to appropriately ensure compliance and disclosures as per the applicable Indian Accounting Standards, RBI Guidelines and other applicable statutory, regulatory and financial reporting framework. - We have designed and performed audit procedures to assess the completeness and correctness of the details disclosed having regard to the assumptions made by the management in relation to the applicability and extent of disclosure requirements; and have relied on internal records of the company, management confirmations /explanations and external confirmations wherever necessary.

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Key Audit Matter	How addressed in audit
The company's operational and financial processes are dependent on IT systems due to large volume of transactions that are processed daily. Accordingly, our audit was focused on key IT systems and controls due to the pervasive impact on the financial statements	- We obtained an understanding of the Company's IT control environment and key changes during the audit period that may be relevant to the audit. - We also tested key automated and manual controls and logic for system generated reports relevant to the audit that would materially impact the financial statements and alternate procedures were applied to verify and confirm the reasonableness of management's judgement wherever limitations were noted in the software.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon (Other Information)

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's Report of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The reports containing the Other information as above is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the reports containing the other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matters

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024 were audited by the predecessor auditor whose report dated May 29,2024 expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matter

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
   (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
   (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
   (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
   (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.
   (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
   (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial statement reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Section 197(16) of the Act, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/ provided by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 33 to the financial statements.

ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standard, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

iv.

a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 48 to the financial statements, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 48 to the financial statements, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

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c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year. Hence, the compliance with the provisions of Section 123 of the Act is not applicable to the Company for the financial year.

vi. Based on the confirmation provided by the management, the company has used accounting software applications for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility. As per the management representation provided to us the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software and has not been tampered with, and audit trail has been preserved as per statutory requirement for record retention. The above features in audit trail have been test checked by us at random and we did not come across any instances of deviations relating to above.

For Varma & Varma
Chartered Accountants
FRN : 004532S

Rajeev R
Partner
Membership No.: 211277
UDIN: 25211277BMKORA3661

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30.05.2025

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ANNEXURE A REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 1 UNDER THE HEADING "REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS" OF OUR INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025.

1.

a)

i) The Company is maintaining branch-wise records showing particulars of the Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company and other assets. In the absence of consolidated register, the details thereof could not be reconciled with financial accounts to ensure completeness thereof.

ii) The Company is maintaining certain records showing particulars of the Intangible assets of the Company the values of which is noted to be not material.

b) According to the information and explanation given to us the company has a program of conducting physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment on a periodic basis. However, the records for conducting physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment were not available for our review and hence we are not in a position to comment on the reporting requirements of clause 1(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order.

c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company.

d) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year and hence the reporting requirements under the Clause (i)(d) of Para 3 of the Order is not applicable at this stage.

e) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

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2.

a) The Company does not hold any inventory and hence, the reporting requirements under Clause (ii)(a) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company at this stage.

b) The company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks and financial institutions during the year on the basis of security of current assets. In our opinion, based on a comparison, the quarterly statements of receivables filed by the company with such banks and financial institutions were seen to be in agreement with the books of account of the Company (which have not been audited as at the quarters ended June 30, 2024, September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2024)

3.

a) The company is a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) whose principal business is to give loans. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (iii)(a) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.

b) In our opinion, the investments made, guarantee provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.

c) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest have been stipulated, where ever applicable. Being a Non-Banking Finance company engaged in the business of granting loans, there are instances where repayment of principal amounts and payment of interest is not received as per stipulated terms for which the company has provided impairment allowance for expected credit losses, to the extent considered required as per Ind AS. Having regard to the nature of business undertaken by the company, and volume, specific details of such loans and advances, which are not repaid by borrowers as per stipulations are not fully reported, however particulars of loans overdue for more than ninety days as per books of accounts as at Balance Sheet date have been reported in Para (d) below.

d) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the total amount overdue for more than ninety days as per books of account as at the balance sheet date is as under:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

No. of cases	Principal Amount Overdue	Interest Overdue*	Total Overdue
1203	780.24	265.39	1,045.63

*Interest accrued on the overdue for more than 90 days is not recognized in the books of accounts

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of the principal and interest.

e) The company is a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) whose principal business is to give loans. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (iii)(e) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company

f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations made available to us, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year to Promoters, related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013.

4. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not given any loans, or provided any guarantee or security as specified under section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013. The provisions of section 186 of the Act with respect to loans, guarantee and security are not applicable to the Company being a Non-Banking Financial Company and the investments made by the Company are in compliance with the provisions of section 186 of the Act.

5. The Company has not accepted any deposits or any amounts deemed to be deposits from the public during the year which attracts the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India. Being a Non-Banking Finance Company, the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provision of the Act and the rules framed thereunder are not applicable to the Company.

6. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act for any of the services rendered by the Company at this stage.

7.

a) As per the information and explanations furnished to us and according to our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable to the Company, with the appropriate authorities during the year except for a minor delay in one instance for an amount of Rs 0.12 lakhs.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no arrears of undisputed statutory dues outstanding as on the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date on which they become payable.

c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no disputed amounts of goods and services tax, provident fund, employee's state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues dues to be deposited as at March 31, 2025 except for the following disputed amounts of Income tax not been deposited with the authorities as at March 31, 2025.

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates (financial year)	Forum where the dispute is pending
Income Tax Act,1961	Income Tax	61.92	2020-21 (AY 2021-22)	Application for rectification pending before assessing officer
Income Tax Act,1961	Income Tax	0.86	2019-20 (AY 2020-21)	Application for rectification pending before assessing officer
Income Tax Act,1961	Income Tax	49.08	2016-17 (AY 2017-18)	Application for rectification pending before assessing officer

8. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

9.

a) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in payment of interest to any lender.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained.

d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the company.

e) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, therefore clause (ix)(e) of Para 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.

f) The company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, therefore clause (ix)(f) of Para 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company

10.

a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not raised monies by way of initial public offer or further public offer other than for the public offer of debt instruments. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us monies raised by way of public offer of debt instruments during the year were applied for the purposes of which those were raised.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment (private placement) of shares or fully or partly or optionally convertible debentures during the year and hence, the reporting requirements under clause (x)(b) of Para 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

11.

a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, there have been instances of fraud on the company by its employees/customers amounting to Rs.86.66 lakhs during the year as included in Note 44(9)(p) to the financial statement. No fraud by the company has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the management.

b) No report under Section 143(12) of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 regarding any frauds, as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.

c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not received whistle-blower complaints during the year.

12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the reporting requirements under clause (xii) (a), (b) and (c) of Para 3 of the Order are not applicable.

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13. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, all transactions with the related parties are as confirmed by the management to be in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. In the absence of comparable benchmarking evidences, we have relied on management certificate in this regard.

14.

a) In our opinion and based on our review of the extent of internal audit coverage and examination of internal audit reports issued during the year, the existing internal audit system of the company in force offers scope for strengthening and improvement to commensurate with the size and nature of its business.

b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

15. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with the directors. Accordingly, the reporting requirement under clause (xv) of Para 3 of the Order is not applicable.

16.

a) The Company is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the company has obtained the required registration.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking financial or Housing Finance Activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the Regulations by the Reserve Bank of India and hence the reporting requirements under clause (xvi) (c) of Para 3 of the Order is not applicable.

d) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no core investment Company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016). Accordingly, the reporting requirement under clause (xvi) (d) of Para 3 of the Order is not applicable.

17. The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and also in the immediately preceding financial year.

18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, hence the reporting requirement under clause (xviii) of Para 3 of the Order is not applicable.

19. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets, payment of financial liabilities and other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

20.

a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no unspent amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in respect of other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to the Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Act in compliance with second proviso to Section 135(5) of the Act. Hence, the reporting requirements under clause (xx)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no amounts remaining unspent under section 135 (5) of the Act, pursuant to any ongoing project. Hence, the reporting requirements under clause (xx)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

21. According to the information and explanations provided to us and based on our verification of the records of the Company, the reporting requirements under this clause is not applicable to the Company as the Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements.

For Varma & Varma
Chartered Accountants
FRN.: 004532S

Rajeev R
Partner
Membership No.: 211277
UDIN: 25211277BMKORA3661

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30.05.2025

TC 9/1504, Galaxy, SMRA-14, Sasthamangalam P O, Thiruvananthapuram-695010
Tel : 0471-2727345, 2727346, Email : trivandrum@varmaandvarma.com

ANNEXURE B REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 2(f) UNDER THE HEADING "REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS" OF OUR INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial control systems with reference to financial statements reporting of Muthoot Mercantile Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls systems with reference to financial statements reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements reporting

A Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Varma & Varma

Chartered Accountants

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting and such internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI. However, certain features in software in use for transactions offers scope for improvement.

For Varma & Varma
Chartered Accountants
FRN.: 004532S

Rajeev R
Partner
Membership No.: 211277
UDIN : 25211277BMKORA3661

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30.05.2025

TC 9/1504, Galaxy, SMRA-14, Sasthamangalam P O, Thiruvananthapuram-695010
Tel : 0471-2727345, 2727346, Email : trivandrum@varmaandvarma.com

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	ASSETS	Notes	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(I)	**Financial Assets**			
(a)	Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	925.47	1,070.33
(b)	Bank Balances other than (a) above	6	2,731.23	2,285.62
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	7	17.81	-
(d)	Loans	8	89,050.04	70,101.81
(e)	Other Financial Assets	9	589.79	460.27
			93,314.34	**73,918.03**
(II)	**Non-Financial Assets**			
(a)	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	34	246.47	246.79
(b)	Property, Plant and Equipment	10	967.84	642.01
(c)	Other Intangible Assets	11	1.87	1.56
(d)	Right-of-Use Asset	12	4,245.11	4,176.39
(e)	Other Non-Financial Assets	13	304.37	220.64
			5,765.66	**5,287.39**
	TOTAL ASSETS		**99,080.00**	**79,205.42**
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
	Liabilities			
(I)	**Financial Liabilities**			
(a)	Derivative Financial Instruments	7	54.45	-
(b)	Payables			
	Trade Payables	14		
	(A) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		48.71	23.95
	(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.		124.57	144.33
(c)	Debt Securities	15	31,977.09	14,626.37
(d)	Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	16	21,062.61	19,275.99
(e)	Subordinated Liabilities	17	20,629.49	23,300.00
(f)	Lease Liabilities	12	4,818.22	4,627.97
(g)	Other Financial Liabilities	18	613.70	355.95
			79,328.84	**62,354.56**
(II)	**Non-Financial Liabilities**			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (Net)		180.25	175.02
(b)	Provisions	19	191.74	117.92
(c)	Other Non-Financial Liabilities	20	150.04	91.74
			522.03	**384.68**
(III)	**Equity**			
(a)	Equity Share Capital	21	3,641.87	3,641.87
(b)	Other Equity	22	15,587.26	12,824.31
			19,229.13	**16,466.18**
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		**99,080.00**	**79,205.42**

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

M R Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]
Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

Arun Kumar V K
[Company Secretary]

As per our report of even date attached

For Varma & Varma
Chartered Accountants
FRN.004532S

Rajeev R
(Partner)
M.No.211277
Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
	Revenue from Operations			
	Interest Income	23	16,307.19	12,903.59
	Fees and Commission Income	24	99.84	215.42
I	**Total Revenue from Operations**		**16,407.03**	**13,119.01**
II	Other Income	25	235.59	58.90
III	**Total Income (I+II)**		**16,642.62**	**13,177.91**
	Expenses			
	Finance Costs	26	7,297.38	5,374.45
	Impairment on Financial Instruments	27	447.98	102.38
	Employee Benefits Expenses	28	3,145.28	2,644.68
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	29	962.19	863.60
	Other expenses	30	987.07	898.96
IV	**Total Expenses**		**12,839.90**	**9,884.07**
V	**Profit before Tax (III-IV)**		**3,802.72**	**3,293.84**
	Tax Expense:			
	(a) Current Tax	34	963.95	930.86
	(b) Deferred Tax (Income)/Expense		15.79	(64.86)
	(c) Tax related to prior years		14.05	-
VI	**Total tax expense**		**993.79**	**866.00**
VII	**Profit for the year (V-VI)**		**2,808.93**	**2,427.84**
	Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense)			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
	(a) Remeasurement Gains/ (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plan		6.76	17.10
	(b) Change in value of forward element of forward contract		(6.84)	-
	Tax related to above		0.02	(5.33)
	(ii)Items that will be reclassified to Profit and Loss			
	(a)Effective portion of gain/(loss) on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges		(61.37)	-
	Tax related to above		15.45	-
VIII	**Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense)**		**(45.98)**	**11.77**
IX	**Total Comprehensive Income/(Expense) for the year (VII+VIII)**		**2,762.95**	**2,439.61**
	Earnings per Equity share			
	[nominal value of share-Rs.10/-]			
	Basic (Rs.)	32	7.71	7.95
	Diluted (Rs.)		7.71	7.95

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Rishi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

M R Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]

Arun Kumar V K
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

As per our report of even date attached

For Varma & Varma
Chartered Accountants
FRN 004532S

Rajeev R
(Partner)
M.No.211277
Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	**3,802.72**	**3,293.84**
Adjustments to reconcile Profit before tax to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	962.19	863.60
Impairment on financial instruments	447.98	102.38
Interest on security deposit	(18.68)	(14.65)
Net gain on cancellation of lease	(51.26)	(8.62)
Provision for gratuity	42.57	21.65
Provision for Compensated absence	53.50	-
Finance cost	7,297.38	5,374.45
Operating profit before working capital changes	**12,536.40**	**9,632.65**
Changes in working capital :		
Decrease / (Increase) in loans	(19,396.21)	(16,978.58)
Decrease / (Increase) in other bank balances	(445.61)	(1,444.93)
Decrease / (Increase) in other financial asset	(110.84)	9.06
Decrease / (Increase) in non-financial asset	(73.51)	(199.21)
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	5.00	142.34
Increase / (Decrease) in provision	(15.49)	-
Increase / (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	177.04	109.18
Increase / (Decrease) in other non-financial liabilities	58.30	42.44
Cash generated from /(used in) operations	**(7,264.92)**	**(8,687.05)**
Finance Cost paid	(6,858.79)	(4,514.30)
Income Taxes Paid	(969.04)	(789.08)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	**(15,092.75)**	**(13,990.43)**
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets	(479.18)	(301.25)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	**(479.18)**	**(301.25)**
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase /(Decrease) in debt securities	16,577.08	8,919.48
Increase /(Decrease) in borrowings (other than debt securities)	1,747.72	801.58
Increase /(Decrease) in subordinate Liabilities	(2,331.85)	847.04
Payment of lease liabilities	(565.88)	(459.65)
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	-	700.00
Net cash flow from/ (used in) in financing activities (C)	**15,427.07**	**10,808.45**
D. Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	**(144.86)**	**(3,483.23)**
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,070.33	4,553.56
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note 5)	**925.47**	**1,070.33**

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

As per our report of even date attached

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

M R Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]

Arun Kumar V K
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

For Varma & Varma
Chartered Accountants
FRN.004532S

Rajeev R
(Partner)
M.No.211277
Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

I. Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 1st April 2023	Change in equity share capital during the year	As at 31st March 2024	Change in equity share capital during the year	As at 31st March 2025
Equity shares of Rs 10 each, issued, subscribed and fully paid up	2,941.87	700.00	3,641.87	-	3,641.87

II. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Other Comprehensive Income			Total
	Statutory Reserve (pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)	Capital Redemption Reserve	Impairment Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Effective portion of Cash flow hedges	Cost of Hedging Reserve	Other items of other comprehensive income (Remeasurement of Defined benefit plans)	
Balance as at 1st April 2023	**2,877.86**	**2,280.63**	**154.06**	-	**5,063.28**	-	-	**8.87**	**10,384.70**
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	2,427.84	-	-	-	2,427.84
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.77	11.77
Transfer to/from retained earnings	505.92	-	157.86	-	(663.78)	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2024	**3,383.78**	**2,280.63**	**311.92**	-	**6,827.34**	-	-	**20.64**	**12,824.31**





MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Other Comprehensive Income			Total
	Statutory Reserve (pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)	Capital Redemption Reserve	Impairment Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Effective portion of Cash flow hedges	Cost of Hedging Reserve	Other items of other comprehensive income (Remeasurement of Defined benefit plans)	
Balance as at 1st April 2024	**3,383.78**	**2,280.63**	**311.92**	**-**	**6,827.34**	**-**	**-**	**20.64**	**12,824.31**
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	2,808.93	-	-	-	2,808.93
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	(5.12)	(45.92)	5.06	(45.98)
Transfer to/from retained earnings	561.79	-	-	-	(561.79)	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2025	**3,945.57**	**2,280.63**	**311.92**	**-**	**9,074.48**	**(5.12)**	**(45.92)**	**25.70**	**15,587.26**

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

As per our report of even date attached

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

M R Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]

Arun Kumar V R
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

For Varma & Varma
Chartered Accountants
FRN 004532S

Rajeev R
(Partner)
M No.211277
Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

1 Corporate Information

Muthoot Mercantile Limited(CIN:U65921KL1997PLC011260) was incorporated on 3rd March 1997,having registered office at 1st Floor, North Block, "Muthoot Floors",opposite W & C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, 695014, Kerala.

The Company obtained permission from the RBI under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for carrying on the bnsiness of Non-Banking Financial Institutions on 12th December 2002 vide Certificate of Registration (CoR) No. N-16.00178 and is classified as a Base Layer Non-Deposit Taking Non Banking Financial Company(NBFC-BL).

The main object of the company is to originate, provide and service personal loans and loans against gold jewellery.

2 Basis of Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules , 2015 (as amended from time to time). The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values as at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below:

Historical cost is generally based on the fair valne of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company considers the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on this basis.

Fair valne measnrements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inpnts to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

- Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices;
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and place limited reliance on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2; and
- Level 3: If one or more of the significant inpnts is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

2.2 Presentation of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Division III to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") applicable for Non-Banking Financial Companies ("NBFC"). The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows". The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss, as prescribed in the Schednle III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the financial statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards and directions issued by Reserve Bank of India.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported on a gross basis except when, there is an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amonnts withont being contingent on a futnre event and the parties intend to settle on a net basis in the following circumstances:

(i) The normal course of business
(ii) The event of default
(iii) The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties.

Functional And Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (JNR) except when otherwise indicated.

All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in Lakhs of Indian rupees (Rupees in Lakhs) except share and per share data, nnless otherwise stated.

3 Use of Judgements,Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management of the Company to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures including disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities as at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in futnre periods which are affected.

Key sources of estimation of uncertainty at the date of the financial statements, which may cause a material adjnstment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of: impairment of financial instruments, provisions and contingent liabilities.

In particular, information about material areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recogoized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

A. Business Model Assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test.The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

B. Defined Employee Benefit Liabilities

The the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate; future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed annually.

C. Fair Value Measurement

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments inclnde considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

D. Impairment of Loans Portfolio

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.The impairment loss on loans is disclosed in more detail in Note 42 Risk Management.In case, higher provisions are to be considered as per the prudential norms of the Reserve Bank of India, they are considered and routed through Impairment Reserves.





E. Contingent Liabilities and Provisions Other than Impairment on Loan Portfolio

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heighteued elemeut of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration in the ordinary course of the Company's business.When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Compauy takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents.Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

F. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method

The Company's EIR methodology, recognises interest income /expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penaltyinterest and charges).
This estimation, by nature, requires au element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

G.Other Estimates

These include contingent liabilities, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets etc.

4 Material Accounting Policies

4.1 Property Plant and Equipment

Property, plaut and equipment (PPE) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, (if any). The total cost of assets comprises its purchase price, freight, duties, taxes and any other iucidental expenses directly atributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner indended by the managment.

Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Advances paid towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment, outstanding at each Balance Sheet date is classified as capital advances uuder other non-fiuancial assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under Capital work-in-progress.

The estimated useful lives as follows:

Particulars	Useful life estimated by company (Years)
Strong Room	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)
	10 (Others)
Furniture And Fixtures	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)
	10 (Others)
Vehicles	8
Office Equipments	3 (End user devices)
	6 (Servers and networks)
Office & Electrical Equipments	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)
	10 (Others)

Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the depreciation period or methodology, as appropriate and treated as changes in accounting estimates.The Management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.
An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Auy gain or loss arising on the disposal or retiremeut of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset aud is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.2 Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Company.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and net of any trade discounts and rebates. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. Changes in the expected useful life, or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset, are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, which are then treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is presented as a separate line item in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Amortisation on assets acquired/sold during the year is recognised on a pro-rata basis to the Statement of Profit and Loss from / upto the date of acquisition/sale.

Intangible assets not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Intangible assets under development".

4.3 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than it's carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. A previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation/amortisation if there were no impairment.

4.4 Revenue Recognition

(i) Interest Income:

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time proportionate basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

The Company recognises interest income using effective interest rate (EIR) method as per Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments' on all financial assets subsequently measured under amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The Company recognises interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit impaired assets.

(ii) Revenue from operations other than interest income:

Revenue (other than those items to which Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments is applicable) is measured based on the consideration specified in the contracts with the customers. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of goods and services tax ('GST') and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115.

(a) Fees and Commission Income:

The company recognises the fee and commission income in accordance with the terms of the relevant contracts / agreement and when it is probable that the company will collect the consideration.

(b) Rental Income:

Income from operating leases (leasing and subleasing) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as per the contractual rentals unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which benefits are derived from the leased assets. Revenue from leases are recognised in accordance with IndAS 116 where the company is a lessor.

(c) Dividend Income:
Dividend Income is recognised once the unconditional right to receive the dividend is established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

(d) Net Gain or Loss on Fair Value Change:
Any differences between the fair values of the financial assets classified as fair value through the profit or loss, held by the Company on the Balance Sheet date is recognised as an unrealised gain/ loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. In cases there is a net gain in aggregate, the same is recognised in "Net gains on fair value changes" under revenue from operations and if there is a net loss the same is disclosed under "Expenses", in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(e) Other Income:
Other Income are recognised on the completion of service and it is highly probable that a significant reversal of revenue is not expected to occur. The Company recognises recoveries against written off financial assets on realisation

4.5 Finance Cost
Finance costs also represents Interest expense recognised by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial liabilities other than financial liabilities classified as FVTPL. Interest expense includes issue costs that are initially recognized as part of the carrying value of the financial liability and amortized over the expected life using the effective interest method. These include fees and commissions payable to advisers, loan processing fees and other expenses such as external legal costs, rating fee etc, provided these are incremental costs that are directly related to the issue of a financial liability. Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.6 Financial Instruments
A. Financial Assets
Initial recognition and measurement
All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value when the parties become party to the contractual provisions of the financial asset. In case of financial assets which are not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement
The Company classifies its financial assets into various measurement categories. The classification depends on the contractual terms of the financial assets' cash flows and the Company's business model for managing financial assets.

a.Financial assets measured at amortised cost
A financial asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

B. Financial Liabilities
Initial recognition and measurement
All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, non-convertible debentures loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent Measurement
Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

C. Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial Asset

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual cash flows from the asset expire or it transfers its rights to receive contractual cash flows from the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

Financial Liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

D. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' model (ECL), for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at Fair value through profit and loss.

Overview of the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model

Expected Credit Loss, at each reporting date, is measured through a loss allowance for a financial asset:

- At an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.
- At an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Lifetime expected credit losses means expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset.

12-month expected credit losses means the portion of Lifetime ECL that represent the ECLs that result from default events on financial assets that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company performs an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial assets credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument is used instead of the change in the amount of expected credit losses.

Based on the above process, the Company categorises its loans into three stages as described below:

<u>For non-impaired financial assets</u>

Stage 1 is comprised of all non-impaired financial assets which have not experienced a significant increase in credit risk (SICR)since initial recognition. A 12-month ECL provision is made for stage 1 financial assets. In assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly,the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition.

Stage 2 is comprised of all non-impaired financial assets which have experienced a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company recognises lifetime ECL for stage 2 financial assets. In subsequent reporting periods, if the credit risk of the financial instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then entities shall revert to recognizing 12 months ECL provision.

<u>For impaired financial assets:</u>

Financial assets are classified as stage 3 when there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more loss events that have occurred after initial recognition with a negative impact on the estimated future cash flows of a loan or a portfolio of loans. The Company recognises lifetime ECL for impaired financial assets.

Estimation of Expected Credit Loss
The mechanics of the ECL calculations are outlined below and the key elements are, as follows:

Probability of Default (PD) - The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon.
The Company uses historical information where available to determine PD. Considering the different products and schemes, the Company has bifurcated its loan portfolio into various pools. For certain pools where historical information is available, the PD is calculated considering fresh slippage of past years. For those pools where historical information is not available, the PD/ default rates as stated by external reporting agencies is considered.

Exposure at Default (EAD) - The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, including repayments of principal and interest, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise, expected drawdowns on committed facilities, and accrued interest from missed payments.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – The Loss Given Default is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral.

Forward looking information
While estimating the expected credit losses, the Company reviews macro-economic developments occurring in the economy and market it operates in. On a periodic basis, the Company analyses if there is any relationship between key economic trends like GDP, unemployment rates, benchmark rates set by the Reserve Bank of India, inflation etc. with the estimate of PD, LGD determined by the Company based on its internal data. While the interual estimates of PD, LGD rates by the Company may not be always reflective of such relationships, temporary overlays, if any, are embedded in the methodology to reflect such macro economic trends reasonably.
To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Company seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/gnarantees, vehicles, etc.However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECL. The collateral is majorly the property for which the loan is given. The fair value of the same is based on data provided by third party or management judgements.

4.7 Leases
As a Lessee
The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether : (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii)the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases). For these short-term leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term.ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and usefnl life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individnal asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or,if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates . Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.
Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.
The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a Lessor
Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

4.8 Taxation
Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable, deferred tax and any excess/ short provision of earlier years.

Current Tax
Current tax is determined at the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable profit for the year as per the Income tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rate that has been enacted by the end of the reporting period.
Deferred tax
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
Deferred tax assets are only recognised for temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits if it is probable that future taxable amounts will arise to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities are realised simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax for the year
Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in Equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in Equity respectively.

4.9 Prior period adjustment
Prior period adjustments due to errors, having material impact on the financial affairs of the Company, are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior periods presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.







4.10 Accounting for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which can be reliably estimated. Each provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are measured on a discounted basis. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

Constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where:

(a) by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities, and

(b) as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge those responsibilities

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

4.11 Earning Per Share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

4.12 Derivative financial instruments

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts and cross currency swaps to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risk.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date when a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each balance sheet date and carried as assets when their fair value is positive and as liabilities when their fair value is negative. The resulting gain/loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and is effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the Statement of Profit and Loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. The Company has designated the derivative financial instruments as cash flow hedges of recognised liabilities and unrecognised firm commitments.

Hedge accounting

In order to manage particular risks, the Company applies hedge accounting for transactions that meet specific criteria. At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective if the hedging instrument is offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk. The assessment of hedge effectiveness is carried out at inception and on an ongoing basis to determine that the hedging relationship has been effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

Cash Flow Hedges

A cash flow hedge is a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability (such as all or some future interest payments on variable rate debt) or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect profit and loss. For designated and qualifying cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument is initially recognised directly in OCI within equity (cash flow hedge reserve). The ineffective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When the hedged cash flow affects the Statement of Profit and Loss, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recorded in the corresponding income or expense line of the Statement of Profit and Loss. When a hedging instrument expires, is sold,terminated, exercised, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss that has been recognised in OCI at that time remains in OCI and is recognised when the hedged forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in OCI is immediately transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.13 Employee Benefits

(i) Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits

Defined contribution plans

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.The Provident Fund Scheme and Employee State Insurance Scheme are defined contribution plans.

Defined benefit plans

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- re-measurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefits

The Company provides for liability of accumulated compensated absences for eligible employees on the basis of an independent actuarial valuation carried out at the end of the year, using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period in which they occur.

4.14 Cash Flow Statement

The Cash Flow Statement shows the changes in cash and cash equivalents arising during the year from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities.

The cash flows from operating activities are determined by using the indirect method. Net income is therefore adjusted by non-cash items, such as measurement gains or losses, changes in provisions, impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, as well as changes from receivables and liabilities. In addition, all income and expenses from cash transactions that are attributable to investing or financing activities are eliminated.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in the Cash Flow Statement exclude items which are not available for general use as on the date of the Balance Sheet.

4.15 Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Cash on hand	551.45	702.46
Balance with banks:		
in Current Accounts (Refer Note 5.1)	374.02	367.87
	925.47	**1,070.33**

5.1 Balance with banks in current accounts include debit balance in overdraft accounts amounting to Rs 1.63 lakhs (31st March 2024 - Rs. 4.06 lakhs)

6 Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months	-	200.00
Deposits with bank under lien (Refer note 6.1) :		
-in Deposit Accounts having original maturity less than three Months	35.94	77.35
-in Deposit Accounts having original maturity more than three months	2,694.82	2,005.55
Earmarked balances with banks:		
For unpaid dividend	-	0.10
Debenture trustee account	0.47	2.62
	2,731.23	**2,285.62**

6.1 Deposits with bank under lien represents deposits given as security for borrowings

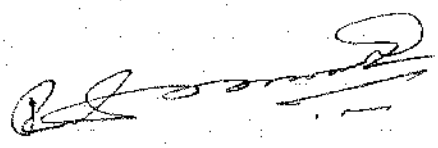
7 Derivative financial instruments

	As at 31st March 2025			As at 31st March 2024		
Particulars	Notional Amounts(INR)	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts(INR)	Fair Value -Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
i) Currency derivatives:						
- Forward contracts	4,945.48	-	54.45	-	-	-
ii) Interest Rate derivatives						
- Interest rate swaps	3,499.42	17.81	-	-	-	-
Included in above are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as follows:						
(i) Fair value hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Cash flow hedging:						
- Currency derivatives	4,945.48		54.45	-	-	-
- Interest rate derivatives	3,499.42	17.81	-	-	-	-
(iii) Net investment hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Undesignated Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (i)+ (ii)+(iii)+(iv)	**8,444.90**	**17.81**	**54.45**	-	-	-

The Company undertakes derivative transactions for hedging its exposures to interest rate risk and foreign exchange rate risk.

8 Loans

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025					
		At Fair Value				
	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Subtotal	Total
Loans						
(A)						
Gold Loan	89,253.43	-	-	-	-	89,253.43
Personal Loan	420.04					420.04
Total (A) - Gross	**89,673.47**	-	-	-	-	**89,673.47**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	623.43	-	-	-	-	623.43
Total (A) - Net	**89,050.04**	-	-	-	-	**89,050.04**
(B)						
(i) Secured by tangible assets	89,253.43	-	-	-	-	89,253.43
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	420.04	-	-	-	-	420.04
Total (B) Gross	**89,673.47**	-	-	-	-	**89,673.47**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	623.43	-	-	-	-	623.43
Total (B) Net	**89,050.04**	-	-	-	-	**89,050.04**
(C)						
(I) Loans in India						
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	89,673.47	-	-	-	-	89,673.47
Total (C) (I) Gross	**89,673.47**	-	-	-	-	**89,673.47**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	623.43	-	-	-	-	623.43
Total (C) (I) Net	**89,050.04**	-	-	-	-	**89,050.04**
(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (II) Net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (I) and (C)(II)	**89,050.04**	-	-	-	-	**89,050.04**







MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024					
		At Fair Value				
	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Subtotal	Total
Loans						
(A)						
Gold Loan	68,622.52	-	-	-	-	68,622.52
Personal Loan	1,654.74					1,654.74
Total (A) - Gross	**70,277.26**	-	-	-	-	**70,277.26**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	175.45	-	-	-	-	175.45
Total (A) - Net	**70,101.81**	-	-	-	-	**70,101.81**
(B)						
(i) Secured by tangible assets	68,622.52	-	-	-	-	68,622.52
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	1,654.74	-	-	-	-	1,654.74
Total (B) Gross	**70,277.26**	-	-	-	-	**70,277.26**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	175.45	-	-	-	-	175.45
Total (B) Net	**70,101.81**	-	-	-	-	**70,101.81**
(C)						
(I) Loans in India						
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	70,277.26	-	-	-	-	70,277.26
Total (C) (I) Gross	**70,277.26**	-	-	-	-	**70,277.26**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	175.45	-	-	-	-	175.45
Total (C) (I) Net	**70,101.81**	-	-	-	-	**70,101.81**
(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (II) Net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (I) and (C) (II)	**70,101.81**	-	-	-	-	**70,101.81**

8.1 An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount and the corresponding ECL allowances in relation to receivables under financing activities is, as follows:

	As at 31st March 2025			
Particulars	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Opening Gross carrying amount	**68,789.77**	**1,122.21**	**365.28**	**70,277.26**
New Asset originated (net of repayment)	73,122.04	15,178.02	919.62	**89,219.68**
Assets repaid	(68,513.64)	(1,120.97)	(188.86)	**(69,823.47)**
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(1.35)	1.35		-
Transfer to Stage 3	(266.21)	(1.24)	267.45	-
Closing Gross carrying amount	**73,130.61**	**15,179.37**	**1,363.49**	**89,673.47**

	As at 31st March 2024			
Particulars	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Opening Gross carrying amount	**51,852.79**	**1,305.49**	**140.40**	**53,298.68**
New Asset originated (net of repayment)	66,292.78	1,052.03	156.81	**67,501.62**
Assets repaid	(49,223.77)	(1,239.50)	(59.77)	**(50,523.04)**
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(7.30)	7.30	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(124.73)	(3.11)	127.84	-
Closing Gross carrying amount	**68,789.77**	**1,122.21**	**365.28**	**70,277.26**

8.2 Reconciliation of ECL Balance

	As at 31st March 2025			
Particulars	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Gross carrying amount	**68.68**	**9.14**	**97.63**	**175.45**
New Asset originated (net of repayment)	348.23	69.04	108.53	525.80
Assets repaid	(68.44)	(9.13)	(22.29)	(99.86)
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(0.12)	0.12	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(0.02)	-	0.02	-
Impact of changes in credit risk on account of stage movements	(0.06)	(0.12)	22.22	22.04
Closing carrying amount	**348.27**	**69.05**	**206.11**	**623.43**

	As at 31st March 2024			
Particulars	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Gross carrying amount	**44.07**	**12.43**	**16.57**	**73.07**
New Asset originated (net of repayment)	68.67	9.06	32.89	**110.62**
Assets repaid	(43.86)	(12.39)	(7.57)	**(63.82)**
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(0.07)	0.07	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(7.38)	(0.31)	7.69	-
Impact of changes in credit risk on account of stage movements	7.25	0.28	48.05	**55.58**
Closing carrying amount	**68.68**	**9.14**	**97.63**	**175.45**

9 Other Financial Assets

Particulars	**As at 31st March 2025**	**As at 31st March 2024**
Security deposits	476.49	403.19
Others	113.30	57.08
	589.79	**460.27**

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

10 **Property, Plant and Equipment**

Particulars	Land	Strong Room	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Computer and Accessories	Office and Electrical Equipments	Total
Gross Block at Cost							
At 1st April 2023	4.32	293.04	632.01	186.76	191.56	396.45	1,704.14
Additions	-	44.43	137.82	-	47.41	70.46	300.12
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2024	**4.32**	**337.47**	**769.83**	**186.76**	**238.97**	**466.91**	**2,004.26**
At 1st April 2024	4.32	337.47	769.83	186.76	238.97	466.91	2,004.26
Additions	-	79.39	292.06	-	68.61	108.59	548.65
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	**4.32**	**416.86**	**1,061.89**	**186.76**	**307.58**	**575.50**	**2,552.91**
Accumulated Depreciation							
At 1st April 2023	-	184.29	356.38	156.88	171.19	255.99	1,124.73
Charge for the year	-	36.86	102.27	9.20	38.28	50.91	237.52
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2024	**-**	**221.15**	**458.65**	**166.08**	**209.47**	**306.90**	**1,362.25**
At 1st April 2024	-	221.15	458.65	166.08	209.47	306.90	1,362.25
Additions	-	34.45	104.62	6.33	27.99	49.43	222.82
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	**-**	**255.60**	**563.27**	**172.41**	**237.46**	**356.33**	**1,585.07**
Net Block							
As at 31st March 2024	**4.32**	**116.32**	**311.18**	**20.68**	**29.50**	**160.01**	**642.01**
As at 31st March 2025	**4.32**	**161.26**	**498.62**	**14.35**	**70.12**	**219.17**	**967.84**

10.1 No Property, Plant and Equipment have been revalued during the current and previous years

10.2 The title deeds of immovable property disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company

11 Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Computer Software
Gross Block at Cost	
At 1st April 2023	85.72
Additions	1.14
Disposals	-
As at 31st March 2024	86.86
At 1st April 2024	86.86
Additions	1.01
Disposals	-
As at 31st March 2025	87.87
Accumulated Amortization	
At 1st April 2023	84.85
Charge for the year	0.45
Disposals	-
As at 31st March 2024	85.30
At 1st April 2024	85.30
Charge for the year	0.70
Disposals	-
As at 31st March 2025	86.00
Net Block	
As at 31st March 2024	**1.56**
As at 31st March 2025	**1.87**

11.1 The Company has not revalued its Intangible assets during the year

12 Right-of-use assets and Lease Liabilities

12.1 Movement of right of use assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
As at the beginning of the year	**4,176.39**	**3,828.44**
Additions	1,120.31	973.58
Disposals	312.92	-
Depreciatiou charge for the year	738.67	625.63
As at the end of the year	**4,245.11**	**4,176.39**

12.2 Movement of lease liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
As at the beginning of the year	**4,627.97**	**4,122.65**
Additions	1,086.20	939.65
Interest on lease liabilities	478.21	432.51
Deletions	356.03	-
Payment of lease liabilities	1,018.13	866.84
As at the end of the year	**4,818.22**	**4,627.97**

12.3 Maturity analysis of lease liabilities
The following are the undiscounted cashflows of lease liabilities:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Less than one year	1,101.31	908.01
One to five years	4,238.60	3,795.00
More than five years	1,126.23	1,759.13
Total	**6,466.14**	**6,462.14**

12.4 Amounts recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Interest on finance lease liabilities	478.21	432.51
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	738.67	625.63
Gain on cancellation of lease	51.26	-
Expenses relating to short term leases	117.47	67.79

12.5 Amounts recognized in the Cash Flow Statement

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Total cash outflow for leases	565.88	459.65

13 Other Non-Financial Asset

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Capital Advances	13.02	2.80
Prepaid Expenses	83.42	118.99
Employee Advances	3.12	5.61
Balance with Government Anthorities	186.32	75.35
Other Advances (Refer Note 13.1)	18.49	17.89
	304.37	**220.64**

13.1 Other Advances include an amount of Rs.0.61 Lakhs Excess amount spent towards CSR activities during the year which company intends to carryforward to the subsequent year for adjusting against the liability.

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

14 Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	48.71	23.95
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.	124.57	144.33
	173.28	**168.28**

14.1 Trade Payables aging schedule as at 31st March 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	48.71	-	-	-	48.71
ii) Others	124.57	-	-	-	124.57
iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-

14.2 Trade Payables aging schedule as at 31st March 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	23.95	-	-	-	23.95
ii) Others	144.33	-	-	-	144.33
iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-

14.3 Disclosure:- Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;	48.71	23.95
(b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	Nil	Nil
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	1.19	Nil
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extend such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

15 Debt Securities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025				As at 31st March 2024			
	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total
Non-Convertible debentures - Private Issue(Secured)* (Refer Note 15.1)	2,881.51	-	-	2,881.51	4,212.31	-	-	4,212.31
Non-convertible Debentures - Public issue(Secured)** (Refer Note 15.2)	29,095.58	-	-	29,095.58	10,414.06	-	-	10,414.06
Total (A)	**31,977.09**	**-**	**-**	**31,977.09**	**14,626.37**	**-**	**-**	**14,626.37**
Debt securities in India	31,977.09	-	-	31,977.09	14,626.37	-	-	14,626.37
Debt securities outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	**31,977.09**	**-**	**-**	**31,977.09**	**14,626.37**	**-**	**-**	**14,626.37**

Nature of Security

*Secured by hypothecation of outstanding gold loan receivables both present and future and all assets to be accrued from the proceeds generated by the private placement of non convertible secured debentures by the Company. The Company shall maintain a minimum security, which shall not be less than the amount of debentures outstanding at any point of time.

**First ranking pari passu charge on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other moveable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the company equal to the value of one time of the Non Convertible Debentures outstanding plus interest.

15.1 Non-Convertible Debentures -Private Issue(Secured)

A) Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern of Non-Convertible debentures -Private Issue is as under:

As at 31st March 2025								
Redeemable at par within	Rate of interest						Total	
	< 12%		>= 12% < 14%		>= 14%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	25,165	251.65	-	-	25,165	251.65
Due within 2-3 years	53,960	539.60	9,395	93.95	2,200	22.00	65,555	655.55
Due within 1-2 years	41,745	417.45	-	-	4,875	48.75	46,620	466.20
Due within 1 year	1,01,545	1,015.45	-	-	-	-	1,01,545	1,015.45
Total	**1,97,250**	**1,972.50**	**34,560**	**345.60**	**7,075**	**70.75**	**2,38,885**	**2,388.85**
Add: Interest Accrued								492.66
Total								**2,881.51**

As at 31st March 2024								
Redeemable at par within	Rate of interest						Total	
	< 12%		>= 12% < 14%		>= 14%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 4-5 years	-	-	25,165	251.65	-	-	25,165	251.65
Due within 3-4 years	56,960	569.60	9,395	93.95	2,200	22.00	68,555	685.55
Due within 2-3 years	47,545	475.45	-	-	4,875	48.75	52,420	524.20
Due within 1-2 years	1,14,993	1,149.93	-	-	-	-	1,14,993	1,149.93
Due within 1 year	1,14,856	1,148.56	-	-	-	-	1,14,856	1,148.56
Total	**3,34,354**	**3,343.54**	**34,560**	**345.60**	**7,075**	**70.75**	**3,75,989**	**3,759.89**
Add: Interest Accrued								452.42
Total								**4,212.31**

B) The Company has privately placed Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debentures with a maturity period of 24-96 months and principal amount outstanding Rs.2,388.85 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.3,759.89 Lakhs)

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	Interest Rate	Tenure
178	24-05-2020	24-05-2025	82.30	100.80	10.50%-11.85%	60 Months
189	10-06-2022	10-06-2025	22.10	49.90	8%-9.04%	36 Months
179	15-07-2020	15-07-2025	212.65	259.33	10%-11.29%	60 Months
190	07-08-2022	07-08-2025	112.00	133.50	9%-10%	36 Months
197	31-08-2023	31-08-2025	5.00	5.00	10.00%	24 Months
191	20-09-2022	20-09-2025	84.00	104.00	9%-10%	36 Months
180	18-10-2020	18-10-2025	37.25	37.25	9.25%	60 Months
181	24-11-2020	24-11-2025	236.65	236.65	10%-10.75%	60 Months
182	11-01-2021	11-01-2026	117.50	117.50	10%-10.75%	60 Months
193	19-03-2023	19-03-2026	91.00	91.00	9.75%-10.75%	36 Months
194	30-03-2023	30-03-2026	15.00	15.00	10.75%	36 Months
195	30-06-2023	30-06-2026	135.00	169.00	9.75%-10.75%	36 Months
183	04-07-2021	04-07-2026	25.00	25.00	9.75%	60 Months
196	31-07-2023	31-07-2026	18.00	28.00	9.75%-10.75%	36 Months
197	31-08-2023	31-08-2026	6.00	6.00	9.75%	36 Months
198	08-10-2023	08-10-2026	29.00	29.00	9.75%	36 Months
185	10-12-2021	10-12-2026	118.00	118.00	9.75%-10.75%	60 Months
186	14-02-2022	14-02-2027	40.00	54.00	9%-10.12%	60 Months
187	14-03-2022	14-03-2027	20.50	20.50	8.5%-9.6%	60 Months
177	22-03-2020	22-03-2027	48.75	48.75	14.29%	84 Months
188	30-03-2022	30-03-2027	25.95	25.95	8.5%-9.6%	60 Months
178	24-05-2020	24-05-2027	22.00	22.00	14.29%	84 Months
189	10-06-2022	10-06-2027	34.00	44.00	8.5%-9.75%	60 Months
190	07-08-2022	07-08-2027	167.10	167.10	9.5%-11%	60 Months

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	Interest Rate	Tenure
175	09-02-2020	09-08-2027	40.35	40.35	13.33%	90 Months
176	26-02-2020	26-08-2027	32.60	32.60	13.33%	90 Months
191	20-09-2022	20-09-2027	113.00	118.00	9.5%-11%	60 Months
179	15-07-2020	15-01-2028	21.00	21.00	13.33%	90 Months
192	31-01-2023	31-01-2028	100.00	100.00	10.50%	60 Months
193	19-03-2023	19-03-2028	67.50	82.50	10.25%-11.75%	60 Months
194	30-03-2023	30-03-2028	58.00	58.00	10.25%-11.75%	60 Months
181	24-11-2020	24-05-2028	62.15	62.15	13.33%	90 Months
182	11-01-2021	11-07-2028	20.00	20.00	13.33%	90 Months
183	04-07-2021	04-10-2028	68.50	68.50	13.79%	87 Months
180	18-10-2020	18-10-2028	13.50	13.50	12.50%	96 Months
184	27-09-2021	27-12-2028	14.50	14.50	13.79%	87 Months
185	10-12-2021	10-03-2029	73.00	73.00	13.79%	87 Months
189	10-06-2022	10-06-2024	-	12.00	8.09%	24 Months
183	04-07-2021	04-07-2024	-	33.50	9.25%-9.75%	36 Months
196	31-07-2023	01-08-2024	-	227.41	9%-9.70%	12 Months
193	19-03-2023	19-09-2024	-	74.50	9.25%-9.50%	18 Months
184	27-09-2021	27-09-2024	-	127.50	9.25%-9.75%	36 Months
194	30-03-2023	29-09-2024	-	47.00	9.25%-9.50%	17 Months
185	10-12-2021	10-12-2024	-	37.50	9.25%-9.75%	36 Months
195	30-06-2023	31-12-2024	-	70.50	9.25%-9.50%	18 Months
174	14-01-2020	14-01-2025	-	42.00	10%-11.29%	60 Months
175	09-02-2020	09-02-2025	-	169.80	10.50%-11.85%	60 Months
186	14-02-2022	14-02-2025	-	5.00	8.00%	36 Months
176	26-02-2020	26-02-2025	-	111.30	10.50%-11.85%	60 Months
197	31-08-2023	28-02-2025	-	38.00	9.50%-9.70%	17 Months
187	14-03-2022	14-03-2025	-	58.80	8%-9.04%	36 Months
177	22-03-2020	22-03-2025	-	86.75	10.50%-11.85%	60 Months
188	30-03-2022	30-03-2025	-	7.00	8%-9.04%	36 Months
Total Principal			**2,388.85**	**3,759.89**		
Add: Interest Accrued			492.66	452.42		
Total			**2,881.51**	**4,212.31**		

15.2 Non-Convertible Debentures - Public issue

A) Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern of Non-convertible Debentures - Public issue is as under:

As at 31st March 2025								
Redeemable at par within	**Rate Of Interest**						**Total**	
	<10%		**>= 10% < 11%**		**>=11%**			
	Number	**Amount**	**Number**	**Amount**	**Number**	**Amount**	**Number**	**Amount**
Due more than 5 Years	-	-	-	-	2,98,508	2,985.08	2,98,508	2,985.08
Due within 4-5 Years	-	-	91,265	912.65	3,71,591	3,715.91	4,62,856	4,628.56
Due within 3-4 years	3,701	37.01	1,29,283	1,292.83	1,03,072	1,030.72	2,36,056	2,360.56
Due within 2-3 years	-	-	3,50,796	3,507.96	3,00,469	3,004.69	6,51,265	6,512.65
Due within 1-2 years	-	-	3,86,050	3,860.50	-	-	3,86,050	3,860.50
Due within 1 year	1,05,042	1,050.42	7,41,761	7,417.61	-	-	8,46,803	8,468.03
Total	**1,08,743**	**1,087.43**	**16,99,155**	**16,991.55**	**10,73,640**	**10,736.40**	**28,81,538**	**28,815.38**
Add: Interest Accrued								852.21
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment								572.01
Total								**29,095.58**

As at 31st March 2024								
Redeemable at par within	Rate Of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due more than 5 Years	-	-	-	-	1,25,132	1,251.32	1,25,132	1,251.32
Due within 4-5 Years	3,701	37.01	1,29,283	1,292.83	1,03,072	1,030.72	2,36,056	2,360.56
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due within 2-3 years	-	-	2,57,838	2,578.38	-	-	2,57,838	2,578.38
Due within 1-2 years	1,05,042	1,050.42	86,693	866.93	-	-	1,91,735	1,917.35
Due within 1 year	1,43,489	1,434.89	87,799	877.99	-	-	2,31,288	2,312.88
Total	**2,52,232**	**2,522.32**	**5,61,613**	**5,616.13**	**2,28,204**	**2,282.04**	**10,42,049**	**10,420.49**
Add: Interest Accrued								123.33
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment								129.76
Total								**10,414.06**

B) The principal amount of outstanding Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Listed Debentures raised through Public Issue by the Company stood at Rs.28,815.38 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.10,420.49 Lakhs)

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	Interest Rate	Tenure
II	27-05-2024	29-05-2025	1,495.88	-	9.65%-10.15%	367 Days
I	21-12-2023	21-06-2025	1,193.83	1,193.83	9.75%-10.27%	18 Months
III	11-09-2024	16-10-2025	2,064.72	-	9.77%-10.27%	400 Days
II	27-05-2024	26-11-2025	367.61	-	10.25%-10.75%	18 Months
I	21-12-2023	21-12-2025	723.52	723.52	10.18%-11.00%	24 Months
IV	29-01-2025	05-03-2026	2,622.47	-	9.61%-10.12%	400 Days
III	11-09-2024	11-05-2026	562.60	-	10.5%-11.73%	20 Months
II	27-05-2024	27-05-2026	393.71	-	10.5%-10.6%	24 Months
IV	29-01-2025	29-09-2026	325.81	-	10.34%-10.60%	20 Months
I	21-12-2023	21-12-2026	2,578.38	2,578.38	10.45%-10.80%	36 Months
II	27-05-2024	27-05-2027	1,501.33	-	10.63%-11.73%	36 Months
III	11-09-2024	11-09-2027	3,004.69	-	10.70%-10.80%	36 Months
IV	29-01-2025	29-01-2028	2,006.63	-	10.77%-10.80%	36 Months
I	21-12-2023	21-12-2028	2,360.56	2,360.56	11.03%-11.25%	60 Months
II	27-05-2024	27-05-2029	845.19	-	10.00%-12.07%	60 Months
III	11-09-2024	11-09-2029	1,545.00	-	10.15%-10.17%	60 Months
IV	29-01-2025	29-01-2030	987.05	-	10.16%-10.75%	60 Months
I	21-12-2023	21-03-2030	1,251.32	1,251.32	10.60%	75 Months
II	27-05-2024	27-07-2030	784.84	-	11.00%	74 Months
III	11-09-2024	11-10-2030	1,171.50	-	10.64%	73 Months
IV	29-01-2025	27-02-2031	1,028.74	-	12.07%	73 Months
I	21-12-2023	20-12-2024	-	2,312.88	9.50%-10%	367 Days
Total Principal			**28,815.38**	**10,420.49**		
Add: Interest Accrued			852.21	123.33		
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment			572.01	129.76		
Total			**29,095.58**	**10,414.06**		

16 **Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025				As at 31st March 2024			
	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total
(a) Term loan								
(i) from banks	11,301.24	-	-	11,301.24	13,611.28	-	-	13,611.28
(ii) from financial institutions	6,001.07	-	-	6,001.07	-	-	-	-
(b) Loans repayable on demand								
(i) from banks	3,760.30	-	-	3,760.30	5,664.71	-	-	5,664.71
(ii) from financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	**21,062.61**	-	-	**21,062.61**	**19,275.99**	-	-	**19,275.99**
Borrowings in India	21,062.61	-	-	21,062.61	19,275.99	-	-	19,275.99
Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	**21,062.61**	-	-	**21,062.61**	**19,275.99**	-	-	**19,275.99**

16.1 The terms of borrowings from banks and Financial Institutions are as under:

A] Terms and Conditions of borrowings from banks:

Name of the Bank	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
State Bank of India	Primary Security- First charge over all movable assets and current assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company, on pari-passu basis with the Secured Creditors including debenture trustees and other banks. Hypothecation of Stage-I Gold loan receivables and should not include receivables of assets which are overdue more than 30 days. Personal guarantee of Mathew Muthalthinan, Ammini Mathew, Richi Mathew. Cash collateral of Rs.500 lakhs secured by lien on term Deposit	-	-	1,714.21	3,458.60	On Demand
		4,769.90	8,186.73	-	-	Rs.1,849.90 Lakhs in 12 monthly instalments in FY 25-26. Rs.1,460 Lakhs in 12 quarterly instalments in FY 25-26. Rs.1,260 Lakhs in 10 quarterly instalments in FY 26-27 Rs.200 Lakhs in 1 quarterly instalment in FY 27-28

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

A) Terms and Conditions of borrowings from banks:

Name of the Bank	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
Federal Bank	Pari passu first charge by way of hypothecation of entire current assets of the company (present and future) including loan receivables, with secured debentures holders and other banks Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathainman, Ammini Mathew, Richi Mathew. Collateral Security – Fixed Deposits in the name of borrower with a coverage of 15%	-	-	291.67	293.67	On Demand
		999.99	2,041.66	-	-	Rs.666.67 Lakhs in 4 equal quarterly instalments in Fy 25-26 Rs.333.33 Lakhs in 2 equal quarterly instalments in FY 26-27
		2,500.00	-	-	-	Rs.1,000 Lakhs in 4 equal quarterly instalments in FY 25-26 Rs.1,000 Lakhs in 4 equal quarterly instalments in FY 26-27 Rs.500 Lakhs in 2 equal quarterly instalments in FY 27-28
South Indian Bank	Primary Security – Pari passu 1st charge on standard gold receivables with minimum assets cover of 1.33x Collateral Security – KND Deposits of Rs.372 lakhs. Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathainman, Ammi Mathew, Richi Mathew	-	-	1.41	-	On Demand
		947.22	-	-	-	Rs.366.67 Lakhs in 12 equal monthly instalments in FY 25-26 Rs.366.67 Lakhs in 12 equal monthly instalments in FY 26-27 Rs.213.88 Lakhs in 7 equal monthly instalments in FY 27-28
		880.00	1,549.56	-	-	Rs.672 Lakhs in 12 equal monthly instalments in FY 25-26 Rs.208 Lakhs in 3 equal monthly instalments and last instalments of Rs 40 Lakhs in FY 26-27

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

A) Terms and Conditions of borrowings from banks:

Name of the Bank	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
		-	-	1,201.23	1,000.00	On Demand
Karur Vyasa Bank	Primary Security - First pari passu charge on the receivables of the Company including Gold Loan receivables both present and future, and other current assets of the Company with other secured lenders except those specifically charged to any term lenders whether under refinance facility or otherwise (Net of NPA accounts) with a margin of 25%. Collateral of Rs. 600 lakhs of Fixed Deposit with KVB.On Demand Collateral Security - Existing EM charge on commercial vacant land-Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaimnan, Amini Mathew, Richu Mathew.	1,166.67	1,833.33	-	-	Rs.666.67 Lakhs in 4 equal quarrerly instalments in FY 25-26 Rs.500 Lakhs in 3 equal quarterly instalments in FY 26-27
Indian Overseas Bank	First Pari-passu charge on gold loan receivables and current assets of the company along with secured debenture holders and other working capital lenders with minimum security coverage of 1.25. Collateral of FD of Rs 150 lakhs with IOB	-	-	570.92	912.44	On Demand
Total Principal		**11,263.78**	**13,611.28**	**3,779.44**	**5,664.71**	
Add: Interest Accrued		20.99	-	-	-	
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment		22.55	-	19.14	-	
Add: Impact on Restatement of Foreign Currency Denominated Borrowings		39.02	-	-	-	
Total		**11,301.24**	**13,611.28**	**3,760.30**	**5,664.71**	

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

B) Terms and Conditions of borrowings from Financial Institutions:

Name of the Financial Institution	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	
Oxyzo Financial Services Limited	First ranking par-passu charge by way of hypothecation on the Companies entire Loan receivables (present and future), unencumbered cash and cash equivalents and other current assets along with other existing lenders and ("Hypothecated Assets") Unconditional and Irrevocable Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Muthaininan, Mr Richi Mathew, Ms. Ammini Mathew. Cash Collateral amount of Rs.250 lakhs	1,527.78	-	-	-	Rs.1,527 78 Lakhs in 11 equal monthly instalments in FY 25-26
Piramal Enterprises Limited	First pari passu over the entire book debts of the Company, both present and future	1,200.00	-	-	-	Rs.1,200 Lakhs in 9 equal monthly instalments in FY 25-26
Bajaj Finance Limited	First pari passu charge on present and future gold receivables and book debts and other current assets of the Borrower by way of hypothecation with a minimum asset cover of 125% of principal amt o/s at any point of time Cash collateral of 5% of Facility amount secured by lien on term deposits Personal Guarantee of Mr Mathew Muthaininan and Mr.Richi Mathew	800.00	-	-	-	Rs.800 Lakhs in 8 equal monthly instalments in FY 25-26
Kerala Financial Corporation	Pari-passu first charge by way of hypothecation of the entire present and future book debts and receivables of the NBFC (gold loan receivables) shared with existing lenders and secured debenture holders A minimum security coverage of 1.25 times the loan sanctioned.	2,530.09	-	-	-	Rs. 1,030.09 Lakhs in FY 2025-26 - Rs. 280.09 Lakhs in the first quarter, and the rest in 3 equal quarterly instalments. Rs.1,000 Lakhs in 4 equal quarterly instalments in FY 26-27 Rs.500 Lakhs in 2 equal quarterly instalments in FY 27-28
Total Principal		**6,057.87**	-	-	-	
Add: Interest Accrued		17.91	-	-	-	
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment		74.71	-	-	-	
Total		**6,001.07**	-	-	-	

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16.2 Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern of borrowings (other than debt securities) as on the date of the balance sheet is as under

As at 31st March 2025				
	Rate of Interest			
Repayable within	>9.10% - <=9.80%	>9.80% - <=10.50%	>10.50% - <=11.20%	Total
Due within 2-3 years	700.00	213.89	500.00	1,413.89
Due within 1-2 years	2,593.33	1,074.67	1,000.00	4,668.00
Due within 1 year	6,508.47	4,220.95	4,328.79	15,058.21
Total Principal	**9,801.80**	**5,509.51**	**5,828.79**	**21,140.10**
Add: Interest Accrued				38.90
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment				116.39
Total				**21,062.61**

As at 31st March 2024				
	Rate of Interest			
Repayable within	>=8.5% - <=9.15%	>9.15% - <=9.65%	>9.65% - <=10%	Total
Due within 3-4 years	200.00	-	-	200.00
Due within 2-3 years	1,260.00	541.33	500.00	2,301.33
Due within 1-2 years	3,450.00	1,338.66	666.67	5,455.33
Due within 1 year	3,276.73	6,463.50	1,579.10	11,319.33
Total	**8,186.73**	**8,343.49**	**2,745.77**	**19,275.99**

17 **Subordinate Liabilities**

	As at 31st March 2025				As at 31st March 2024			
Particulars	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total
Subordinated Debt	20,629.49	-	-	20,629.49	23,300.00	-	-	23,300.00
Total (A)	**20,629.49**	-	-	**20,629.49**	**23,300.00**	-	-	**23,300.00**
Borrowings in India	20,629.49	-	-	**20,629.49**	23,300.00	-	-	**23,300.00**
Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	**20,629.49**	-	-	**20,629.49**	**23,300.00**	-	-	**23,300.00**

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

17.1 Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern is as under:

As at 31st March 2025

Redeemable at par within	Rate of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 4-5 years	-	-	-	-	2,54,328	2,543.28	2,54,328	2,543.28
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	1,00,505	1,005.05	29,246	292.46	1,29,751	1,297.51
Due within 2-3 years	79,744	797.44	2,30,419	2,304.19	1,94,398	1,943.98	5,04,561	5,045.61
Due within 1-2 years	61,770	617.70	2,38,217	2,382.17	51,171	511.71	3,51,158	3,511.58
Due within 1 year	2,08,222	2,082.22	3,22,292	3,222.92	95,055	950.55	6,25,569	6,255.69
Total	**3,49,736**	**3,497.36**	**8,91,433**	**8,914.33**	**6,24,198**	**6,241.98**	**18,65,367**	**18,653.67**
Add: Interest Accrued								1,975.82
Total								**20,629.49**

As at 31st March 2024

Redeemable at par within	Rate of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 4-5 years	-	-	1,00,505	1,005.05	29,446	294.46	1,29,951	1,299.51
Due within 3-4 years	80,494	804.94	2,30,599	2,305.99	1,94,898	1,948.98	5,05,991	5,059.91
Due within 2-3 years	61,770	617.70	2,38,717	2,387.17	51,171	511.71	3,51,658	3,516.58
Due within 1-2 years	2,08,222	2,082.22	3,22,292	3,222.92	95,205	952.05	6,25,719	6,257.19
Due within 1 year	48,805	488.05	2,35,348	2,353.48	2,00,336	2,003.36	4,84,489	4,844.89
Total	**3,99,291**	**3,992.91**	**11,27,461**	**11,274.61**	**5,71,056**	**5,710.56**	**20,97,808**	**20,978.08**
Add: Interest Accrued								2,321.92
Total								**23,300.00**





17.2 The principal amount of outstanding privately placed subordinated liabilities issued by the Company stood at Rs.18,653.67 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.20,978.08 Lakhs)

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	Interest Rate	Tenure
12	19-04-20 - 17-05-20	19-04-25 - 17-05-25	680.11	680.11	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
13	19-05-20 - 29-05-20	19-05-25 - 29-05-25	237.30	237.30	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
14	31-05-20 - 28-06-20	31-05-25 - 28-06-25	353.65	353.65	9.75% - 10.97%	60 Months
15	30-06-20 - 28-07-20	30-06-25 - 28-07-25	331.71	331.71	9.75% - 10.97%	60 Months
16	02-08-20 - 28-08-20	02-08-25 - 28-08-25	771.37	771.37	9.00% - 10.97%	60 Months
17	01-09-20 - 29-09-20	01-09-25 - 29-09-25	318.30	318.30	9.00% - 9.75%	60 Months
18	02-10-20 - 28-10-20	02-10-25 - 28-10-25	330.53	330.53	9.25% - 10.00%	60 Months
19	01-11-20 - 29-11-20	01-11-25 - 29-11-25	730.93	730.93	9.85% - 10.50%	60 Months
20	01-12-20 - 27-12-20	01-12-25 - 27-12-25	311.04	311.04	9.85% - 10.50%	60 Months
21	31-12-20 - 28-01-21	31-12-25 - 28-01-26	984.00	985.50	10.25% - 11.00%	60 Months
22	31-01-21 - 26-02-21	31-01-26 - 26-02-26	814.01	814.01	10.25% - 11.00%	60 Months
23	02-03-21 - 18-03-21	02-03-26 - 18-03-26	125.81	125.81	9.20% - 10.45%	60 Months
24	21-03-21 - 18-04-21	21-03-26 - 18-04-26	461.74	461.74	10.25% - 11.00%	60 Months
25	20-04-21 - 18-05-21	20-04-26 - 18-05-26	291.49	291.49	10.25% - 11.00%	60 Months
26	23-05-21 - 17-06-21	23-05-26 - 17-06-26	321.72	321.72	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
27	20-06-21 - 18-07-21	20-06-26 - 18-07-26	322.88	322.88	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
28	20-07-21 - 17-08-21	20-07-26 - 17-08-26	292.59	297.59	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
29	19-08-21 - 16-09-21	19-08-26 - 16-09-26	373.53	373.53	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
30	19-09-21 - 17-10-21	19-09-26 - 17-10-26	406.87	406.87	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
31	19-10-21 - 16-11-21	19-10-26 - 16-11-26	475.03	475.03	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
32	18-11-21 - 16-12-21	18-11-26 - 16-12-26	234.70	234.70	9.00% - 10.00%	60 Months
33	19-12-21 - 17-01-22	19-12-26 - 17-01-27	363.79	363.79	9.00% - 10.00%	60 Months
34	19-01-22 - 30-01-22	19-01-27 - 30-01-27	140.32	140.32	9.00% - 10.00%	60 Months
35	01-02-22 - 01-03-22	01-02-27 - 01-03-27	79.55	79.55	8.00% - 9.00%	60 Months
36	03-03-22 - 14-03-22	03-03-27 - 14-03-27	14.30	14.30	8.00% - 9.00%	60 Months
37	18-07-22 - 15-08-22	18-07-27 - 15-08-27	1,106.59	1,114.09	9.50% - 11.00%	60 Months
38	18-08-22 - 15-09-22	18-08-27 - 15-09-27	245.56	245.56	9.50% - 11.00%	60 Months
39	26-09-22 - 24-10-22	26-09-27 - 24-10-27	849.35	854.35	10.00% - 12.00%	60 Months
40	27-10-22 - 24-11-22	27-10-27 - 24-11-27	918.41	918.41	10.25% - 12.00%	60 Months
41	27-11-22 - 22-12-22	27-11-27 - 22-12-27	604.40	604.40	10.25% - 12.00%	60 Months
42	25-12-22 - 22-01-23	25-12-27 - 22-01-28	407.38	409.18	10.25% - 12.00%	60 Months
43	24-01-23 - 21-02-23	24-01-28 - 21-02-28	467.30	467.30	10.50% - 12.00%	60 Months
44	23-02-23 - 24-03-23	23-02-28 - 24-03-28	357.31	357.31	10.50% - 12.00%	60 Months
45	26-03-23 - 23-04-23	26-03-28 - 23-04-28	278.34	280.34	10.50% - 12.00%	60 Months
46	25-04-23 - 24-05-23	25-04-28 - 24-05-28	270.48	270.48	10.50% - 12.00%	60 Months
47	28-05-23 - 26-06-23	28-05-28 - 26-06-28	185.20	185.20	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
48	29-06-23 - 26-07-23	29-06-28 - 26-07-28	455.03	455.03	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
49	28-07-23 - 25-08-23	28-07-28 - 25-08-28	197.77	197.77	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
50	28-05-24 - 28-05-24	28-05-29 - 25-06-29	452.38	-	12.00% - 14.00%	60 Months

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	Interest Rate	Tenure
51	27-06-24 - 27-06-24	27-06-29 - 18-07-29	282.70	-	12.00% - 14.00%	60 Months
52	12-09-24 - 12-09-24	12-09-29 - 14-10-29	523.40	-	11.00% - 13.75%	60 Months
53	15-10-24 - 15-10-24	15-10-29 - 17-11-29	208.06	-	11.00% - 12.85%	60 Months
54	25-11-24 - 25-11-24	25-11-29 - 27-01-30	385.51	-	11.00% - 13.40%	60 Months
55	29-01-25 - 29-01-25	29-01-30 - 10-03-30	691.23	-	11.40% - 13.40%	60 Months
2	01-04-19 - 26-04-19	01-04-24 - 26-04-24	-	361.66	9.50% - 11.81%	60 Months
3	07-07-19 - 02-08-19	07-07-24 - 02-08-24	-	391.89	9.50% - 11.81%	60 Months
4	06-08-19 - 29-08-19	06-08-24 - 29-08-24	-	194.22	9.50% - 11.81%	60 Months
5	01-09-19 - 29-09-19	01-09-24 - 29-09-24	-	578.52	10.00% - 11.85%	60 Months
6	02-10-19 - 30-10-19	02-10-24 - 30-10-24	-	528.98	10.00% - 11.85%	60 Months
7	31-10-19 - 28-11-19	31-10-24 - 28-11-24	-	710.14	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
8	01-12-19 - 29-12-19	01-12-24 - 29-12-24	-	714.71	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
9	31-12-19 - 28-01-20	31-12-24 - 28-01-25	-	632.34	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
10	31-01-20 - 28-02-20	31-01-25 - 28-02-25	-	444.93	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
11	02-03-20 - 23-03-20	02-03-25 - 23-03-25	-	287.50	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
Total Principal			**18,653.67**	**20,978.08**		
Add: Interest Accrued			1,975.82	2,321.92		
Total			**20,629.49**	**23,300.00**		

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18 Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Unpaid matured debentures and Interest accrued thereon	38.94	3.51
Unpaid Subordinate Debt and Interest Accrued thereon	69.43	37.16
Creditors for capital goods	93.97	13.27
Employee Related Payables	300.06	172.97
Others	111.30	129.04
	613.70	**355.95**

19 Provisions

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Employee Benefits (Refer Note 35)		
- Gratuity	149.69	117.92
- Leave Encashment	42.05	-
	191.74	**117.92**

20 Other Non-financial liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Statutory Dues Payable	150.04	91.74
	150.04	**91.74**

21 Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised				
5,50,00,000 (Previous Year: 5,50,00,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each	5,50,00,000	5,500.00	5,50,00,000	5,500.00
Total	**5,50,00,000**	**5,500.00**	**5,50,00,000**	**5,500.00**
Issued, subscribed and fully paid				
3,64,18,747 (Previous Year: 3,64,18,747) equity shares of Rs.10/- each	3,64,18,747	3,641.87	3,64,18,747	3,641.87
Total	**3,64,18,747**	**3,641.87**	**3,64,18,747**	**3,641.87**

21.1 Reconciliation of the Number of Equity Shares outstanding

The reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding and the corresponding amount thereof, as at the Balance Sheet date is set out below:

Equity Shares	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
At the beginning of the year	3,64,18,747	3,641.87	2,94,18,750	2,941.87
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	69,99,997	700.00
At the end of the year	**3,64,18,747**	**3,641.87**	**3,64,18,747**	**3,641.87**

21.2 Rights, preferences and restrictions in respect of each class of shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

21.3 Details of Equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the shareholder	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding
M. Mathew	1,56,46,833	42.96%	1,30,61,100	35.86%
Richi Mathew	1,30,07,317	35.72%	1,30,07,317	35.72%
Reena Verghese	54,62,812	15.00%	80,48,545	22.10%
Asha Richi Mathew	21,85,125	6.00%	21,85,125	6.00%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

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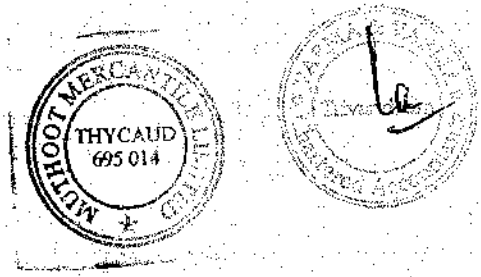
21.4 Details of Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

As at 31st March 2025

Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
M. Mathew	1,56,46,833	42.96%	7%
Ammini Mathew	1,16,241	0.32%	0%
Reena Verghese	54,62,812	15.00%	-7%
Richi Mathew	1,30,07,317	35.72%	0%
Total	**3,42,33,203**		

As at 31st March 2024

Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
M. Mathew	1,30,61,100	35.86%	-
Ammini Mathew	1,16,241	0.32%	-
Reena Verghese	80,48,545	22.10%	-
Richi Mathew	1,30,07,317	35.72%	-
Total	**3,42,33,203**		



22 Other Equity

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Statutory Reserve (pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,383.78	2,877.86
Add: Transfer from retained earnings	561.79	505.92
Balance at the end of the year	**3,945.57**	**3,383.78**
Capital Redemption Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,280.63	2,280.63
Balance at the end of the year	**2,280.63**	**2,280.63**
Impairment Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	311.92	154.06
Add: Transferred from Retained Earnings	-	157.86
Balance at the end of the year	**311.92**	**311.92**
Retained Earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	6,827.34	5,063.28
Add: Profit for the year	2,808.93	2,427.84
Less: Appropriations		
Transferred to Statutory Reserve	561.79	505.92
Transferred to Impairment Reserve	-	157.86
Total appropriations	**561.79**	**663.78**
Balance at the end of the year	**9,074.48**	**6,827.34**
Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance at the beginning of the year	**20.64**	8.87
Add: Additions during the year	(45.98)	11.77
Balance at the end of the year	**(25.34)**	**20.64**
	15,587.26	**12,824.31**

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(i) Statutory Reserve:
Statutory Reserve represents the Reserve Fund created under Section 45 IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly an amount representing 20% of Profit for the year is transferred to the fund.

(ii) Capital Redemption Reserve:
This reserve created on account of buyback of equity shares during the financial year 2016-17.

(iii) Impairment Reserve:
As per Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company– Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, Where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under Income Recognition, Asset Classification, and Provisioning (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. The balance in the 'Impairment Reserve' shall not be reckoned for regulatory capital. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the Department of Supervision of the Reserve Bank.

(iv) Retained Earnings:
This Reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company. This Reserve can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(v) Other comprehensive income:
Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges and Cost of Hedging Reserve
Effective portion of cash flow hedges represents the cumulative gains/(losses) arising on changes in fair value of the derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges through OCI. The amount recognized as effective portion of Cash flow hedge is reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss. The company designates the spot element of foreign currency forward contracts as hedging instruments. The changes in the fair value of forward element of the forward contract on reporting date is deferred and retained in the cost of hedging reserve.

Remeasurement of defined benefit plans
It represents the gain/(loss) on remeasurement of Defined Benefit Obligation

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23 Interest Income

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025			Year ended 31st March 2024		
	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss
Interest on Loans	-	16,054.23	-	-	12,774.28	-
Interest on Deposit with banks	-	252.96	-	-	126.18	-
Interest on Treasury deposit		-			3.13	
	-	16,307.19	-	-	12,903.59	-

24 Fees and Commission Income

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Service Charges Received	99.00	213.04
Commission Received	0.84	2.38
	99.84	215.42

25 Other Income

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Rent Received	-	18.78
Gain on sale of mutual fund	-	8.62
Finance income on security deposit	18.68	14.65
Miscellaneous Income	44.93	16.85
Penal Charges	120.72	-
Gain on cancellation of lease	51.26	-
	235.59	58.90

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26 Finance Costs

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025		Year ended 31st March 2024	
	On Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost
Interest on Debt Securities	-	2,753.90	-	961.01
Interest on Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	-	1,970.49	-	1,783.54
Interest on Subordinate Liabilities	-	2,094.78	-	2,197.39
Interest on Lease Liabilities	-	478.21	-	432.51
	-	**7,297.38**	**-**	**5,374.45**

27 Impairment on Financial Instruments

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025		Year ended 31st March 2024	
	On Financial Instruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Instruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Instruments measured at Amortised Cost
Loans	-	447.98	-	102.38
	-	**447.98**	**-**	**102.38**

28 Employee Benefits Expenses

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Salaries and wages	3,036.76	2,597.75
Contribution to provident and other funds	97.24	45.13
Staff welfare expenses	11.28	1.80
	3,145.28	**2,644.68**

29 Depreciation and Amortisation Expense

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Depreciation of tangible assets	222.82	237.52
Depreciation of right-of- use asset	738.67	625.63
Amortization of intangible assets	0.70	0.45
	962.19	**863.60**

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

30 Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Rent	117.47	67.79
Rates and taxes	38.99	16.01
Repairs and maintenance	47.02	34.28
Communication Costs	71.08	36.52
Printing and stationery	63.23	51.59
Advertising and sales promotion	115.61	89.29
Directors' Sitting Fees	2.58	6.30
Auditor's fees and expenses (Refer Note 30.1)	17.00	6.52
Professional charges	25.06	172.26
Insurance	68.12	42.58
Electricity Charges	69.56	64.88
Computer maintenance and services	9.14	5.39
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (Refer note 30.2)	54.34	45.54
Travelling and conveyance	96.63	88.02
Office expenses	191.24	171.99
	987.07	**898.96**

30.1 Auditors' fees and expenses:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
As Auditor's (including limited review)	10.00	3.00
For Taxation Matters	2.00	1.00
For Other services	5.00	2.52
	17.00	**6.52**

30.2 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
a) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	54.34	45.05
b) Amount approved by the board to be spent during the year	54.34	45.05
c) Amount spent during the year on:		
i. Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	
ii. On purposes other than (i) above	54.34	45.54
d) Nature of CSR activities	Amount distributed for promoting livelihood and healthcare	Amount distributed for Covid 19 relief and Post Covid 19 Relief
e) Shortfall at the year end	-	-
f) Reason for shortfall	-	-
g) Details of related party transactions	NIL	NIL

30.3 Rates and Taxes includes Rs.23.50 lakhs of interest on delay in payment of income tax for the FY 2023-24

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31 Prior Period Adjustment

During the year, the Company has paid an amount of Rs. 91.76 lakhs as management remuneration pertaining to previous year computed as a specified percentage of Net Profit of the Company for financial year 2023-24 which was approved by the Board of Directors at the meeting dated 17th April,2023 and subsequently approved in the Annual General Meeting dated 5th September 2023 by the Shareholders of the Company. The provision for this payment was not created in the previous year ended 31st March 2024 and consequently the prior year's financial statements have been restated to correct this prior period error in accordance with Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates, and Errors.

The impact of the restatement on the comparative financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2024 is as follows:

Particulars	Other Equity	Profit After Tax
Balance as per Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2024	12,916.07	2,519.60
Less: Provision for managerial Remuneration	91.76	91.76
Restated Balance	**12,824.31**	**2,427.84**

32 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
A) Profit after Tax attributable to the Equity Shareholders	2,808.93	2,427.84
B) Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	3,64,18,747	2,94,18,750
C) Number of Equity Shares issued during the year	-	69,99,997
D) Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year	3,64,18,747	3,64,18,747
E) Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year	3,64,18,747	3,05,50,256
F) Nominal Value of each Equity Share (Rs.)	10	10
Basic Earnings per Share (Rs.)(A/E)	**7.71**	**7.95**
Diluted Earnings per Share (Rs.)(A/E)	**7.71**	**7.95**

33 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Contingent Liabilities		
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:		
Income tax demands pending rectification	111.87	9.69
	111.87	**9.69**
Commitments		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for;	-	-
	-	-

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34 Income Tax

The Company has computed the tax expense of the current financial year and previous year as per the provisions of section 115BAA of the income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, the provision for cnrrent and deferred tax has been computed at the rate of 25.168%.

A) The components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March 2025 and 31st March 2024 are:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Current tax	963.95	930.86
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	15.79	(64.86)
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	14.05	-
Income tax expense reported in Statement of Profit and Loss	**993.79**	**866.00**
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI)		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(1.70)	(5.33)
- Changes in value of forward element of forward contract	1.72	-
- Effective portion of gain on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges	15.45	-
Income tax charged to OCI	**15.47**	**(5.33)**

B) Reconciliation of Income tax expense:

The tax charge shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss differ from the tax charge that would apply if all the profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the year ended 31st March 2025 and year ended 31st March 2024 is, as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024
Accounting profit before tax	3,802.72	3,293.84
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (2024: 25.168%)	957.07	828.99
Add: Tax on Expenses disallowed in Income Tax Act	22.67	37.01
Add: Adjustments in respect of income tax of prior year	14.05	-
Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	**993.79**	**866.00**

C) The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income tax expense:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Fixed asset: Timing difference on account of Depreciation and Amortisation	263.94	221.41
On application of Expected Credit Loss method for loan loss provisions and related adjustments as per Ind AS 109 not adjusted under Income Tax Act, 1961	62.01	-
On Fair Value Changes of derivative asset not adjusted under Income Tax Act, 1961	17.17	-
On Amortisation of expenses under Effective Interest Rate method for financial liabilities not permitted under Income Tax Act, 1961	(140.60)	-
On Other Provisions/Disallowances	43.95	25.38
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) (Net)	**246.47**	**246.79**

D) Reconciliation of deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2025	For the year ended 31st March, 2024
Opening balance	246.79	187.26
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	(15.79)	64.86
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in OCI	15.47	(5.33)
Closing balance	**246.47**	**246.79**

Movement of Deferred Tax Asset/Liability	As at 31st March 2025	Recognised in P&L	Recognised in OCI	As at 31st March 2024
Fixed asset: Timing difference on account of Depreciation and Amortisation	221.41	42.53	-	263.94
On application of Expected Credit Loss method for loan loss provisions and related adjustments as per Ind AS 109 not adjusted under Income Tax Act, 1961	-	62.01	-	62.01
On Fair Value Changes of derivative asset not adjusted under Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	17.17	17.17
On Amortisation of expenses under Effective Interest Rate method for financial liabilities not permitted under Income Tax Act, 1961	-	(140.60)	-	(140.60)
On Other Provisions/Disallowances	25.38	20.27	(1.70)	43.95
	246.79	**(15.79)**	**15.47**	**246.47**



35 Retirement Benefit Plan

A) Defined Contribution Plan

The Company makes Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions which are defined contribution plans, for qualifying employees. Under the Schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company recognized Rs.17.78 lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.4.95 Lakhs) for Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions and Rs.79.46 lakhs(Previous Year: Rs.40.17 lakhs) for Provident Fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the Schemes.

B) Defined Benefit Plan(Gratuity)

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service.

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Mortality table	IALM 2012-14 Ult	IALM 2012-14 Ult
Superannuation age	58 Years	58 Years
Early retirement and disablement	None	None
Discount rate	6.50%	7.20%
Inflation rate	7%	7%
Return on asset	N/A	N/A
Remaining working life	5	4.9
Formula used	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year

Details of Change in Present value of Defined Benefit Obligation is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at Beginning of Year	117.92	113.37
Current Service Cost	31.78	24.14
Interest Cost	10.78	10.31
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss due to change in assumptions and experience deviation	(6.76)	(17.10)
Benefits Paid	(4.03)	(12.80)
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at End of Year	149.69	117.92

Changes in fair value of plan assets
Not applicable as scheme is unfunded

Funded status
Not applicable as scheme is unfunded

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Amount to be Recognised in Balance sheet:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at End of Year	149.69	117.92
Fair value of Plan Asset	-	-
Liability(-)/Asset(+) recognised in Balance Sheet	(149.69)	(117.92)
Current Liability	24.87	21.86
Non-Current Liability	124.82	96.06

Net Expense Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Current service cost	31.78	24.14
Interest cost	10.78	10.31
Income (-)/Expense(+) recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	42.56	34.45

Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Actuarial gain /(loss) due to assumption changes	(5.39)	(1.79)
Experience adjustments[Gain/(Loss)]	12.15	18.89
Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	6.76	17.10

Sensitivity Analysis

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Current year basis	149.69	117.92
Last years basis	144.30	116.13
Discount rate increased by 0.25%	147.72	116.43
Discount rate decreased by 0.25%	151.71	119.45
Salary Escalation rate increased by 2%	165.42	129.87
Salary Escalation rate decreased by 2%	136.29	107.70
Employee Turnover rate increased by 2%	143.14	113.38
Employee Turnover rate decreased by 2%	157.24	123.00

C) Compensated Absence (Leave encashment)

The principal assumptions used in determining leave encashment obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Mortality table	IALM 2012-14 ULT	-
Superannuation age	58 Years	-
Early retirement and disablement	None	-
Discount rate	6.90%	-
Inflation rate	7%	-
Return on asset	N/A	-
Remaining working life	5	-
Formula used	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year	-

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36 Maturity analysis of Assets and Liabilities :

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025			As at 31st March 2024		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Assets						
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	925.47	-	925.47	1,070.33	-	1,070.33
Bank Balance other than above	2,233.09	498.14	2,731.23	2,285.62	-	2,285.62
Derivative financial instruments	17.81	-	17.81	-	-	-
Loans	89,342.97	330.50	89,673.47	70,277.26	-	70,277.26
Adjustment on Account of ECL			(623.43)			(175.45)
Other Financial Assets	4.81	584.98	589.79	3.80	456.47	460.27
Total (A)	**92,524.15**	**1,413.62**	**93,314.34**	**73,637.01**	**456.47**	**73,918.03**
Non-Financial Assets						
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	246.47	246.47	-	246.79	246.79
Property, Plant and Equipment	-	967.84	967.84	-	642.01	642.01
Other Intangible Assets	-	1.87	1.87	-	1.56	1.56
Right-of-Use Asset	-	4,245.11	4,245.11	-	4,176.39	4,176.39
Other Non-Financial Assets	26.42	277.95	304.37	8.75	211.89	220.64
Total (B)	**26.42**	**5,739.24**	**5,765.66**	**8.75**	**5,278.64**	**5,287.39**
Total Assets (A+B)	**92,550.57**	**7,152.86**	**99,080.00**	**73,645.76**	**5,735.11**	**79,205.42**
Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities						
Derivative Financial Instruments	54.45	-	54.45	-	-	-
Trade Payables						
(A) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	48.71	-	48.71	23.95	-	23.95
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.	124.57	-	124.57	144.33	-	144.33
Debt Securities	9,909.30	22,639.80	32,549.10	3,577.94	11,178.19	14,756.13
Less. Adjustment on account of EIR			(572.01)			(129.76)
Borrowings	15,097.09	6,081.91	21,179.00	11,319.32	7,956.67	19,275.99
Less. Adjustment on account of EIR			(116.39)			-
Subordinate Liabilities	7,338.09	13,291.40	20,629.49	5,832.09	17,467.91	23,300.00
Lease Liabilities	1,101.31	3,716.91	4,818.22	908.01	3,719.96	4,627.97
Other Financial Liabilities	613.70	-	613.70	355.95	-	355.95
Total (C)	**34,287.22**	**45,730.02**	**79,328.84**	**22,161.59**	**40,322.73**	**62,354.56**

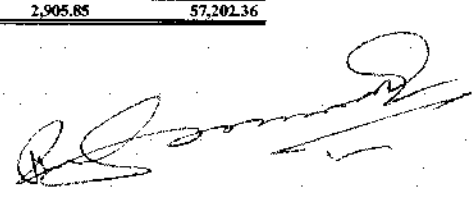
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Particulars	As at 31st March 2025			As at 31st March 2024		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Non-Financial Liabilities						
Current tax liabilities (Net)	180.25	-	180.25	175.02	-	175.02
Provisions	48.24	143.50	191.74	21.86	96.06	117.92
Other Non-Financial Liabilities	150.04	-	150.04	91.74	-	91.74
Total (D)	**378.53**	**143.50**	**522.03**	**288.62**	**96.06**	**384.68**
Total Liabilities (C+D)	**34,665.75**	**45,873.52**	**79,850.87**	**22,450.21**	**40,418.79**	**62,739.24**
Net	**57,884.82**	**(38,720.66)**	**19,229.13**	**51,195.55**	**(34,683.68)**	**16,466.18**

37 Changes in Liabilities arising from Financing Activities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	Cash Flows	Other	As at 31st March 2025
Debt Securities	14,626.37	16,577.08	773.64	31,977.09
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	19,275.99	1,747.72	38.90	21,062.61
Subordinate Liabilities	23,300.00	(2,331.85)	(338.66)	20,629.49
Total	**57,202.36**	**15,992.95**	**473.88**	**73,669.19**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	Cash Flows	Other	As at March 31, 2024
Debt Securities	5,130.45	8,919.48	576.44	14,626.37
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	18,474.41	801.58	-	19,275.99
Subordinate Liabilities	20,123.55	847.04	2,329.41	23,300.00
Total	**43,728.41**	**10,568.10**	**2,905.85**	**57,202.36**







MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

38 Related Parties Disclosures

A List of related parties and nature of relationship with Company

I. Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

1. Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited
2. Mnthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited
3. Richi Mathew Securities Limited
4. Richi Mathew Software Technologies Limited
5. Muthoot Computer Software Development and Research Institute Private Limited

II. Key Managerial Personnel and Relatives

1. Richi Mathew (Managing Director)
2. M Mathew (Wholetime Director)
3. Ammini Mathew(Wholetime Director)
4. Asha Richi Mathew (Director)
5. Justin D(Director - Independent and non executive)
6. Antony Robert John(Director - Independent and non executive)
7. Neethu C Biju (Company Secretary)(Resigned from 12/09/2024)
8. Remya R S (Company Secretary)(Resigned from 25/02/2025)
9. Reena Verghese (Daughter of M Mathew)
10. Arun V K (Company Secretary)(With effect from 06/03/2025)
11. M R Rajeev (Chief Financial Officer)
12. Giselle Richi (Daughter of Richi Mathew)
13. Gabriela Ninan Richi (Daughter of Richi Mathew)
14. Nimisha Elisabeth Verghese (Daughter of Reena Verghese- relative of M Mathew)
15. Nikita Elizabeth Verghese (Daughter of Reena Verghese- relative of M Mathew)

B Related Party Transactions during the year

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Rent Paid				
M Mathew	-	-	16.35	9.42
Ammini Mathew	-	-	16.35	9.42
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	-	31.95	-	-
Common Expenses Allocation				
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	-	119.75	-	-

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Remuneration				
M.Mathew	-	-	24.00	24.00
Richi Mathew	-	-	75.00	75.00
Ammini Mathew	-	-	24.00	24.00
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	12.00	12.00
M R Rajeev	-	-	24.29	22.17
Remya R S	-	-	7.19	-
Neethu C Biju	-	-	3.30	6.91
Arun Kumar V K	-	-	0.68	-
Commission				
M Mathew	-	-	150.12	115.49
Richi Mathew	-	-	150.12	115.49
Director's Sitting Fee				
M.Mathew	-	-	0.45	1.15
Richi Mathew	-	-	0.45	1.15
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	0.45	1.15
Ammini Mathew	-	-	0.42	1.15
Dillark Justin	-	-	0.36	0.85
Antony Robert John	-	-	0.45	0.85
Interest on Perpetual Debt Instrument				
M Mathew	-	-	-	34.28
Interest paid on Loan from Directors				
M Mathew	-	-	-	3.62
Ammini Mathew	-	-	-	0.34
Interest paid on Debentures				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	-	0.46
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	-	2.30
M Mathew	-	-	-	0.02
Interest paid on Subordinate Debts				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	3.66	4.03
Giselle Richi	-	-	1.04	1.41
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	0.29	0.19
Reena Verghese	-	-	0.75	1.34
M Mathew	-	-	37.56	13.65
Ammini Mathew	-	-	1.95	4.14
Gabriela Ninan Richi	-	-	-	1.16
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	-	4.29
Richi Mathew	-	-	1.03	0.60

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Rental Income				
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	-	16.71	-	-
Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited	-	2.07	-	-

C **Balance outstanding as at the year end**

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Loan from Director				
M Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	-
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	145.00
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	145.00
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	-
Ammini Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	-
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	10.00
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	10.00
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	-
Debt Securities				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	5.10	5.10
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	5.10	5.10
Asha Richi Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	17.15	17.15
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	17.15	17.15

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
M Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	7.00	-
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	9.50
Amount Repaid	-	-	7.00	2.50
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	7.00
Subordinate Liabilities				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	34.10	35.59
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	6.35	1.49
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	27.75	34.10
Giselle Richi				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	12.45	12.95
Amount Accepted	-	-	2.00	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	1.80	0.50
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	12.65	12.45
Asha Richi Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	2.00	2.00
Amount Accepted	-	-	2.00	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	2.00	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	2.00	2.00
Reena Verghese				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	10.37	15.12
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	1.27	4.75
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	9.10	10.37
Gabriela Ninan Richi				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	10.00	10.00
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	10.00	10.00
M Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	501.76	42.33
Amount Accepted	-	-	14.75	464.93
Amount Repaid	-	-	43.61	5.50
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	472.90	501.76

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	38.95	38.95
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	38.95	38.95
Ammini Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	43.85	23.45
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	27.40
Amount Repaid	-	-	21.75	7.00
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	22.10	43.85
Richi Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	15.00	-
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	15.00
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	15.00	15.00
Perpetual Debt Instrument				
M Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	300.00
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	300.00
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	-
Rental Deposits				
M Mathew & Ammini Mathew	-	-	150.00	150.00
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	17.56	17.56	-	-
Interest Payable on Debenture				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	1.31	0.85
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	10.06	7.77
M Mathew	-	-	-	0.19
Interest Payable on Perpetual Debt Instrument				
M Mathew	-	-	-	-

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Interest Payable on Subordinate Debts				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	14.97	15.07
Giselle Richi	-	-	4.72	4.43
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	0.03	0.05
Reena Verghese	-	-	4.93	4.58
M Mathew	-	-	21.85	12.14
Ammini Mathew	-	-	5.71	3.99
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	20.42	16.15
Gabriela Ninan Richi	-	-	3.45	2.31
Richi Mathew	-	-	0.94	0.35
				-
Rent Payable				-
M Mathew (Including GST)	-	-	1.35	1.26
Ammini Mathew	-	-	1.35	1.09
Remuneration Payable				
M Mathew	-	-	1.40	1.40
Ammini Mathew	-	-	1.40	1.40
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	0.90	0.90
M R Rajeev	-	-	1.90	1.28
Neethu C Biju	-	-	-	0.56
Richi Mathew	-	-	-	-
Arun Kumar V K	-	-	0.67	-
Commission Payable				
M Mathew	32.00	45.88	-	-
Richi Mathew	25.00	45.88	-	-
Common Expenses Payable				
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	-	60.41	-	-
Director's Sitting fee Payable				
Richi Mathew	-	-	-	0.31
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	-	0.31
Ammini Mathew	-	-	-	0.31
M Mathew	-	-	-	0.31
Neelakandan Madaswamy	-	-	-	-
Antony Robert John	-	-	-	0.12
Dillark Justin	-	-	-	0.42

Note:

a) The remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity, as they are determined on acturial basis for the company as a whole.

b) Related parties and the transactions have been identified on the basis of the declaration received by the management and other records available.

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39 Segment information

The Company is engaged primarily in the business of financing and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments.

40 Assets pledged as security

The carrying amount of assets pledged as security for secured debt securities, secured borrowings (other than debt securities) and considered for returns or statement of current assets filed by the company with the banks/ financial institutions is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Financial assets		
Loans	89,050.04	70,101.81
Cash and cash equivalents	925.47	1,070.33
Deposits with bank	2,730.76	2,082.90
Security Deposits	455.23	387.46
	93,161.50	**73,642.50**

41 Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

Fair values hierarchy

The fair value of financial instruments has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities [Level 1 measurements] and lowest priority to unobservable inputs [Level 3 measurements].

The categories used are as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in an active market;

Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and

Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Valuation framework

The Company's fair value methodology and the governance over its models includes a number of controls and other procedures to ensure the quality and adequacy of the fair valuation. The objective of the valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value that reflects the price that would be received to sell the asset or paid to transfer the liability in the market at any given measurement date. The methodologies followed have been detailed below.

The fair valuation of the financial instruments and its ongoing measurement for financial reporting purposes is ultimately the responsibility of the finance team which reports to the Chief Financial Officer. The team ensures that final reported fair value figures are in compliance with Ind AS and will propose adjustments wherever required. When relying on third-party sources, the team is also responsible for understanding the valuation methodologies and sources of inputs and verifying their suitability for Ind AS reporting requirements.

Valuation methodologies of financial instruments measured at fair value

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

For investments at fair value through profit and loss, valuation is done using quoted prices from active markets at the measurement date. The equity instruments which are actively traded on public stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis are classified as Level 1. Units held in mutual funds are measured based on their published net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions are generally Level I.

There are no such investments outstanding as at As at 31st March 2025 and As at 31st March 2024

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Valuation methodologies of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments that are initially measured at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost is disclosed as follows.

Particulars	Level	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
		Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	1	925.47	925.47	1,070.33	1,070.33
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	1	2,731.23	2,731.23	2,285.62	2,285.62
Loans	3	89,050.04	89,050.04	70,101.81	70,101.81
Other financial assets	3	589.79	589.79	460.27	460.27
Total		**93,296.53**	**93,296.53**	**73,918.03**	**73,918.03**
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	3	173.28	173.28	168.28	168.28
Debt securities	2	31,977.09	31,977.09	14,626.37	14,626.37
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	2	21,062.61	21,062.61	19,275.99	19,275.99
Subordinated Liabilities	2	20,629.49	20,629.49	23,300.00	23,300.00
Lease Liabilities	2	4,818.22	4,818.22	4,627.97	4,627.97
Other financial liabilities	3	613.70	613.70	355.95	355.95
Total		**79,274.39**	**79,274.39**	**62,354.56**	**62,354.56**

Valuation Techniques

Short-term financial assets and liabilities

For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (less than twelve months), the carrying amounts, which are net of impairment, are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include: cash and cash equivalents, balances other than cash and cash equivalents and trade payables without a specific maturity.

Loans and advances to customers

The fair values of loans and receivables are estimated by discounted cash flow models that incorporate assumptions for credit risks, probability of default and loss given default estimates. Since comparable data is not available, credit risk is derived using historical experience, management view and other information used in its collective impairment models.

Fair values of portfolios are calculated using a portfolio-based approach, grouping loans as far as possible into homogenous groups based on similar characteristics i.e., type of loan, underlying security risk, customer behaviour based on region etc. The Company then calculates and extrapolates the fair value to the entire portfolio using effective interest rate model that incorporate interest rate estimates considering all significant characteristics of the loans. The credit risk is applied as a top-side adjustment based on the collective impairment model incorporating probability of defaults and loss given defaults. Hence, the carrying amount of such financial assets at amortised cost net of impairment loss allowance is of reasonable approximation of their fair value.

Financial Liabilities at amortized cost

The fair values of the Company fixed rate interest-bearing debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities are determined by applying discounted cash flows ('DCF') method, using discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting period. For variable rate interest-bearing debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities, carrying value represent best estimate of their fair value as these are subject to changes in underlying interest rate indices as and when the changes happen.

All other debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities availed by the Company are variable rate facilities which are subject to changes in underlying interest rate indices. Further, the credit spread on these facilities are subject to change with changes in Company creditworthiness. The management believes that the current rate of interest on these loans are in close approximation from market rates applicable to the Company. Therefore, the management estimates that the fair value of these borrowings are approximate to their respective carrying values.

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42 Risk Management

The Company has operations in various parts of India. As a financial lending institution, the Company is exposed to various risks, that are related to lending business and operating environment.. The primary aim of the Company's risk management framework is to evaluate and oversee these risks while implementing strategies, policies, and controls to mitigate their impact. The Company's main financial obligations include borrowings and trade and other payables, primarily utilized to fund and sustain its business activities. Its core financial assets consist of loans, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivables generated through its operations.

The Company has established robust policies and procedures to identify, assess, monitor, and manage risk across its operations. The risk management framework is subject to continuous evaluation and enhancement to ensure it remains effective and responsive to evolving risk scenarios. The adaptability of this process is regularly assessed to confirm its relevance in a dynamic risk environment. Risk assessment is also conducted in response to specific events that may impact the company's exposure.
The major type of risk Company faces in business are credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and operational risk.

A Credit Risk

Credit risk stems from the potential financial loss the Company may incur if a customer fails to meet their obligations under a loan agreement. Such losses may result from customer defaults or insufficient collateral.

A1 Credit risk management

To manage this risk, the Company has established several measures:

a) Credit risk associated with gold loans is significantly minimized, as the collateral comprises gold ornaments, which are highly liquid assets. The likelihood of loss is low due to the retention of a substantial margin—typically 25% or more—at the time of loan disbursement. Additionally, a prompt yet thorough collateral assessment and approval process further mitigates the risk. As a result, the overall credit risk in this segment remains low.

b) The Company classifies gold loans into various categories based on ticket size, and an appropriate authorization matrix is applied accordingly. Approval authority varies depending on the loan amount, ranging from the Branch Manager to officials at the Head Office level

c) Auctions are carried out in accordance with the Company's Auction Policy and the guidelines prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India. Typically, auctions are initiated before the outstanding loan amount, including interest, exceeds the realizable value of the pledged gold. It is used as a last resort in unavoidable situations.

A2 Impairment Assessment

The Company's impairment assessment and measurement approach is set out in this note. It should be read in conjunction with the Summary of material accounting policies.

A.2.1 Definition of Default

The Company considers a financial instrument as defaulted and therefore Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) calculations in all cases when the borrower becomes 91 days past due including the due date on its contractual payments. As a part of a qualitative assessment of whether a customer is in default, the Company also considers a variety of instances that may indicate unlikeness to pay. When such events occur, the Company carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations.

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A.2.2 Credit risk measurement - Expected credit loss measurement

Ind AS 109 outlines a "three stage" model for impairment based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- A financial instrument that is not credit impaired on initial recognition and whose credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition is classified as "Stage 1".
- If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified, the financial instrument is moved to "Stage 2" but is not yet deemed to be credit impaired.
- If a financial instrument is credit impaired, it is moved to "Stage 3".

ECL for depending on the stage of financial instrument:

- Financial instrument in Stage 1 have their ECL measured at an amount equal to expected credit loss that results from default events possible within the next 12 months.
- Instruments in Stage 2 or Stage 3 criteria have their ECL measured on lifetime basis.

Criteria for significant increase in credit risk

The Company considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when one or more of the following quantitative or qualitative criteria are met.

(i) Quantitative criteria

The remaining lifetime probability of default at the reporting date has increased, compared to the residual lifetime probability of default expected at the reporting date when the exposure was first recognized. The Company considers loan assets as Stage 2 when the default in repayment is within the range of 30 to 90 days.

(ii) Qualitative criteria

If other qualitative aspects indicate that there could be a delay/default in the repayment of the loans, the Company assumes that there is significant increase in risk and loan is moved to stage 2.

Criteria for default and credit-impaired assets

The Company defines a financial instrument as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets the following criteria:

(i) Quantitative criteria

The Company considers loan assets as Stage 3 when the default in repayment has moved beyond 90 days.

(ii) Qualitative criteria

The Company considers factors that indicate unlikeliness of the borrower to repay the loan which include instances like the significant financial difficulty of the borrower, borrower deceased or breach of any financial covenants by the borrower etc.

A.2.3 Measuring ECL - explanation of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques

Expected credit losses are the product of the exposure at default (EAD), probability of default (PD) and loss given default (LGD)

Exposure at Default (EAD)

Exposure at Defaul (EAD) which defines the exposure that will be at risk in case a borrower defaults on its obligations.EAD includes the total balance of loans asset on the reporting date along with interest accrued on the same except in case of stage 3 assets.

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's internal risk based categories and year end asset classification. The amounts represented are gross of impairment allowances.

	EAD as at 31st March 2025				
	Region				
Stage	East India	North India	South India	West India	Total
1	20,236.76	21,153.24	14,459.99	17,280.62	73,130.61
2	4,019.84	4,445.30	2,214.19	4,500.04	15,179.37
3	536.34	422.57	120.47	284.11	1,363.49
Total	**24,792.94**	**26,021.11**	**16,794.65**	**22,064.77**	**89,673.47**

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Probability of default (PD)

The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. For Stage 1 financial assets, the Company assesses the possible default events within 12 months for the calculation of the 12 month ECL. For Stage 2 and Stage 3 financial assets, the exposure at default is considered for events over the lifetime of the instruments. The Company uses historical information wherever available to determine PD.The loans are grouped into different geographical regions North, South, East and West for arriving the PD percentage to consider Marco Economic factors.The PD percentage is computed as a percentage of defaulted loan to the total loan disbursed regionwise.

Probability of default (PD)	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
East India	7.74%	7.74%	100%
North India	8.42%	8.42%	100%
South India	4.20%	4.20%	100%
West India	5.23%	5.23%	100%

Loss given default (LGD)

Loss given default defines the amount that the Company will lose in case a borrower defaults on its obligations.The Company determines its recovery by analyzing the recovery trends,collateral Value and Expected proceeds from sale of collaterals. In case of Gold loan LGD percentage is computed at 6.73% for different stages such as stage 1,stage 2 & stage 3 portfolios, and in case of unsecured personal loans LGD percentage is considered as 100%.

A.2.4 Collateral and other credit enhancements

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Company seeks to use collateral, where possible.The amount and type of collateral required depends on an assessment of the credit risk of the counterparty. Company provides loans against security of gold ornaments. The gold ornaments are pledged with the company and based on the company policy of loan to value ratio, the loan is provided.The fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. The fair value of the same is based on data provided by third party or management judgements.

The following is the quantitative information about the collateral held as security for Gold Loans outstanding as on 31st March 2025:

Outstanding amount to security value as at 31st March 2025	Outstanding of Gold Loan As at 31st March 2025
0%-50%	8,231.10
50%-60%	14,591.21
60%-70%	34,918.71
70%-80%	31,512.41
Total	**89,253.43**

B. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

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B.1 Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at 31st March 2025	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Trade payables	173.28	-	-	-	-	173.28
Debt securities	2,949.87	6,959.43	19,097.99	3,541.81	(572.01)	31,977.09
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	6,806.98	8,290.11	6,081.91	-	(116.39)	21,062.61
Subordinate liabilities	1,684.35	5,653.74	13,291.40	-	-	20,629.49
Lease liabilities	272.51	828.80	4,238.60	1,126.23		6,466.14
Other financial liabilities	613.70	-	-	-	-	613.70
Total	**12,500.69**	**21,732.08**	**42,709.90**	**4,668.04**	**(688.40)**	**80,922.31**

As at 31st March 2024	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Trade payables	168.28	-	-	-	-	168.28
Debt securities	16.18	3,561.76	9,886.50	1,291.69	(129.76)	14,626.37
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	7,077.82	4,241.50	7,956.67	-	-	19,275.99
Subordinate liabilities	499.82	5,332.27	17,467.91	-	-	23,300.00
Lease liabilities	226.80	681.21	3,795.00	1,759.13		6,462.14
Other financial liabilities	355.95	-	-	-	-	355.95
Total	**8,344.85**	**13,816.74**	**39,106.08**	**3,050.82**	**(129.76)**	**64,188.73**

C. Market risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market factor. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in the interest rates, credit, liquidity, and other market changes. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of our earnings and equity to loss and reduce our exposure to the volatility inherent in financial instruments. The Company is exposed to three types of market risk as follows:

C.1 Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that the future cashflows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to this risk primarily because it extends fixed-rate loans to customers with maturities that are generally shorter than those of its funding sources. While most of the Company's borrowings are at fixed interest rates, any borrowings at floating rates introduce exposure to interest rate volatility.

Interest rates are influenced by numerous external factors beyond the Company's control, including the monetary policies of the Reserve Bank of India, domestic and global economic and political developments, inflation trends, and other market conditions. To manage this risk effectively, the Company aims to maintain an optimal mix of short-term and long-term borrowings in its funding strategy.

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Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025
Debt securities	
Variable rate	-
Fixed rate	31,977.09
Total	31,977.09
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	
Variable rate	19,871.73
Fixed rate	1,190.88
Total	21,062.61
Subordinate Debts	
Variable rate	-
Fixed rate	20,629.49
Total	20,629.49

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the interest rates on the portion of borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the profit before taxes affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025
On Borrowings	
-1% Increase	198.72
-1% Decrease	(198.72)

C.2 Price Risk

A sudden decline in gold prices, and consequently in the value of pledged gold ornaments, may lead to customer defaults if the outstanding loan amonnt along with accrued interest exceeds the market value of the collateral. This risk is partially mitigated by maintaining a minimum margin of 25% on the assessed value of the gold jewellery when detennining the loan amount.
Moreover, the appraisal of gold jewellery is based exclusively on the weight of its gold content, with no consideration given to the weight or value of any embedded stones. Additionally, the sentimental attachment customers often have to their gold jewellery may encourage them to repay and redeem their pledged items, even if the current market value of the collateral is less than the repayment obligation.

While occasional fluctuations in gold prices are nnlikely to significantly impact price risk due to the conservative collateral margins maintained, a prolonged and sustained decrease in gold prices could lead to a contraction in our loan portfolio and a corresponding reduction in interest income.

C.3 Foreign Currency Risk

Currency risk refers to the potential for fluctuations in the value of financial instruments due to changes in foreign exchange rates. For the Company, this risk primarily arises from foreign currency borrowings. As of 31st March 2025 the Company has mitigated its exposure to foreign currency risk by entering into forward contracts to hedge its foreign currency borrowings. These hedging transactions are conducted with reputable banks as counterparties.

The Company's exposure on account of Foreign Currency Borrowings at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	Foreign currency	As at 31st March 2025
Foreign Currency Term Loan	USD	97.21

C.4 Prepayment Risk

Prepayment risk is the risk that the Company will incur a financial loss because its customers and counterparties repay or request repayment earlier than expected, such as fixed rate loans when interest rates fall.

43 Capital management

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder value.

Management assesses the Company's capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the Company's various classes of debt. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.
No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years except those incorporated on account of regulatory amendments. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

As an NBFC, the RBI requires us to maintain a minimum capital to risk weighted assets ratio ("CRAR") consisting of Tier I and Tier II capital of 15% of our aggregate risk weighted assets. Further, the total of our Tier II capital cannot exceed 100% of our Tier I capital at any point of time. The capital management process of the Company ensures to maintain a healthy CRAR at all the times. Refer Note 46 for the Company's Analytical ratios.

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44 Disclosures required as per Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

Sl. No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
	Liabilities side:				
(1)	**Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:**	**Amount outstanding**	**Amount overdue**	**Amount outstanding**	**Amount overdue**
	(a) Debentures : Secured	31,977.09	-	14,626.37	-
	: Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)	-	-	-	-
	(b) Deferred Credits	-	-	-	-
	(c) Term Loans	17,302.31	-	13,611.28	-
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	-	-	-	-
	(e) Commercial paper	-	-	-	-
	(f) Public Deposits	-	-	-	-
	(g) Other Loans	-	-	-	-
	(i) Subordinated Debt	20,629.49	-	23,300.00	-
	(ii)Overdraft	3,760.30	-	5,664.71	-
(2)	**Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid) :**				
	(a) In the form of Unsecured debentures	-	-	-	-
	(b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security	-	-	-	-
	(c) Other public deposits	-	-	-	-
	Assets side:	**As at 31st March 2025**		**As at 31st March 2024**	
(3)	**Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (4) below]:**				
	(a) Secured		89,253.43		68,622.52
	(b) Unsecured		420.04		1,654.74
(4)	**Break-up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities**				
	(a) Financial lease		-		-
	(b) Operating lease		-		-
	(ii) Stock on Hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:				
	(a) Asset on Hire		-		-
	(b) Repossessed assets		-		-
	(iii) Other loan counting towards AFC activities				
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed		-		-
	(b) Loans other than (a) above		-		-
(5)	**Break-up of Investments:**				
	Current Investments :				
	1. Quoted				
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity		-		-
	(b) Preference		-		-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds		-		-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds		-		-
	(iv) Government securities		-		-
	(v) Others (please specify)		-		-

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	2. Unquoted:		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government securities	-	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-	-
	Long term Investments:		
	1. Quoted		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government securities	-	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-	-
	2. Unquoted:		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government securities	-	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-	-

(6) Borrower Group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above :

	As at 31st March 2025			As at 31st March 2024		
	Amount Net of Provisions			Amount Net of Provisions		
Category	Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured	Total
1. Related Parties*						
(a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Companies in the same group	-		-	-		-
(c) Other related Parties	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Other than related parties	88,691.57	358.47	89,050.04	68,450.41	1,651.40	70,101.81
Total	**88,691.57**	**358.47**	**89,050.04**	**68,450.41**	**1,651.40**	**70,101.81**

(7) Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):

	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
Category	**Market value/Break-up or fair**	**Book value (net of Provisions)**	**Market value/Break-up or fair**	**Book value (net of Provisions)**
1. Related Parties*				
(a) Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(b) Companies in the same group	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(c) Other related Parties	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
2. Other than related parties	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	-	-	-	-

*As per Accounting Standard of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

(8) Other information

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets**		
(a) Related Parties	-	-
(b) Other than related parties	1,363.49	365.28
(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets**		
(a) Related Parties	-	-
(b) Other than related parties	1,157.38	267.65
(iii) Asset acquired in Satisfaction of Debt	-	-

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

(9) Other Disclosures

a) Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
a)Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	25.36%	29.82%
b)CRAR - Tier I Capital (%)	19.04%	20.87%
c)CRAR - Tier II Capital (%)	6.32%	8.95%
e)Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital	20,629.49	23,300.00
f)Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instruments	-	-

b) Investments

Particulars			As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(1)	Value of Investments			
	(i)	Gross Value of Investments		
		(a) In India	Nil	Nil
		(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
	(ii)	Provisions for Depreciation		
		(a) In India	Nil	Nil
		(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
	(iii)	Net Value of Investments		
		(a) In India	Nil	Nil
		(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
(2)	Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments			
	(i)	Opening Balance	Nil	Nil
	(ii)	Add : Provisions made during the year	Nil	Nil
	(iii)	Less : Write-off / write-back of excess provisions during the year	Nil	Nil
	(iv)	Closing Balance	Nil	Nil

c) Derivatives

i) Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(i)	The notional principal of swap agreements	3,499.42	-
(ii)	Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfil their obligations under the agreements	-	-
(iii)	Collateral required by the applicable NBFC upon entering into swaps	-	-
(iv)	Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	-	-
(v)	The fair value of the swap book	17.81	-

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ii) Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives	-	-

iii) Disclosures on Risk Exposure in Derivatives

Qualitative Disclosures

The company undertakes derivative transaction for hedging foreign currency exposures to mitigate the foreign currency risk during the year, the company has hedged its foreign currency borrowings through forward exchange contracts and cross currency swaps. The asset liability management committee monitors such transaction and review the risk involved.

Quantitative Disclosure

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025		As at 31st March 2024	
		Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives
(i)	Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)				
	For Hedging	4,945.48	3,499.42	-	-
(ii)	Marked to Market Positions				
	a) Asset	-	17.81	-	-
	b) Liability	54.45	-	-	-
(iii)	Credit Exposure	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Unhedged Exposures	-	-	-	-

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

d) Asset Liability Management Maturity pattern of certain items of Assets and Liabilities

As at 31st March 2025

Particulars	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 days to 30/31 days	over 1 month upto 2 month	over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 month upto 6 month	Over 6 month & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & 3 year	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Advances**	18,107.35	792.12	1,761.59	1,616.69	863.38	6,747.65	58,102.20	319.00	1,030.33	127.05	-	89,467.36
Borrowings	4,074.58	-	619.83	3,152.04	2,418.09	3,892.82	13,160.47	24,026.07	11,151.91	3,541.81	(673.60)	65,364.02
Foreign currency liabilities	49.99	-	150.00	576.67	400.00	1,266.67	2,583.33	3,293.33	-	-	(14.80)	8,305.19

As at 31st March 2024

Particulars	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 days to 30/31 days	over 1 month upto 2 month	over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 month upto 6 month	Over 6 month & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & 3 year	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Advances**	12,056.93	896.16	2,653.50	3,498.54	3,597.53	13,252.94	33,956.38	-	189.57	78.08		70,179.63
Borrowings	5,786.45	191.42	242.58	56.00	423.97	2,494.46	7,591.07	19,204.35	10,196.73	1,291.69	(129.76)	47,348.96
Foreign currency liabilities	16.73	-	150.00	576.67	150.00	1,016.67	2,033.33	5,710.00	200.00	-	-	9,853.40

*Represents adjustment on account of EIR

** Net of provision for Stage 3 loan asset

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e) Exposures:

i) The Company has no exposure to the real estate sector directly or indirectly in the current and previous year.

ii) Exposure to capital market;

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(i)	Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt,	Nil	Nil
(ii)	Advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;	Nil	Nil
(iii)	Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	Nil	Nil
(iv)	Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances;	Nil	Nil
(v)	secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers,	Nil	Nil
(vi)	Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;	Nil	Nil
(vii)	bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	Nil	Nil
(viii)	all exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	Nil	Nil
	Total Exposure to Capital Market	Nil	Nil

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

iii) Sectoral exposure

Sr. No.	Sectors	Current Year			Previous Year		
		Total Exposure (includes on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure)	Gross NPAs*	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector	Total Exposure (includes on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure)	Gross NPAs*	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector
1	Agriculture and Allied Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Personal Loans:	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Others	420.04	37.80	9.00%	1,654.74	12.26	0.74%
5	Gold Loan	89,253.43	1325.69	1.49%	68,622.52	353.02	0.51%
	Total	**89,673.47**	**1,363.49**	**1.52%**	**70,277.26**	**365.28**	**0.52%**

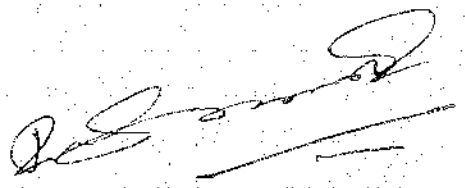
*Stage 3 Loan Asset under Ind AS

iv) Intra-group exposures **(Rs. in Lakhs)**

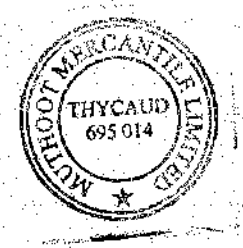
Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
i)	Total amount of intra-group exposures	Nil	Nil
ii)	Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures	Nil	Nil
iii)	Percentage of intra-group exposures to total	Nil	Nil

v) Unhedged Foreign currency exposure

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
i)	Unhedged Foreign exposure	Nil	Nil







f) Related Party Disclosure **(Rs. in Lakhs)**

Related Party	Subsidiaries		Key Management Personnel		Relatives of Key Management		Total	
Particulars	**Current Year**	**Previous Year**	**Current Year**	**Previous Year**	**Current Year**	**Previous Year**	**Current Year**	**Previous Year**
Maximum during the year								
Borrowings	-	-	597.13	1,056.76	100.60	117.71	697.73	1,174.47
Deposits	-	-	150.00	150.00	-	-	150.00	150.00
Placement of deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end								
Borrowings	-	-	538.25	597.13	94.45	100.60	632.70	697.73
Deposits	-	-	150.00	150.00	-	-	150.00	150.00
Placement of deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payables	-	-	109.49	130.47	44.87	38.81	154.36	169.28
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions during the year								
Purchase of fixed/other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of fixed/other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Paid	-	-	41.58	60.49	4.70	11.35	46.28	71.84
Interest Received	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remuneration	-	-	169.37	164.08	-	-	169.37	164.08
Others-Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others-Expenditure	-	-	335.52	256.12	-	-	335.52	256.12

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g) Disclosure of complaints

1) Summary information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

(Nos.)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Complaints received by the NBFC from its customers:			
1	Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	1	2
2	Number of complaints received during the year	20	8
3	Number of complaints disposed during the year	21	9
3.1	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC	-	-
4	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	1
Maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman:			
5	Number of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman	11	9
5.1	Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the NBFC by Office of Ombudsman	11	9
5.2	Of 5, number of complaints resolved through reconciliation/ mediation/advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman	-	-
5.3	Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the NBFC	-	-
6	Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	-	-

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously The Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme.

2) Grounds of Top 5 Complaints

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ (decrease) in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
1	2	3	4	5	6
Current year					
Loans and Advances	1	20	150%	-	-
Total	1	20		-	-
Previous year					
Loans and Advances	2	8	300%	1	-
Total	2	8		1	-

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h) Provisions and contingencies (shown under the head expenditure in Statement of Profit and Loss):

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2024
Provision for standard assets (Expected Credit Loss on Stage 1 and Stage 2)	339.50	21.32
Provision for non-performing assets (Expected Credit Loss on Stage 3)	108.48	81.06
Provision for income tax	963.95	930.86
Provision for gratuity	42.56	34.45
Provision for leave encashment	53.50	-
Provision for depreciation on investment	-	-
Provision for other losses	-	-
Total	**1,507.99**	**1,067.69**

i) Draw Down From Reserves

There has been no draw down from reserves during the year ended 31st March 2025.

j) Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs

Concentration of Deposits (for deposit taking NBFCs)		**As at 31st March 2025**	**As at 31st March 2024**
(i)	Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors	NA	NA
(ii)	Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors to Total Deposits of the deposit taking NBFC.	NA	NA
Concentration of Advances		**As at 31st March 2025**	**As at 31st March 2024**
(i)	Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	773.30	897.67
(ii)	Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the applicable NBFC	0.86%	1.28%
Concentration of Exposures		**As at 31st March 2025**	**As at 31st March 2024**
(i)	Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	773.30	897.67
(ii)	Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the applicable NBFC on borrowers / customers	0.86%	1.28%
Concentration of NPAs		**As at 31st March 2025**	**As at 31st March 2024**
(i)	Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts	111.07	85.90

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

k) Sector-wise NPAs

Sl. No.	Sector	Percentage of NPAs to Total Advances in that sector
1	Agriculture & allied activities	Nil
2	MSME	Nil
3	Corporate borrowers	Nil
4	Services	Nil
5	Unsecured personal loans	Nil
6	Auto loans	Nil
7	Gold Loan	1.49%
8	Other personal loans	9.00%

l) c) Movement of NPAs

	Particulars		As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
(i)	Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)		1.30%	0.38%
(ii)	Movement of NPAs (Gross)*			
		(a) Opening Balance	365.28	140.40
		(b) Additions during the year	1,187.07	284.65
		(c) Reductions during the year	188.86	59.77
		(d) Closing Balance	1,363.49	365.28
(iii)	Movement of Net NPAs*			
		(a) Opening Balance	267.65	123.83
		(b) Additions during the year	1,056.30	196.02
		(c) Reductions during the year	166.57	52.20
		(d) Closing Balance	1,157.38	267.65
(iv)	Movement of provisions for NPAs*			
		(a) Opening Balance	97.63	16.57
		(b) Provisions made during the year	130.77	88.63
		(c) Write-off / write back of excess provisions	22.29	7.57
		(d) Closing Balance	206.11	97.63

*Stage 3 Loan Asset under Ind AS

m) Disclosure of Complaints

S.No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2025
(a)	No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	1
(b)	No. of complaints received during the year	20
(c)	No. of complaints redressed during the year	21
(d)	No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	-

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

n) Utilization of Proceeds of Public Issue of Non-Convertible Debentures

During the year the Company has raised Rs.20,707.77 lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.10,420.49 Lakhs) through public issue of Secured Non-Convertible Debentures. As at 31st March, 2025, the company has utilised the entire proceeds of public issue, net of issue expenses in accordance with the objects in the offer documents.

o) Details of Auction held during the period

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
No. of Loan accounts	3,483	4,094
Principal amount Outstanding at the dates of auction(A)	2,082.25	1,797.15
Interest and Other charges Outstanding at the dates of auction(B) (Refer Note 1)	919.62	655.02
Amount to be adjusted against other loans (C)	209.57	95.28
Total(A+B+C)	3,211.44	2,547.45
Value fetched(Refer Note 2)	3,237.83	2,565.30

Note
1. Interest outstanding is recomputed by the management at the time of auction.
2. Interest is excluding GST / Sales tax collected from the buyer.
3. No sister concerns participated in the auctions held during the period.

p) Fraud

During the year, frauds committed by employees and customers on the company amounts to Rs.86.66 Lakhs (Previous year-Rs.32.67 lakhs).ECL provision has been created for the outstanding balance as on 31st March 2025.

q) Percentage of Gold Loan to Total Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2024
Total Gold loan portfolio	88,691.57	68,450.41
Total Assets	99,080.00	79,205.42
Gold loan portfolio as a percentage of total assets	**89.52%**	**86.42%**

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2025

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

r) Disclosure pursuant to RBI Notification RBI/2019-20/170 DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020

As at 31st March 2025

Asset classification as per RBI norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS (A)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109 (B)	Net Carrying Amount (A-B)	Provisions required as per IRACP norms (C)	Difference between Ind AS 109 provision and IRACP norms (B-C)
Performing assets						
Standard	Stage 1	73,130.61	348.27	72,782.34	292.80	55.47
	Stage 2	15,179.37	69.05	15,110.32	60.72	8.33
Total for Standard assets		**88,309.98**	**417.32**	**87,892.66**	**353.52**	**63.80**
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Sub-Standard	Stage 3	1,214.05	183.72	1,030.33	190.33	(6.61)
Total for Sub-Standard assets		**1,214.05**	**183.72**	**1,030.33**	**190.33**	**(6.61)**
Doubtful						
- Upto 1 year	Stage 3	65.28	16.59	48.69	23.52	(6.93)
- 1 to 3 years	Stage 3	7.66	0.65	7.01	2.40	(1.75)
- More than 3 years	Stage 3	60.29	4.06	56.23	30.14	(26.08)
Total for Doubtful assets		**133.23**	**21.30**	**111.93**	**56.06**	**(34.76)**
Loss assets	Stage 3	16.21	1.09	15.12	16.21	(15.12)
Total for Non Performing assets		**16.21**	**1.09**	**15.12**	**16.21**	**(15.12)**
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**Stage 1**	**73,130.61**	**348.27**	**72,782.34**	**292.80**	**55.47**
	Stage 2	**15,179.37**	**69.05**	**15,110.32**	**60.72**	**8.33**
	Stage 3	**1,363.49**	**206.11**	**1,157.38**	**262.60**	**(56.49)**

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

45 Loan to value ratio of gold loan disbursed during the year has exceeded the limit of 75% in certain cases. The outstanding value of such gold loans as at 31st March 2025 is Rs.1,286.35 lakhs as under;

(In Lakhs)

Percentage of LTV	Amount outstanding as on 31st March 2025
75% to 75.5%	588.82
75.5% to 76%	669.56
Above 76%	27.97
Total	**1,286.35**

This is also on account fixing the rate per gram based on the average morning/evening price of 22 carat gold (Whichever is higher) for the preceding 30 days, of the India Bullion and Jewellers Association Limited(IBJA).Effective steps are underway to avoid/regularise such cases going forward.

46 **Analytical Ratios**

1) Capital to risk weighted assets Ratio (CRAR)

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% of Variance	Reason for Variance
CRAR	24,958.60	98,405.72	25.36%	29.83%	-14.96%	Increase in risk weighted assets
Tier I CRAR	18,737.08	98,405.72	19.04%	20.87%	-8.78%	Increase in risk weighted assets
Tier II CRAR	6,221.52	98,405.72	6.32%	8.95%	-29.39%	Increase in risk weighted assets

2) Liquidity Coverage Ratio :

The guidelines on liquidity coverage ratio as per Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 is not applicable to the Company, as the Company is classified as a Base Layer Non-Deposit Taking NBFC (NBFC-BL) hence it has not been disclosed.

47 **Additional Disclosure as per Schedule III of Companies Act,2013**

a) No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder;
b) The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
c) No registration or satisfaction of charges are pending to be filed with ROC.
d) The company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement.
e) There are no instances of transactions not recorded in the books of account, which have been surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
f) The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
g) The company does not have any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 or the Companies Act 2013.
h) The Company has availed credit facilities from bank or financial institutions during the current year on the basis of security of current assets.The quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with said banks/financial institutions are, with all material respects, in agreement with the books of accounts.
i)The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 for the financial years ended March 31,2025.

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48 Utilization of Borrowed funds and share premium

No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kinds of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has also not received any fund from any parties (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

49 Figures for the previous years have been regrouped / reclassified wherever considered necessary to confirm with the current year's presentation.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

M R Rajeev
[Chief Financial Officer]
Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

Arun Kumar V K
[Company Secretary]

As per our report of even date attached

For Varma & Varma
Chartered Accountants
FRN.004532S

Rajeev R
(Partner)
M.No.211277
Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 30th May 2025

INDIA

Our Ref.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
IIIrd Floor, "Sree Residency"
Press Club Road, Thrissur - 1.
✆ : 0487 - 2333124, 2321290
Email : ma.auditors@gmail.com

Independent Auditor's Report on the audit of Quarterly and Year to date Financial Results of Muthoot Mercantile Limited pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended

To,

The Board of Directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Results

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying statement of quarterly and year to date financial results of Muthoot Mercantile Limited (the "Company") for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2026 ("the Statement") attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations").

2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Statement:

(i) is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations in this regard; and

(ii) gives a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") read with relevant rules issued thereunder, Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") guidelines and other accounting principles generally accepted in India of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2026.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act 2013 (the Act) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Statement

4. This Statement has been prepared on the basis of the annual financial statements and has been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the Statement that gives a true and fair view of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued there under, RBI guidelines and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

5. In preparing the Statement, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the statement

6. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Statement.

7. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to



fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion through a separate report on the complete set of financial statements on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the statement made by the Board of Directors

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

8. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

9. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matters

10. As stated in Note No. 3 of the Statement, the figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2026 and March 31,2025 are the balancing figures between audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published year to date figures up to nine months of relevant financial year, which were subjected to limited review.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

11. The statement includes the financial results of the Company for the corresponding quarter and year ended March 31,2025, which were audited by the predecessor auditor whose report dated May 30 ,2025 expressed an unmodified opinion on the results.

Our opinion on the financial results is not modified in respect of the above matters.

For Mohandas and Associates
Chartered accountants
ICAI Firm Reg No:002116S

Mohandas Anchery
(Partner)
Membership No.036726

UDIN: 26036726LJMPPW7206

Place: Thrissur
Date: 29th May 2026

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2026

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	**7,285.44**	**3,802.72**
Adjustments to reconcile Profit before tax to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation of PPE and amortization of intangible asset	303.31	223.52
Amortization of Right to use asset	831.85	738.67
Impairment on financial instruments	108.80	447.98
Interest on security deposit	(23.37)	(18.68)
Net gain on cancellation of lease	(12.26)	(51.26)
Provision for gratuity	45.94	42.57
Provision for Compensated absence	41.47	53.50
Foreign Exchange adjustment	39.01	-
Finance cost	10,752.77	7,297.38
Operating profit before working capital changes	**19,372.96**	**12,536.40**
Changes in working capital :		
Decrease / (Increase) in loans	(40,922.72)	(19,396.21)
Decrease / (Increase) in other bank balances	(123.78)	(445.61)
Decrease / (Increase) in other financial asset	(24.49)	(110.84)
Decrease / (Increase) in non-financial asset	(218.68)	(73.51)
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	(97.46)	5.00
Increase / (Decrease) in provision	-	(15.49)
Increase / (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	(263.34)	177.04
Increase / (Decrease) in other non-financial liabilities	(75.77)	58.30
Cash generated from /(used in) operations	**(22,353.28)**	**(7,264.92)**
Finance Cost paid	(10,245.96)	(6,858.79)
Income Taxes Paid	(1,163.15)	(969.04)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) operating activities (A)	**(33,762.39)**	**(15,092.75)**
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets	(257.00)	(479.18)
Net cash flow from/ (used in) investing activities (B)	**(257.00)**	**(479.18)**
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase /(Decrease) in debt securities	20,340.08	16,577.08
Increase /(Decrease) in borrowings (other than debt securities)	14,193.75	1,747.72
Increase /(Decrease) in subordinate Liabilities	422.02	(2,331.85)
Payment of lease liabilities	(1,165.19)	(565.88)
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	-	-
Net cash flow from/ (used in) in financing activities (C)	**33,790.67**	**15,427.07**
D. Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	**(228.73)**	**(144.86)**
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	925.47	1,070.33
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer Note 5)	**696.74**	**925.47**

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THIYCAUD 695 014

Bagavath Krishnan venugopal
[Chief Financial Officer]

Vatanapally Haridas Rupesh
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 29-05-2026

As per our report of even date attached

For Mohandas & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES • CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS • THRISSUR-1

Mohandas Anchery
[Partner]
Membership No.: 036726
Place: Thrissur
Date: 29-05-2026

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	ASSETS	Notes	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
(I)	**Financial Assets**			
(a)	Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	696.74	925.47
(b)	Bank Balances other than (a) above	6	2,487.64	2,731.23
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	7	397.48	17.81
(d)	Loans	8	1,29,863.95	89,050.04
(e)	Other Financial Assets	9	614.28	589.79
			1,34,060.10	**93,314.34**
(II)	**Non-Financial Assets**			
(a)	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	33	173.44	246.47
(b)	Property, Plant and Equipment	10	922.18	967.84
(c)	Other Intangible Assets	11	1.22	1.87
(d)	Right-of-Use Asset	12	4,260.18	4,245.11
(e)	Other Non-Financial Assets	13	523.05	304.37
			5,880.07	**5,765.66**
	TOTAL ASSETS		**1,39,940.17**	**99,080.00**
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
	Liabilities			
(I)	**Financial Liabilities**			
(a)	Derivative Financial Instruments	7	-	54.45
(b)	Payables			
	Trade Payables	14		
	(A) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		28.56	48.71
	(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.		47.27	124.57
(c)	Debt Securities	15	52,317.17	31,977.09
(d)	Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	16	35,305.27	21,062.61
(e)	Subordinated Liabilities	17	21,051.51	20,629.49
(f)	Lease Liabilities	12	4,960.25	4,818.22
(g)	Other Financial Liabilities	18	350.36	613.70
			1,14,060.39	**79,328.84**
(II)	**Non-Financial Liabilities**			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (Net)		894.79	180.25
(b)	Provisions	19	292.94	191.74
(c)	Other Non-Financial Liabilities	20	74.27	150.04
			1,262.00	**522.03**
(III)	**Equity**			
(a)	Equity Share Capital	21	14,567.50	3,641.87
(b)	Other Equity	22	10,050.28	15,587.26
			24,617.78	**19,229.13**
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		**1,39,940.17**	**99,080.00**

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Riehi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

Bagavath Krishnan venugopal
[Chief Financial Officer]

Vatanapally Haridas Rupesh
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 29-05-2026

As per our report of even date attached

For Mohandas & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002615S

Mohandas Anchery
[Partner]
Membership No.: 036726
Place: Thrissur
Date: 29-05-2026

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
	Revenue from Operations			
	Interest Income	23	24,412.19	16,307.19
	Fees and Commission Income	24	273.94	99.84
I	**Total Revenue from Operations**		**24,686.13**	**16,407.03**
II	Other Income	25	192.92	235.59
III	**Total Income (I+II)**		**24,879.06**	**16,642.62**
	Expenses			
	Finance Costs	26	10,752.77	7,297.38
	Impairment on Financial Instruments	27	108.80	447.98
	Employee Benefits Expenses	28	3,887.23	3,145.28
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	29	1,135.16	962.19
	Other expenses	30	1,709.66	987.07
IV	**Total Expenses**		**17,593.62**	**12,839.90**
V	**Profit before Tax (III-IV)**		**7,285.44**	**3,802.72**
	Tax Expense:			
	(a) Current Tax	33	1,854.22	963.95
	(b) Deferred Tax (Income)/Expense		73.03	15.79
	(c) Tax related to prior years		23.48	14.05
VI	**Total tax expense**		**1,950.73**	**993.79**
VII	**Profit for the year (V-VI)**		**5,334.71**	**2,808.93**
	Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense)			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
	(a) Remeasurement Gains/ (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plan		(16.56)	6.76
	(b) Change in value of forward element of forward contract		-	(6.84)
	Tax related to above		2.77	0.02
	(ii)Items that will be reclassified to Profit and Loss			
	(a)Effective portion of gain/(loss) on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges		81.33	(61.37)
	Tax related to above		(13.61)	15.45
VIII	**Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Expense)**		**53.94**	**(45.98)**
IX	**Total Comprehensive Income/(Expense) for the year (VII+VIII)**		**5,388.65**	**2,762.95**
	Earnings per Equity share			
	[nominal value of share-Rs.10/-]			
	Basic (Rs.)	31	3.66	1.93
	Diluted (Rs.)		3.66	1.93

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

As per our report of even date attached

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

For Mohandas & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002166

Bagavath Krishnan venugopal
[Chief Financial Officer]

Vatanapally Haridas Rupesh
[Company Secretary]

Mohandas Anchery
[Partner]
Membership No.: 036726

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 29-05-2026

Place: Thrissur
Date: 29-05-2026

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

I. Equity share capital

Particulars	As at 1st April 2024	Change in equity share capital during the year	As at 31st March 2025	Change in equity share capital during the year	As at 31st March 2026
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each, issued, subscribed and fully paid up	3,641.87	-	3,641.87	10,925.62	14,567.50

II. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Statutory Reserve (pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)	Capital Redemption Reserve	Impairment Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Items of other comprehensive income - Remeasurement of Defined benefit plans, Effective Portion of Cash flow Hedges,Cost of Hedging Reserve	
Balance as at 1st April 2024	**3,383.78**	**2,280.63**	**311.92**	**-**	**6,827.34**	**20.64**	**12,824.31**
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	2,808.93	-	**2,808.93**
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	(45.98)	**(45.98)**
Transfer to/from retained earnings	561.79	-	-	-	(561.79)	-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2025	**3,945.57**	**2,280.63**	**311.92**	**-**	**9,074.48**	**(25.34)**	**15,587.26**

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Statutory Reserve (pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)	Capital Redemption Reserve	Impairment Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Items of other comprehensive income - Remeasurement of Defined benefit plans, Effective Portion of Cash flow Hedges,Cost of Hedging Reserve	
Balance as at 1st April 2025	**3,945.57**	**2,280.63**	**311.92**	**-**	**9,074.48**	**(25.34)**	**15,587.26**
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	5,334.71	-	**5,334.71**
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	-	-	-	-	-	53.94	53.94
Transfer to/from retained earnings	1,070.00	-	-	-	(11,995.63)	-	**(10,925.62)**
Balance as at 31st March 2026	**5,015.57**	**2,280.63**	**311.92**	**-**	**2,413.56**	**28.60**	**10,050.28**

Accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

Bagavath Krishnan venugopal
[Chief Financial Officer]

Vatanapally Haridas Rupesh
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 29-05-2026

As per our report of even date attached

For Mohandas & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002216S

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

Mohandas Anchery
[Partner]
Membership No.: 036726
Place: Thrissur
Date: 29-05-2026

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

1 Corporate Information

Muthoot Mercantile Limited(CIN:U65921KL1997PLC011260) was incorporated on 3rd March 1997,having registered office at 1st Floor, North Block, "Muthoot Floors",opposite W & C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, 695014, Kerala.

The Company obtained permission from the RBI under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for carrying on the business of Non-Banking Financial Institutions on 12th December 2002 vide Certificate of Registration (CoR) No. N-16.00178 and is classified as a Midddle Layer Non-Deposit Taking Non Banking Financial Company(NBFC-ML).

The main object of the company is to originate, provide and service personal loans and loans against gold jewellery.

2 Basis of Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules , 2015 (as amended from time to time). The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values as at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below:

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company considers the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and / or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on this basis.

Fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

- Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices;
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and place limited reliance on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2; and
- Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

2.2 Presentation of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Division III to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") applicable for Non-Banking Financial Companies ("NBFC"). The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows". The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss, as prescribed in the Schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the financial statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Accounting Standards and directions issued by Reserve Bank of India.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported on a gross basis except when, there is an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event and the parties intend to settle on a net basis in the following circumstances:

(i) The normal course of business
(ii) The event of default
(iii) The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties.

Functional And Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) except when otherwise indicated.

All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in Lakhs of Indian rupees (Rupees in Lakhs) except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

3 Use of Judgements,Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires management of the Company to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures including disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities as at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods which are affected.

Key sources of estimation of uncertainty at the date of the financial statements, which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of: impairment of financial instruments, provisions and contingent liabilities.

In particular, information about material areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

A. Business Model Assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test.The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

B. Defined Employee Benefit Liabilities

The present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate; future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed annually.

C. Fair Value Measurement

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using various valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

D. Impairment of Loans Portfolio

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.It has been the Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.The impairment loss on loans is disclosed in more detail in Note 41 Risk Management.In case, higher provisions are to be considered as per the prudential norms of the Reserve Bank of India, they are considered and routed through Impairment Reserves.





E. Contingent Liabilities and Provisions Other than Impairment on Loan Portfolio

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration in the ordinary course of the Company's business.When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents.Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

F. Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method

The Company's EIR methodology, recognises interest income /expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penaltyinterest and charges).
This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

G.Other Estimates

These include contingent liabilities, useful lives of tangible and intangible assets etc.

4 Material Accounting Policies

4.1 Property Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, (if any). The total cost of assets comprises its purchase price, freight, duties, taxes and any other incidental expenses directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner indended by the managment.

Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Advances paid towards acquisition of property, plant and equipment, outstanding at each Balance Sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-financial assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under Capital work-in-progress.

The estimated useful lives as follows:

Particulars	Useful life estimated by company (Years)
Strong Room	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)
	10 (Others)
Furniture And Fixtures	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)
	10 (Others)
Vehicles	8
Office Equipments	3 (End user devices)
	6 (Servers and networks)
Office & Electrical Equipments	20 (acquired up to 31-03-15)
	10 (Others)

Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the depreciation period or methodology, as appropriate and treated as changes in accounting estimates.The Management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.
An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

MONANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

4.2 Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Company.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use and net of any trade discounts and rebates. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year-end. Changes in the expected useful life, or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset, are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, which are then treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is presented as a separate line item in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Amortisation on assets acquired/sold during the year is recognised on a pro-rata basis to the Statement of Profit and Loss from / upto the date of acquisition/sale.

Intangible assets not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Intangible assets under development".

4.3 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Company assesses at each Balance Sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than it's carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. A previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation/amortisation if there were no impairment.

4.4 Revenue Recognition

(i) Interest Income:

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time proportionate basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

The Company recognises interest income using effective interest rate (EIR) method as per Ind AS 109 'Financial Instruments' on all financial assets subsequently measured under amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The Company recognises interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit impaired assets.

(ii) Revenue from operations other than interest income:

Revenue (other than those items to which Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments is applicable) is measured based on the consideration specified in the contracts with the customers. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of goods and services tax ('GST') and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers based on a five-step model as set out in Ind AS 115.

(a) Fees and Commission Income:

The company recognises the fee and commission income in accordance with the terms of the relevant contracts / agreement and when it is probable that the company will collect the consideration.

(b) Rental Income:

Income from operating leases (leasing and subleasing) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as per the contractual rentals unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which benefits are derived from the leased assets. Revenue from leases are recognised in accordance with IndAS 116 where the company is a lessor.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

(c) Dividend Income:
Dividend Income is recognised once the unconditional right to receive the dividend is established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

(d) Net Gain or Loss on Fair Value Change:
Any differences between the fair values of the financial assets classified as fair value through the profit or loss, held by the Company on the Balance Sheet date is recognised as an unrealised gain/ loss in the Statement of Profit and Loss. In cases there is a net gain in aggregate, the same is recognised in "Net gains on fair value changes" under revenue from operations and if there is a net loss the same is disclosed under "Expenses", in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(e) Other Income:
Other Income are recognised on the completion of service and it is highly probable that a significant reversal of revenue is not expected to occur. The Company recognises recoveries against written off financial assets on realisation

4.5 Finance Cost
Finance costs also represents Interest expense recognised by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial liabilities other than financial liabilities classified as FVTPL. Interest expense includes issue costs that are initially recognized as part of the carrying value of the financial liability and amortized over the expected life using the effective interest method. These include fees and commissions payable to advisers, loan processing fees and other expenses such as external legal costs, rating fee etc, provided these are incremental costs that are directly related to the issue of a financial liability. Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.6 Financial Instruments
A. Financial Assets
Initial recognition and measurement
All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value when the parties become party to the contractual provisions of the financial asset. In case of financial assets which are not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement
The Company classifies its financial assets into various measurement categories. The classification depends on the contractual terms of the financial assets' cash flows and the Company's business model for managing financial assets.

a.Financial assets measured at amortised cost
A financial asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL.

B. Financial Liabilities
Initial recognition and measurement
All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, non-convertible debentures loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent Measurement
Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

C. Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial Asset

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual cash flows from the asset expire or it transfers its rights to receive contractual cash flows from the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset or liability.

Financial Liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

D. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' model (ECL), for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at Fair value through profit and loss.

Overview of the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model

Expected Credit Loss, at each reporting date, is measured through a loss allowance for a financial asset:

At an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

At an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Lifetime expected credit losses means expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset.

12-month expected credit losses means the portion of Lifetime ECL that represent the ECLs that result from default events on financial assets that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company performs an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial assets credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument is used instead of the change in the amount of expected credit losses.

Based on the above process, the Company categorises its loans into three stages as described below:

<u>For non-impaired financial assets</u>

Stage 1 is comprised of all non-impaired financial assets which have not experienced a significant increase in credit risk (SICR)since initial recognition. A 12-month ECL provision is made for stage 1 financial assets. In assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly,the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition.

Stage 2 is comprised of all non-impaired financial assets which have experienced a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Company recognises lifetime ECL for stage 2 financial assets. In subsequent reporting periods, if the credit risk of the financial instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then entities shall revert to recognizing 12 months ECL provision.

<u>For impaired financial assets:</u>

Financial assets are classified as stage 3 when there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more loss events that have occurred after initial recognition with a negative impact on the estimated future cash flows of a loan or a portfolio of loans. The Company recognises lifetime ECL for impaired financial assets.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

Estimation of Expected Credit Loss

The mechanics of the ECL calculations are outlined below and the key elements are, as follows:

Probability of Default (PD) - The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon.

The Company uses historical information where available to determine PD. Considering the different products and schemes, the Company has bifurcated its loan portfolio into various pools. For certain pools where historical information is available, the PD is calculated considering fresh slippage of past years. For those pools where historical information is not available, the PD/ default rates as stated by external reporting agencies is considered.

Exposure at Default (EAD) - The Exposure at Default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, including repayments of principal and interest, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise, expected drawdowns on committed facilities, and accrued interest from missed payments.

Loss Given Default (LGD) – The Loss Given Default is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral.

Forward looking information

While estimating the expected credit losses, the Company reviews macro-economic developments occurring in the economy and market it operates in. On a periodic basis, the Company analyses if there is any relationship between key economic trends like GDP, unemployment rates, benchmark rates set by the Reserve Bank of India, inflation etc. with the estimate of PD, LGD determined by the Company based on its internal data. While the internal estimates of PD, LGD rates by the Company may not be always reflective of such relationships, temporary overlays, if any, are embedded in the methodology to reflect such macro economic trends reasonably.

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Company seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, vehicles, etc.However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECL. The collateral is majorly the property for which the loan is given. The fair value of the same is based on data provided by third party or management judgements.

4.7 Leases

As a Lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether : (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii)the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases). For these short-term leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Certain lease arrangements includes the options to extend or terminate the lease before the end of the lease term.ROU assets and lease liabilities includes these options when it is reasonably certain that they will be exercised.The ROU assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or,if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates . Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU assets have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a Lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as a finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

4.8 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable, deferred tax and any excess/ short provision of earlier years.

Current Tax

Current tax is determined at the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable profit for the year as per the Income tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rate that has been enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised for temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits if it is probable that future taxable amounts will arise to utilise those temporary differences and losses. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities are realised simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in Equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in Equity respectively.

4.9 Prior period adjustment

Prior period adjustments due to errors, having material impact on the financial affairs of the Company, are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior periods presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

4.10 Accounting for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which can be reliably estimated. Each provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are measured on a discounted basis. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of any reimbursement.

Constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where:

(a) by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities, and

(b) as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge those responsibilities

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

4.11 Earning Per Share

The Company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Ind AS 33 on Earnings per share. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. In computing the dilutive earnings per share, only potential equity shares that are dilutive and that either reduces the earnings per share or increases loss per share are included.

4.12 Derivative financial instruments

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts and cross currency swaps to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risk.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date when a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each balance sheet date and carried as assets when their fair value is positive and as liabilities when their fair value is negative. The resulting gain/loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and is effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the Statement of Profit and Loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. The Company has designated the derivative financial instruments as cash flow hedges of recognised liabilities and unrecognised firm commitments.

Hedge accounting

In order to manage particular risks, the Company applies hedge accounting for transactions that meet specific criteria. At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective if the hedging instrument is offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk. The assessment of hedge effectiveness is carried out at inception and on an ongoing basis to determine that the hedging relationship has been effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.

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Cash Flow Hedges

A cash flow hedge is a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability (such as all or some future interest payments on variable rate debt) or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect profit and loss. For designated and qualifying cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument is initially recognised directly in OCI within equity (cash flow hedge reserve). The ineffective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When the hedged cash flow affects the Statement of Profit and Loss, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recorded in the corresponding income or expense line of the Statement of Profit and Loss. When a hedging instrument expires, is sold,terminated, exercised, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss that has been recognised in OCI at that time remains in OCI and is recognised when the hedged forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in OCI is immediately transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

4.13 Employee Benefits

(i) Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits

Defined contribution plans

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.The Provident Fund Scheme and Employee State Insurance Scheme are defined contribution plans.

Defined benefit plans

For defined benefit plans in the form of gratuity, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- re-measurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefits

The Company provides for liability of accumulated compensated absences for eligible employees on the basis of an independent actuarial valuation carried out at the end of the year, using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period in which they occur.

4.14 Cash Flow Statement

The Cash Flow Statement shows the changes in cash and cash equivalents arising during the year from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities.

The cash flows from operating activities are determined by using the indirect method. Net income is therefore adjusted by non-cash items, such as measurement gains or losses, changes in provisions, impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, as well as changes from receivables and liabilities. In addition, all income and expenses from cash transactions that are attributable to investing or financing activities are eliminated.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in the Cash Flow Statement exclude items which are not available for general use as on the date of the Balance Sheet.

4.15 Events after reporting date

Where events occurring after the balance sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the balance sheet date of material size or nature are only disclosed.

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5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Cash on hand	379.17	551.45
Balance with banks:		
in Current Accounts	317.57	374.02
	696.74	**925.47**

6 Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Deposits with bank under lien (Refer note 6.1) :		
-in Deposit Accounts having original maturity less than three Months	-	35.94
-in Deposit Accounts having original maturity more than three months	2,485.37	2,694.82
Earmarked balances with banks:		
Debenture trustee account	2.27	0.47
	2,487.64	**2,731.23**

6.1 Deposits with bank under lien represents deposits given as security for borrowings

7 Derivative financial instruments

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026			As at 31st March 2025		
	Notional Amounts(INR)	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities	Notional Amounts(INR)	Fair Value - Assets	Fair Value - Liabilities
i) Currency derivatives:						
- Forward contracts	5,145.28	42.60	-	4,945.48	-	54.45
ii) Interest Rate derivatives						
- Interest rate swaps	4,125.00	354.88	-	3,499.42	17.81	-
Included in above are derivatives held for hedging and risk management purposes as follows:						
(i) Fair value hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Cash flow hedging:						
- Currency derivatives	5,145.28	42.60	-	4,945.48		54.45
- Interest rate derivatives	4,125.00	354.88	-	3,499.42	17.81	-
(iii) Net investment hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Undesignated Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (i)+ (ii)+(iii)+(iv)	**9,270.28**	**397.48**	**-**	**8,444.90**	**17.81**	**54.45**

The Company undertakes derivative transactions for hedging its exposures to interest rate risk and foreign exchange rate risk.

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

8 Loans

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026					
		At Fair Value				
	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Subtotal	Total
Loans						
(A)						
Gold Loan	1,30,504.76	-	-	-	-	1,30,504.76
Personal Loan	91.43					91.43
Total (A) - Gross	**1,30,596.18**	-	-	-	-	**1,30,596.18**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	732.23	-	-	-	-	732.23
Total (A) - Net	**1,29,863.95**	-	-	-	-	**1,29,863.95**
(B)						
(i) Secured by tangible assets	1,30,504.76	-	-	-	-	1,30,504.76
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	91.43	-	-	-	-	91.43
Total (B) Gross	**1,30,596.18**	-	-	-	-	**1,30,596.18**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	732.23	-	-	-	-	732.23
Total (B) Net	**1,29,863.95**	-	-	-	-	**1,29,863.95**
(C)						
(I) Loans in India						
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	1,30,596.18	-	-	-	-	1,30,596.18
Total (C) (I) Gross	**1,30,596.18**	-	-	-	-	**1,30,596.18**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	732.23	-	-	-	-	732.23
Total (C) (I) Net	**1,29,863.95**	-	-	-	-	**1,29,863.95**
(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (II) Net	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (I) and (C)(II)	**1,29,863.95**	-	-	-	-	**1,29,863.95**

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025					
		At Fair Value				
	Amortised cost	Through Other Comprehensive Income	Through profit or loss	Designated at fair value through profit or loss	Subtotal	Total
Loans						
(A)						
Gold Loan	89,253.43	-	-	-	-	89,253.43
Personal Loan	420.04					420.04
Total (A) - Gross	**89,673.47**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**89,673.47**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	623.43	-	-	-	-	623.43
Total (A) - Net	**89,050.04**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**89,050.04**
(B)						
(i) Secured by tangible assets	89,253.43	-	-	-	-	89,253.43
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government Guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	420.04	-	-	-	-	420.04
Total (B) Gross	**89,673.47**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**89,673.47**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	623.43	-	-	-	-	623.43
Total (B) Net	**89,050.04**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**89,050.04**
(C)						
(I) Loans in India						
(i) Public Sector	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	89,673.47	-	-	-	-	89,673.47
Total (C) (I) Gross	**89,673.47**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**89,673.47**
Less: Impairment loss allowance	623.43	-	-	-	-	623.43
Total (C) (I) Net	**89,050.04**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**89,050.04**
(II) Loans outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (C) (II) Net	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Total (C) (I) and (C) (II)	**89,050.04**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**89,050.04**

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8.1 An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount and the corresponding ECL allowances in relation to receivables under financing activities is, as follows:

	As at 31st March 2026			
Particulars	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Opening Gross carrying amount	**73,130.61**	**15,179.37**	**1,363.49**	**89,673.47**
New Asset originated (net of repayment)	1,23,554.52	6,618.38	157.46	**1,30,330.36**
Assets repaid	(72,981.57)	(15,156.83)	(1,269.25)	**(89,407.65)**
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(3.19)	3.19	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(79.76)	(22.41)	102.17	-
Closing Gross carrying amount	**1,23,620.61**	**6,621.69**	**353.88**	**1,30,596.18**

	As at 31st March 2025			
Particulars	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Opening Gross carrying amount	**68,789.77**	**1,122.21**	**365.28**	**70,277.26**
New Asset originated (net of repayment)	73,122.04	15,178.02	919.62	**89,219.68**
Assets repaid	(68,513.64)	(1,120.97)	(188.86)	**(69,823.47)**
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(1.35)	1.35		-
Transfer to Stage 3	(266.21)	(1.24)	267.45	-
Closing Gross carrying amount	**73,130.61**	**15,179.37**	**1,363.49**	**89,673.47**

8.2 Reconciliation of ECL Balance

	As at 31st March 2026			
Particulars	**Stage 1**	**Stage 2**	**Stage 3**	**Total**
Gross carrying amount	**348.27**	**69.05**	**206.11**	**623.43**
New Asset originated (net of repayment)	567.83	30.50	92.99	691.32
Assets repaid	(347.16)	(68.90)	(162.79)	(578.86)
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(0.02)	0.02	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(6.55)	(2.27)	8.82	-
Impact of changes in credit risk on account of stage movements	5.81	2.12	(11.60)	(3.66)
Closing carrying amount	**568.19**	**30.52**	**133.53**	**732.23**

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount	**68.68**	**9.14**	**97.63**	**175.45**
New Asset originated (net of repayment)	348.23	69.04	108.53	**525.80**
Assets repaid	(68.44)	(9.13)	(22.29)	**(99.86)**
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	(0.12)	0.12	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	(0.02)	-	0.02	-
Impact of changes in credit risk on account of stage movements	(0.06)	(0.12)	22.22	**22.04**
Closing carrying amount	**348.27**	**69.05**	**206.11**	**623.43**

9 Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Security deposits	538.00	476.49
Others	76.27	113.30
	614.28	**589.79**

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

10 Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Land	Strong Room	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles	Computer and Accessories	Office and Electrical Equipments	Total
Gross Block at Cost							
At 1st April 2024	4.32	337.47	769.83	186.76	238.97	466.91	2,004.26
Additions	-	79.39	292.06	-	68.61	108.59	548.65
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	**4.32**	**416.86**	**1,061.89**	**186.76**	**307.58**	**575.50**	**2,552.91**
At 1st April 2025	4.32	416.86	1,061.89	186.76	307.58	575.50	2,552.91
Additions	-	25.26	105.46	-	48.19	78.10	257.01
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2026	**4.32**	**442.12**	**1,167.35**	**186.76**	**355.77**	**653.60**	**2,809.92**
Accumulated Depreciation							
At 1st April 2024	-	221.15	458.65	166.08	209.47	306.90	1,362.25
Charge for the year	-	34.45	104.62	6.33	27.99	49.43	222.82
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2025	**-**	**255.60**	**563.27**	**172.41**	**237.46**	**356.33**	**1,585.07**
At 1st April 2025	-	255.60	563.27	172.41	237.46	356.33	1,585.07
Additions	-	43.33	138.02	4.35	53.32	63.64	302.66
Deletions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2026	**-**	**298.93**	**701.29**	**176.76**	**290.78**	**419.97**	**1,887.73**
Net Block							
As at 31st March 2025	**4.32**	**161.26**	**498.62**	**14.35**	**70.12**	**219.17**	**967.84**
As at 31st March 2026	**4.32**	**143.19**	**466.06**	**10.00**	**64.98**	**233.63**	**922.18**

10.1 No Property, Plant and Equipment have been revalued during the current and previous years

10.2 The title deeds of immovable property disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

11 Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Computer Software
Gross Block at Cost	
At 1st April 2024	86.86
Additions	1.01
Disposals	-
As at 31st March 2025	87.87
At 1st April 2025	87.87
Additions	-
Disposals	-
As at 31st March 2026	87.87
Accumulated Amortization	
At 1st April 2024	85.30
Charge for the year	0.70
Disposals	-
As at 31st March 2025	86.00
At 1st April 2025	86.00
Charge for the year	0.65
Disposals	-
As at 31st March 2026	86.65
Net Block	
As at 31st March 2025	**1.87**
As at 31st March 2026	**1.22**

11.1 The Company has not revalued its Intangible assets during the year

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

12 Right-of-use assets and Lease Liabilities

12.1 Movement of right of use assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
As at the beginning of the year	**4,245.11**	**4,176.39**
Additions	909.19	1,120.31
Disposals	62.28	312.92
Depreciation charge for the year	831.85	738.67
As at the end of the year	**4,260.18**	**4,245.11**

12.2 Movement of lease liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
As at the beginning of the year	**4,818.22**	**4,627.97**
Additions	880.58	1,086.20
Interest on lease liabilities	495.94	478.21
Deletions	65.52	356.03
Payment of lease liabilities	1,168.96	1,018.13
As at the end of the year	**4,960.25**	**4,818.22**

12.3 Maturity analysis of lease liabilities
The following are the undiscounted cashflows of lease liabilities:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Less than one year	1,259.45	1,101.31
One to five years	4,309.00	4,238.60
More than five years	1,082.53	1,126.23
Total	**6,650.98**	**6,466.14**

12.4 Amounts recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Interest on finance lease liabilities	495.94	478.21
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	831.85	738.67
Gain on cancellation of lease	12.26	51.26
Expenses relating to short term leases	299.26	117.47

12.5 Amounts recognized in the Cash Flow Statement

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Total cash outflow for leases	1,165.19	565.88

13 Other Non-Financial Asset

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Capital Advances	7.87	13.02
Prepaid Expenses	133.22	83.42
Employee Advances	28.07	3.12
Balance with Government Authorities	336.34	186.32
Other Advances	17.56	18.49
	523.05	**304.37**

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

14 Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	28.56	48.71
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.	47.27	124.57
	75.82	**173.28**

14.1 Trade Payables aging schedule as at 31st March 2026

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	28.56	-	-	-	28.56
ii) Others	46.44	0.83	-	-	47.27
iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-

14.2 Trade Payables aging schedule as at 31st March 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
i) MSME	48.71	-	-	-	48.71
ii) Others	124.57	-	-	-	124.57
iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-

14.3 Disclosure:- Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;	28.56	48.71
(b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year;	Nil	Nil
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006;	Nil	Nil
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	1.70	1.19
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	Nil	Nil

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extend such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

15 Debt Securities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026				As at 31st March 2025			
	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total
Non-Convertible debentures - Private Issue(Secured)* (Refer Note 15.1)	1,801.36	-	-	1,801.36	2,881.51	-	-	2,881.51
Non-convertible Debentures - Public issue(Secured)** (Refer Note 15.2)	50,515.81	-	-	50,515.81	29,095.58	-	-	29,095.58
Total (A)	**52,317.17**	**-**	**-**	**52,317.17**	**31,977.09**	**-**	**-**	**31,977.09**
Debt securities in India	52,317.17	-	-	52,317.17	31,977.09	-	-	31,977.09
Debt securities outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	**52,317.17**	**-**	**-**	**52,317.17**	**31,977.09**	**-**	**-**	**31,977.09**

Nature of Security

*Secured by hypothecation of outstanding gold loan receivables both present and future and all assets to be accrued from the proceeds generated by the private placement of non convertible secured debentures by the Company. The Company shall maintain a minimum security, which shall not be less than the amount of debentures outstanding at any point of time.

**First ranking pari passu charge on all movable assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, other moveable assets, loans and advances, both present and future of the company equal to the value of one time of the Non Convertible Debentures outstanding plus interest .

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

15.1 Non-Convertible Debentures -Private Issue(Secured)

A) Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern of Non-Convertible debentures -Private Issue is as under:

As at 31st March 2026								
Redeemable at par within	Rate of interest						Total	
	< 12%		>= 12% < 14%		>= 14%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	2,000	20.00	-	-	2,000	20.00
Due within 2-3 years	-	-	23,165	231.65	-	-	23,165	231.65
Due within 1-2 years	53,960	539.60	9,395	93.95	2,200	22.00	65,555	655.55
Due within 1 year	41,745	417.45	-	-	4,875	48.75	46,620	466.20
Total	**95,705**	**957.05**	**34,560**	**345.60**	**7,075**	**70.75**	**1,37,340**	**1,373.40**
Add: Interest Accrued								427.96
Total								**1,801.36**

As at 31st March 2025								
Redeemable at par within	Rate of interest						Total	
	< 12%		>= 12% < 14%		>= 14%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	25,165	251.65	-	-	25,165	251.65
Due within 2-3 years	53,960	539.60	9,395	93.95	2,200	22.00	65,555	655.55
Due within 1-2 years	41,745	417.45	-	-	4,875	48.75	46,620	466.20
Due within 1 year	1,01,545	1,015.45	-	-	-	-	1,01,545	1,015.45
Total	**1,97,250**	**1,972.50**	**34,560**	**345.60**	**7,075**	**70.75**	**2,38,885**	**2,388.85**
Add: Interest Accrued								492.66
Total								**2,881.51**

B) The Company has privately placed Secured Redeemable Non- Convertible Debentures with a maturity period of 24-96 months and principal amount outstanding Rs.1,373.40 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.2,388.85 Lakhs)

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	Interest Rate	Tenure
175	09-02-2020	09-08-2027	40.35	40.35	13.33%	90 Months
176	26-02-2020	26-08-2027	32.60	32.60	13.33%	90 Months
177	22-03-2020	22-03-2027	48.75	48.75	14.29%	84 Months
178	24-05-2020	24-05-2025	-	82.30	10.50%-11.85%	60 Months
178	24-05-2020	24-05-2027	22.00	22.00	14.29%	84 Months
179	15-07-2020	15-07-2025	-	212.65	10%-11.29%	60 Months
179	15-07-2020	15-01-2028	21.00	21.00	13.33%	90 Months
180	18-10-2020	18-10-2025	-	37.25	9.25%	60 Months
180	18-10-2020	18-10-2028	13.50	13.50	12.50%	96 Months
181	24-11-2020	24-11-2025	-	236.65	10%-10.75%	60 Months
181	24-11-2020	24-05-2028	62.15	62.15	13.33%	90 Months
182	11-01-2021	11-01-2026	-	117.50	10%-10.75%	60 Months
182	11-01-2021	11-07-2028	20.00	20.00	13.33%	90 Months
183	04-07-2021	04-07-2026	25.00	25.00	9.75%	60 Months
183	04-07-2021	04-10-2028	68.50	68.50	13.79%	87 Months
184	27-09-2021	27-12-2028	14.50	14.50	13.79%	87 Months
185	10-12-2021	10-12-2026	118.00	118.00	9.75%-10.75%	60 Months
185	10-12-2021	10-03-2029	73.00	73.00	13.79%	87 Months
186	14-02-2022	14-02-2027	40.00	40.00	9%-10.12%	60 Months
187	14-03-2022	14-03-2027	20.50	20.50	8.5%-9.6%	60 Months
188	30-03-2022	30-03-2027	25.95	25.95	8.5%-9.6%	60 Months
189	10-06-2022	10-06-2025	-	22.10	8%-9.04%	36 Months
189	10-06-2022	10-06-2027	34.00	34.00	8.5%-9.75%	60 Months
190	07-08-2022	07-08-2025	-	112.00	9%-10%	36 Months

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Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	Interest Rate	Tenure
190	07-08-2022	07-08-2027	167.10	167.10	9.5%-11%	60 Months
191	20-09-2022	20-09-2025	-	84.00	9%-10%	36 Months
191	20-09-2022	20-09-2027	113.00	113.00	9.5%-11%	60 Months
192	31-01-2023	31-01-2028	100.00	100.00	10.50%	60 Months
193	19-03-2023	19-03-2026	-	91.00	9.75%-10.75%	36 Months
193	19-03-2023	19-03-2028	67.50	67.50	10.25%-11.75%	60 Months
194	30-03-2023	30-03-2028	58.00	58.00	10.25%-11.75%	60 Months
194	30-03-2023	30-03-2026	-	15.00	10.75%	36 Months
195	30-06-2023	30-06-2026	135.00	135.00	9.75%-10.75%	36 Months
196	31-07-2023	31-07-2026	18.00	18.00	9.75%-10.75%	36 Months
197	31-08-2023	31-08-2025	-	5.00	10.00%	24 Months
197	31-08-2023	31-08-2026	6.00	6.00	9.75%	36 Months
198	08-10-2023	08-10-2026	29.00	29.00	9.75%	36 Months
Total Principal			**1,373.40**	**2,388.85**		
Add: Interest Accrued			427.96	492.66		
Total			**1,801.36**	**2,881.51**		

15.2 Non-Convertible Debentures - Public issue

A) Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern of Non-convertible Debentures - Public issue is as under:

Redeemable at par within	As at 31st March 2026							
	Rate Of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due more than 5 Years	-	-	93,019	930.19	3,62,264	3,622.64	4,55,283	4,552.83
Due within 4-5 Years	-	-	2,67,121	2,671.21	2,20,024	2,200.24	4,87,145	4,871.45
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	84,519	845.19	3,78,337	3,783.37	4,62,856	4,628.56
Due within 2-3 years	-	-	12,23,287	12,232.87	1,13,477	1,134.77	13,36,764	13,367.64
Due within 1-2 years	-	-	5,04,897	5,048.97	3,00,469	3,004.69	8,05,366	8,053.66
Due within 1 year	7,89,192	7,891.92	5,72,731	5,727.31	-	-	13,61,923	13,619.23
Total	**7,89,192**	**7,891.92**	**27,45,574**	**27,455.74**	**13,74,571**	**13,745.71**	**49,09,337**	**49,093.37**
Add: Interest Accrued								2,106.78
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment								684.34
Total								**50,515.81**

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS * THRISSUR-1

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

As at 31st March 2025								
Redeemable at par within	Rate Of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due more than 5 Years	-	-	-	-	2,98,508	2,985.08	2,98,508	2,985.08
Due within 4-5 Years	-	-	91,265	912.65	3,71,591	3,715.91	4,62,856	4,628.56
Due within 3-4 years	3,701	37.01	1,29,283	1,292.83	1,03,072	1,030.72	2,36,056	2,360.56
Due within 2-3 years	-	-	3,50,796	3,507.96	3,00,469	3,004.69	6,51,265	6,512.65
Due within 1-2 years	-	-	3,86,050	3,860.50	-	-	3,86,050	3,860.50
Due within 1 year	1,05,042	1,050.42	7,41,761	7,417.61	-	-	8,46,803	8,468.03
Total	**1,08,743**	**1,087.43**	**16,99,155**	**16,991.55**	**10,73,640**	**10,736.40**	**28,81,538**	**28,815.38**
Add: Interest Accrued								852.21
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment								572.01
Total								**29,095.58**

B) The principal amount of outstanding Secured Redeemable Non-Convertible Listed Debentures raised through Public Issue by the Company stood at Rs.49,093.37 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.28,815.38 Lakhs)

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	Interest Rate	Tenure
I	21-12-2023	21-06-2025	-	1,193.83	9.75%-10.27%	18 Months
I	21-12-2023	21-12-2025	-	723.52	10.18%-11.00%	24 Months
I	21-12-2023	21-12-2026	2,578.38	2,578.38	10.45%-10.80%	36 Months
I	21-12-2023	21-12-2028	2,360.56	2,360.56	11.03%-11.25%	60 Months
I	21-12-2023	21-03-2030	1,251.32	1,251.32	10.60%	75 Months
II	27-05-2024	29-05-2025	-	1,495.88	9.65%-10.15%	367 Days
II	27-05-2024	26-11-2025	-	367.61	10.25%-10.75%	18 Months
II	27-05-2024	27-05-2026	393.71	393.71	10.5%-10.6%	24 Months
II	27-05-2024	27-05-2027	1,501.33	1,501.33	10.63%-11.73%	36 Months
II	27-05-2024	27-05-2029	845.19	845.19	10.00%-12.07%	60 Months
II	27-05-2024	27-07-2030	784.84	784.84	11.00%	74 Months
III	11-09-2024	16-10-2025	-	2,064.72	9.77%-10.27%	400 Days
III	11-09-2024	11-05-2026	562.60	562.60	10.5%-11.73%	20 Months
III	11-09-2024	11-09-2027	3,004.69	3,004.69	10.70%-10.80%	36 Months
III	11-09-2024	11-09-2029	1,545.00	1,545.00	10.15%-10.17%	60 Months
III	11-09-2024	11-10-2030	1,171.50	1,171.50	10.64%	73 Months
IV	29-01-2025	05-03-2026	-	2,622.47	9.61%-10.12%	400 Days
IV	29-01-2025	29-09-2026	325.81	325.81	10.34%-10.60%	20 Months
IV	29-01-2025	29-01-2028	2,006.63	2,006.63	10.77%-10.80%	36 Months
IV	29-01-2025	29-01-2030	987.05	987.05	10.16%-10.75%	60 Months
IV	29-01-2025	27-02-2031	1,028.74	1,028.74	12.07%	73 Months
V	21-04-2025	26-05-2026	1,866.81	-	10.00%	400 Days
V	21-04-2025	26-04-2028	3,058.25	-	10.75%	36 Months
V	21-04-2025	20-05-2031	930.19	-	10.75%	72 Months
VI	31-07-2025	04-09-2026	2,976.67	-	9.50%	400 Days
VI	31-07-2025	30-07-2028	4,559.71	-	10.25%	36 Months
VI	31-07-2025	29-10-2031	1,322.79	-	11.73%	74 Months
VII	19-12-2025	23-01-2027	4,915.25	-	9.50%-9.75%	400 Days
VII	19-12-2025	19-12-2027	1,541.01	-	10.00%-10.75%	24 Months
VII	19-12-2025	19-12-2028	3,389.12	-	10.25%-10.89%	36 Months
VII	19-12-2025	19-12-2030	1,886.37	-	10.40%-10.75%	60 Months
VII	19-12-2025	19-12-2032	2,299.85	-	11.73%	84 Months
Total Principal			**49,093.37**	**28,815.38**		
Add: Interest Accrued			2,106.78	852.21		
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment			684.34	572.01		
Total			**50,515.81**	**29,095.58**		

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

16 Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026				As at 31st March 2025			
	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total
(a) Term loan								
(i) from banks	17,673.12	-	-	17,673.12	11,301.24	-	-	11,301.24
(ii) from financial institutio	12,558.79	-	-	12,558.79	6,001.07	-	-	6,001.07
(b) Loans repayable on demand								
(i) from banks	5,073.36	-	-	5,073.36	3,760.30	-	-	3,760.30
(ii) from financial institutio	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A)	**35,305.27**	**-**	**-**	**35,305.27**	**21,062.61**	**-**	**-**	**21,062.61**
Borrowings in India	35,305.27	-	-	35,305.27	21,062.61	-	-	21,062.61
Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	**35,305.27**	**-**	**-**	**35,305.27**	**21,062.61**	**-**	**-**	**21,062.61**

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

16.1 The terms of borrowings from banks and Financial Institutions are as under:

A] Terms and Conditions of borrowings from banks:

Name of the Bank	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	
State Bank of India	First charge over all movable assets and current assets, including book debts and receivables, cash and bank balances, loans and advances, both present and future, of the Company, on pari-passu basis with the Secured Creditors including debenture trustees & other banks. Hypothecation of Stage-I Gold loan receivables and should not include receivables of assets which are overdue more than 30 days.Collateral: Exclusive charge (Lien) over the fixed deposit of Rs. 5.00 cr held in the name of the Company with SBI.Exclusive equitable mortgage charge over Land. Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mr.Richi Mathew, Ms. Ammini Mathew.	-	-	859.03	1,714.21	On Demand
		4,970.00	4,769.90	-	-	Principal to be repaid in 1 Quarterly Installement of 1.20Cr, Principal to be repaid in 6 Quaterly Installments of 1.00Cr, Principal to be repaid in 3 Quarterly Installments of 1.60 Cr and One installment of 1.20 Cr, Principal to be repaid in 24 Monthly Installments of 1.50 Cr and Final Installment of 0.50Cr
Federal Bank	Pari passu first charge by way of hypothecation of entire current assets of the company (present and future) including loan receivables, with secured debentures holders and other banks .Collateral Security – Fixed Deposits in the name of borrower with a coverage of 15% Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Ammini Mathew, Richi Mathew.	-	-	353.88	291.67	On Demand
		333.33	999.99	-	-	36 months 12 equal quarterly (Rs1.67Cr/Quarter)(USD 2L)/Quarter)
		1,500.00	2,500.00	-	-	36 months 12 equal quarterly (Rs2.5CR/Quarter)(USD 2.98L/Quarter)
		2,291.67	-	-	-	In 12 Equal Quarterly Instalments of USD 2.35L(INR Equivalent to Rs 2.08CR)

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

A] Terms and Conditions of borrowings from banks:

Name of the Bank	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	
South Indian Bank	First Paripassu charge along with other working capital lenders and debenture holders, by way of hypothecation of loan receivables of standard assets which are not overdue as per RBI/Regulator guidelines. Security Cover of 1.33 times Margin: 25% on standard loan receivables. Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mr.Richi Mathew, Ms. Ammini Mathew.	-	-	5.54	1.41	On Demand
		874.39	947.22	-	-	23 Equal Monthly installment of Rs. 41.67 lakhs to be paid Monthly commencing from successive month after first disbursement date / end of moratorium period (if any) and one last installment of Rs. 41.59 lakhs
		785.90	880.00	-	-	Principal to be repaid in 35 equal monthly instalments of Rs 30,55,554 and last instalment of Rs. 30,55,610.Principal to be repaid in 35 equal monthly instalments of Rs 56,00,000 and last instalment of Rs. 40,00,000.
Karur Vyasa Bank	Primary Security - First pari passu charge on the receivables of the Company including Gold Loan receivables both present and future, and other current assets of the Company with other secured lenders except those specifically charged to any term lenders whether under refinance facility or otherwise (Net of NPA accounts) with a margin of 25%. Collateral of Rs. 600 lakhs of Fixed Deposit with KVB. On Demand Collateral Security - Existing EM charge on commercial vacant land-Personal guarantee of Mathew Mathaininan, Amini Mathew, Richi Mathew.	-	-	479.13	-	On Demand
		-	-	1,500.00	1,201.23	On Demand
		500.00	1,166.67	-	-	Repayable in 12 Quarterly Installments without Holiday period. Door to Door tenor of 36 Months.
Dhanlaxmi bank	Pari pasu first charge by way of hypothecation of gold loan receivables and entire current assets of the company both present and future along with other lenders of the companny and secured debenture holders with minimum security cover of 1.33 times. Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mr.Richi Mathew, Ms. Ammini Mathew.	2,343.75	-	-	-	Principal amount to be repaid in 16 Quaterly Instalments of Rs 1.56 crore(Rs 1,56,25,000) per Quarter

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Name of the Bank	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	
Bandhan Bank Limited	First pari-passu charge on gold loan receivables (0 DPD) and current assets except those receivables specifically and exclusively charged in favour of certain existing charge holders, with security asset coverage ratio of 1.25x times to be maintained at all times both present & future of the company.Irrevocable power of attorney in favour of Bank/Security Trustee.Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mr.Richi Mathew, Ms. Ammini Mathew.	1,874.81	-	-	-	Principal repayment in 8 Months Equal Instalments After the third month with one repayment scheduled in each quarter and the last installment at the end of two years
AU Small Finance Bank	Pari Passu on present & future loan receivables (Net of Interest portion, Financial Charges, NPA, other charges, etc.) to be created upfront through Deed of Hypothecation / Deed of adherence or any such document required to create charge on requisite assets. Security Margin of 125% for the loan principal outstanding during the currency of the loan. Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mr.Richi Mathew, Ms. Ammini Mathew.	1,900.00	-	-	-	Repayable in 18 Principal Instalments starting from the following Month From the date of full disbursement
Indian Overseas Bank	First Pari-passu charge on gold loan receivables and current assets of the company along with secured debenture holders and other working capital lenders with minimum security coverage of 1.25. Collateral of FD of Rs 150 lakhs with IOB. Lien on fixed deposits equivalent to 15% of cash credit amount ie, Rs.3.00 crores (15% of Rs.20.00 crores). Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mr.Richi Mathew, Ms. Ammini Mathew.			1,919.52	570.92	On Demand
Total Principal		**17,373.85**	**11,263.78**	**5,117.11**	**3,779.44**	
Add: Interest Accrued		21.82	20.99	-	-	
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment		138.84	22.55	43.74	19.14	
Add: Impact on Restatement of Foreign Currency Denominated Borrowings		416.28	39.02	-	-	
Total		**17,673.12**	**11,301.24**	**5,073.36**	**3,760.30**	

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

B] Terms and Conditions of borrowings from Financial Institutions:

Name of the Financial Institution	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	
Oxyzo Financial Services Limited	First ranking pari-passu charge by way of hypothecation on the Companies entire Loan receivables (present and future), unencumbered cash and cash equivalents and other current assets along with other existing lenders and ("Hypothecated Assets"). A demand promissory note ("DPN"), a letter of continuity and DPN Delivery cum Waiver Letter.Further, the Lender shall have a general lien and set-off right on all assets of the Borrower on a first ranking pari passu basis, whereby the Lender will be entitled to recover its outstanding Amounts from the sale of any existing and future assets of the Borrower at any point in time during the Facility Tenure on the occurrence of Event of Default. Security cover: 1.20x (One Point Two times) of the Outstanding Amounts under the Facility at all time. Unconditional and Irrevocable Personal Guarantee of Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mr. Richi Mathew, Ms. Ammini Mathew.	1,805.56	1,527.78	-	-	18 equal principal instalments
Piramal Enterprises Limited	First pari passu over the entire book debts of the Company, both present and future.Borrower shall ensure that a minimum security cover of 1.25x is maintained at all times during the tenor of the facility.Personal Guarantee of Promoters viz. Mr. Mathew Mathai Ninan and Mr Richi Mathew	800.00	1,200.00	-	-	Principal amount shall be repaid in equal monthly installments. Tenure-15 months from the date of first disbursement under the facility for each tranche under the facility
Bajaj Finance Limited	First Pari passu charge on the loan portfolio of the Borrower by way of hypothecation on the secured loan installments receivables both present and future created from the proceeds of the Facillty, with a minimum asset cover of 1.25x on the principal amount and interest during the currency of the loan.Cash collateral of 5% of facility amount secured by lien on term deposit with BFL. Personal Guarantee of Promoters viz. Mr. Mathew Mathai Ninan and Mr Richi Mathew	533.33	800.00	-	-	Repayment in 15 equal monthly installments. First repayment starts from 05-09-2025

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Name of the Financial Institution	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	
Kerala Financial Corporation	Pari-passu first charge by way of hypothecation of the entire present and future book debts and receivables of the NBFC (gold loan receivables) shared with existing lenders and secured debenture holders. Portfolios like Microfinance that are specifically charged to any other lender shall be excluded. A minimum-security coverage of 1.25 times the loan sanctioned by the Corporation (minimum of Rs.6250 lakh) shall be ensured with the book debts and receivables of the secured (secured with tangible assets) standard category loans (excluding SMA-2, NPA & Fraud cases) provided by the NBFC.Personal Guarantee of Promoters viz. Mr. Mathew Mathai Ninan and Mr Richi Mathew	4,219.99	2,530.09	-	-	Principal amount is to be repaid in 20 installments commencing at the end of the month of drawal of the first installment. Principal shall be due on every quarter
Paul Merchants Finance Private Limited	For the payment and discharge of the outstanding obligations under the loan, the Borrower as the legal and beneficial owner of the Hypothecated Assets: shall create a first ranking Pari Passu continuing charge by way of hypothecation over receivables, as are required for providing the Security Cover ("Hypothecated Assets"). A demand promissory note in favour of the Lender in the format provided by the Lender. Pari Passu letters from all the lenders to be submitted within 90 days of disbursement. .Minimum security cover of 125% (one hundred twenty five percent) shall be maintained by the Borrower from the date of execution of the Deed of Hypothecation till the final settlement date.Minimum security cover of 125% (one hundred twenty five percent) shall be maintained by the Borrower from the date of execution of the Deed of Hypothecation till the final settlement date. Deed of personal guarantee of to be provided by Mr. Richi Mathew, Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Ms. Ammini Mathew	1,695.15	-	-	-	Repayable in 18 equal monthly instalments, with repayment due on the 10th of each month.

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Name of the Financial Institution	Security	Term Loan		Repayable on Demand		Repayment Terms
		As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	
STCI Finance Limited	Hypothecation by way of first pari passu charge of debts/receivables fulfilling the following criteria:Arising out of all present and future movable assets including book debts, loan receivables cash and bank balances etc.Of Principal dues only, which are Standard assets,With a coverage of 1.25 times the dues to STCL The borrower must maintain a minimum asset cover of 1.15 times the outstanding loan amount through the exclusive hypothecation of present and future loan assets or book debts. This required coverage must be upheld throughout the duration of the facility.Personal Guarantees of Mr. Richi Mathew, Mr. Mathew Mathaininan, Mrs. Ammini Mathew.	2,000.00	-	-	-	Loan repayable in 24 equal monthly installments
Kisetsu Saison Finance(india) Private liminted	The Facility shall be secured on a first pari-passu charge basis by way of hypothecation over the entire present and future receivables (including only gold loan receivables but excluding personal loan receivables) and other current assets (book debts, stock in trade etc) which the Borrower has received or is entitled to receive, in present or in future, from its borrower/customers, in connection with any existing and future loans/advances, facilities and/or finance provided by the Borrower in its regular course of business and under the facilities constituting the Portfolio, and any other asset, property or right that the Borrower acquires using the proceeds of the Facility and such other assets of the Borrower (collectively referred to as the "Hypothecated Assets"). The Borrower will ensure that the HypothecatedAssets charged in favour of the Lender are sufficientto maintain a security cover of at least 1.25 times ofthe outstanding amounts under the Facility until theoutstanding amounts have been unconditionally andirrevocably repaid and discharged to the satisfactionof the Lender. Unconditional and irrevocable Personal Guarantee of Promoters - Mr. Mathaininan Mathew Muthoot and Mr. Richi Mathew .	1,600.00	-	-	-	The principal amounts under the Facility will be repaid in 15 (fifteen) equal instalments payable on a monthly basis, on the fifteenth (15th) day of every month from the date of disbursement, that is from Drawdown Date.
Total Principal		**12,654.03**	**6,057.87**	-	-	
Add: Interest Accrued		-	17.91	-	-	
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment		95.24	74.71	-	-	
Total		**12,558.79**	**6,001.07**	-	-	

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16.2 Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern of borrowings (other than debt securities) as on the date of the balance sheet is as under:

As at 31st March 2026				
	Rate of Interest			Total
Repayable within	>7.28% - <=9.80%	>9.80% - <=10.35%	>10.50% - <=11.00%	
Due within 2-3 years	625.00	1,093.75	2,100.00	3,818.75
Due within 1-2 years	2,083.28	808.33	3,384.93	6,276.55
Due within 1 year	5,072.16	11,858.05	8,535.77	25,465.97
Total Principal	**7,780.44**	**13,760.13**	**14,020.70**	**35,561.27**
Add: Interest Accrued				21.82
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment				277.82
Total				**35,305.27**

As at 31st March 2025				
	Rate of Interest			Total
Repayable within	>=8.5% - <=9.15%	>9.15% - <=9.65%	>9.65% - <=10%	
Due within 2-3 years	700.00	213.89	500.00	1,413.89
Due within 1-2 years	2,593.33	1,074.67	1,000.00	4,668.00
Due within 1 year	6,508.47	4,220.95	4,328.79	15,058.21
Total Principal	**9,801.80**	**5,509.51**	**5,828.79**	**21,140.10**
Add: Interest Accrued				38.90
Less: Effective Interest Rate Adjustment				116.39
Total				**21,062.61**

17 **Subordinate Liabilities**

	As at 31st March 2026				As at 31st March 2025			
Particulars	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total	At Amortised Cost	At Fair value through Profit or Loss	Designated at Fair value through Profit or Loss	Total
Subordinated Debt	21,051.51	-	-	**21,051.51**	20,629.49	-	-	**20,629.49**
Total (A)	**21,051.51**	-	-	**21,051.51**	**20,629.49**	-	-	**20,629.49**
Borrowings in India	21,051.51	-	-	**21,051.51**	20,629.49	-	-	**20,629.49**
Borrowings outside India	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	**21,051.51**	-	-	**21,051.51**	**20,629.49**	-	-	**20,629.49**

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

17.1 Details of rate of interest and maturity pattern is as under:

As at 31st March 2026

Redeemable at par within	Rate of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 4-5 years	-	-	1,66,557	1,665.57	5,58,972	5,589.72	7,25,529	7,255.29
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	-	-	2,54,328	2,543.28	2,54,328	2,543.28
Due within 2-3 years	-	-	1,01,280	1,012.80	29,979	299.79	1,31,259	1,312.59
Due within 1-2 years	79,444	794.44	2,29,444	2,294.44	1,93,665	1,936.65	5,02,553	5,025.53
Due within 1 year	61,570	615.70	2,37,917	2,379.17	51,171	511.71	3,50,658	3,506.58
Total	**1,41,014**	**1,410.14**	**7,35,198**	**7,351.98**	**10,88,115**	**10,881.15**	**19,64,327**	**19,643.27**
Add: Interest Accrued								1,408.24
Total								**21,051.51**

As at 31st March 2025

Redeemable at par within	Rate of Interest						Total	
	<10%		>= 10% < 11%		>=11%			
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Due within 4-5 years	-	-	-	-	2,54,328	2,543.28	2,54,328	2,543.28
Due within 3-4 years	-	-	1,00,505	1,005.05	29,246	292.46	1,29,751	1,297.51
Due within 2-3 years	79,744	797.44	2,30,419	2,304.19	1,94,398	1,943.98	5,04,561	5,045.61
Due within 1-2 years	61,770	617.70	2,38,217	2,382.17	51,171	511.71	3,51,158	3,511.58
Due within 1 year	2,08,222	2,082.22	3,22,292	3,222.92	95,055	950.55	6,25,569	6,255.69
Total	**3,49,736**	**3,497.36**	**8,91,433**	**8,914.33**	**6,24,198**	**6,241.98**	**18,65,367**	**18,653.67**
Add: Interest Accrued								1,975.82
Total								**20,629.49**

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

17.2 The principal amount of outstanding privately placed subordinated liabilities issued by the Company stood at Rs.19,643.27 Lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.18,653.67 Lakhs)

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	Interest Rate	Tenure
12	19-04-20 - 17-05-20	19-04-25 - 17-05-25	-	680.11	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
13	19-05-20 - 29-05-20	19-05-25 - 29-05-25	-	237.30	10.00% - 11.29%	60 Months
14	31-05-20 - 28-06-20	31-05-25 - 28-06-25	-	353.65	9.75% - 10.97%	60 Months
15	30-06-20 - 28-07-20	30-06-25 - 28-07-25	-	331.71	9.75% - 10.97%	60 Months
16	02-08-20 - 28-08-20	02-08-25 - 28-08-25	-	771.37	9.00% - 10.97%	60 Months
17	01-09-20 - 29-09-20	01-09-25 - 29-09-25	-	318.30	9.00% - 9.75%	60 Months
18	02-10-20 - 28-10-20	02-10-25 - 28-10-25	-	330.53	9.25% - 10.00%	60 Months
19	01-11-20 - 29-11-20	01-11-25 - 29-11-25	-	730.93	9.85% - 10.50%	60 Months
20	01-12-20 - 27-12-20	01-12-25 - 27-12-25	-	311.04	9.85% - 10.50%	60 Months
21	31-12-20 - 28-01-21	31-12-25 - 28-01-26	-	984.00	10.25% - 11.00%	60 Months
22	31-01-21 - 26-02-21	31-01-26 - 26-02-26	-	814.01	10.25% - 11.00%	60 Months
23	02-03-21 - 18-03-21	02-03-26 - 18-03-26	-	125.81	9.20% - 10.45%	60 Months
24	21-03-21 - 18-04-21	21-03-26 - 18-04-26	194.81	461.74	10.25% - 11.00%	60 Months
25	20-04-21 - 18-05-21	20-04-26 - 18-05-26	291.49	291.49	10.25% - 11.00%	60 Months
26	23-05-21 - 17-06-21	23-05-26 - 17-06-26	321.72	321.72	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
27	20-06-21 - 18-07-21	20-06-26 - 18-07-26	322.88	322.88	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
28	20-07-21 - 17-08-21	20-07-26 - 17-08-26	292.59	292.59	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
29	19-08-21 - 16-09-21	19-08-26 - 16-09-26	370.53	373.53	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
30	19-09-21 - 17-10-21	19-09-26 - 17-10-26	406.87	406.87	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
31	19-10-21 - 16-11-21	19-10-26 - 16-11-26	475.03	475.03	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
32	18-11-21 - 16-12-21	18-11-26 - 16-12-26	234.70	234.70	9.00% - 10.00%	60 Months
33	19-12-21 - 17-01-22	19-12-26 - 17-01-27	362.79	363.79	9.00% - 10.00%	60 Months
34	19-01-22 - 30-01-22	19-01-27 - 30-01-27	139.32	140.32	9.00% - 10.00%	60 Months
35	01-02-22 - 01-03-22	01-02-27 - 01-03-27	79.55	79.55	8.00% - 9.00%	60 Months
36	03-03-22 - 14-03-22	03-03-27 - 14-03-27	14.30	14.30	8.00% - 9.00%	60 Months
37	18-07-22 - 15-08-22	18-07-27 - 15-08-27	1,103.59	1,106.59	9.50% - 11.00%	60 Months
38	18-08-22 - 15-09-22	18-08-27 - 15-09-27	245.56	245.56	9.50% - 11.00%	60 Months
39	26-09-22 - 24-10-22	26-09-27 - 24-10-27	849.35	849.35	10.00% - 12.00%	60 Months
40	27-10-22 - 24-11-22	27-10-27 - 24-11-27	918.41	918.41	10.25% - 12.00%	60 Months
41	27-11-22 - 22-12-22	27-11-27 - 22-12-27	604.40	604.40	10.25% - 12.00%	60 Months
42	25-12-22 - 22-01-23	25-12-27 - 22-01-28	407.38	407.38	10.25% - 12.00%	60 Months
43	24-01-23 - 21-02-23	24-01-28 - 21-02-28	465.30	467.30	10.50% - 12.00%	60 Months
44	23-02-23 - 24-03-23	23-02-28 - 24-03-28	357.31	357.31	10.50% - 12.00%	60 Months
45	26-03-23 - 23-04-23	26-03-28 - 23-04-28	278.34	278.34	10.50% - 12.00%	60 Months
46	25-04-23 - 24-05-23	25-04-28 - 24-05-28	270.48	270.48	10.50% - 12.00%	60 Months
47	28-05-23 - 26-06-23	28-05-28 - 26-06-28	185.20	185.20	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
48	29-06-23 - 26-07-23	29-06-28 - 26-07-28	455.03	455.03	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
49	28-07-23 - 25-08-23	28-07-28 - 25-08-28	197.77	197.77	10.00% - 11.00%	60 Months
50	28-05-24 - 25-06-24	28-05-29 - 25-06-29	452.38	452.38	12.00% - 14.00%	60 Months

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Series	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	Interest Rate	Tenure
51	27-06-24 - 18-07-24	27-06-29 - 18-07-29	282.70	282.70	12.00% - 14.00%	60 Months
52	12-09-24 - 14-10-24	12-09-29 - 14-10-29	523.40	523.40	11.00% - 13.75%	60 Months
53	15-10-24 - 17-11-24	15-10-29 - 17-11-29	208.06	208.06	11.00% - 12.85%	60 Months
54	25-11-24 - 27-01-25	25-11-29 - 27-01-30	385.51	385.51	11.00% - 13.40%	60 Months
55	29-01-25 - 10-03-25	29-01-30 - 10-03-30	691.23	691.23	11.40% - 13.40%	60 Months
56	18-04-25 - 22-04-25	18-04-30 - 22-04-30	20.80	-	10.25% - 12.00%	60 Months
57	23-04-25 - 25-04-25	23-04-30 - 25-04-30	51.60	-	11.25% - 13.25%	60 Months
58	25-04-25 - 06-07-25	25-04-30 - 06-07-30	264.08	-	10.25% - 12.00%	60 Months
59	30-07-25 - 21-09-25	30-07-30 - 21-09-30	865.76	-	10.75% - 12.82%	60 Months
60	25-09-25 - 05-10-25	25-09-30 - 05-10-30	38.80	-	10.25% - 12.12%	60 Months
61	06-10-25 - 15-10-25	06-10-30 - 15-10-30	791.49	-	11.25% - 13.25%	60 Months
62	18-12-25 - 28-01-26	18-12-30 - 28-01-31	615.50	-	10.50% - 12.50%	60 Months
63	03-02-26 - 18-02-26	03-02-31 - 18-02-31	484.73	-	10.50% - 13.50%	60 Months
64	20-02-26 - 12-03-26	20-02-31 - 12-03-31	2,818.60	-	11.50% - 13.50%	60 Months
65	15-03-26 - 30-03-26	15-03-31 - 30-04-32	1,303.93	-	11.50% - 16.44%	60-73 Months
Total Principal			**19,643.27**	**18,653.67**		
Add: Interest Accrued			1,408.24	1,975.82		
Total			**21,051.51**	**20,629.49**		

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18 Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Unpaid matured debentures and Interest accrued thereon	7.25	38.94
Unpaid Subordinate Debt and Interest Accrued thereon	156.67	69.43
Creditors for capital goods	19.98	93.97
Employee Related Payables	32.34	300.06
Others	134.12	111.30
	350.36	**613.70**

18.1 Unpaid matured debentures and Interest accrued thereon include an amount of Rs.0.25 Lakhs (Previous Year : Nil), Liability towards Investor Education and Protection Fund towards unpaid matured deposits and interest on matured deposits

19 Provisions

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Employee Benefits (Refer Note 34)		
- Gratuity	209.42	149.69
- Leave Encashment	83.52	42.05
	292.94	**191.74**

20 Other Non-financial liabilities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Statutory Dues Payable	74.27	150.04
	74.27	**150.04**

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

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21 Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Authorised				
15,90,00,000 (Previous Year: 5,50,00,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each	15,90,00,000	15,900.00	5,50,00,000	5,500.00
1,40,000 (Previous Year: Nil) preference shares of Rs.10/- each	1,40,00,000	1,400.00	-	-
Total	**17,30,00,000**	**17,300.00**	**5,50,00,000**	**5,500.00**
Issued, subscribed and fully paid				
14,56,74,988 (Previous Year: 3,64,18,747) equity shares of Rs.10/- each	14,56,74,988	14,567.50	3,64,18,747	3,641.87
Total	**14,56,74,988**	**14,567.50**	**3,64,18,747**	**3,641.87**

21.1 Reconciliation of the Number of Equity Shares outstanding

The reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding and the corresponding amount thereof, as at the Balance Sheet date is set out below:

Equity Shares	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
At the beginning of the year	3,64,18,747	3,641.87	3,64,18,747	3,641.87
Add: Issued during the year	10,92,56,241	10,925.62	-	-
At the end of the year	**14,56,74,988**	**14,567.50**	**3,64,18,747**	**3,641.87**

21.2 Rights, preferences and restrictions in respect of each class of shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

21.3 Details of Equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the shareholder	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding
M. Mathew	6,25,87,332	42.96%	1,56,46,833	42.96%
Richi Mathew	5,20,29,268	35.72%	1,30,07,317	35.72%
Reena Verghese	2,18,51,248	15.00%	54,62,812	15.00%
Asha Richi Mathew	87,40,500	6.00%	21,85,125	6.00%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

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21.4 Details of Shares held by promoters at the end of the year

As at 31st March 2026

Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
M. Mathew	6,25,87,332	42.96%	0%
Richi Mathew	5,20,29,268	35.72%	0%
Reena Verghese	2,18,51,248	15.00%	0%
Ammini Mathew	4,64,964	0.32%	0%
Asha Richi Mathew	87,40,500	6.00%	0%
Total	**14,56,73,312**		

As at 31st March 2025

Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
M. Mathew	1,56,46,833	42.96%	-
Richi Mathew	1,30,07,317	35.72%	-
Reena Verghese	54,62,812	15.00%	-
Ammini Mathew	1,16,241	0.32%	-
Asha Richi Mathew	21,85,125	6.00%	-
Total	**3,64,18,328**		

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

22 Other Equity

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Statutory Reserve (pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,945.57	3,383.78
Add: Transfer from retained earnings	1,070.00	561.79
Balance at the end of the year	**5,015.57**	**3,945.57**
Capital Redemption Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,280.63	2,280.63
Balance at the end of the year	**2,280.63**	**2,280.63**
Impairment Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	311.92	311.92
Add: Transferred from Retained Earnings	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	**311.92**	**311.92**
Retained Earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	9,074.48	6,827.34
Add: Profit for the year	5,334.71	2,808.93
Less: Appropriations		
Transferred to Statutory Reserve	1,070.00	561.79
Transferred to Impairment Reserve	-	-
Issue of Bonus Share	10,925.62	
Total appropriations	**11,995.63**	**561.79**
Balance at the end of the year	**2,413.56**	**9,074.48**
Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance at the beginning of the year	**(25.34)**	**20.64**
Add: Additions during the year	53.94	(45.98)
Balance at the end of the year	**28.60**	**(25.34)**
	10,050.28	**15,587.26**

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(i) Statutory Reserve:

Statutory Reserve represents the Reserve Fund created under Section 45 IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly an amount representing 20% of Profit for the year is transferred to the fund.

(ii) Capital Redemption Reserve:

This reserve created on account of buyback of equity shares during the financial year 2016-17.

(iii) Impairment Reserve:

As per Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company– Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, Where impairment allowance under Ind AS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under Income Recognition, Asset Classification, and Provisioning (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs shall appropriate the difference from their net profit or loss after tax to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'. The balance in the 'Impairment Reserve' shall not be reckoned for regulatory capital. Further, no withdrawals shall be permitted from this reserve without prior permission from the Department of Supervision of the Reserve Bank.

(iv) Retained Earnings:

This Reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company. This Reserve can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(v) Other comprehensive income:

Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges and Cost of Hedging Reserve

Effective portion of cash flow hedges represents the cumulative gains/(losses) arising on changes in fair value of the derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges through OCI. The amount recognized as effective portion of Cash flow hedge is reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss. The company designates the spot element of foreign currency forward contracts as hedging instruments. The changes in the fair value of forward element of the forward contract on reporting date is deferred and retained in the cost of hedging reserve.

Remeasurement of defined benefit plans

It represents the gain/(loss) on remeasurement of Defined Benefit Obligation

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23 Interest Income

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026			Year ended 31st March 2025		
	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial Assets measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost	Interest Income on Financial Assets classified at fair value through profit or loss
Interest on Loans	-	24,183.57	-	-	16,054.23	-
Interest on Deposit with banks	-	228.62	-	-	252.96	-
	-	24,412.19	-	-	16,307.19	-

24 Fees and Commission Income

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Service Charges Received	221.67	99.00
Commission Received	52.28	0.84
	273.94	99.84

25 Other Income

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Finance income on security deposit	23.37	18.68
Miscellaneous Income	56.47	44.93
Penal Charges	93.02	120.72
Gain on cancellation of lease	12.26	51.26
Gain on sale of mutual fund	7.80	-
	192.92	235.59

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

26 Finance Costs

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026		Year ended 31st March 2025	
	On Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	On Financial liabilities measured at Amortised Cost
Interest on Debt Securities	-	4,962.57	-	2,753.90
Interest on Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	-	3,429.58	-	1,970.49
Interest on Subordinate Liabilities	-	1,864.69	-	2,094.78
Interest on Lease Liabilities	-	495.94	-	478.21
	-	**10,752.77**	**-**	**7,297.38**

27 Impairment on Financial Instruments

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026		Year ended 31st March 2025	
	On Financial Instruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Instruments measured at Amortised Cost	On Financial Instruments measured at fair value through OCI	On Financial Instruments measured at Amortised Cost
Loans	-	108.80	-	447.98
	-	**108.80**	**-**	**447.98**

28 Employee Benefits Expenses

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Salaries and wages	3,746.44	3,036.76
Contribution to provident and other funds	127.97	97.24
Staff welfare expenses	12.82	11.28
	3,887.23	**3,145.28**

29 Depreciation and Amortisation Expense

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Depreciation of tangible assets	302.66	222.82
Depreciation of right-of- use asset	831.85	738.67
Amortization of intangible assets	0.65	0.70
	1,135.16	**962.19**

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30 Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Rent	299.26	117.47
Rates and taxes	19.69	38.99
Repairs and maintenance	44.93	47.02
Communication Costs	54.09	71.08
Printing and stationery	67.98	63.23
Advertising and sales promotion	268.82	115.61
Directors' Sitting Fees	2.88	2.58
Auditor's fees and expenses (Refer Note 30.1)	16.50	17.00
Professional charges	270.11	25.06
Insurance	87.28	68.12
Electricity Charges	86.74	69.56
Computer maintenance and services	9.30	9.14
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (Refer note 30.2)	47.62	54.34
Travelling and conveyance	147.75	96.63
Office expenses	254.57	191.24
Bad Debts	4.18	-
Fees and Commission expense	27.97	-
	1,709.66	**987.07**

30.1 Auditors' fees and expenses:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
As Auditor's (including limited review)	10.00	10.00
For Taxation Matters	1.50	2.00
For Other services	5.00	5.00
	16.50	**17.00**

30.2 Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
a) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	69.60	54.34
b) Amount approved by the board to be spent during the year	69.60	54.34
c) Amount spent during the year on:		
i. Construction/acquisition of any asset	-	-
ii. On purposes other than (i) above	47.62	54.34
d) Nature of CSR activities	Amount distributed for promoting livelihood and healthcare	Amount distributed for promoting livelihood and healthcare
e) Shortfall at the year end	21.99	-
f) Reason for shortfall	The management has proposed to transfer the shortfall to a fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013	-
g) Details of related party transactions	NIL	NIL

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31 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
A) Profit after Tax attributable to the Equity Shareholders	5,334.71	2,808.93
B) Number of Equity Shares at the beginning of the year	3,64,18,747	3,64,18,747
C) Number of Equity Shares issued during the year	10,92,56,241	-
D) Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year	14,56,74,988	3,64,18,747
E) Weighted average number of Equity Shares outstanding during the year *	14,56,74,988	14,56,74,988
F) Nominal Value of each Equity Share (Rs.)	10	10
Basic Earnings per Share (Rs.)(A/E)	**3.66**	**1.93**
Diluted Earnings per Share (Rs.)(A/E)	**3.66**	**1.93**

*During the financial year, the company has issued 10,92,56,241 number of equity shares to existing equity shareholders as bonus shares. Therefore, the total number of equity shares has increased from 3,64,18,747 to 14,56,74,988 without an increase in resources.The number of equity shares outstanding before the event is adjusted for the proportionate change in the number of equity shares outstanding as if the event had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period reported, i.e., weighted average number of equity shares considered for Earnings Per Share computation for the financial year ended 2025 is also restated from 3,64,18,747 to 14,56,74,988 to comply with Ind AS 33 -Earnings Per Share (EPS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

32 Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Contingent Liabilities		
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:		
Income tax demands pending rectification	98.33	111.87
	98.33	**111.87**
Commitments		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for;	-	-
	-	-

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33 Income Tax

The Company has computed the tax expense of the current financial year and previous year as per the provisions of section 115BAA of the income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, the provision for current and deferred tax has been computed at the rate of 25.168%.

A) The components of income tax expense for the year ended 31st March 2026 and 31st March 2025 are:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Current tax	1,854.22	963.95
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	73.03	15.79
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	23.48	14.05
Income tax expense reported in Statement of Profit and Loss	**1,950.73**	**993.79**
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI)		
Deferred tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
- Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	2.77	(1.70)
- Changes in value of forward element of forward contract	-	1.72
- Effective portion of gain on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges	(13.61)	15.45
Income tax charged to OCI	**(10.84)**	**15.47**

B) Reconciliation of Income tax expense:

The tax charge shown in the Statement of Profit and Loss differ from the tax charge that would apply if all the profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the year ended 31st March 2026 and year ended 31st March 2025 is, as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2026	For the year ended 31st March, 2025
Accounting profit before tax	7,285.44	3,802.72
At India's statutory income tax rate of 25.168% (2025: 25.168%)	1,833.60	957.07
Add: Tax on Expenses disallowed in Income Tax Act	93.65	22.67
Add: Adjustments in respect of income tax of prior year	23.48	14.05
Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	**1,950.73**	**993.79**





C) The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income tax expense:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Fixed asset: Timing difference on account of Depreciation and Amortisation	326.99	263.94
On application of Expected Credit Loss method for loan loss provisions and related adjustments as per Ind AS 109 not adjusted under Income Tax Act, 1961	-	62.01
On Fair Value Changes of derivative asset not adjusted under Income Tax Act, 1961	(13.61)	17.17
On Amortisation of expenses under Effective Interest Rate method for financial liabilities not permitted under Income Tax Act, 1961	(209.50)	(140.60)
On Other Provisions/Disallowances	69.56	43.95
Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) (Net)	**173.44**	**246.47**

D) Reconciliation of deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2026	For the year ended 31st March, 2025
Opening balance	246.47	246.79
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	(73.03)	(15.79)
Tax income/(expense) during the period recognised in OCI	-	15.47
Closing balance	**173.44**	**246.47**

Movement of Deferred Tax Asset/Liability	As at 31st March 2025	Recognised in P&L	Recognised in OCI	As at 31st March 2026
Fixed asset: Timing difference on account of Depreciation and Amortisation	263.94	63.05	-	326.99
On application of Expected Credit Loss method for loan loss provisions and related adjustments as per Ind AS 109 not adjusted under Income Tax Act, 1961	62.01	(62.01)	-	-
On Fair Value Changes of derivative asset not adjusted under Income Tax Act, 1961	17.17	(30.78)	-	(13.61)
On Amortisation of expenses under Effective Interest Rate method for financial liabilities not permitted under Income Tax Act, 1961	(140.60)	(68.90)	-	(209.50)
On Other Provisions/Disallowances	43.95	25.61	-	69.56
	246.47	**(73.03)**	**-**	**173.44**

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34 Retirement Benefit Plan

A) Defined Contribution Plan

The Company makes Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions which are defined contribution plans, for qualifying employees. Under the Schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company recognized Rs.25.23 lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.17.78 lakhs) for Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions and Rs.102.75 lakhs(Previous Year: Rs.79.46 lakhs) for Provident Fund contributions in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the Schemes.

B) Defined Benefit Plan(Gratuity)

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service.

The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Mortality table	IALM 2012-14 Ult	IALM 2012-14 Ult
Superannuation age	58 Years	58 Years
Early retirement and disablement	None	None
Discount rate	6.59%	6.50%
Inflation rate	7%	7%
Return on asset	N/A	N/A
Remaining working life	5	5
Formula used	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year

Details of Change in Present value of Defined Benefit Obligation is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at Beginning of Year	149.69	117.92
Current Service Cost	44.31	31.78
Interest Cost	12.61	10.78
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss due to change in assumptions and experience deviation	13.79	(6.76)
Benefits Paid	(10.99)	(4.03)
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at End of Year	209.42	149.69

Changes in fair value of plan assets
Not applicable as scheme is unfunded

Funded status
Not applicable as scheme is unfunded

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Amount to be Recognised in Balance sheet:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation at End of Year	209.42	149.69
Fair value of Plan Asset	-	-
Liability(-)/Asset(+) recognised in Balance Sheet	(209.42)	(149.69)
Current Liability	30.37	24.87
Non-Current Liability	179.05	124.82

Net Expense Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Current service cost	44.31	31.78
Interest cost	12.61	10.78
Income (-)/Expense(+) recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	56.92	42.56

Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Actuarial gain /(loss) due to assumption changes	1.00	(5.39)
Experience adjustments[Gain/(Loss)]	(14.79)	12.15
Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	(13.79)	6.76

Sensitivity Analysis

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Current year basis	209.42	149.69
Last years basis	210.42	144.30
Discount rate increased by 0.25%	206.68	147.72
Discount rate decreased by 0.25%	212.22	151.71
Salary Escalation rate increased by 2%	231.25	165.42
Salary Escalation rate decreased by 2%	190.78	136.29
Employee Turnover rate increased by 2%	200.44	143.14
Employee Turnover rate decreased by 2%	219.66	157.24

C) Compensated Absence (Leave encashment)

The principal assumptions used in determining leave encashment obligations for the Company's plans are shown below:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Mortality table	IALM 2012-14 ULT	IALM 2012-14 ULT
Superannuation age	58 Years	58 Years
Early retirement and disablement	None	None
Discount rate	6.90%	6.90%
Inflation rate	7%	7%
Return on asset	N/A	N/A
Remaining working life	5	5
Formula used	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year	Projected unit credit Method with control period of one year

35 Maturity analysis of Assets and Liabilities :

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026			As at 31st March 2025		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Assets						
Financial Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	696.74	-	696.74	925.47	-	925.47
Bank Balance other than above	2,313.63	174.02	2,487.64	2,233.09	498.14	2,731.23
Derivative financial instruments	397.48	-	397.48	17.81	-	17.81
Loans	1,30,380.45	215.73	1,30,596.18	89,342.97	330.50	89,673.47
Adjustment on Account of ECL			(732.23)			(623.43)
Other Financial Assets	592.46	21.82	614.28	4.81	584.98	589.79
Total (A)	**1,34,380.77**	**411.56**	**1,34,060.10**	**92,524.15**	**1,413.62**	**93,314.34**
Non-Financial Assets						
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	-	173.44	173.44	-	246.47	246.47
Property, Plant and Equipment	-	922.18	922.18	-	967.84	967.84
Other Intangible Assets	-	1.22	1.22	-	1.87	1.87
Right-of-Use Asset	-	4,260.18	4,260.18	-	4,245.11	4,245.11
Other Non-Financial Assets	515.19	7.87	523.05	26.42	277.95	304.37
Total (B)	**515.19**	**5,364.88**	**5,880.07**	**26.42**	**5,739.24**	**5,765.66**
Total Assets (A+B)	**1,34,895.95**	**5,776.45**	**1,39,940.17**	**92,550.57**	**7,152.86**	**99,080.00**
Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities						
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-	-	54.45	-	54.45
Trade Payables						
(A) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	28.56	-	28.56	48.71	-	48.71
(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises.	47.27	-	47.27	124.57	-	124.57
Debt Securities	14,677.37	38,324.14	53,001.51	9,909.30	22,639.80	32,549.10
Less: Adjustment on account of EIR			(684.34)			(572.01)
Borrowings	25,487.79	10,095.30	35,583.09	15,097.09	6,081.91	21,179.00
Less: Adjustment on account of EIR			(277.82)			(116.39)
Subordinate Liabilities	3,877.27	17,174.24	21,051.51	7,338.09	13,291.40	20,629.49
Lease Liabilities	1,259.45	3,700.80	4,960.25	1,101.31	3,716.91	4,818.22
Other Financial Liabilities	350.36	-	350.36	613.70	-	613.70
Total (C)	**45,728.06**	**69,294.48**	**1,14,060.39**	**34,287.22**	**45,730.02**	**79,328.84**

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Particulars	As at 31st March 2026			As at 31st March 2025		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Non-Financial Liabilities						
Current tax liabilities (Net)	894.79	-	894.79	180.25	-	180.25
Provisions	83.81	209.13	292.94	48.24	143.50	191.74
Other Non-Financial Liabilities	74.27	-	74.27	150.04	-	150.04
Total (D)	**1,052.87**	**209.13**	**1,262.00**	**378.53**	**143.50**	**522.03**
Total Liabilities (C+D)	**46,780.94**	**69,503.60**	**1,15,322.39**	**34,665.75**	**45,873.52**	**79,850.87**
Net	**88,115.02**	**(63,727.16)**	**24,617.78**	**57,884.82**	**(38,720.66)**	**19,229.13**

36 Changes in Liabilities arising from Financing Activities

Particulars	As at 31st March 2025	Cash Flows	Other	As at 31st March 2026
Debt Securities	31,977.09	20,340.08	-	52,317.17
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	21,062.61	14,193.75	48.91	35,305.27
Subordinate Liabilities	20,629.49	422.02	-	21,051.51
Total	**73,669.19**	**34,955.85**	**48.91**	**1,08,673.96**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	Cash Flows	Other	As at 31st March 2025
Debt Securities	14,626.37	16,577.08	773.64	31,977.09
Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	19,275.99	1,747.72	38.90	21,062.61
Subordinate Liabilities	23,300.00	(2,331.85)	(338.66)	20,629.49
Total	**57,202.36**	**15,992.95**	**473.88**	**73,669.19**

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37 Related Parties Disclosures

A List of related parties and nature of relationship with Company

I. Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives

1. Muthoot Mercantile Nidhi Limited
2. Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited
3. Muthoot Mutual Fund Limited
4. Muthoot Computer Software Development and research Institute Private Limited
5. Richi Mathew Software Technologies Limited
6. Richi Mathew Securities
7. Muthoot AI Labs Limited

II. Key Managerial Personnel and Relatives

1. Richi Mathew (Managing Director)
2. M Mathew (Wholetime Director)
3. Ammini Mathew (Wholetime Director)
4. Asha Richi Mathew (Director)
5. Nimisha Elisabeth Verghese (Daughter of Reena Verghese- relative of M Mathew)
6. Justin D (Director - Independent and non executive)
7. M R Rajeev (Chief Financial Officer)(Resigned from 03/07/2025)
8. Raghul S R (Chief Financial Officer)(Resigned from 16/03/2026)
9. Arun Kumar V K (Company Secretary)(Resigned from 15/10/2025)
10. Vatanapally Haridas Rupesh (Company Secretary) (With effect from 18/04/2026)
11. Reena Verghese (Daughter of M Mathew)
12. Giselle Richi (Daughter of Richi Mathew)
13. Gabriela Ninan Richi (Daughter of Richi Mathew)
14. Pathrose Ladislal (Director - Additional Director)
15. Nikita Elizabeth Verghese (Daughter of Reena Verghese - relative of M Mathew)
16. Antony Robert John (Director - Independent and non executive)
17. Raghupathy S (Chief Financial Officer)(Resigned from 07/11/2025)
18. Bagavath Krishnan Venugopal (Chief Financial Officer)(With effect from 16/03/2026)
19. Rakesh perunilath (Company Secretary)(Resigned from 12/02/2026)

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B Related Party Transactions during the year

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Rent Paid				
M Mathew	-	-	16.35	16.35
Ammini Mathew	-	-	16.35	16.35
Remuneration				
M.Mathew	-	-	24.00	24.00
Richi Mathew	-	-	60.00	75.00
Ammini Mathew	-	-	24.00	24.00
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	12.00	12.00
Reghupathy S	-	-	10.72	-
Rakesh P	-	-	4.27	-
Raghul S R	-	-	12.81	-
M R Rajeev	-	-	6.64	24.29
Arun Kumar V K	-	-	7.03	0.68
Remya R S	-	-	-	7.19
Neethu C Biju	-	-	-	3.30
Commission				
M Mathew	-	-	-	150.12
Richi Mathew	-	-	-	150.12
Profit in Lieu of Salary				
M Mathew	-	-	144.50	-
Richi Mathew	-	-	40.25	-
Perquisite				
Richi Mathew	-	-	10.00	-
Professional fee				
Richi Mathew	-	-	25.65	-
Richi mathew software technologies	11.00	-	-	-
Brokerage				
Richi Mathew	-	-	7.48	-
Richi mathew securities ltd	20.02	-	-	-

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Director's Sitting Fee				
M.Mathew	-	-	0.63	0.45
Richi Mathew	-	-	0.63	0.45
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	0.24	0.45
Ammini Mathew	-	-	0.63	0.42
Dillark Justin	-	-	0.09	0.36
Antony Robert John	-	-	0.63	0.45
Ladislas P			0.03	-
Gratuity Paid				
M R Rajeev	-	-	2.19	-
Interest paid on Debentures				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	1.40	-
Interest paid on Subordinate Debts				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	14.51	3.66
Giselle Richi	-	-	4.09	1.04
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	0.41	0.29
Reena Verghese	-	-	6.32	0.75
M Mathew	-	-	32.82	37.56
Ammini Mathew	-	-	0.59	1.95
Gabriela Ninan Richi	-	-	2.75	-
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	21.36	-
Richi Mathew	-	-	0.77	1.03

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

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C Balance outstanding as at the year end

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Debt Securities				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	5.10	5.10
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	5.10	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	5.10
Asha Richi Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	17.15	17.15
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	17.15	17.15
M Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	-	7.00
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	-	7.00
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	-
Subordinate Liabilities				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	27.75	34.10
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	25.75	6.35
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	2.00	27.75
Giselle Richi				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	12.65	12.45
Amount Accepted	-	-	9.25	2.00
Amount Repaid	-	-	7.50	1.80
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	14.40	12.65
Asha Richi Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	2.00	2.00
Amount Accepted	-	-	8.10	2.00
Amount Repaid	-	-	4.60	2.00
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	5.50	2.00
Reena Verghese				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	9.10	10.37
Amount Accepted	-	-	1.30	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	6.65	1.27
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	3.75	9.10

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Gabriela Ninan Richi				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	10.00	10.00
Amount Accepted	-	-	7.75	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	5.00	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	12.75	10.00
M Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	472.90	501.76
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	14.75
Amount Repaid	-	-	145.40	43.61
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	327.50	472.90
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	38.95	38.95
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	38.95	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	-	38.95
Ammini Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	22.10	43.85
Amount Accepted	-	-	-	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	7.90	21.75
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	14.20	22.10
Richi Mathew				
Balance outstanding at the beginning	-	-	15.00	15.00
Amount Accepted	-	-	10.00	-
Amount Repaid	-	-	15.00	-
Balance outstanding at the year end	-	-	10.00	15.00
Rental Deposits				
M Mathew & Ammini Mathew	-	-	150.00	150.00
Muthoot Syndicate Nidhi Limited	-	17.56	-	-
Interest Payable on Debenture				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	-	1.31
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	12.34	10.06
Interest Payable on Subordinate Debts				
Nikita Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	1.10	14.97
Giselle Richi	-	-	2.03	4.72
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	-	0.03
Reena Verghese	-	-	1.61	4.93
M Mathew	-	-	13.32	21.85
Ammini Mathew	-	-	4.00	5.71
Nimisha Elizabeth Verghese	-	-	-	20.42
Gabriela Ninan Richi	-	-	1.85	3.45
Richi Mathew	-	-	0.25	0.94

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives		Key Management Personnel/Director or their relatives	
	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Rent Payable				
M Mathew (Including GST)	-	-	-	1.35
Ammini Mathew (Including GST)	-	-	-	1.35
Remuneration Payable				
M.Mathew	-	-	-	1.40
Richi Mathew	-	-	-	-
Ammini Mathew	-	-	-	1.40
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	-	0.90
Reghupathy S	-	-	-	-
Rakesh P	-	-	-	-
Raghul S R	-	-	-	-
M R Rajeev	-	-	-	1.90
Arun Kumar V K	-	-	-	0.67
Remya R S	-	-	-	-
Neethu C Biju	-	-	-	-
Commission Payable				
M Mathew				
Opening payable	-	-	32.00	-
Payable during the year	-	-	-	32.00
Paid during the year	-	-	32.00	-
Closing payable	-	-	-	32.00
Richi Mathew				
Opening payable	-	-	25.00	-
Payable during the year	-	-	-	25.00
Paid during the year	-	-	25.00	-
Closing payable	-	-	-	25.00
Director's Sitting fee Payable				
M.Mathew	-	-	0.38	-
Richi Mathew	-	-	0.42	-
Asha Richi Mathew	-	-	0.22	-
Ammini Mathew	-	-	0.44	-
Dillark Justin	-	-	0.09	-
Antony Robert John	-	-	0.57	-
Ladislas P	-	-	0.03	-

Note:

a) The remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity, as they are determined on acturial basis for the company as a whole.

b) Related parties and the transactions have been identified on the basis of the declaration received by the management and other records available.

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38 Segment information

The Company is engaged primarily in the business of financing and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 -Operating Segments.

39 Assets pledged as security

The carrying amount of assets pledged as security for secured debt securities, secured borrowings (other than debt securities) and considered for returns or statement of current assets filed by the company with the banks/ financial institutions is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Financial assets		
Loans	1,29,863.95	89,050.04
Cash and cash equivalents	696.74	925.47
Deposits with bank	2,485.37	2,730.76
Security Deposits	517.58	455.23
	1,33,563.64	**93,161.50**

40 Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

Fair values hierarchy

The fair value of financial instruments has been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities [Level 1 measurements] and lowest priority to unobservable inputs [Level 3 measurements].
The categories used are as follows:
Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in an active market;
Level 2: Directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and
Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Valuation framework

The Company's fair value methodology and the governance over its models includes a number of controls and other procedures to ensure the quality and adequacy of the fair valuation. The objective of the valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value that reflects the price that would be received to sell the asset or paid to transfer the liability in the market at any given measurement date. The methodologies followed have been detailed below.
The fair valuation of the financial instruments and its ongoing measurement for financial reporting purposes is ultimately the responsibility of the finance team which reports to the Chief Financial Officer. The team ensures that final reported fair value figures are in compliance with Ind AS and will propose adjustments wherever required. When relying on third-party sources, the team is also responsible for understanding the valuation methodologies and sources of inputs and verifying their suitability for Ind AS reporting requirements.

Valuation methodologies of financial instruments measured at fair value

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

For investments at fair value through profit and loss, valuation is done using quoted prices from active markets at the measurement date. The equity instruments which are actively traded on public stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis are classified as Level 1. Units held in mutual funds are measured based on their published net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions are generally Level 1.

There are no such investments outstanding as at As at 31st March 2026 and As at 31st March 2025

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Valuation methodologies of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Fair value of instruments measured at amortised cost

Fair value of instruments that are initially measured at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost is disclosed as follows.

Particulars	Level	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
		Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	1	696.74	696.74	925.47	925.47
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	1	2,487.64	2,487.64	2,731.23	2,731.23
Loans	3	1,29,863.95	1,29,863.95	89,050.04	89,050.04
Other financial assets	3	614.28	614.28	589.79	589.79
Total		**1,33,662.61**	**1,33,662.61**	**93,296.53**	**93,296.53**
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	3	75.82	75.82	173.28	173.28
Debt securities	2	52,317.17	52,317.17	31,977.09	31,977.09
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	2	35,305.27	35,305.27	21,062.61	21,062.61
Subordinated Liabilities	2	21,051.51	21,051.51	20,629.49	20,629.49
Lease Liabilities	2	4,960.25	4,960.25	4,818.22	4,818.22
Other financial liabilities	3	350.36	350.36	613.70	613.70
Total		**1,14,060.39**	**1,14,060.39**	**79,274.39**	**79,274.39**

Valuation Techniques

Short-term financial assets and liabilities

For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (less than twelve months), the carrying amounts, which are net of impairment, are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include: cash and cash equivalents, balances other than cash and cash equivalents and trade payables without a specific maturity.

Loans and advances to customers

The fair values of loans and receivables are estimated by discounted cash flow models that incorporate assumptions for credit risks, probability of default and loss given default estimates. Since comparable data is not available, credit risk is derived using historical experience, management view and other information used in its collective impairment models.

Fair values of portfolios are calculated using a portfolio-based approach, grouping loans as far as possible into homogenous groups based on similar characteristics i.e., type of loan, underlying security risk, customer behaviour based on region etc. The Company then calculates and extrapolates the fair value to the entire portfolio using effective interest rate model that incorporate interest rate estimates considering all significant characteristics of the loans. The credit risk is applied as a top-side adjustment based on the collective impairment model incorporating probability of defaults and loss given defaults. Hence, the carrying amount of such financial assets at amortised cost net of impairment loss allowance is of reasonable approximation of their fair value.

Financial Liabilities at amortized cost

The fair values of the Company fixed rate interest-bearing debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities are determined by applying discounted cash flows ('DCF') method, using discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting period. For variable rate interest-bearing debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities, carrying value represent best estimate of their fair value as these are subject to changes in underlying interest rate indices as and when the changes happen.

All other debt securities, borrowings and subordinated liabilities availed by the Company are variable rate facilities which are subject to changes in underlying interest rate indices. Further, the credit spread on these facilities are subject to change with changes in Company creditworthiness. The management believes that the current rate of interest on these loans are in close approximation from market rates applicable to the Company. Therefore, the management estimates that the fair value of these borrowings are approximate to their respective carrying values.

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41 Risk Management

The Company has operations in various parts of India. As a financial lending institution, the Company is exposed to various risks, that are related to lending business and operating environment.. The primary aim of the Company's risk management framework is to evaluate and oversee these risks while implementing strategies, policies, and controls to mitigate their impact. The Company's main financial obligations include borrowings and trade and other payables, primarily utilized to fund and sustain its business activities. Its core financial assets consist of loans, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivables generated through its operations.

The Company has established robust policies and procedures to identify, assess, monitor, and manage risk across its operations. The risk management framework is subject to continuous evaluation and enhancement to ensure it remains effective and responsive to evolving risk scenarios. The adaptability of this process is regularly assessed to confirm its relevance in a dynamic risk environment. Risk assessment is also conducted in response to specific events that may impact the company's exposure.
The major type of risk Company faces in business are credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and operational risk.

A Credit Risk

Credit risk stems from the potential financial loss the Company may incur if a customer fails to meet their obligations under a loan agreement. Such losses may result from customer defaults or insufficient collateral.

A1 Credit risk management

To manage this risk, the Company has established several measures:

a) Credit risk associated with gold loans is significantly minimized, as the collateral comprises gold ornaments, which are highly liquid assets. The likelihood of loss is low due to the retention of a substantial margin—typically 25% or more—at the time of loan disbursement. Additionally, a prompt yet thorough collateral assessment and approval process further mitigates the risk. As a result, the overall credit risk in this segment remains low.

b) The Company classifies gold loans into various categories based on ticket size, and an appropriate authorization matrix is applied accordingly. Approval authority varies depending on the loan amount, ranging from the Branch Manager to officials at the Head Office level

c) Auctions are carried out in accordance with the Company's Auction Policy and the guidelines prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India. Typically, auctions are initiated before the outstanding loan amount, including interest, exceeds the realizable value of the pledged gold. It is used as a last resort in unavoidable situations.

A2 Impairment Assessment

The Company's impairment assessment and measurement approach is set out in this note. It should be read in conjunction with the Summary of material accounting policies.

A.2.1 Definition of Default

The Company considers a financial instrument as defaulted and therefore Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) calculations in all cases when the borrower becomes 91 days past due including the due date on its contractual payments. As a part of a qualitative assessment of whether a customer is in default, the Company also considers a variety of instances that may indicate unlikeness to pay. When such events occur, the Company carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations.

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A.2.2 Credit risk measurement - Expected credit loss measurement

Ind AS 109 outlines a "three stage" model for impairment based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- A financial instrument that is not credit impaired on initial recognition and whose credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition is classified as "Stage 1".
- If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified, the financial instrument is moved to "Stage 2" but is not yet deemed to be credit impaired.
- If a financial instrument is credit impaired, it is moved to "Stage 3".

ECL for depending on the stage of financial instrument:

- Financial instrument in Stage 1 have their ECL measured at an amount equal to expected credit loss that results from default events possible within the next 12 months.
- Instruments in Stage 2 or Stage 3 criteria have their ECL measured on lifetime basis.

Criteria for significant increase in credit risk

The Company considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when one or more of the following quantitative or qualitative criteria are met.

(i) Quantitative criteria

The remaining lifetime probability of default at the reporting date has increased, compared to the residual lifetime probability of default expected at the reporting date when the exposure was first recognized. The Company considers loan assets as Stage 2 when the default in repayment is within the range of 31 to 90 days.

(ii) Qualitative criteria

If other qualitative aspects indicate that there could be a delay/default in the repayment of the loans, the Company assumes that there is significant increase in risk and loan is moved to stage 2.

Criteria for default and credit-impaired assets

The Company defines a financial instrument as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets the following criteria:

(i) Quantitative criteria

The Company considers loan assets as Stage 3 when the default in repayment has moved beyond 90 days.

(ii) Qualitative criteria

The Company considers factors that indicate unlikeliness of the borrower to repay the loan which include instances like the significant financial difficulty of the borrower, borrower deceased or breach of any financial covenants by the borrower etc.

A.2.3 Measuring ECL - explanation of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques

Expected credit losses are the product of the exposure at default (EAD), probability of default (PD) and loss given default (LGD)

Exposure at Default (EAD)

Exposure at Defaul (EAD) which defines the exposure that will be at risk in case a borrower defaults on its obligations.EAD includes the total balance of loans asset on the reporting date along with interest accrued on the same except in case of stage 3 assets.

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company's internal risk based categories and year end asset classification. The amounts represented are gross of impairment allowances.

Stage	EAD as at 31st March 2026				Total
	Region				
	East India	North India	South India	West India	
1	31,636.25	39,960.26	17,682.60	34,341.50	1,23,620.61
2	2,282.20	1,514.63	525.23	2,299.64	6,621.70
3	135.37	109.62	39.82	69.07	353.88
Total	**34,053.81**	**41,584.51**	**18,247.65**	**36,710.21**	**1,30,596.18**

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Probability of default (PD)

The Probability of Default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. For Stage 1 financial assets, the Company assesses the possible default events within 12 months for the calculation of the 12 month ECL. For Stage 2 and Stage 3 financial assets, the exposure at default is considered for events over the lifetime of the instruments. The Company uses historical information wherever available to determine PD.The loans are grouped into different geographical regions North, South, East and West for arriving the PD percentage to consider Marco Economic factors.The PD percentage is computed as a percentage of defaulted loan to the total loan disbursed regionwise.

Probability of default (PD)	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3
East India	7.74%	7.74%	100%
North India	8.42%	8.42%	100%
South India	4.20%	4.20%	100%
West India	5.23%	5.23%	100%

Loss given default (LGD)

Loss given default defines the amount that the Company will lose in case a borrower defaults on its obligations.The Company determines its recovery by analyzing the recovery trends,collateral Value and Expected proceeds from sale of collaterals. In case of Gold loan LGD percentage is computed at 6.73% for different stages such as stage 1,stage 2 & stage 3 portfolios, and in case of unsecured personal loans LGD percentage is considered as 100%.

B. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

B.1 Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at 31st March 2026	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Trade payables	75.82	-	-	-	-	75.82
Debt securities	3,177.00	11,500.37	33,496.94	4,827.20	(684.34)	52,317.17
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	7,344.05	18,227.07	10,011.96	-	(277.82)	35,305.27
Subordinate liabilities	1,002.19	2,875.08	16,853.46	320.78		21,051.51
Lease liabilities	313.22	946.23	4,309.00	1,082.53	-	6,650.98
Other financial liabilities	350.36	-	-	-	-	350.36
Total	**12,262.64**	**33,548.76**	**64,671.36**	**6,230.51**	**(962.16)**	**1,15,751.12**

As at 31st March 2025	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Trade payables	173.28	-	-	-	-	173.28
Debt securities	2,949.87	6,959.43	19,097.99	3,541.81	(572.01)	31,977.09
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	6,806.98	8,290.11	6,081.91	-	(116.39)	21,062.61
Subordinate liabilities	1,684.35	5,653.74	13,291.40	-	-	20,629.49
Lease liabilities	272.51	828.80	4,238.60	1,126.23		6,466.14
Other financial liabilities	613.70	-	-	-	-	613.70
Total	**12,500.69**	**21,732.08**	**42,709.90**	**4,668.04**	**(688.40)**	**80,922.31**

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C. Market risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market factor. Such changes in the values of financial instruments may result from changes in the interest rates, credit, liquidity, and other market changes. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of our earnings and equity to loss and reduce our exposure to the volatility inherent in financial instruments. The Company is exposed to three types of market risk as follows:

C.1 Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that the future cashflows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to this risk primarily because it extends fixed-rate loans to customers with maturities that are generally shorter than those of its funding sources. While most of the Company's borrowings are at fixed interest rates, any borrowings at floating rates introduce exposure to interest rate volatility.

Interest rates are influenced by numerous external factors beyond the Company's control, including the monetary policies of the Reserve Bank of India, domestic and global economic and political developments, inflation trends, and other market conditions. To manage this risk effectively, the Company aims to maintain an optimal mix of short-term and long-term borrowings in its funding strategy.

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026
Debt securities	
Variable rate	-
Fixed rate	52,317.17
Total	52,317.17
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	
Variable rate	27,472.26
Fixed rate	7,833.01
Total	35,305.27
Subordinate Debts	
Variable rate	-
Fixed rate	21,051.51
Total	21,051.51

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the interest rates on the portion of borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the profit before taxes affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings is as follows:

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026
On Borrowings	
-1% Increase	274.72
-1% Decrease	(274.72)

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C.2 Price Risk

A sudden decline in gold prices, and consequently in the value of pledged gold ornaments, may lead to customer defaults if the outstanding loan amount along with accrued interest exceeds the market value of the collateral. This risk is partially mitigated by maintaining a minimum margin of 25% on the assessed value of the gold jewellery when determining the loan amount.

Moreover, the appraisal of gold jewellery is based exclusively on the weight of its gold content, with no consideration given to the weight or value of any embedded stones. Additionally, the sentimental attachment customers often have to their gold jewellery may encourage them to repay and redeem their pledged items, even if the current market value of the collateral is less than the repayment obligation.

While occasional fluctuations in gold prices are unlikely to significantly impact price risk due to the conservative collateral margins maintained, a prolonged and sustained decrease in gold prices could lead to a contraction in our loan portfolio and a corresponding reduction in interest income.

C.3 Foreign Currency Risk

Currency risk refers to the potential for fluctuations in the value of financial instruments due to changes in foreign exchange rates. For the Company, this risk primarily arises from foreign currency borrowings. As of 31st March 2026 the Company has mitigated its exposure to foreign currency risk by entering into forward contracts to hedge its foreign currency borrowings. These hedging transactions are conducted with reputable banks as counterparties.

The Company's exposure on account of Foreign Currency Borrowings at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

Particulars	Foreign currency	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Foreign Currency Term Loan	USD	9,453.36	8,305.19

C.4 Prepayment Risk

Prepayment risk is the risk that the Company will incur a financial loss because its customers and counterparties repay or request repayment earlier than expected, such as fixed rate loans when interest rates fall.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

42 Capital management

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder value.

Management assesses the Company's capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the Company's various classes of debt. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.
No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years except those incorporated on account of regulatory amendments. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

As an NBFC, the RBI requires us to maintain a minimum capital to risk weighted assets ratio ("CRAR") consisting of Tier I and Tier II capital of 15% of our aggregate risk weighted assets. Further, the total of our Tier II capital cannot exceed 100% of our Tier I capital at any point of time. The capital management process of the Company ensures to maintain a healthy CRAR at all the times. Refer Note 44 for the Company's Analytical ratios.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

43 Disclosures required as per Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

Sl. No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
	Liabilities side:				
(1)	**Loans and advances availed by the NBFCs inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid:**	Amount outstanding	Amount overdue	Amount outstanding	Amount overdue
	(a) Debentures : Secured	52,317.17	-	31,977.09	-
	: Unsecured (other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)	-	-	-	-
	(b) Deferred Credits	-	-	-	-
	(c) Term Loans	30,231.91	-	17,302.31	-
	(d) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	-	-	-	-
	(e) Commercial paper	-	-	-	-
	(f) Public Deposits	-	-	-	-
	(g) Other Loans	-	-	-	-
	(i) Subordinated Debt	21,051.51	-	20,629.49	-
	(ii)Overdraft	5,073.36	-	3,760.30	-
(2)	**Break-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid) :**				
	(a) In the form of Unsecured debentures	-	-	-	-
	(b) In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in the value of security	-	-	-	-
	(c) Other public deposits	-	-	-	-

	Assets side:	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
(3)	**Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables [other than those included in (4) below]:**		
	(a) Secured	1,30,504.76	89,253.43
	(b) Unsecured	91.43	420.04
(4)	**Break-up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities**		
	(a) Financial lease	-	-
	(b) Operating lease	-	-
	(ii) Stock on Hire including hire charges under sundry debtors:		
	(a) Asset on Hire	-	-
	(b) Repossessed assets	-	-
	(iii) Other loan counting towards AFC activities		
	(a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	-	-
	(b) Loans other than (a) above	-	-
(5)	**Break-up of Investments:**		
	Current Investments :		
	1. Quoted		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government securities	-	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-	-

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	2. Unquoted:		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government securities	-	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-	-
	Long term Investments:		
	1. Quoted		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government securities	-	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-	-
	2. Unquoted:		
	(i) Shares: (a) Equity	-	-
	(b) Preference	-	-
	(ii) Debentures and Bonds	-	-
	(iii) Units of Mutual funds	-	-
	(iv) Government securities	-	-
	(v) Others (please specify)	-	-

(6) Borrower Group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above :

Category	As at 31st March 2026 Amount Net of Provisions			As at 31st March 2025 Amount Net of Provisions		
	Secured	Unsecured	Total	Secured	Unsecured	Total
1. Related Parties*						
(a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Companies in the same group	-		-	-		-
(c) Other related Parties	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Other than related parties	1,29,806.73	57.22	1,29,863.95	88,691.57	358.47	89,050.04
Total	**1,29,806.73**	**57.22**	**1,29,863.95**	**88,691.57**	**358.47**	**89,050.04**

(7) Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted):

Category	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
	Market value/Break-up or fair	Book value (net of Provisions)	Market value/Break-up or fair	Book value (net of Provisions)
1. Related Parties*				
(a) Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(b) Companies in the same group	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(c) Other related Parties	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
2. Other than related parties	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	-	-	-	-

*As per Accounting Standard of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

(8) Other information

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
(i) Gross Non-Performing Assets**		
(a) Related Parties	-	-
(b) Other than related parties	353.88	1,363.49
(ii) Net Non-Performing Assets**		
(a) Related Parties	-	-
(b) Other than related parties	220.35	1,157.38
(iii) Asset acquired in Satisfaction of Debt	-	-

**Stage 3 Loan Asset under Ind AS

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

(9) Other Disclosures

a) Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
a)Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	24.89%	25.36%
b)CRAR - Tier I Capital (%)	17.24%	19.04%
c)CRAR - Tier II Capital (%)	7.65%	6.32%
e)Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital	21,051.51	20,629.49
f)Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instruments	-	-

b) Investments

Particulars			As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
(1)	Value of Investments			
	(i) Gross Value of Investments			
		(a) In India	Nil	Nil
		(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
	(ii) Provisions for Depreciation			
		(a) In India	Nil	Nil
		(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
	(iii) Net Value of Investments			
		(a) In India	Nil	Nil
		(b) Outside India	Nil	Nil
(2)	Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments			
	(i)	Opening Balance	Nil	Nil
	(ii)	Add : Provisions made during the year	Nil	Nil
	(iii)	Less : Write-off / write-back of excess provisions during the year	Nil	Nil
	(iv)	Closing Balance	Nil	Nil

c) Derivatives

i) Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
(i)	The notional principal of swap agreements	4,125.00	3,499.42
(ii)	Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfil their obligations under the agreements	-	-
(iii)	Collateral required by the applicable NBFC upon entering into swaps	-	-
(iv)	Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	-	-
(v)	The fair value of the swap book	354.88	17.81

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ii) Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives	-	-

iii) Disclosures on Risk Exposure in Derivatives

Qualitative Disclosures

The company undertakes derivative transaction for hedging foreign currency exposures to mitigate the foreign currency risk during the year, the company has hedged its foreign currency borrowings through forward exchange contracts and cross currency swaps. The asset liability management committee monitors such transaction and review the risk involved.

Quantitative Disclosure

Sl. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026		As at 31st March 2025	
		Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives
(i)	Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)				
	For Hedging	5,145.28	4,125.00	4,945.48	3,499.42
(ii)	Marked to Market Positions				
	a) Asset	42.60	354.88	-	17.81
	b) Liability	-	-	54.45	-
(iii)	Credit Exposure	-	-	-	-
(iv)	Unhedged Exposures	-	-	-	-

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MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

d) Asset Liability Management Maturity pattern of certain items of Assets and Liabilities

As at 31st March 2026

Particulars	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 days to 30/31 days	over 1 month upto 2 month	over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 month upto 6 month	Over 6 month & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & 3 year	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Advances**	9,044.18	835.25	2,717.08	3,067.19	5,053.06	28,954.12	80,576.06	215.73	-	-	-	1,30,462.66
Borrowings	715.64	146.40	2,466.50	4,351.48	1,950.13	8,109.10	18,811.76	36,834.90	21,569.13	5,147.98	(882.42)	99,220.59
Foreign currency liabilities	438.10	-	150.00	576.67	728.33	4,765.00	916.67	1,958.33	-	-	(79.73)	9,453.36

As at 31st March 2025

Particulars	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 days to 30/31 days	over 1 month upto 2 month	over 2 months upto 3 months	Over 3 month upto 6 month	Over 6 month & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & 3 year	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Balances insensitive to ALM*	Total
Advances**	18,107.35	792.12	1,761.59	1,616.69	863.38	6,747.65	58,102.20	319.00	1,030.33	127.05	-	89,467.36
Borrowings	4,074.58	-	619.83	3,152.04	2,418.09	3,892.82	13,160.47	24,026.07	11,151.91	3,541.81	(673.60)	65,364.02
Foreign currency liabilities	49.99	-	150.00	576.67	400.00	1,266.67	2,583.33	3,293.33	-	-	(14.80)	8,305.19

*Represents adjustment on account of EIR
** Net of provision for Stage 3 loan asset

MONANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

e) Exposures:

i) The Company has no exposure to the real estate sector directly or indirectly in the current and previous year.

ii) Exposure to capital market;

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
(i)	Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;	Nil	Nil
(ii)	Advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;	Nil	Nil
(iii)	Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	Nil	Nil
(iv)	Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds 'does not fully cover the advances;	Nil	Nil
(v)	secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers;	Nil	Nil
(vi)	Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;	Nil	Nil
(vii)	bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / issues;	Nil	Nil
(viii)	all exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	Nil	Nil
	Total Exposure to Capital Market	Nil	Nil

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THIYCAUD 695 014

iii) Sectoral exposure

Sr. No.	Sectors	Current Year			Previous Year		
		Total Exposure (includes on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure)	Gross NPAs*	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector	Total Exposure (includes on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposure)	Gross NPAs*	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector
1	Agriculture and Allied Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Industry	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Personal Loans:	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Others	91.43	27.13	29.68%	420.04	37.80	9.00%
5	Gold Loan	1,30,504.76	326.75	0.25%	89,253.43	1325.69	1.49%
	Total	**1,30,596.18**	**353.88**	**0.27%**	**89,673.47**	**1,363.49**	**1.52%**

*Stage 3 Loan Asset under Ind AS

iv) Intra-group exposures (Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
i)	Total amount of intra-group exposures	Nil	Nil
ii)	Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures	Nil	Nil
iii)	Percentage of intra-group exposures to total	Nil	Nil

v) Unhedged Foreign currency exposure

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
i)	Unhedged Foreign exposure	Nil	Nil

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

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f) Related Party Disclosure **(Rs. in Lakhs)**

Related Party	Subsidiaries		Key Management Personnel		Relatives of Key Management		Total	
Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
Maximum during the year								
Borrowings	-	-	538.25	597.13	94.45	100.60	632.70	697.73
Deposits	-	-	150.00	150.00	-	-	150.00	150.00
Placement of deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance outstanding at the year end								
Borrowings	-	-	378.10	538.25	29.15	94.45	407.25	632.70
Deposits	-	-	150.00	150.00	-	-	150.00	150.00
Placement of deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payables	-	-	33.67	109.49	4.98	44.87	38.66	154.36
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions during the year								
Purchase of fixed/other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale of fixed/other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Paid	-	-	40.91	41.58	44.11	4.70	85.02	46.28
Interest Received	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remuneration	-	-	161.47	169.37	-	-	161.47	169.37
Others-Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others-Expenditure	-	-	265.65	335.52	-	-	265.65	335.52

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS * THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

g) Disclosure of complaints

1) Summary information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

(Nos.)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Complaints received by the NBFC from its customers;			
1	Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	-	1
2	Number of complaints received during the year	104	20
3	Number of complaints disposed during the year	104	21
3.1	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC	-	-
4	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	-
Maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman;			
5	Number of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman	5	11
5.1	Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the NBFC by Office of Ombudsman	5	11
5.2	Of 5, number of complaints resolved through reconciliation/ mediation/advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman	-	-
5.3	Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the NBFC	-	-
6	Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	-	-

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously The Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme.

2) Grounds of Top 5 Complaints

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ (decrease) in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
1	2	3	4	5	6
Current year					
Loans and Advances	-	93	365%	-	-
Staff Behaviour	-	11	100%	-	-
Total					
Previous year					
Loans and Advances	1	20	150%	-	-
Total	1	20		-	-

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

h) Provisions and contingencies (shown under the head expenditure in Statement of Profit and Loss):

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2026	Year ended 31st March 2025
Provision for standard assets (Expected Credit Loss on Stage 1 and Stage 2)	181.39	339.50
Provision for non-performing assets (Expected Credit Loss on Stage 3)	(72.58)	108.48
Provision for income tax	1,854.22	963.95
Provision for gratuity	59.73	42.56
Provision for leave encashment	41.47	53.50
Provision for depreciation on investment	-	-
Provision for other losses	-	-
Total	**2,064.22**	**1,507.99**

i) Draw Down From Reserves

During the year company has issued bonus shares of Rs 1,09,25,62,410 (1,09,256,241 fully paid-up equity shares of ₹10 each) by Capitalising free reserves of the company

j) Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs

	Concentration of Deposits (for deposit taking NBFCs)	**As at 31st March 2026**	**As at 31st March 2025**
(i)	Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors	NA	NA
(ii)	Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors to Total Deposits of the deposit taking NBFC.	NA	NA
	Concentration of Advances	**As at 31st March 2026**	**As at 31st March 2025**
(i)	Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	1600.83	773.30
(ii)	Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the applicable NBFC	1.23%	0.86%
	Concentration of Exposures	**As at 31st March 2026**	**As at 31st March 2025**
(i)	Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	1600.83	773.30
(ii)	Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the applicable NBFC on borrowers / customers	1.23%	0.86%
	Concentration of NPAs	**As at 31st March 2026**	**As at 31st March 2025**
(i)	Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts	96.83	111.07

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

k) Sector-wise NPAs

Sl. No.	Sector	Percentage of NPAs to Total Advances in that sector
1	Agriculture & allied activities	Nil
2	MSME	Nil
3	Corporate borrowers	Nil
4	Services	Nil
5	Unsecured personal loans	Nil
6	Auto loans	Nil
7	Gold Loan	0.25%
8	Other personal loans	29.68%

l) c) Movement of NPAs

	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
(i)	Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	0.17%	1.30%
(ii)	Movement of NPAs (Gross)*		
	(a) Opening Balance	1,363.49	365.28
	(b) Additions during the year	259.64	1,187.07
	(c) Reductions during the year	1,269.25	188.86
	(d) Closing Balance	353.88	1,363.49
(iii)	Movement of Net NPAs*		
	(a) Opening Balance	1,157.38	267.65
	(b) Additions during the year	157.82	1,056.30
	(c) Reductions during the year	1,094.84	166.57
	(d) Closing Balance	220.35	1,157.38
(iv)	Movement of provisions for NPAs*		
	(a) Opening Balance	206.11	97.63
	(b) Provisions made during the year	101.82	130.77
	(c) Write-off / write back of excess provisions	174.40	22.29
	(d) Closing Balance	133.53	206.11

*Stage 3 Loan Asset under Ind AS

m) Disclosure of Complaints

S.No	Particulars	As at 31st March 2026
(a)	No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	-
(b)	No. of complaints received during the year	104
(c)	No. of complaints redressed during the year	104
(d)	No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	-

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

n) Utilization of Proceeds of Public Issue of Non-Convertible Debentures

During the year the Company has raised Rs.28,746.02 lakhs (Previous Year: Rs.20,707.77 Lakhs) through public issue of Secured Non-Convertible Debentures. As at 31st March, 2026, the company has utilised the entire proceeds of public issue, net of issue expenses in accordance with the objects in the offer documents.

o) Details of Auction held during the period

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
No. of Loan accounts	1,457	3,483
Principal amount Outstanding at the dates of auction(A)	660.30	2,082.25
Interest and Other charges Outstanding at the dates of auction(B) (Refer Note 1)	456.84	919.62
Amount to be adjusted against other loans (C)	-	209.57
Total(A+B+C)	1,117.13	3,211.44
Value fetched(Refer Note 2)	1,186.86	3,237.83

Note

1. Interest outstanding is recomputed by the management at the time of auction.
2. Interest is excluding GST / Sales tax collected from the buyer.
3. No sister concerns participated in the auctions held during the period.

p) Fraud

During the year,frauds committed by employees and customers on the company amounts to Rs.29.11 Lakhs (Previous year-Rs.86.66 lakhs). ECL provision has been created for the outstanding balance as on 31st March 2026.

q) Percentage of Gold Loan to Total Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2026	As at 31st March 2025
Total Gold loan portfolio	1,30,504.76	88,691.57
Total Assets	1,39,940.17	99,080.00
Gold loan portfolio as a percentage of total assets	**93.26%**	**89.52%**

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS * THRISSUR-1

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

r) Loans against gold collateral: Details of loans extended against eligible gold collateral

Particulars	Loan Outstanding		Average Ticket Size	Average LTV Ratio	Gross NPA %
	Amount	As % of Total Loans			
1. Opening balance of the FY (a + b)*	**84,755.76**	**99.51%**	**0.53**	**65.00%**	**1.49%**
a) Consumption loans of which bullet repayment loans	84,755.76	99.51%	0.53	65.00%	1.49%
b) Income generating loans	-	-	-	-	-
2. New loans sanctioned and disbursed during the FY (c + d)*	**4,12,246.21**	**328.18%**	**0.75**	**62.00%**	**NA**
c) Consumption loans of which bullet repayment loans	4,12,246.21	328.18%	0.75	62.00%	NA
d) Income generating loans	-	-	-	-	NA
3. Renewals sanctioned and disbursed during the FY*	-	-	-	-	NA
4. Loans repaid during the FY*	**3,70,199.92**	**294.71%**	**0.41**	**NA**	**NA**
5. Non-Performing Loans recovered during the FY*	**1,269.25**	**1.01%**	-	**NA**	**NA**
6. Loans written off during the FY (e + f)*	**4.18**	**0.003%**	-	**NA**	**NA**
(e) Consumption loans of which bullet repayment loans	4.18	0.003%	-	NA	NA
(f) Income generating loans	-	-	-	NA	NA
7. Closing balance at the end of FY (g + h)*	**1,25,528.62**	**99.93%**	**0.71**	**61.00%**	**0.25%**
(g) Consumption loans of which bullet repayment loans	1,25,528.62	99.93%	0.71	61.00%	0.25%
(h) Income generating loans	-	-	-	-	-

*Does not include interest accrued

s) Details of Gold Collateral and Auctions

Sr.No	Particulars	
(a)	Unclaimed gold collateral at the end of the financial year (in grams)	-
(b)	Number of loan accounts in which auctions were conducted	1,457.00
(c)	Total outstanding in loan accounts mentioned in (b)	1,117.13
(d)	Gold collateral acquired during the FY due to default of loans (in grams)	-
(e)	Gold collateral auctioned during the FY (in grams)	15,460.63
(f)	Recovery made through auctions during the FY*	1,186.86
(g)	**Recovery percentage:**	
(h)	as % of value of gold collateral	100.00%
(i)	as % of outstanding loan	106.24%

*Includes surplus received from auction

No sister concerns partcipated in the auctions held during the period.

MOHAMED & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2026

(All amounts are in Lakhs unless otherwise stated)

t) Disclosure pursuant to RBI Notification RBI/2019-20/170 DOR (NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020

As at 31st March 2026

Asset classification as per RBI norms	Asset classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS (A)	Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109 (B)	Net Carrying Amount (A-B)	Provisions required as per IRACP norms (C)	Difference between Ind AS 109 provision and IRACP norms (B-C)
Performing assets						
Standard	Stage 1	1,23,620.61	568.19	1,23,052.42	494.68	73.51
	Stage 2	6,621.70	30.52	6,591.18	26.49	4.03
Total for Standard assets		**1,30,242.31**	**598.71**	**1,29,643.60**	**521.16**	**77.54**
Non-Performing Assets (NPA)						
Sub-Standard	Stage 3	281.15	103.83	177.31	33.58	70.25
Total for Sub-Standard assets		**281.15**	**103.83**	**177.31**	**33.58**	**70.25**
Doubtful						
- Upto 1 year	Stage 3	41.18	20.97	20.20	26.01	(5.04)
- 1 to 3 years	Stage 3	2.60	1.92	0.68	2.56	(0.64)
- More than 3 years	Stage 3	28.96	6.80	22.15	49.72	(42.92)
Total for Doubtful assets		**72.73**	**29.69**	**43.04**	**78.29**	**(48.60)**
Loss assets	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Total for Non Performing assets		**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments etc. which are	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Total	**Stage 1**	**1,23,620.61**	**568.19**	**1,23,052.42**	**494.68**	**73.51**
	Stage 2	**6,621.70**	**30.52**	**6,591.18**	**26.49**	**4.03**
	Stage 3	**353.88**	**133.53**	**220.35**	**111.87**	**21.65**

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

44 Analytical Ratios

1) Capital to risk weighted assets Ratio (CRAR)

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% of Variance	Reason for Variance
CRAR	34,597.48	1,39,005.80	24.89%	25.36%	-1.87%	Increase in risk weighted assets
Tier I CRAR	23,969.39	1,39,005.80	17.24%	19.04%	-9.44%	Increase in risk weighted assets
Tier II CRAR	10,628.09	1,39,005.80	7.65%	6.32%	20.93%	Increase in Subordinate Debt

45 Additional Disclosure as per Schedule III of Companies Act,2013

a) No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder;
b) The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government
c) No registration or satisfaction of charges are pending to be filed with ROC.
d) The company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement.
e) There are no instances of transactions not recorded in the books of account, which have been surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
f) The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.
g) The company does not have any transaction with companies struck off under section 248 or the Companies Act 2013.
h) The Company has availed credit facilities from bank or financial institutions during the current year on the basis of security of current assets.The quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with said banks/financial institutions are, with all material respects, in agreement with the books of accounts.
i)The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 for the financial years ended March 31,2026.

46 Utilization of Borrowed funds and share premium

No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kinds of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries). The Company has also not received any fund from any parties (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

47 Figures for the previous years have been regrouped / reclassified wherever considered necessary to conform with the current year's presentation.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

M Mathew
[Wholetime Director]
DIN 00063078

Richi Mathew
[Managing Director]
DIN 00224336

Bagavath Krishnan venugopal
[Chief Financial Officer]

Vatanapally Haridas Rupesh
[Company Secretary]

Place: Thiruvananthapuram
Date: 29-05-2026

As per our report of even date attached

For Mohandas & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002116

Mohandas Anchery
[Partner]
Membership No.: 036726
Place: Thrissur
Date: 29-05-2026

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE

Muthoot Mercantile Limited

(A Unit of Muthoot Ninan Group)
Regd. Office: 'MUTHOOT FLOORS', 1st Floor, North Block, Opp. W&C Hospital,
Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram-695 014. ☎ 0471-2774800 CIN: U65921KL1997PLC011260
e-mail: info@muthootenterprises.com website: www.muthootenterprises.com

To
The BSE Limited
Exchange Plaza,
Bandra-Kurla Complex,
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Bandra (E), Dalai Street,
Mumbai-400 001

14th August 2026

Scrip code: 939098
Company Code: 13220
Company Name: Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Dear Sir/ Madam,

Sub : **Submission of Unaudited Standalone Financial Results of the Company along with Limited Review Report for the quarter ended 30th June 2026**

Ref : Regulation 33, 52(1) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended

Pursuant to Regulation 33, 52(1) and other applicable provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we hereby inform you that the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on Friday, 14th August 2026, have approved the Unaudited Standalone Financial Results of the Company along with Limited Review Report for the quarter ended 30th June 2026.

We herewith enclose the Unaudited Standalone Financial Results along with Limited Review Report for the quarter ended 30th June 2026, along with the Auditors' Report, as required under the applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Kindly take the same on records.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,

For Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Richi Mathew
Digitally signed by Richi Mathew
Date: 2026.08.14 21:01:52 +05'30'

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED THYCAUD 695 014

Richi Mathew
Managing Director
DIN: 00224336

'MUTHOOT' word mark and the above trade mark are Registered exclusively in the Name of M. Mathew, Chairman, Muthoot Mercantile Limited.

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED
CIN:U65921KL1997PLC011260
Reg. Office : 1st Floor, North Block, "Muthoot Floors",
opposite W & C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, 695014

Notes:

1) These Unaudited Financial results of Muthoot Mercantile Limited ("Company") for the quarter ended 30th June, 2026 have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) as prescribed under section 133 of Companies Act 2013 (the "Act") read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as amended from time to time, thereafter, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

2) The above results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on Friday, 14th August , 2026 A review of unaudited Financial results for the quarter ended 30th June, 2026 has been carried out by the statutory auditors and have issued unmodified opinion conclusion thereon.

3) The business of the Company falls within a single primary segment viz., financing, and hence, the disclosure requirement of Ind AS 108 - 'Operating Segments' is not applicable.

4) The Code of Social Security, 2020 (the"code") has been enacted. The date of coming into force of the various provisions of the Code is to be notified and the rules thereunder are yet to be announced. The potential impact of the change will be estimated and accounted in the period of notification.

5) Disclosure as per the notification no. RBI/DOR/2021-22/86 DOR.STR.REC 51/21.04.048/2021-22 dated 24th September ,2021 under Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021 relating to the total amount of loans not in default/ stressed loans transferred and acquired to/ from other entities

a) The company has not transferred through assignment in respect of loans not in default during the quarter ended 30th June, 2026.

b) The company has not transferred / acquired any stressed loans during the quarter ended 30th June, 2026

6) The Company has maintained requisite full asset cover by way of a first ranking pari passu charge over all movable assets,including book debts and receivables,cash and bank balances,other movable assets,loans and advances,both present and future of the Company equal to the value of one time of the NCDs Outstanding plus interets accrued thereon as at 30th June, 2026

7) Figures pertaining to the previous period have been rearranged / regrouped, wherever considered necessary, to make them comparable with those of the current period.

8) Information as required by Regulations 52(4) of SEBI(Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirement) regulation 2015 as amended, is attatched in Annexure 1.

9) The Statement includes the results for the quarter ended 31st March 2026 being the balance figure of the audited figures in respect of full financial year and published year to date figures upto the 3rd Quarter of the respective financial year The results which were subjected to "Limited Review".

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

RICHI MATHEW
Managing Director
DIN :00224336

Place of Signature : Thycaud,Trivandrum
Date: 14/08/2026

For MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MOHANDAS ANCHERY
(PARTNER)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBERSHIP NO. 036726

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED
CIN:U65921KL1997PLC011260
Reg. Office : 1st Floor, North Block, "Muthoot Floors",
Opposite W & C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, 695014
Unaudited Statement of Assets and Liabilities (Balance Sheet) as at 30th June 2026

(Rs.in lakhs)

	Particulars	As at 30th June 2026 (Unaudited)	As at 30th June 2025 (Unaudited)	As at 31st March 2026 (Audited)
	ASSETS			
(1)	**Financial Assets**			
(a)	Cash and Cash Equivalents	172.27	2,106.76	696.74
(b)	Bank Balances other than (a) above	7,052.29	3,705.94	2,487.64
(c)	Derivative financial instruments	338.12	36.08	397.48
(d)	Loans	1,37,524.74	1,00,403.86	1,29,863.95
(e)	Other Financial Assets	699.85	725.61	614.28
(2)	**Non-Financial Assets**			
(a)	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	185.15	246.85	173.44
(b)	Property, Plant and Equipment	1,242.36	952.92	922.18
(c)	Other Intangible Assets	0.57	1.22	1.22
(d)	Right-of-Use Asset	4,038.97	4,111.85	4,260.18
(e)	Other Non-Financial Assets	571.79	273.87	523.05
	TOTAL ASSETS	1,51,826.09	1,12,564.96	1,39,940.17
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
	LIABILITIES			
(1)	**Financial Liabilities**			
(a)	Derivative Financial Instruments	-	114.17	-
(b)	Payables			
	(I)Trade Payables			
	(A) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	10.85	-	28.56
	(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	40.38	39.74	47.27
	(II) Other Payables			
	(A) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises,			
	(B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises			
(c)	Debt Securities	62,750.95	35,074.38	52,317.17
(d)	Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	31,964.25	31,802.54	35,305.27
(e)	Subordinated Liabilities	22,644.98	19,617.16	21,051.51
(f)	Lease Liabilities	4,775.67	4,730.85	4,960.25
(g)	Other Financial Liabilities	742.68	495.65	350.36
(2)	**Non-Financial Liabilities**			
(a)	Current tax liabilities (Net)	1,249.85	322.54	894.79
(b)	Provisions	270.00	199.48	292.94
(c)	Other Non-Financial Liabilities	85.19	60.38	74.27
(3)	**Equity**			
(a)	Equity Share Capital	14,567.50	3,641.87	14,567.50
(b)	CCPS Application Money Pending Allotment	505.00	-	-
(c)	Other Equity	12,218.80	16,466.20	10,050.28
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1,51,826.09	1,12,564.96	1,39,940.17

See accompanying notes to financial results

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

BIJU MATHEW
Managing Director
DIN :00224336

Place of Signature : Thycaud,Trivandrum
Date: 14/08/2026

For MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR-1

MOHANDAS ANCHERY
(PARTNER)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBERSHIP NO. 036726

MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LIMITED
CIN:U65921KL1997PLC011260
Reg. Office : 1st Floor, North Block, "Muthoot Floors",
Opposite W & C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, 695014
Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended June 30,2026

(Rs in lakhs)

	Particulars	Quarter ended			Year Ended
		June 30, 2026 (Unaudited)	March 31, 2026 (Audited)	June 30, 2025 (Unaudited)	As at 31st March 2026 (Audited)
(I)	**Revenue from Operations**				
(a)	Interest Income	7,728.73	7,400.01	5,007.73	24,412.19
(b)	Fees and Commission Income	74.90	190.94	24.14	273.94
	Total Revenue from Operations	7,803.63	7,590.95	5,031.87	24,686.13
(II)	Other Income	12.13	37.76	22.55	192.92
(III)	**Total Income (I+II)**	7,815.76	7,628.71	5,054.42	24,879.06
	Expenses:				
(a)	Finance Costs	2,925.45	3,124.71	2,196.85	10,752.77
(b)	Impairment on financial instruments	(34.68)	125.42	33.22	108.80
(c)	Employee benefits expenses	1,323.60	1,078.88	922.92	3,887.23
(d)	Depreciation, amortization and impairment	285.69	287.32	276.07	1,135.16
(e)	Other Expenses	560.37	619.57	334.67	1,709.66
(IV)	**Total Expenses**	5,060.43	5,235.92	3,763.73	17,593.62
(V)	**Profit before Tax (III)- (IV)**	2,755.33	2,392.79	1,290.69	7,285.44
(VI)	**Tax Expenses:**				
(a)	Current Tax	694.46	606.49	334.18	1,854.22
(b)	Deferred Tax	(11.71)	160.55	19.52	73.03
(c)	Taxes relating to prior years	-	23.48	-	23.48
(VII)	Profit for the period (V)-(VI)	2,072.57	1,602.28	936.99	5,334.71
(VIII)	**Other Comprehensive Income**				
A)	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss :				
	-Remeasurement Gains/ (Losses) on Defined Benefit Plans	10.11	3.61	(7.94)	(16.56)
	-Change in value of forward element of forward contract	-	-	(8.46)	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	(2.03)	(2.31)	4.13	2.77
	Sub Total (A)	8.07	1.30	(12.27)	(13.79)
B)	(i) Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss				
	-Effective portion of gain/(loss) on hedging instruments in cash flow hedges	109.99	114.62	(61.18)	81.33
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss	(22.12)	(21.99)	15.40	(13.61)
	Sub Total (B)	87.87	92.64	(45.78)	67.72
	Other Comprehensive Income (A)+(B)	95.95	93.94	(58.05)	53.94
(IX)	**Total Comprehensive Income for the period (VII)+(VIII)**	2,168.52	1,696.22	878.94	5,388.65
	Earnings per equity share (quarterly figures are not annualised) (Face Value of Rs 10 Each)				
	Basic (Rs.)	1.42	1.10	2.57	3.66
	Diluted (Rs.)	1.42	1.10	2.57	3.66

See accompanying notes to financial results

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

RICHI MATHEW
Managing Director
DIN :00224336

Place of Signature : Thycaud,Trivandrum
Date: 14/08/2026

For MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

MOHANDAS ANCHERY
(PARTNER)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBERSHIP NO. 036726

ANNEXURE I

Disclosure in compliance with Regulation 52(4) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the Quarter ended June 30,2026.

SI NO.	Particulars	Note No.	Period Ended 30-06-2026
A	Debt-Equity Ratio	2	4.51
B	Debt-Service Coverage Ratio		NA
C	Interest Service Coverage Ratio		NA
D	Outstanding redeemable preference shares		NIL
E	Capital Redemption Reserve		2,280.63
F	Debenture Redemption Reserve		NIL
G	Net Worth(Rs. in Lakhs)	3	26,033.38
H	Outstanding Debt		1,17,360.18
I	Net Profit After Tax(Rs. in Lakhs)		2,072.57
J	Earning Per Share		
	(i) Basic (Rs)		1.42
	(ii) Diluted (Rs)		1.42
K	Current Ratio		NA
L	Long term Debt to Working Capital		NA
M	Bad Debts to Account Receivable Ratio		NA
N	Current Liability Ratio		NA
O	Total Debts to Total Assets	4	0.77
P	Debtors Turnover		NA
Q	Inventory Turnover		NA
R	Operating Margin(%)		NA
S	Net Profit Margin(%)	5	26.52%
T	Sector Specific Equivalent Ratios:		
	(i) Stage 3 Loan Assets to Gross Loan Assets (%)	6	0.41%
	(ii) Net Stage 3 Loan Assets to Gross Loan Assets (%)	7	0.36%
	(iii) Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	8	25.36%
	(iv) Provision Coverage Ratio (%)	9	12.64%

Notes:

1 The figures/ ratios which are not applicable to the Company, being an NBFC, are marked as "NA".

2 Debt Equity Ratio=(Debt Securities+Borrowings(Other than debt securities)+Subordinated Liabilities)/(Net Worth).

3 Net Worth is calculated as defined in Sec2(57) of the Companies Act, 2013.

4 Total Debts To Total Assets=(Debt Securities+Borrowings(Other than debt securities)+Subordinated Liabilities)/Total Assets.

5 Net Profit Margin(%)=Net Profit After Tax/Total Income

6 Stage 3 Loan Assets to Gross Loan Assets=Stage 3 Loan Assets/Gross Loan Assets

7 Net Stage 3 Loan Assets to Gross Loan Assets=(Stage 3 Loan Assets-Expected Credit Loss provision for Stage 3 Loan Assets)/Gross Loan Assets

8 Capital Adequacy Ratio has been computed as per RBI Guidelines.

9 Provision Coverage Ratio=Expected Credit Loss provision for Stage 3 Loan Assets/Stage 3 Loan Assets

For and on behalf of the board of directors of
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

RICHI MATHEW
Managing Director
DIN :00224336

Place of Signature : Thycaud,Trivandrum
Date: 14/08/2026

For MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

MOHANDAS ANCHERY
(PARTNER)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBERSHIP NO. 036726

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
IIIrd Floor, "Sree Residency"
Press Club Road, Thrissur - 1.
✆ : 0487 - 2333124, 2321290
Email : ma.auditors@gmail.com

Our Ref.

To,

The Board of Directors
Muthoot Mercantile Limited,

Certificate of the Security Cover as at 30th June 2026.

1. The accompanying 'Statement of security cover as at 30th June 2026 contains the details required pursuant to compliance with terms and conditions by Muthoot Mercantile Limited (the Company) contained in the Debenture Trust Deeds (hereinafter referred to as "Deed") entered into between the Company and Debenture Trustees (hereinafter referred to as "Trustee").

   The following Outstanding secured Listed Non-Convertible Debentures as on 30th June 2026 have been considered for this Certificate:

ISIN	Private Placement/Public Issue	Secured/ Unsecured	Outstanding Amount (in lakhs)
INE05F407BM3	public Issue	Secured	881.42
INE05F407BG5	public Issue	Secured	1046.72
INE05F407BH3	public Issue	Secured	381.38
INE05F407BO9	public Issue	Secured	268.86
INE05F407BL5	public Issue	Secured	1030.72
INE05F407BB6	public Issue	Secured	1188.78
INE05F407BJ9	public Issue	Secured	37.01
INE05F407BQ4	public Issue	Secured	104.05
INE05F407AZ7	public Issue	Secured	1251.32
INE05F407CB4	public Issue	Secured	1151.83

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INE05F407CD0	public Issue	Secured	349.5
INE05F407CH1	public Issue	Secured	732.43
INE05F407CC2	public Issue	Secured	112.76
INE05F407CE8	public Issue	Secured	784.84
INE05F407CM1	public Issue	Secured	2556.9
INE05F407CQ2	public Issue	Secured	447.79
INE05F407CO7	public Issue	Secured	1473.7
INE05F407CL3	public Issue	Secured	71.3
INE05F407CR0	public Issue	Secured	1171.5
INE05F407DA4	public Issue	Secured	143.42
INE05F407CT6	public Issue	Secured	182.39
INE05F407CW0	public Issue	Secured	1625.13
INE05F407CX8	public Issue	Secured	381.5
INE05F407CY6	public Issue	Secured	919.59
INE05F407CZ3	public Issue	Secured	67.46
INE05F407DB2	public Issue	Secured	1028.74
INE05F407DE6	public Issue	Secured	930.19
INE05F407DF3	public Issue	Secured	757.07
INE05F407DG1	public Issue	Secured	2301.18
INE05F407DK3	public Issue	Secured	1476.45
INE05F407DH9	public Issue	Secured	1500.22
INE05F407DJ5	public Issue	Secured	3273.08
INE05F407DI7	public Issue	Secured	1286.63
INE05F407DL1	public Issue	Secured	1322.79
INE05F407DM9	public Issue	Secured	1918.78

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES * THRISSUR-1 * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INE05F407DN7	public Issue	Secured	2996.47
INE05F407DO5	public Issue	Secured	618.8
INE05F407DR8	public Issue	Secured	922.21
INE05F407DP2	public Issue	Secured	2007.65
INE05F407DS6	public Issue	Secured	1381.47
INE05F407DQ0	public Issue	Secured	1727.94
INE05F407DT4	public Issue	Secured	158.43
INE05F407DU2	public Issue	Secured	2299.85
INE05F407DV0	public Issue	Secured	2014.45
INE05F407DW8	public Issue	Secured	3739.98
INE05F407DX6	public Issue	Secured	2854.66
INE05F407DY4	public Issue	Secured	883.87
INE05F407DZ1	public Issue	Secured	1028.19
INE05F407EA2	public Issue	Secured	1184.72
INE05F407EB0	public Issue	Secured	1396.8

Management Responsibility

2. The preparation of the Statement is the responsibility of the Management of the Company including the preparation and maintenance of all accounting and other relevant supporting records and documents. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement and applying an appropriate basis of preparation; and making estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. This includes collecting, collating and validating data and accurate computation of security cover.

3. The Management is also responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the requirements of the clauses of Deed document and provides all relevant information to Trustee.

Auditor's Responsibility

4. It is our responsibility to provide a reasonable assurance whether:

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS THRISSUR

Continuation sheet

a) The amounts given in the Annexure 1 have been extracted from the unaudited books of accounts for the period ended 30th June 2026 and other related records of the Company and the computation of security cover is arithmetically correct.

b) The financial covenants of the issue of the listed debt securities mentioned in Annexure 1 of this certificate have been complied with as mentioned in the Debenture Trust deed.

c) The assets of the entity provide 100% security coverage as per the terms of offer document/ information memorandum and/or debenture trust deed.

5. We conducted our examination of the Statement in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

7. Based on our examination of the Deed and the relevant documents and information provided to us, we certify that:

a) The amounts given in the Annexure 1 have been extracted from the unaudited books of accounts for the period ended 30th June 2026 and other related records of the Company and the computation of security cover is arithmetically correct.

b) The financial covenants of the listed debt securities mentioned in Annexure 1 of this certificate have been complied with as mentioned in the respective Debenture Trust deeds as per the review and verification of relevant records and documents and the declaration and certification given by the Management of the Company.

c) The assets of the entity provide 100% security coverage as per the terms of offer document/ information memorandum and/or debenture trust deed.

c) The financial results for the period ended 30th June 2026 have been unaudited by us, on which we have issued an unmodified audit opinion dated August 14th, 2026.



Restriction on Use

This certificate addressed to and provided to the Board of Directors of the Company is solely for the purpose of submit to the Debenture Trustees to enable comply with requirements of the deed and should not be used for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or in to whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For Mohandas & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No: 002116S

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Mohandas Anchel
[Partner]
Membership No: 036726
UDIN: 26036726TEHN023291

Place: Thrissur
Date: 14/08/2026

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
IIIrd Floor, "Sree Residency"
Press Club Road, Thrissur - 1.
✆ : 0487 - 2333124, 2321290
Email : ma.auditors@gmail.com

Our Ref.

To,

The Board of Directors
Muthoot Mercantile Limited,

Certificate of the Security Cover as at 30th June 2026.

1. The accompanying 'Statement of security cover as at 30th June 2026 contains the details required pursuant to compliance with terms and conditions by Muthoot Mercantile Limited (the Company) contained in the Debenture Trust Deeds (hereinafter referred to as "Deed") entered into between the Company and Debenture Trustees (hereinafter referred to as "Trustee").

   The following Outstanding secured Listed Non-Convertible Debentures as on 30th June 2026 have been considered for this Certificate:

ISIN	Private Placement/Public Issue	Secured/ Unsecured	Outstanding Amount (in lakhs)
INE05F407BM3	public Issue	Secured	881.42
INE05F407BG5	public Issue	Secured	1046.72
INE05F407BH3	public Issue	Secured	381.38
INE05F407BO9	public Issue	Secured	268.86
INE05F407BL5	public Issue	Secured	1030.72
INE05F407BB6	public Issue	Secured	1188.78
INE05F407BJ9	public Issue	Secured	37.01
INE05F407BQ4	public Issue	Secured	104.05
INE05F407AZ7	public Issue	Secured	1251.32
INE05F407CB4	public Issue	Secured	1151.83

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INE05F407CD0	public Issue	Secured	349.5
INE05F407CH1	public Issue	Secured	732.43
INE05F407CC2	public Issue	Secured	112.76
INE05F407CE8	public Issue	Secured	784.84
INE05F407CM1	public Issue	Secured	2556.9
INE05F407CQ2	public Issue	Secured	447.79
INE05F407CO7	public Issue	Secured	1473.7
INE05F407CL3	public Issue	Secured	71.3
INE05F407CR0	public Issue	Secured	1171.5
INE05F407DA4	public Issue	Secured	143.42
INE05F407CT6	public Issue	Secured	182.39
INE05F407CW0	public Issue	Secured	1625.13
INE05F407CX8	public Issue	Secured	381.5
INE05F407CY6	public Issue	Secured	919.59
INE05F407CZ3	public Issue	Secured	67.46
INE05F407DB2	public Issue	Secured	1028.74
INE05F407DE6	public Issue	Secured	930.19
INE05F407DF3	public Issue	Secured	757.07
INE05F407DG1	public Issue	Secured	2301.18
INE05F407DK3	public Issue	Secured	1476.45
INE05F407DH9	public Issue	Secured	1500.22
INE05F407DJ5	public Issue	Secured	3273.08
INE05F407DI7	public Issue	Secured	1286.63
INE05F407DL1	public Issue	Secured	1322.79
INE05F407DM9	public Issue	Secured	1918.78

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES * THRISSUR-1 * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

INE05F407DN7	public Issue	Secured	2996.47
INE05F407DO5	public Issue	Secured	618.8
INE05F407DR8	public Issue	Secured	922.21
INE05F407DP2	public Issue	Secured	2007.65
INE05F407DS6	public Issue	Secured	1381.47
INE05F407DQ0	public Issue	Secured	1727.94
INE05F407DT4	public Issue	Secured	158.43
INE05F407DU2	public Issue	Secured	2299.85
INE05F407DV0	public Issue	Secured	2014.45
INE05F407DW8	public Issue	Secured	3739.98
INE05F407DX6	public Issue	Secured	2854.66
INE05F407DY4	public Issue	Secured	883.87
INE05F407DZ1	public Issue	Secured	1028.19
INE05F407EA2	public Issue	Secured	1184.72
INE05F407EB0	public Issue	Secured	1396.8

Management Responsibility

2. The preparation of the Statement is the responsibility of the Management of the Company including the preparation and maintenance of all accounting and other relevant supporting records and documents. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement and applying an appropriate basis of preparation; and making estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. This includes collecting, collating and validating data and accurate computation of security cover.

3. The Management is also responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the requirements of the clauses of Deed document and provides all relevant information to Trustee.

Auditor's Responsibility

4. It is our responsibility to provide a reasonable assurance whether:

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Continuation sheet

a) The amounts given in the Annexure 1 have been extracted from the unaudited books of accounts for the period ended 30th June 2026 and other related records of the Company and the computation of security cover is arithmetically correct.

b) The financial covenants of the issue of the listed debt securities mentioned in Annexure 1 of this certificate have been complied with as mentioned in the Debenture Trust deed.

c) The assets of the entity provide 100% security coverage as per the terms of offer document/ information memorandum and/or debenture trust deed.

5. We conducted our examination of the Statement in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

Opinion

7. Based on our examination of the Deed and the relevant documents and information provided to us, we certify that:

a) The amounts given in the Annexure 1 have been extracted from the unaudited books of accounts for the period ended 30th June 2026 and other related records of the Company and the computation of security cover is arithmetically correct.

b) The financial covenants of the listed debt securities mentioned in Annexure 1 of this certificate have been complied with as mentioned in the respective Debenture Trust deeds as per the review and verification of relevant records and documents and the declaration and certification given by the Management of the Company.

c) The assets of the entity provide 100% security coverage as per the terms of offer document/ information memorandum and/or debenture trust deed.

c) The financial results for the period ended 30th June 2026 have been unaudited by us, on which we have issued an unmodified audit opinion dated August 14th, 2026.



Restriction on Use

This certificate addressed to and provided to the Board of Directors of the Company is solely for the purpose of submit to the Debenture Trustees to enable comply with requirements of the deed and should not be used for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or in to whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

For Mohandas & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No: 002116S

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Mohandas Anchel
[Partner]
Membership No: 036726
UDIN: 26036726TEHN023291

Place: Thrissur
Date: 14/08/2026

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
IIIrd Floor, "Sree Residency"
Press Club Road, Thrissur - 1.
✆ : 0487 - 2333124, 2321290
Email : ma.auditors@gmail.com

Our Ref.

To,
The Board of Directors
Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Certificate of End Use of Funds by Muthoot Mercantile Limited

Management Responsibility

1. The preparation of the Statement is the responsibility of the Management of the Company including the preparation and maintenance of all accounting and other relevant supporting records and documents. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement and applying an appropriate basis of preparation; and making estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. This includes collecting, collating and validating data and accurate computation of the Statement of End Use.

2. The Management is also responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the requirements of the clauses of Deed document and provides all relevant information to Trustee.

Auditor's Responsibility

3. It is our responsibility to provide a reasonable assurance whether:

   a) The amounts given in the Table I and Table II have been extracted from the unaudited books of accounts for the Quarter ended 30th June 2026 and other related records of the Company and the computation of the Statement of End Use of Funds are arithmetically correct.

   b) The company has utilized the funds for the purpose for which it has been raised.

4. We conducted our examination of the Statement in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Guidance Note requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

5. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Opinion

6. Based on examination of books of accounts and other relevant records/documents, we hereby certify that the listed entity has vide its Board Resolution and information memorandum/ offer document and under various Debenture Trust Deeds, has issued and allotted the following listed debt securities during the Quarter period from 01-04-2026 to 30-06-2026:

Table I

ISIN	Private Placement/Public Issue	Secured/ Unsecured	Sanctioned Amount (In Lakhs)
INE05F407DV0	Public Issue	Secured	2,014.45
INE05F407DX6	Public Issue	Secured	2,854.66
INE05F407DY4	Public Issue	Secured	883.87
INE05F407DZ1	Public Issue	Secured	1,028.19
INE05F407DW8	Public Issue	Secured	3,739.98
INE05F407EA2	Public Issue	Secured	1,184.72
INE05F407EB0	Public Issue	Secured	1,396.80
	TOTAL		**13,102.67**

7. On the basis of books of accounts, records and documents produced before us for verification, it is certified that Muthoot Mercantile Limited having its regd. Office at 1st Floor, North Block, "Muthoot Floors", Opposite W & C Hospital, Thycaud, Thiruvananthapuram, 695014 have utilized the funds raised through above-mentioned securities as detailed below:

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Table II

ISIN	Particulars of Expenses	Head of Expenses	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
INE05F407DV0 INE05F407DX6 INE05F407DY4 INE05F407DZ1 INE05F407DW8 INE05F407EA2 INE05F407EB0	1. onward lending, financing and for the repayment/prepayment of principal and interest on existing borrowings of the company; and 2. General corporate purposes, subject to such utilization not exceeding 25% of the gross proceeds, in compliance with the SEBI NCS Regulations.	1.Onward lending, financing and for repayment/ prepayment of principal and interest on borrowings of the company and General corporate purposes.	13,102.67
		Total Unutilized Fund remaining in Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00

For Mohandas & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No: 002116S

MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES THRISSUR-1 CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Mohandas Anchery
[Partner]
Membership No: 036726
UDIN: 26036726NLHYSP2324

Place: Thrissur
Date: 14/08/2026

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E	Column F	Column G	Column H	Column I	Column J	Column K	Column L	Column M	Column N	Column O
Particulars		Exclusive Charge	Exclusive Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Assets not offered as Security	Elimination (amount in negative)	(Total C to H)	Related to only those items covered by this certificate				
	Description of asset for which this certificate relate	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Other Secured Debt	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Assets shared by pari passu debt holder (includes debt for which this certificate is issued & other debt with pari-passu charge)	Other assets on which there is pari-Passu charge (excluding items covered in column F)		debt amount considered more than once (due to exclusive plus part passu charge)		Market Value for Assets charged on Exclusive basis	Carrying /book value for exclusive charge assets where market value is not ascertainable or applicable (For Eg. Bank Balance, DSRA market value is not applicable)	Market Value for Pari passu charge Assets viii	Carrying value /book value for pari passu charge asset where market value is not ascertainable or applicable (For Eg. Bank Balance, DSRA market value is not applicable)	Total Value (=K+L+M+N)
												Relating to Column F		
		Book Value	Book Value	Yes / No	Book Value	Book Value								
ASSETS							1,242.36		1,242.36					
Property, Plant and Equipment							4,030.97		4,030.97					
Capital Work-in-Progress									-					
Right of Use Assets							0.57		0.57					
Goodwill									-					
Intangible Assets									-					
Intangible Assets under Development									-					
Investments									-					
Loans	This represents the Loans Receivables			YES	87,941.23	49,583.51			1,37,524.74				1,37,524.74	1,37,524.74
Inventories									-					
Trade Receivables									-					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	This represents Balance with Banks including Current Account and Deposits				172.27				172.27					
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	This represents Bank FDs maturing after 3 months		5,431.30				1,621.00		7,052.30					
Others	This represents the Other Receivables, DTA, Other Non Financial Assets and Other Financial Assets				524.16		1,270.74		1,794.90					
Total			5,431.30	-	88,637.66	49,583.51	8,173.63		1,53,026.09				1,37,524.74	1,37,524.74

For MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES

MOHANDAS ANCHERY
(PARTNER)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBERSHIP NO. 036726

THRISSUR-1

For MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LTD.

Authorised Signatory

Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E	Column F	Column G	Column H	Column I	Column J	Column K	Column L	Column M	Column N	Column O
Particulars		Exclusive Charge	Exclusive Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Pari-Passu Charge	Assets not offered as Security	Elimination (amount in negative)	(Total C to H)	Related to only those items covered by this certificate				
	Description of asset for which this certificate relate	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Other Secured Debt	Debt for which this certificate being issued	Assets shared by pari passu debt holder (includes debt for which this certificate is issued & other debt with pari-passu charge)	Other assets on which there is pari-Passu charge (excluding items covered in column F)		debt amount considered more than once (due to exclusive plus pari passu charge)		Market Value for Assets charged on Exclusive basis	Carrying /book value for exclusive charge assets where market value is not ascertainable or applicable (For Eg. Bank Balance, DSRA market value is not applicable)	Market Value for Pari passu charge Assets viii)	Carrying value/book value for pari passu charge asset where market value is not ascertainable or applicable (For Eg. Bank Balance, DSRA market value is not applicable)	Total Value (=K+L+M+N)
		Book Value	Book Value	Yes / No	Book Value	Book Value						Relating to Column F		
ASSETS														
Debt securities to which this certificate pertains														
Issued Secured Non-Convertible Debt Securities					61,113.02				61,113.02					
Other debt sharing pari-passu charge with above debt									-					
Other Debt							22,644.98		22,644.98					
Subordinated debt									-					
Borrowings		not to be filled	5,431.30			31,964.25		(5,431.30)	31,964.25					
Bank						1,617.13			1,617.13					
Financial Institution									-					
Debt Securities				YES			51.23		51.23					
Others (Interest accrued)							4,775.67		4,775.67					
Trade payables							270.00		270.00					
Lease Liabilities							2,077.72		2,077.72					
Provisions							27,291.30		27,291.30					
Others									-					
Equity & Other Equity			5,431.30	-	61,113.02	33,601.38	57,110.89	-5,431.30	1,51,826.09					
Total														
Cover on Book Value														
Cover on Market Value*		Exclusive Security Cover Ratio		Pari-Passu Security Cover Ratio	1.45									

Compliance of all the covenants/terms of the issue in respect of debt securities of the listed entity

We have examined the compliances made by the listed entity in respect of the all the covenants/terms of the issue of the debt securities (NCD's) and certify that the company has complied with all the covenants/terms of the issue by the listed entity.

For MUTHOOT MERCANTILE LTD.

Authorised Signatory

For MOHANDAS & ASSOCIATES

MOHANDAS ANCHERY
(PARTNER)
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
MEMBERSHIP NO. 036726